

Exterior Calculus, its Fourier transform based discretization, and Applications

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Motivation

- Objective: simulation with qualitatively correct behavior
 - › Structure preserving discretization
 - › PDEs: requires a discretization of exterior calculus
 - › Adaptive simulation to capture relevant details

De Rham complex

$$0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \Omega^{n-1} \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{d} 0$$

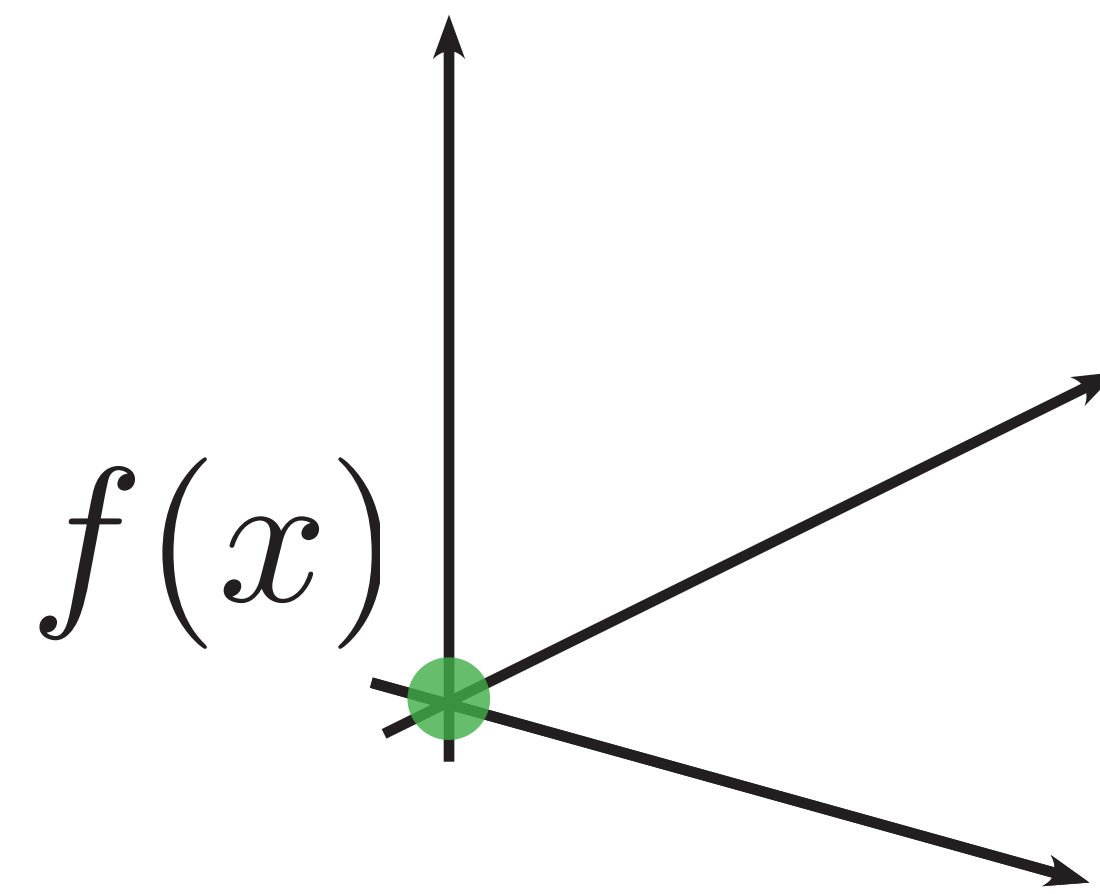
De Rham complex

$$0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \Omega^{n-1} \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{d} 0$$

