

## Exercise 14

Due 2/7/2019

A (singular) inverse chart map for the 2-sphere  $S^2$  is given by

$$\eta(\theta, \phi) = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin \theta \cos \phi \\ \sin \theta \sin \phi \\ \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

The metric on  $S^2$  is given by

$$g_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \sin^2 \theta \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

- 1.) Compute the tangent vectors for  $S^2$  as the push-forward as the ones in the chart.
- 2.) Let  $\mu \in \Omega^2(S^2)$ . Compute the pullback of  $\mu$  in the chart. Relate it to the classical formula for integral of a function on  $S^2$
- 3.) Compute the Hodge dual for all differential form basis functions on  $S^2$ .
- 4.) Derive the classical formulas for gradient, curl, and divergence on  $S^2$ . (Note that most books use an orthonormal frame on  $S^2$  whereas the natural one induced by the above inverse chart map is not unit length.)
- 5.) Derive a coordinate expression for  $\mathcal{L}_u \alpha$  for  $\alpha \in \Omega^1(S^2)$ .