Forms as fields covariant under differentiation

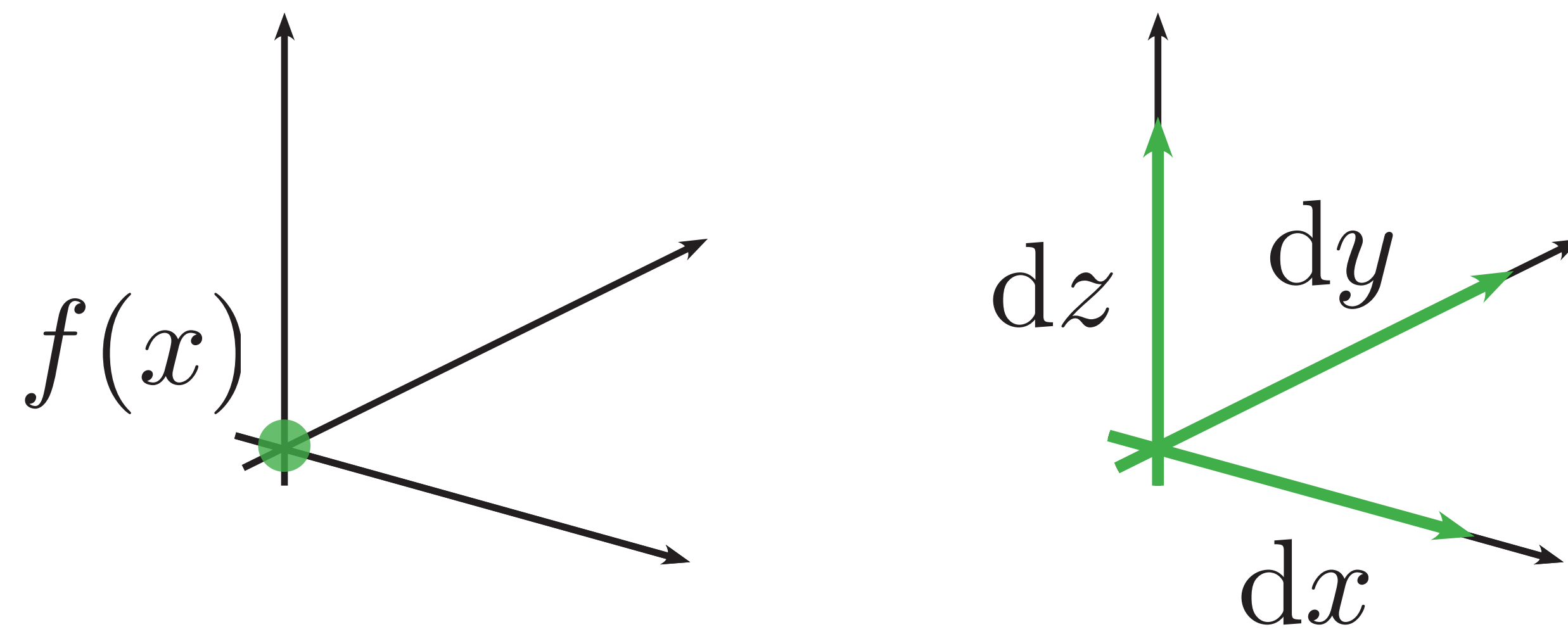
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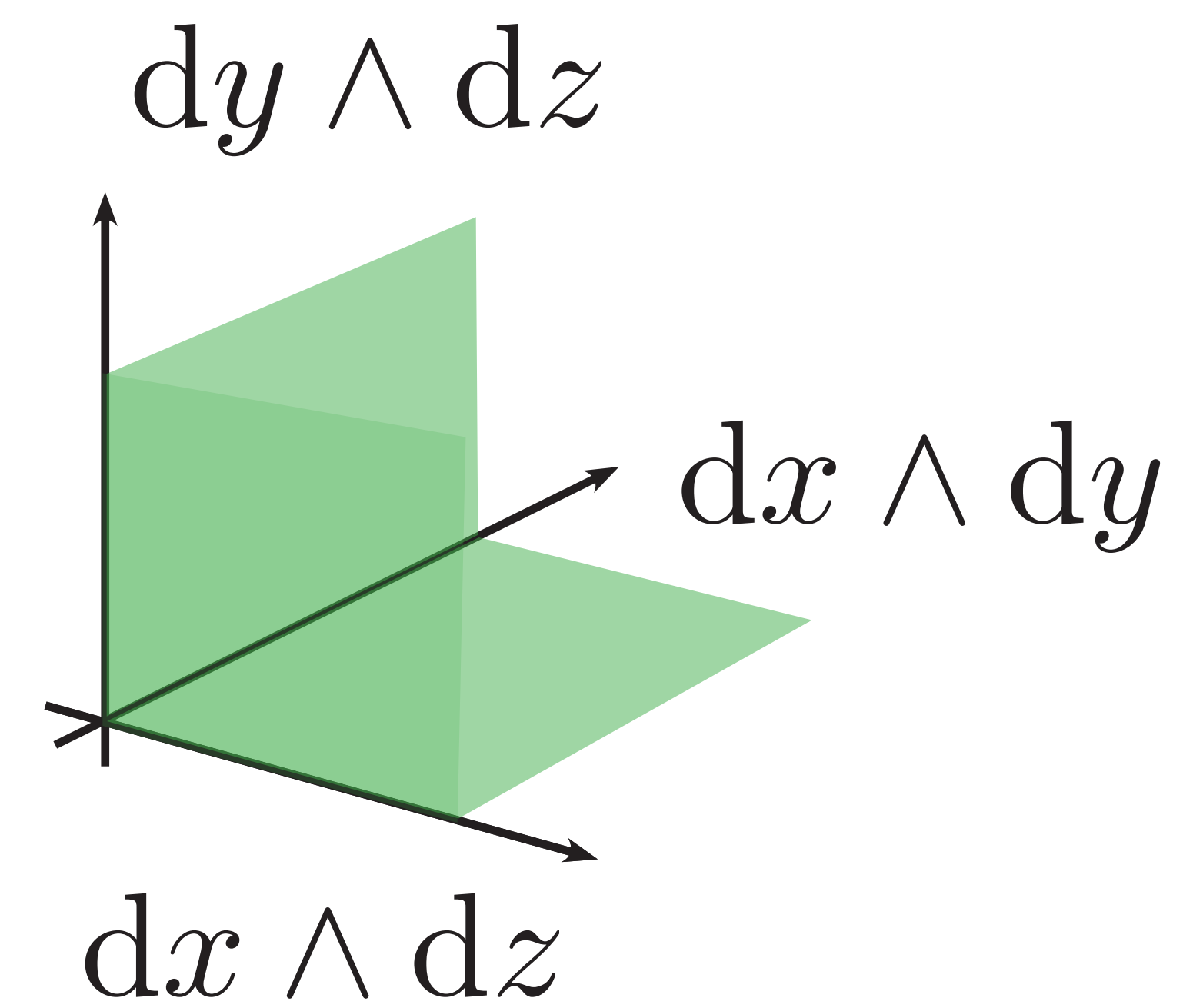
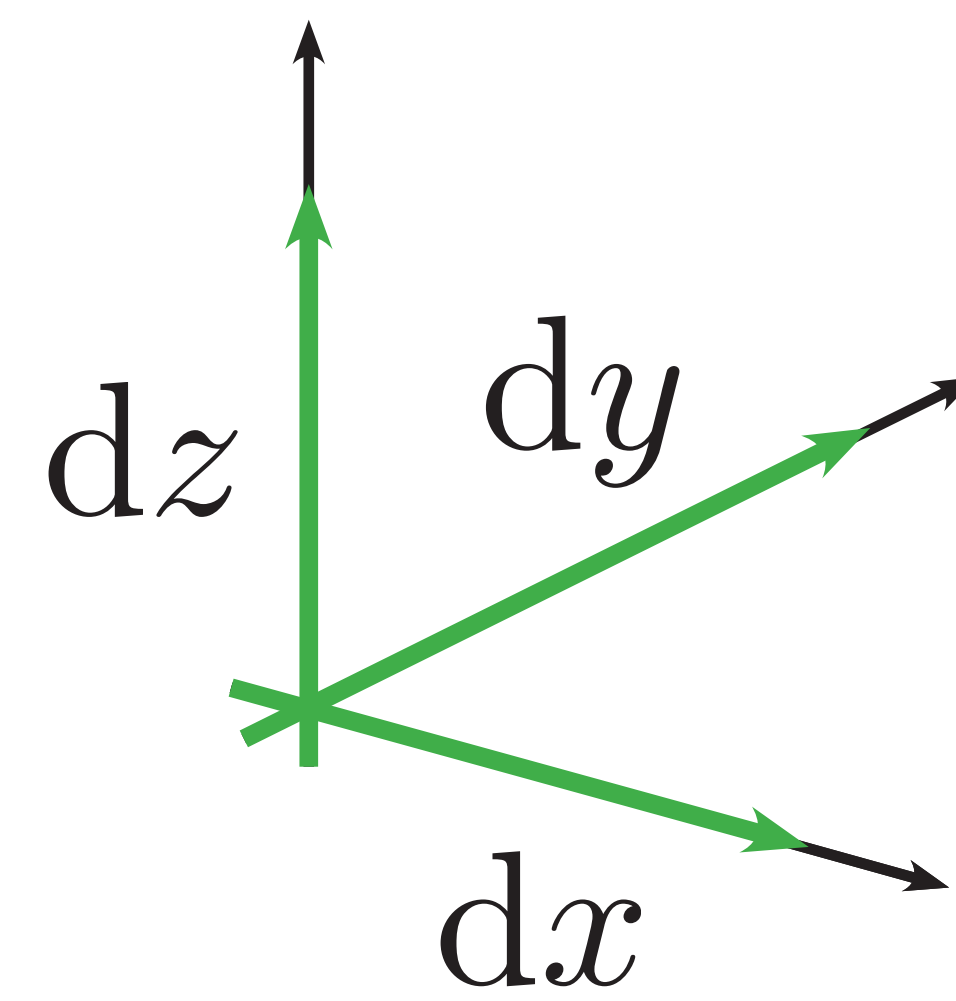
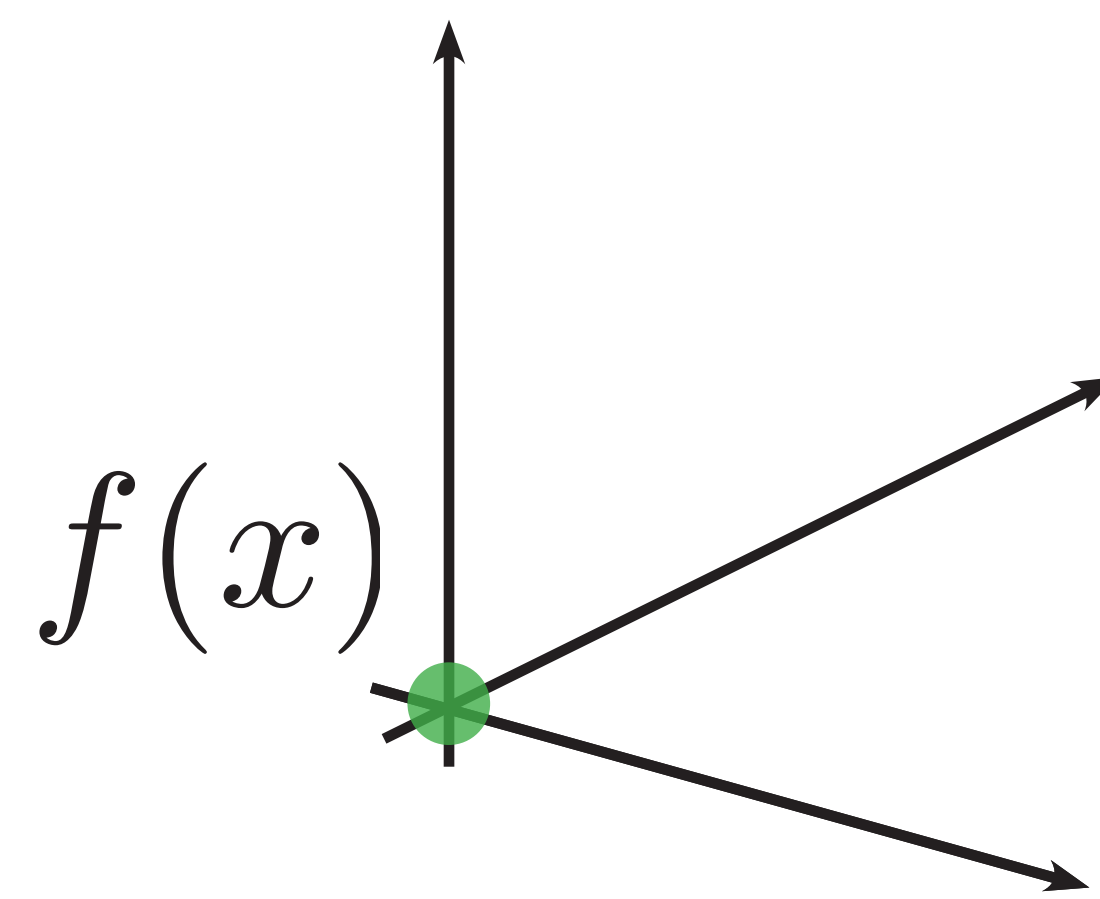
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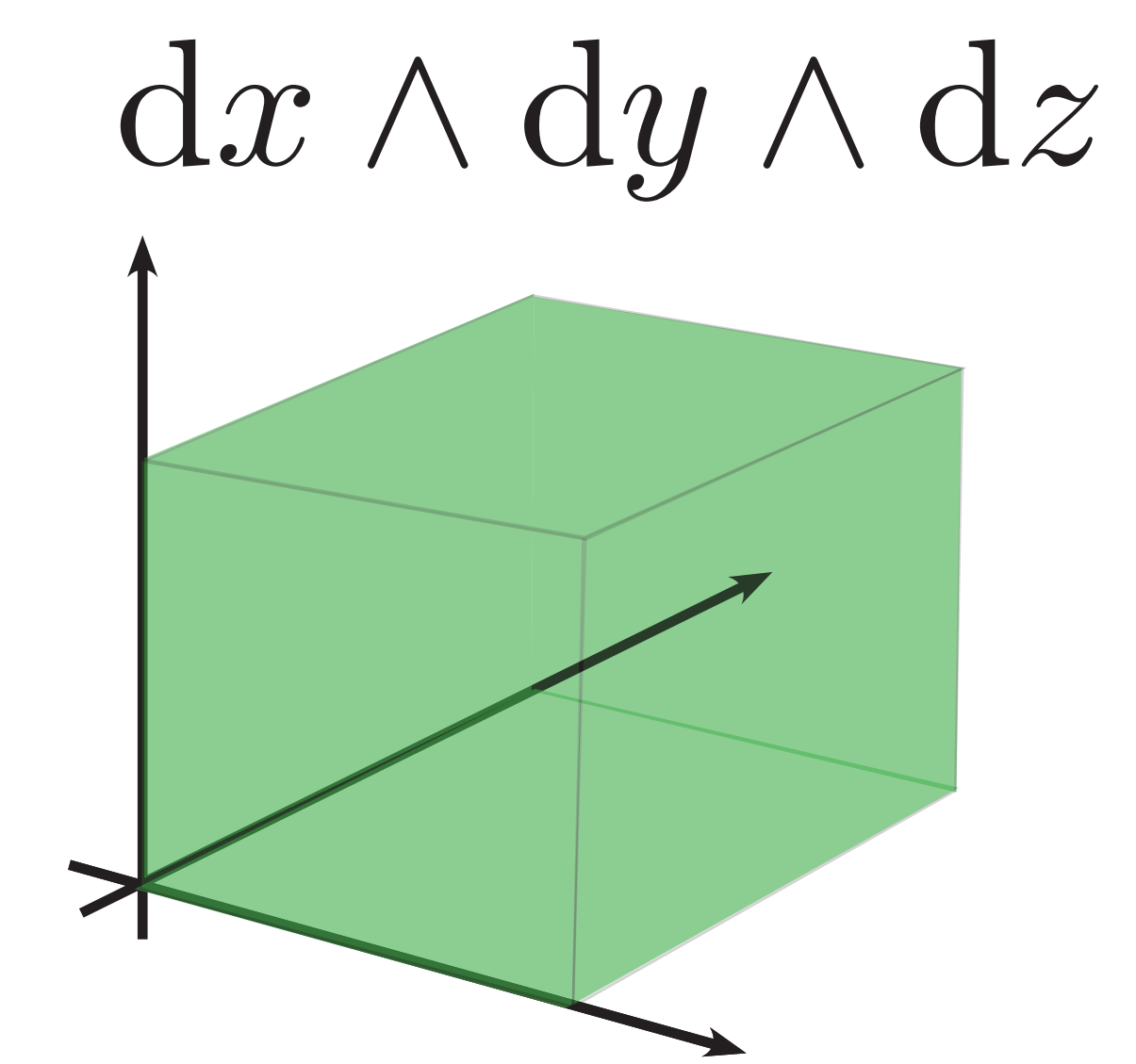
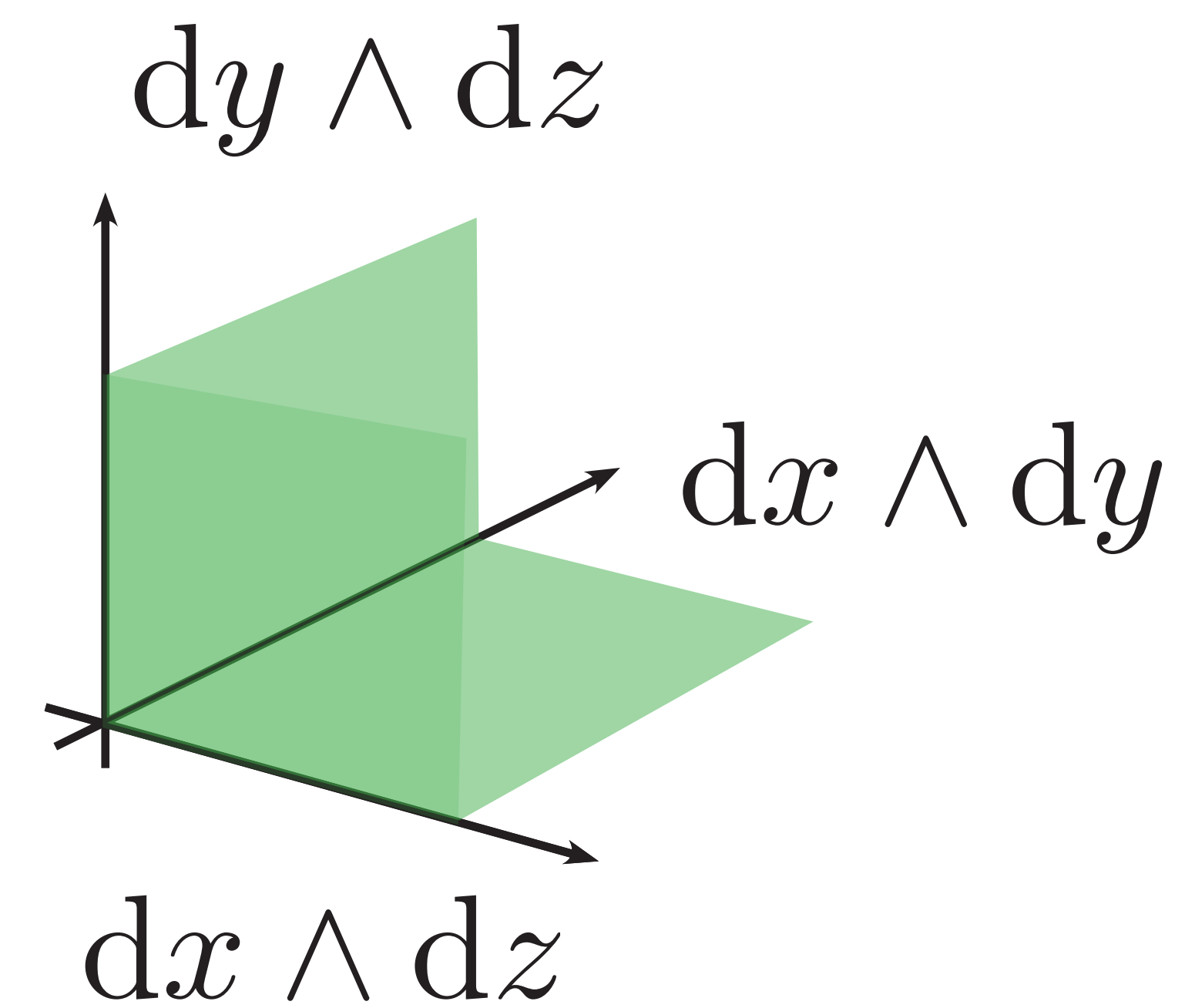
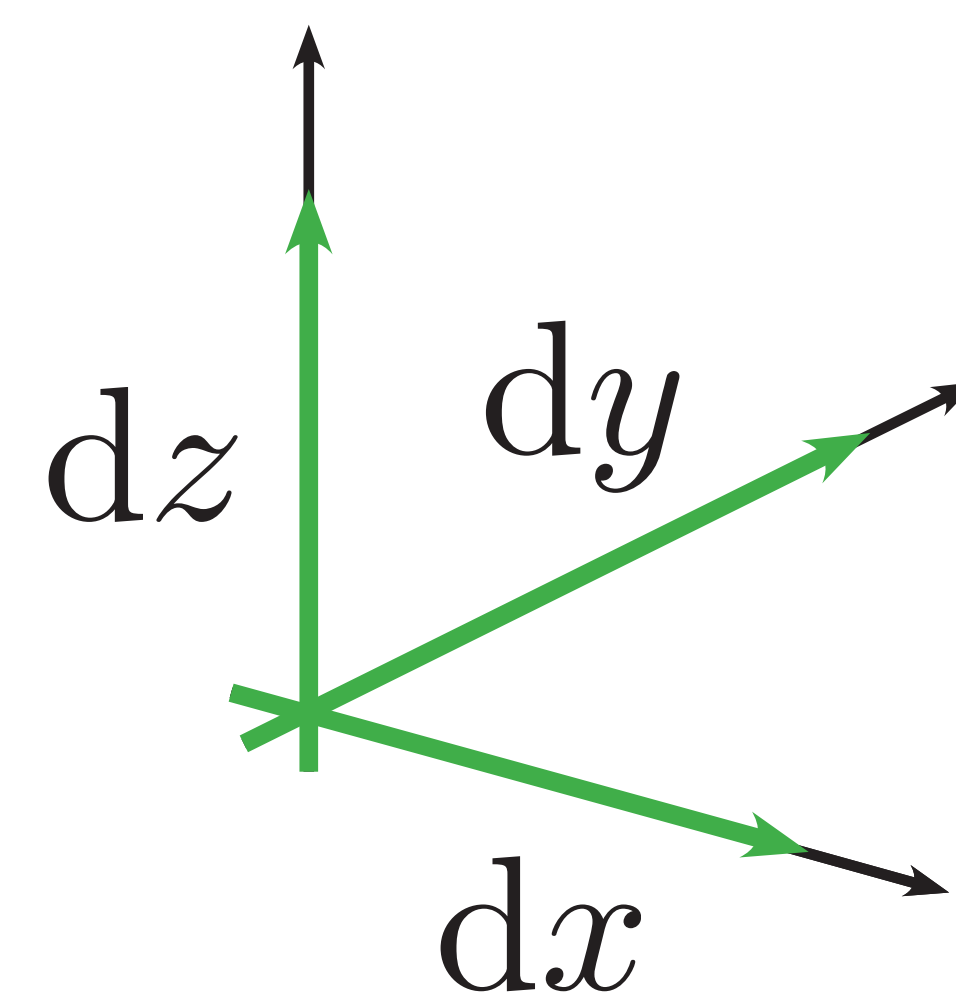
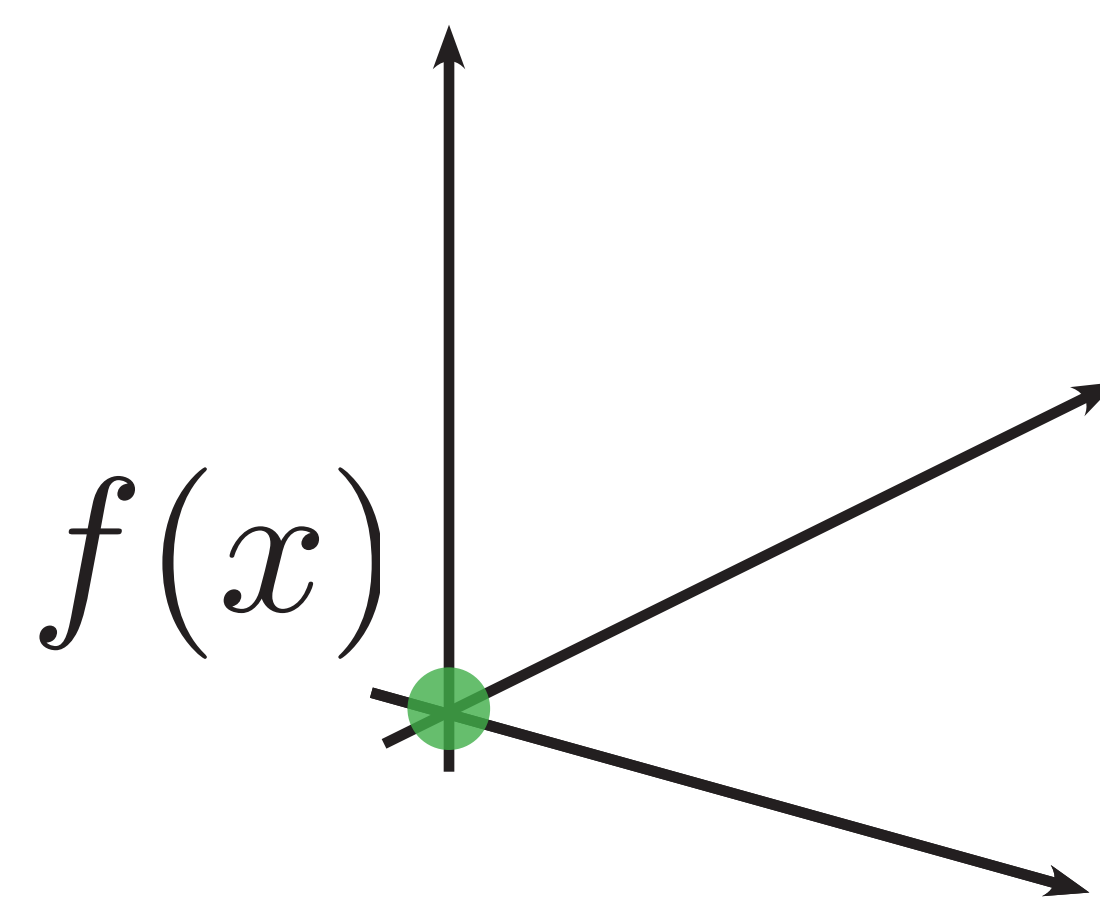
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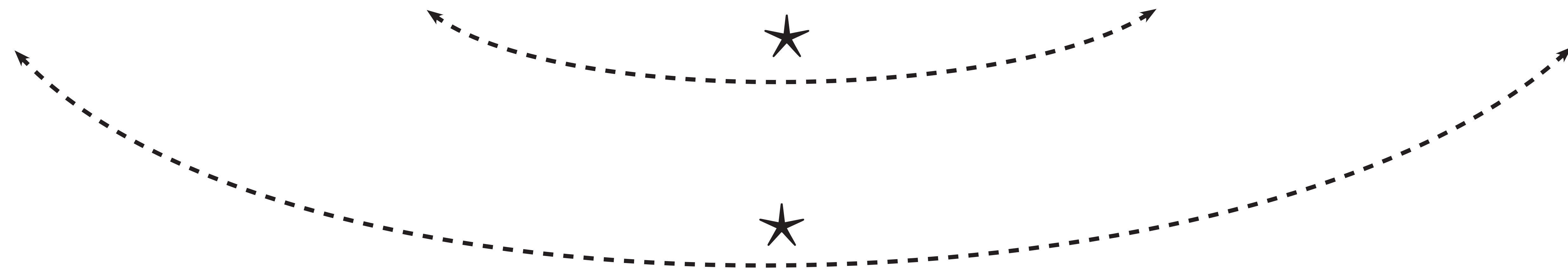
Forms as infinitesimal integrals (measurements)

De Rham complex (with metric)

$$0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \Omega^{n-1} \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{d} 0$$

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$$0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \Omega^{n-1} \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{d} 0$$



De Rham complex (with metric)

$$0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^0 \xrightleftharpoons[\delta]{d} \Omega^1 \rightleftharpoons \cdots \rightleftharpoons \Omega^{n-1} \xrightleftharpoons[\delta]{d} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{d} 0$$

The diagram illustrates the De Rham complex with a metric. The sequence of spaces is $0 \rightarrow \Omega^0 \rightarrow \Omega^1 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow \Omega^{n-1} \rightarrow \Omega^n \rightarrow 0$. The forward maps are labeled d and the backward maps are labeled δ . Two curved dashed arrows with stars indicate adjointness: one from Ω^1 to Ω^0 and another from Ω^n to Ω^{n-1} .

De Rham complex (with metric)

$$0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^0 \xrightleftharpoons[\delta]{d} \Omega^1 \rightleftarrows \cdots \rightleftarrows \Omega^{n-1} \xrightleftharpoons[\delta]{d} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{d} 0$$

The diagram illustrates the De Rham complex with a metric. It shows a sequence of differential forms: $0 \rightarrow \Omega^0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^1 \rightleftarrows \cdots \rightleftarrows \Omega^{n-1} \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^n \rightarrow 0$. The forward maps are labeled d , and the backward maps are labeled δ . Dashed curved arrows with stars indicate the adjoint relationship between d and δ .

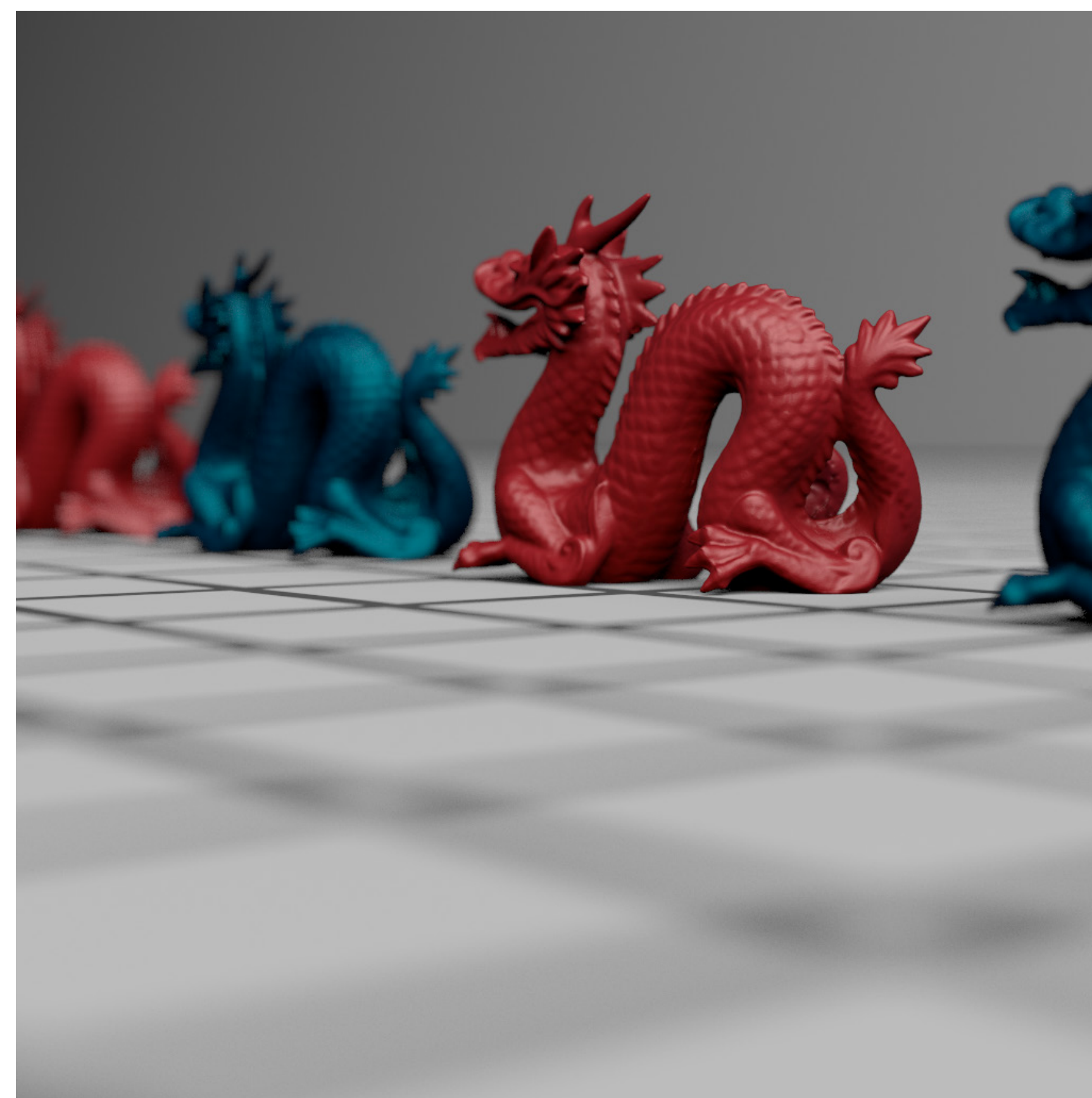
- Laplace Beltrami operator: $\Delta = d\delta + \delta d$
- Hodge-Helmholtz decomposition: $\Omega^k = \Omega_{\text{d}}^k \oplus \Omega_{\delta}^k \oplus \Omega_h^k$

Fourier transform

$$\mathcal{F}(f) = \hat{f}(\xi) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x) e^{i\xi(x)} \, dx$$

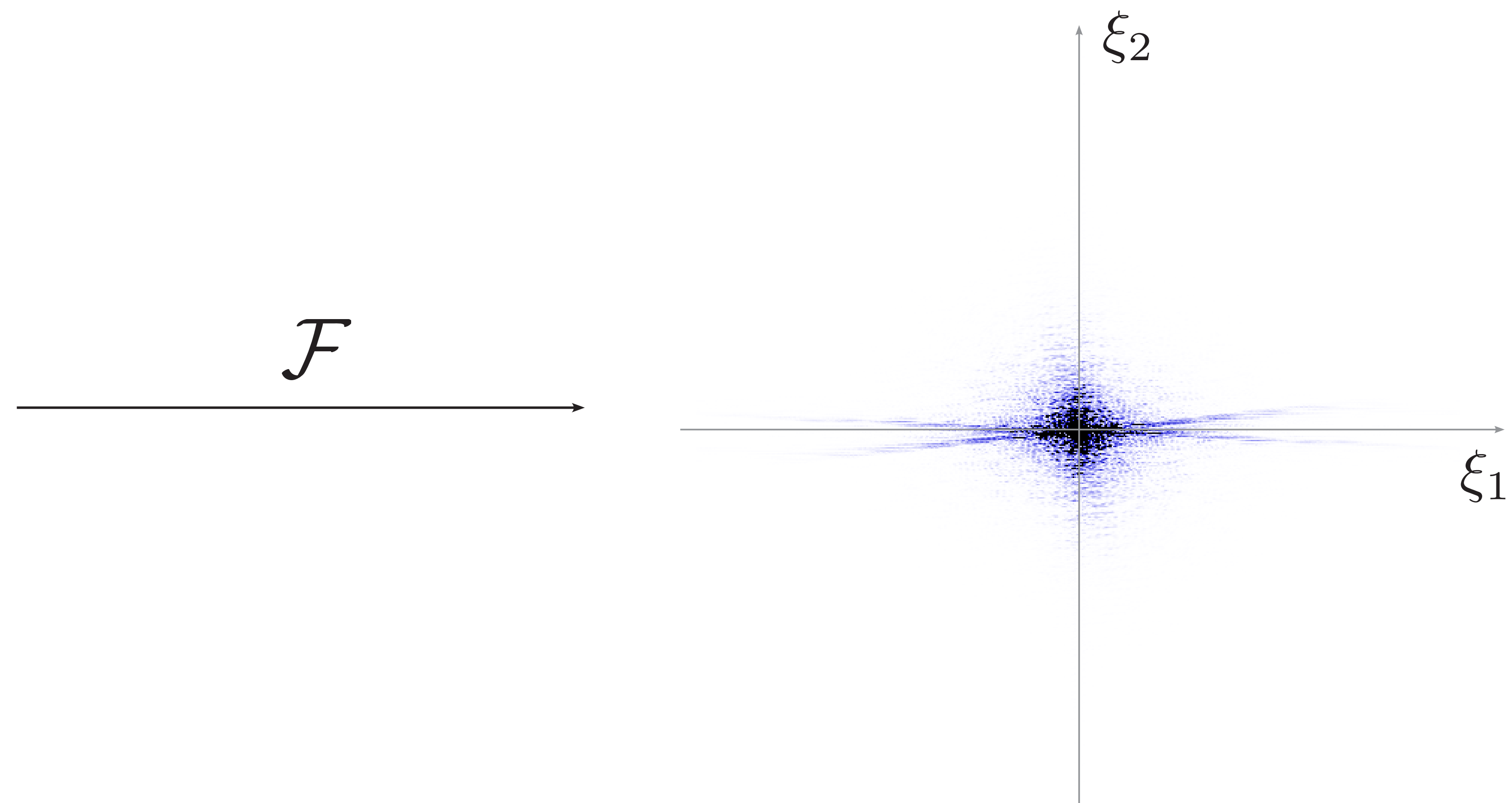
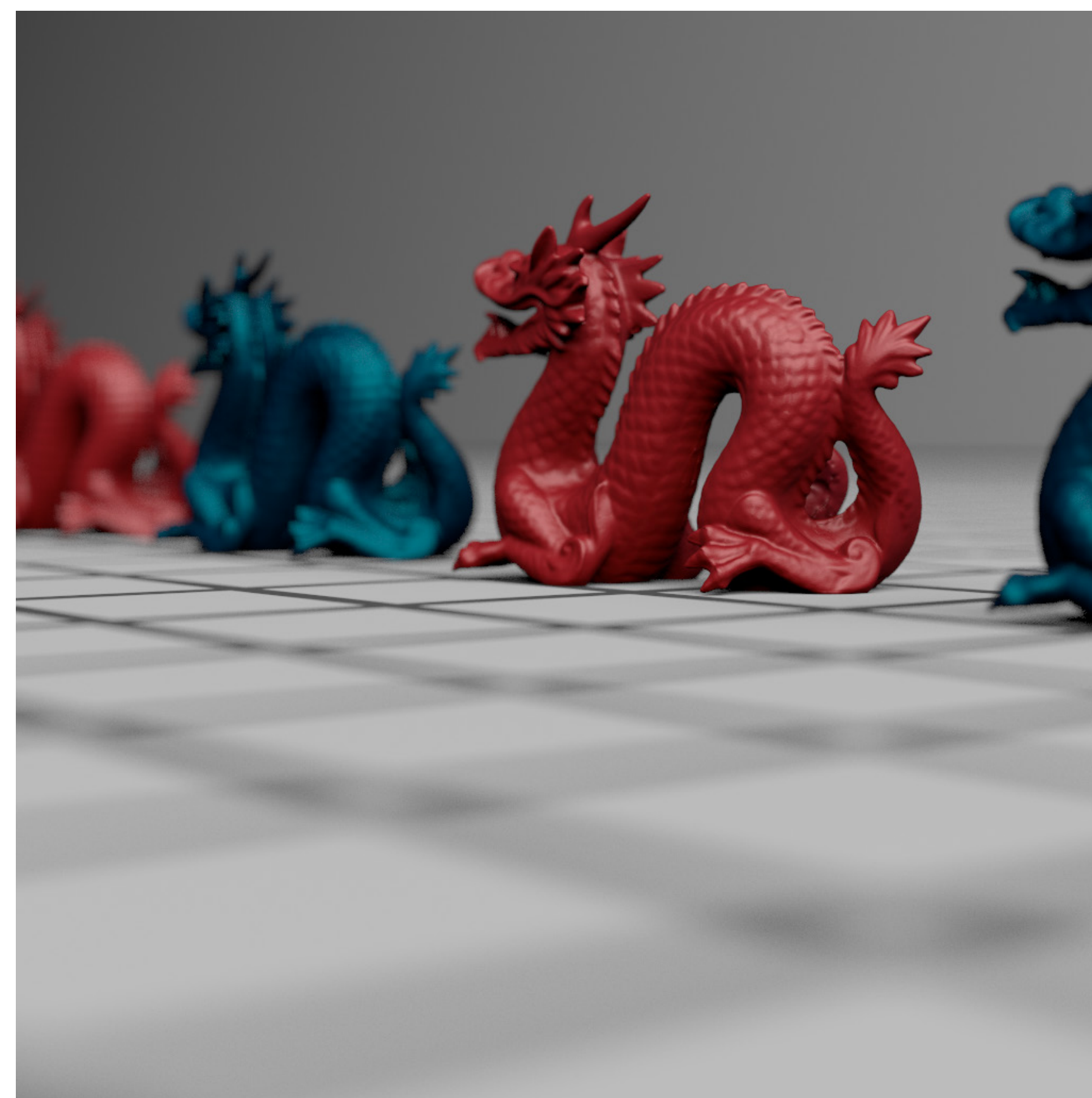
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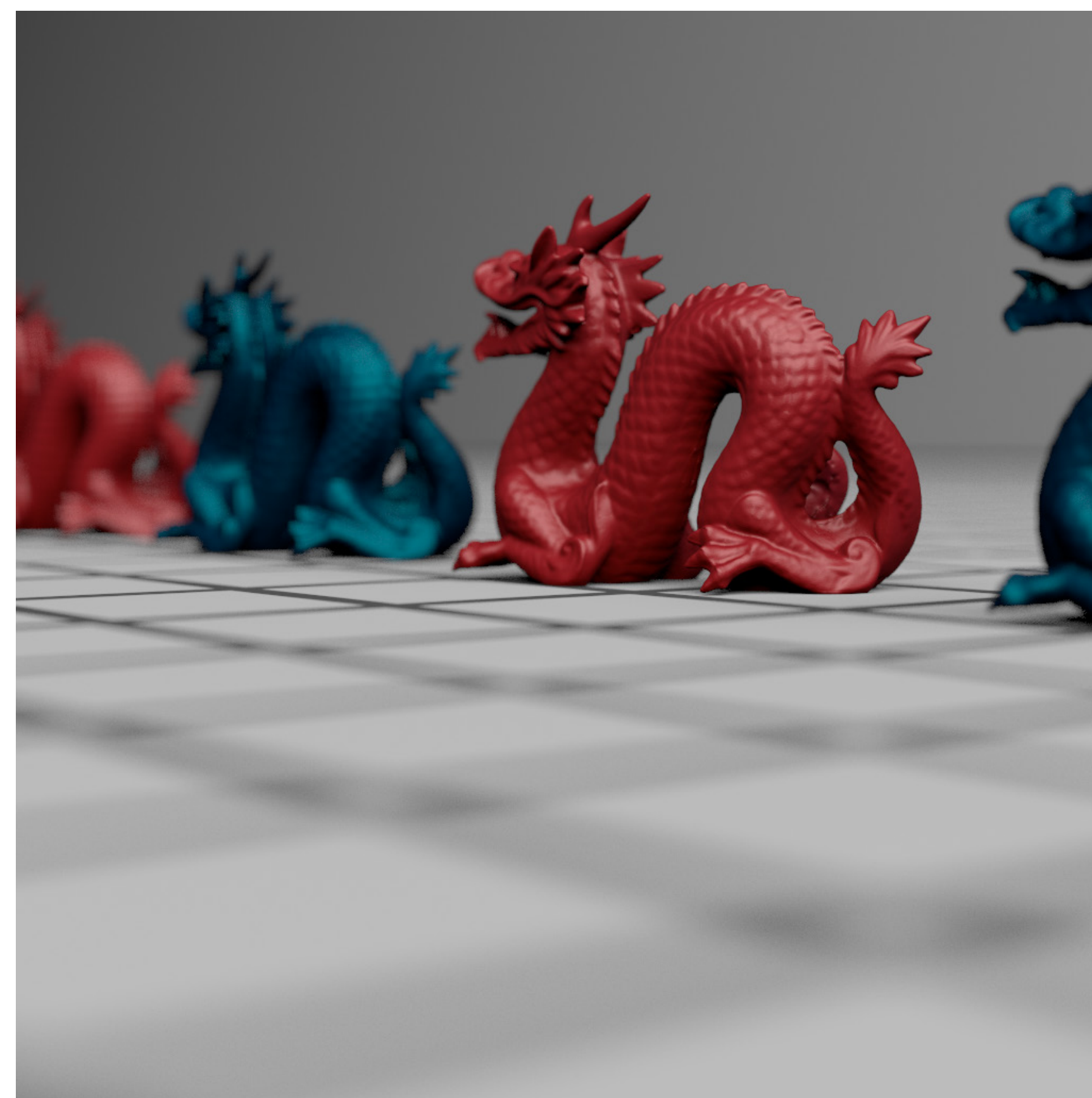
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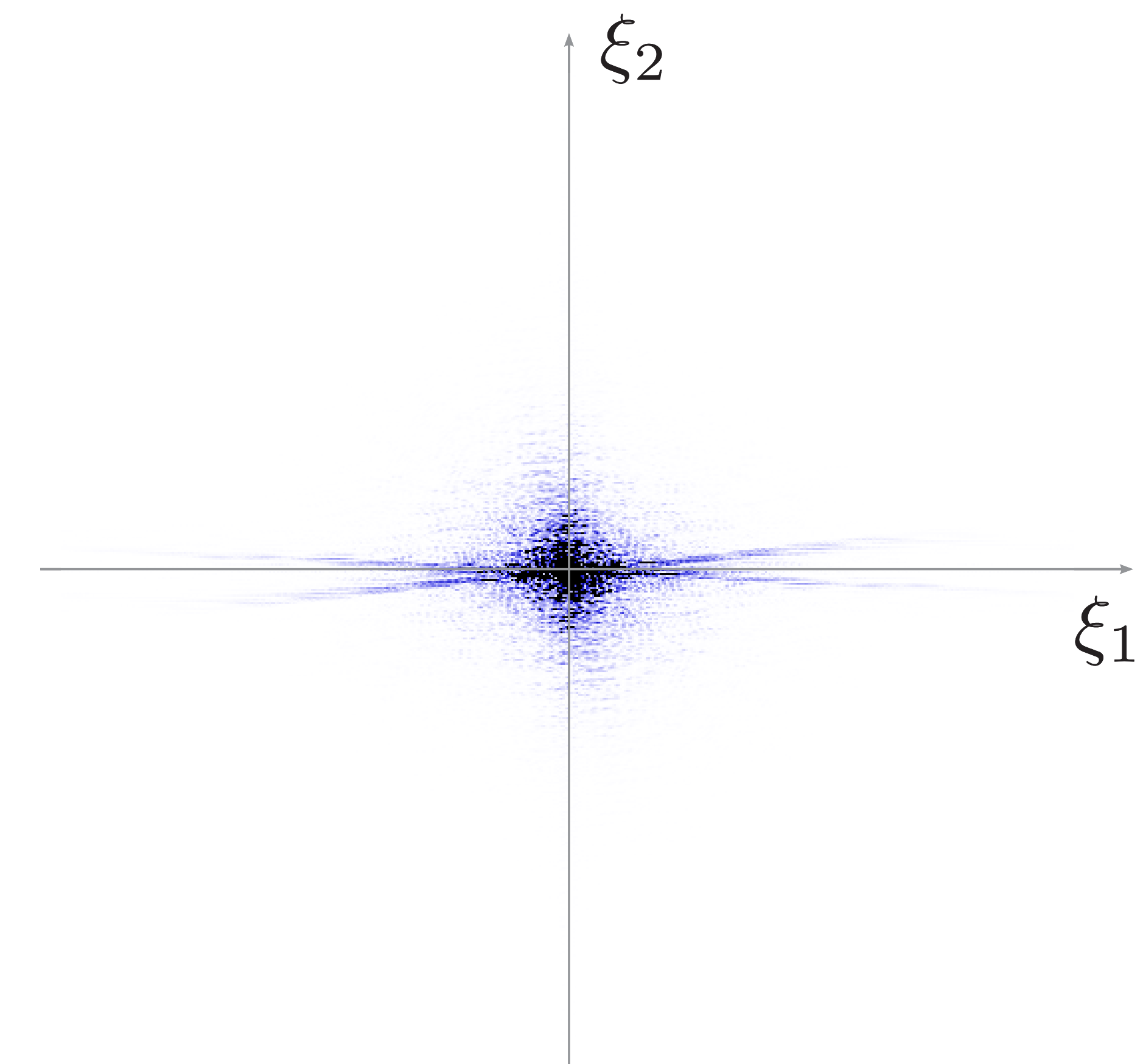


Fourier transform

$$\mathcal{F}(f) = \hat{f}(\xi) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x) e^{i\xi(x)} dx$$



$$\begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \\ \xleftarrow{\mathcal{F}^{-1}} \end{array}$$



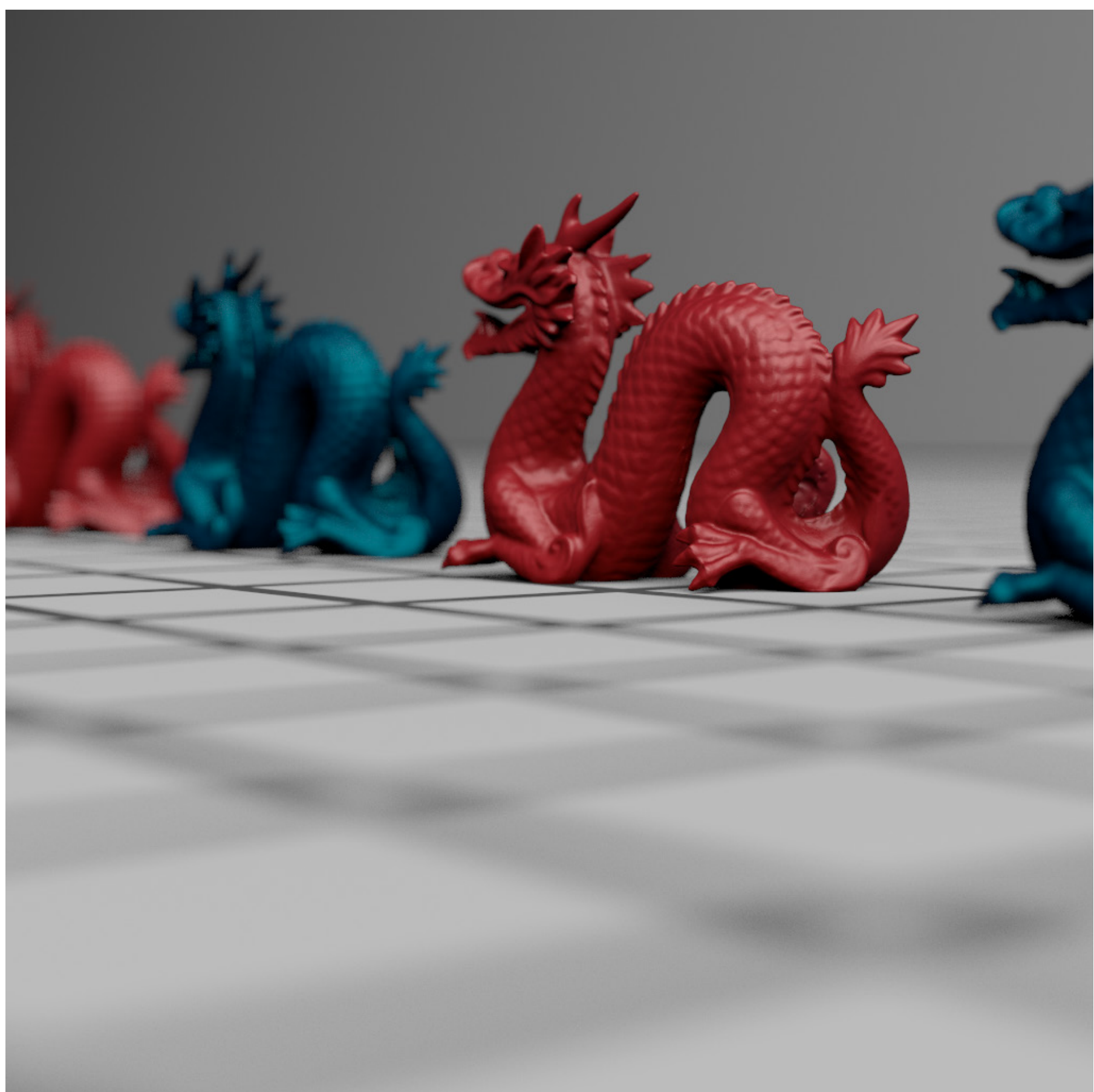
Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Integration:

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Integration:

$$\int \text{img} \, dx$$


Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Integration:

$$\int \text{img} \, dx \iff \text{fft2(img)}$$

The diagram illustrates the Fourier transform of a 2D image. On the left, a large integral symbol \int is followed by a square image of several red and blue dragon figurines on a checkered floor. To the right of the image is the differential dx . A double-headed arrow \iff points to the right, where a 2D frequency spectrum plot is shown. The plot has horizontal axis ξ_1 and vertical axis ξ_2 . A red dot marks the origin, labeled $\hat{f}(0)$. The plot shows a central peak at the origin with horizontal and vertical streaks of blue and purple pixels, representing the frequency components of the image.

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Integration:

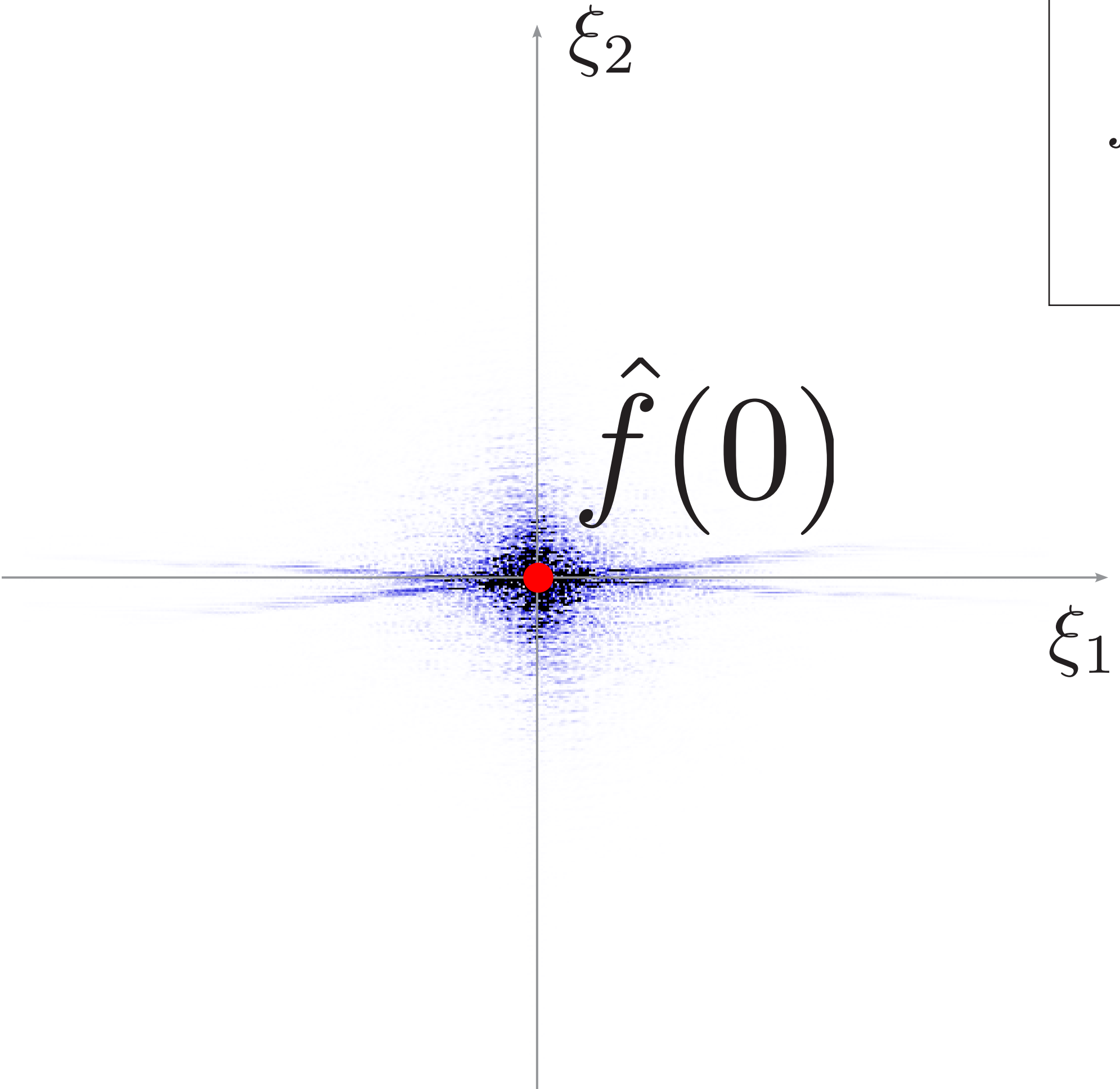
$$\int \underbrace{\text{[Image of dragons]} dx}_{\text{2-form}} \iff \text{[Fourier transform plot]}$$

The diagram illustrates the Fourier transform of a 2-form. On the left, a large integral symbol \int is followed by a rectangular image of several red and blue dragons on a checkered floor. To the right of the image is the differential dx . A horizontal curly brace underneath the image and dx is labeled "2-form". This is followed by a double-headed arrow \iff . On the right, a 2D plot shows a dense cloud of blue points centered at the origin of a coordinate system with axes ξ_1 and ξ_2 . A red dot marks the origin, and the label $\hat{f}(0)$ is placed near it.

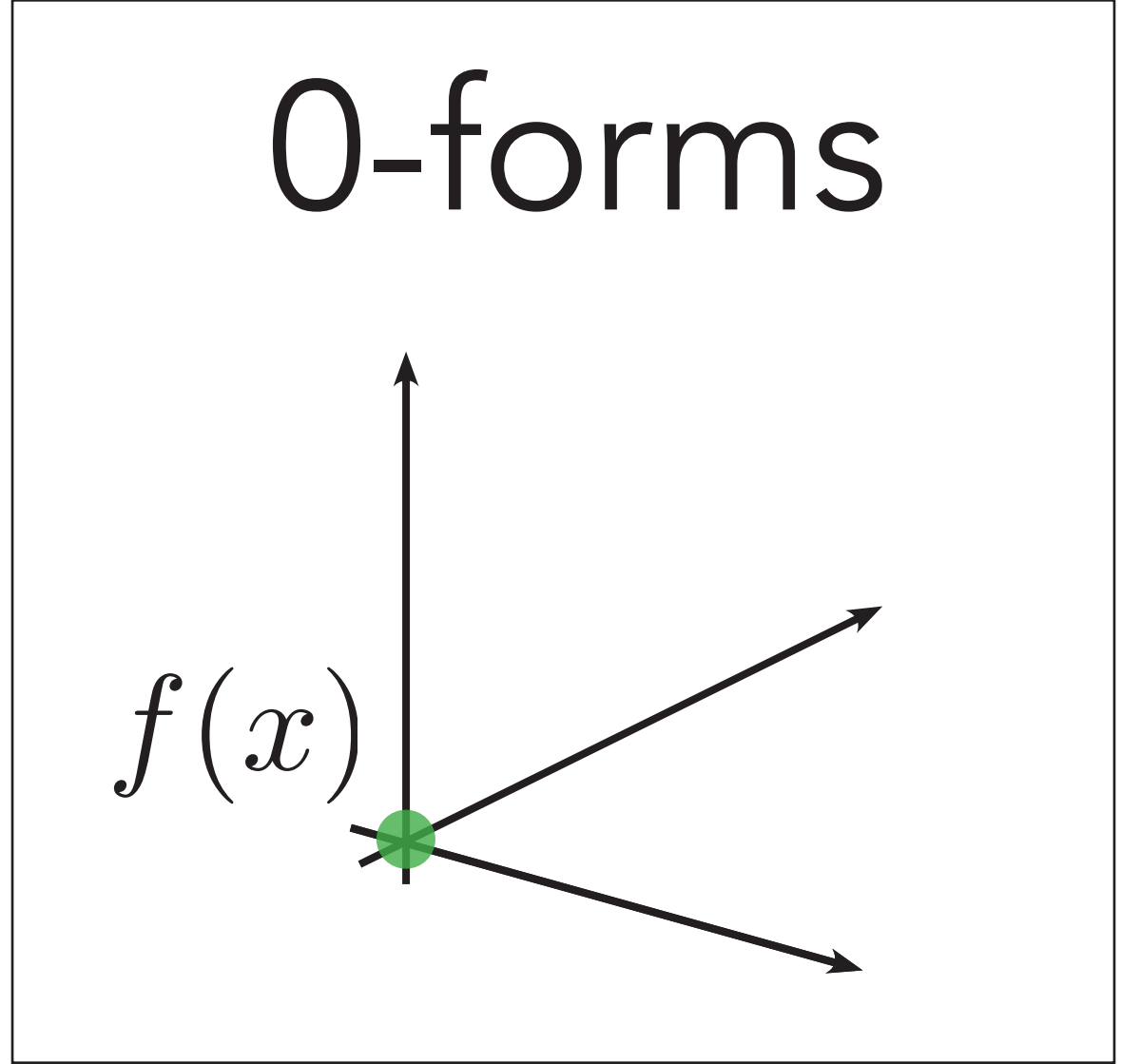
Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Integration:

$$\int \underbrace{\text{[Image of dragons on a grid]} dx}_{\text{2-form}}$$

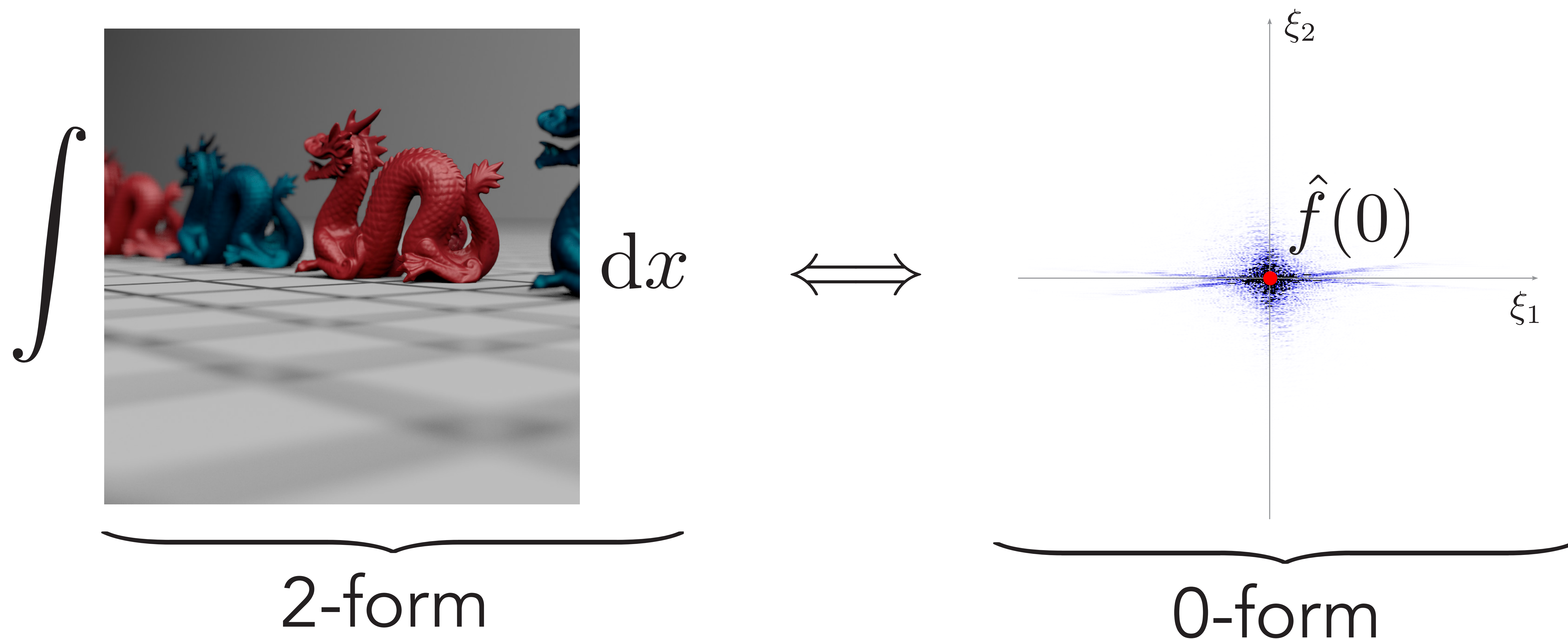


Recall:



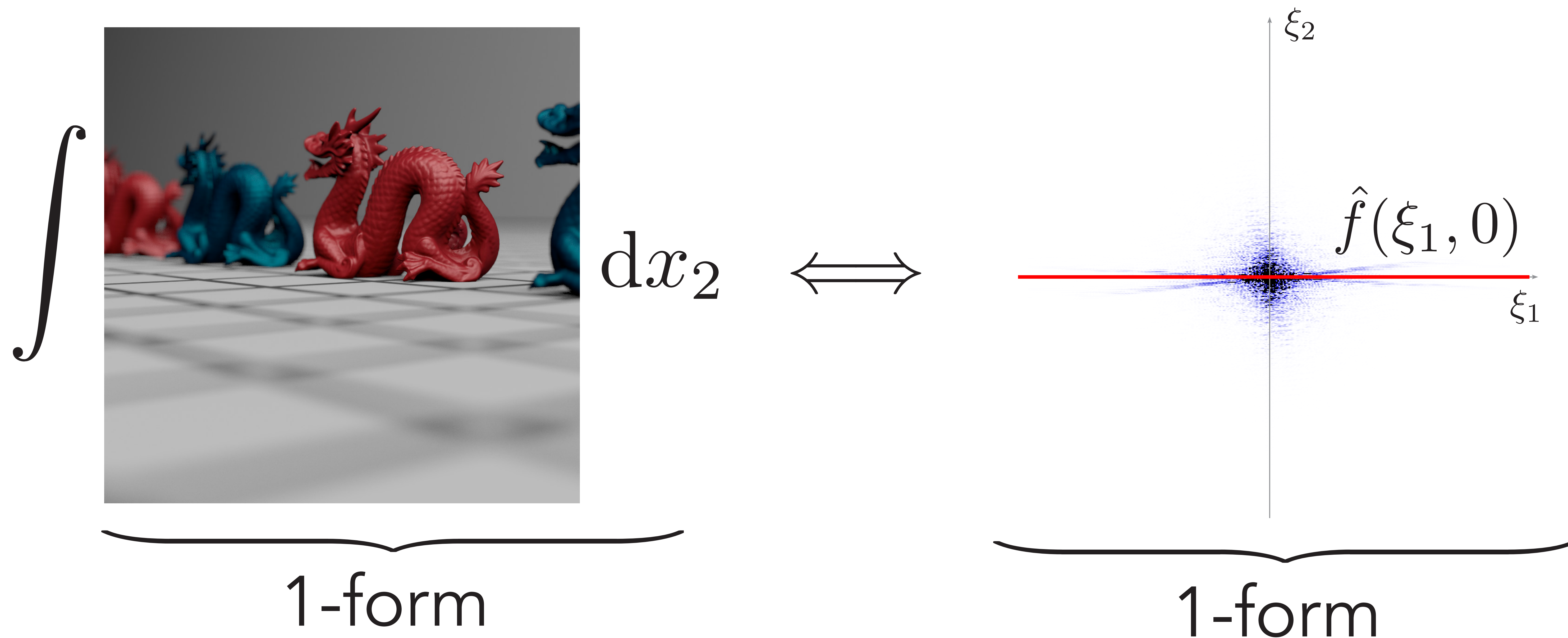
Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Integration:



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Integration:



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\frac{d^k f}{d^k x}$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

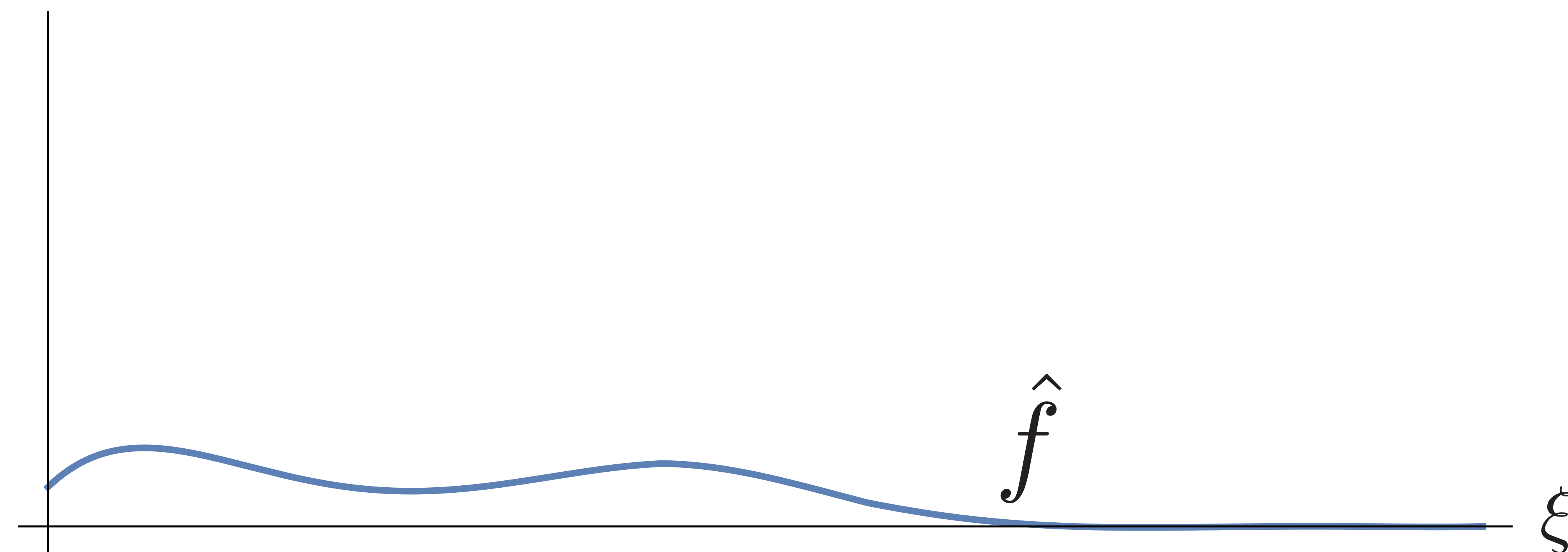
- Differential operators:

$$\frac{d^k f}{d^k x} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}_\xi^n} ((i\xi)^k \hat{f}(\xi)) e^{-i\xi(x)} d\xi$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

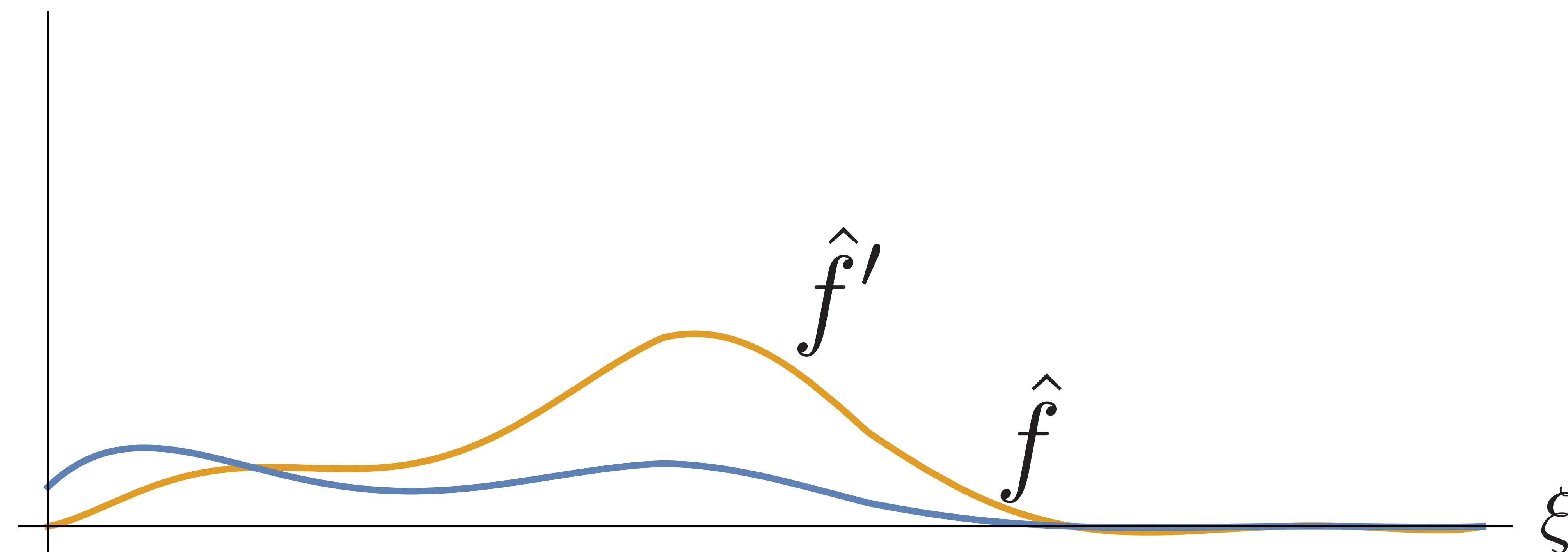
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Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

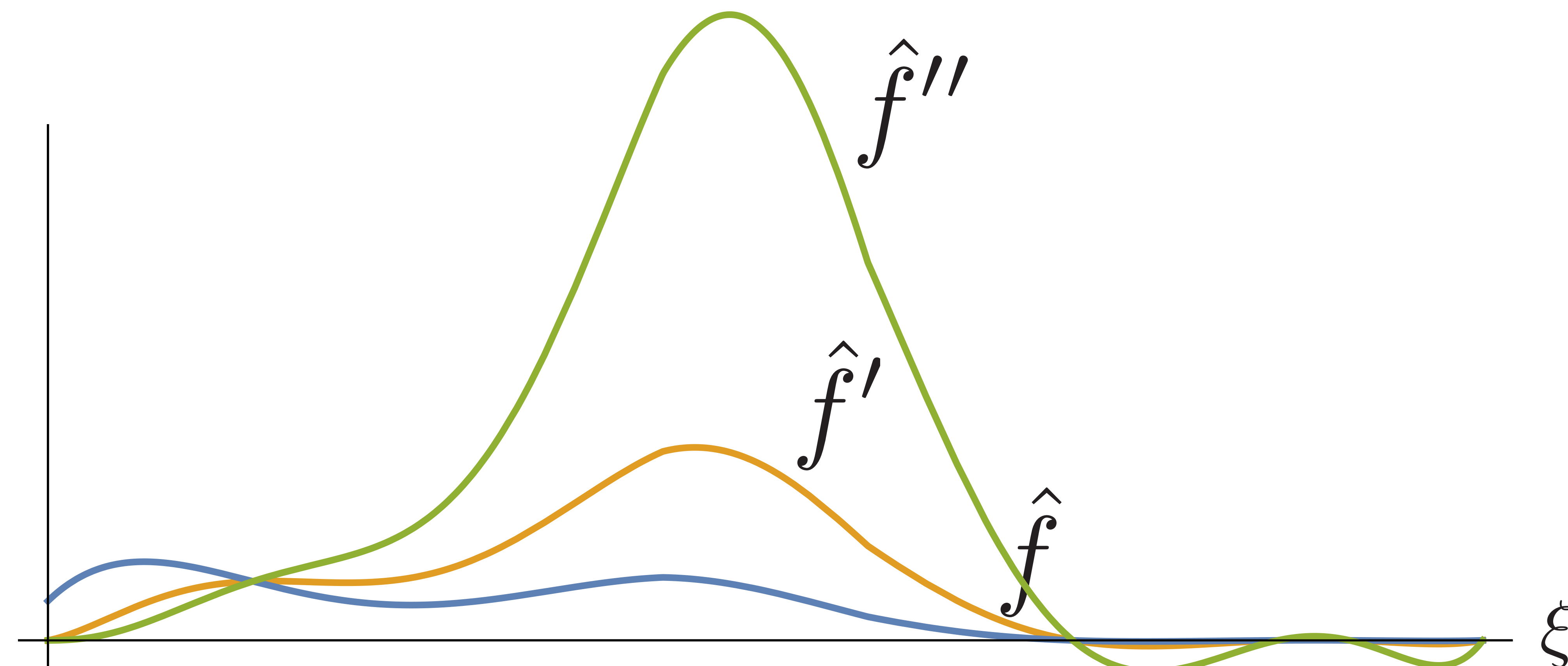
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Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

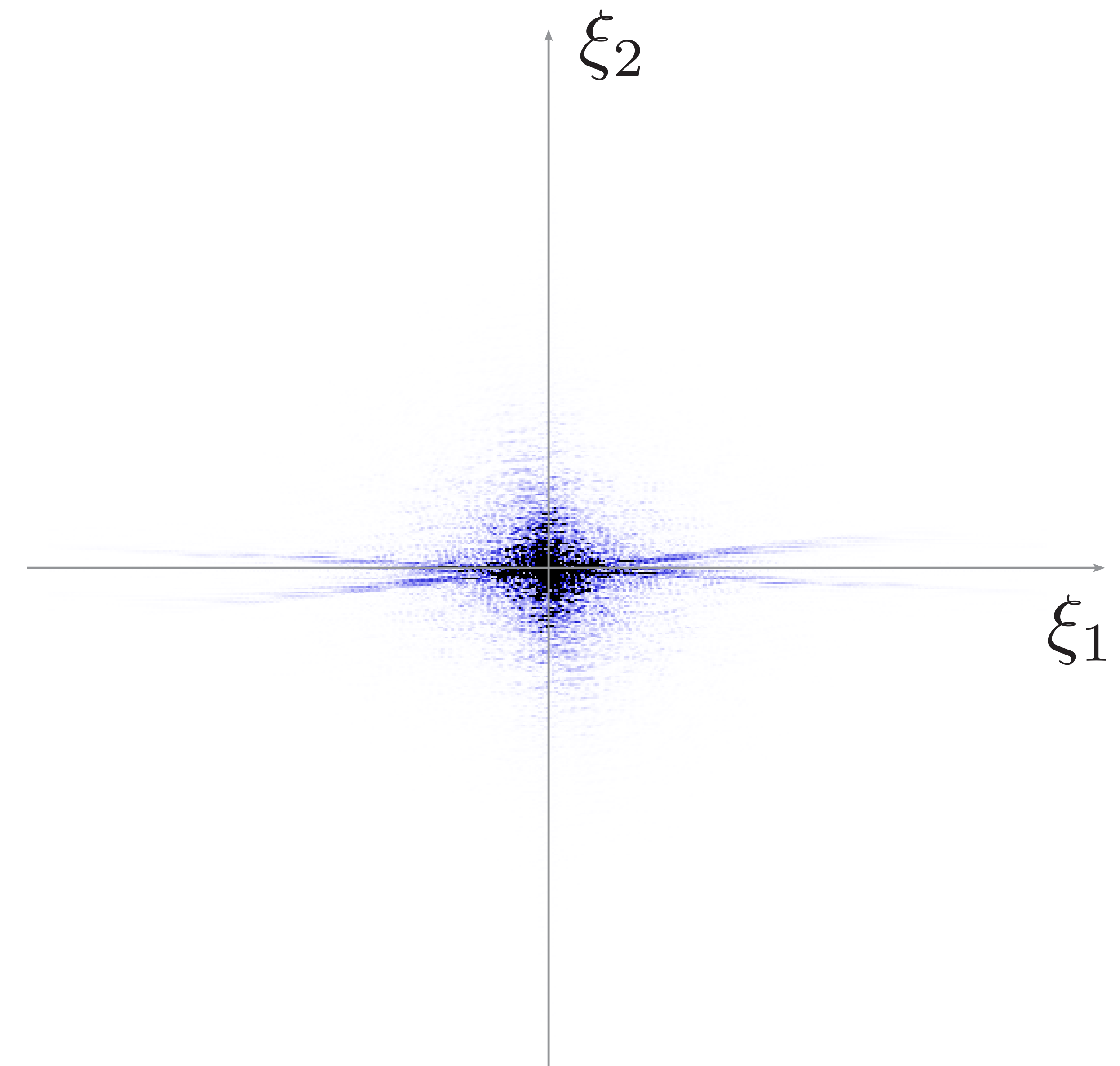
$$\frac{d^k f}{d^k x} = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}_\xi^n} ((i\xi)^k \hat{f}(\xi)) e^{-i\xi(x)} d\xi$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

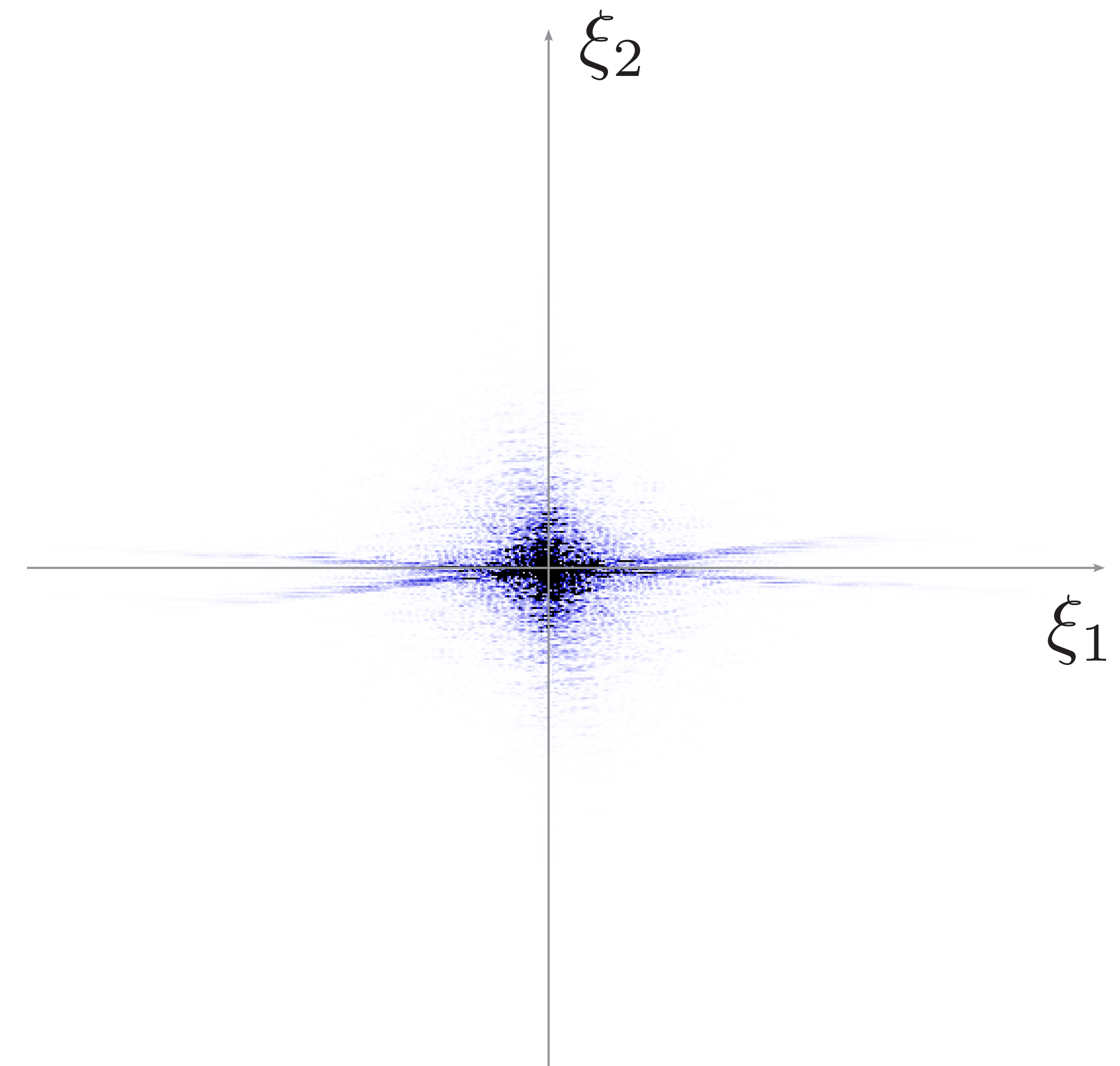
$$\widehat{\nabla f} = (i\vec{\xi})\hat{f}$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

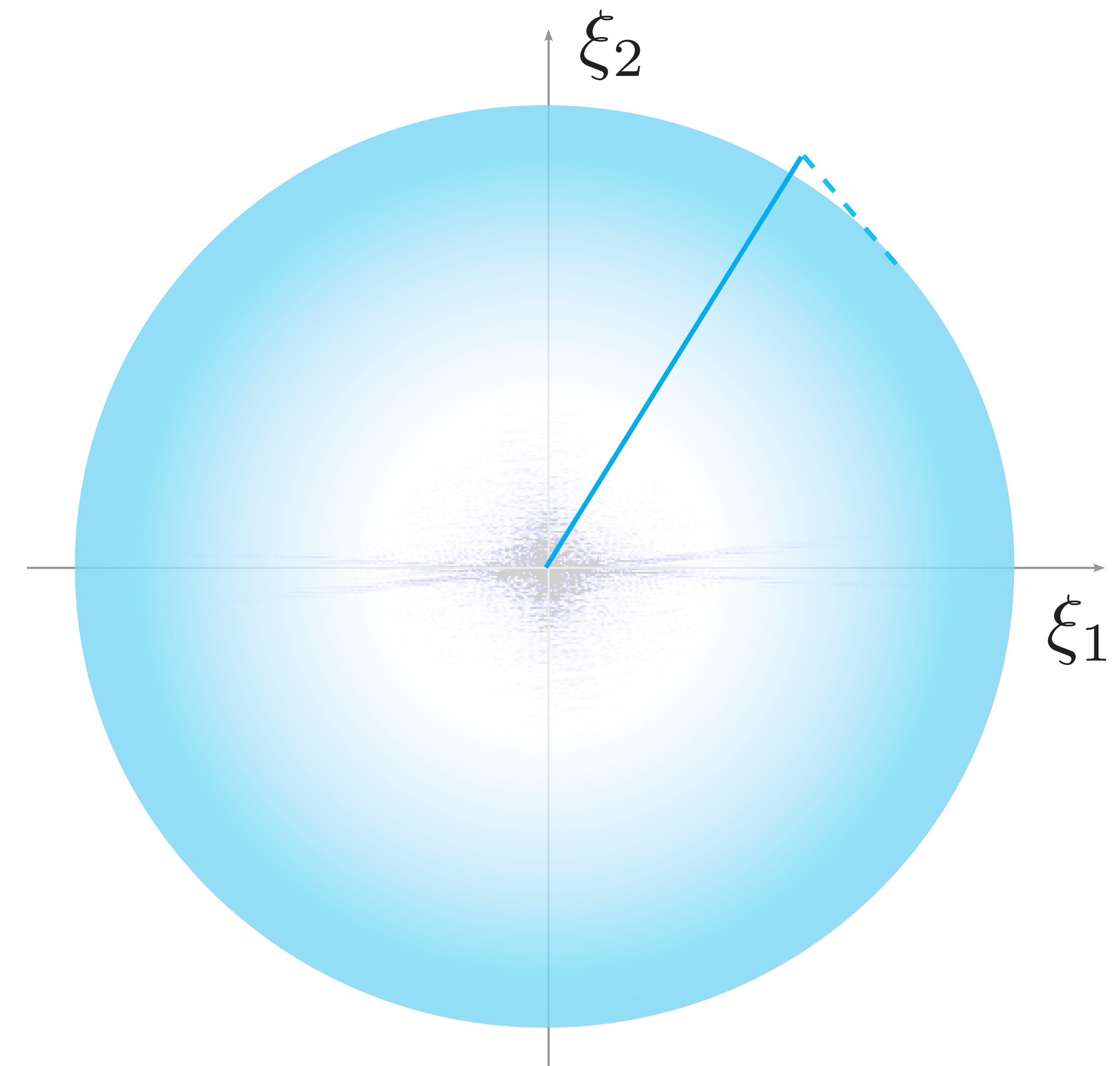
$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{\nabla f} &= (i\underbrace{\vec{\xi}}_{\vec{\xi}})\hat{f} \\ &= \vec{\xi} |\vec{\xi}| \hat{f}\end{aligned}$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

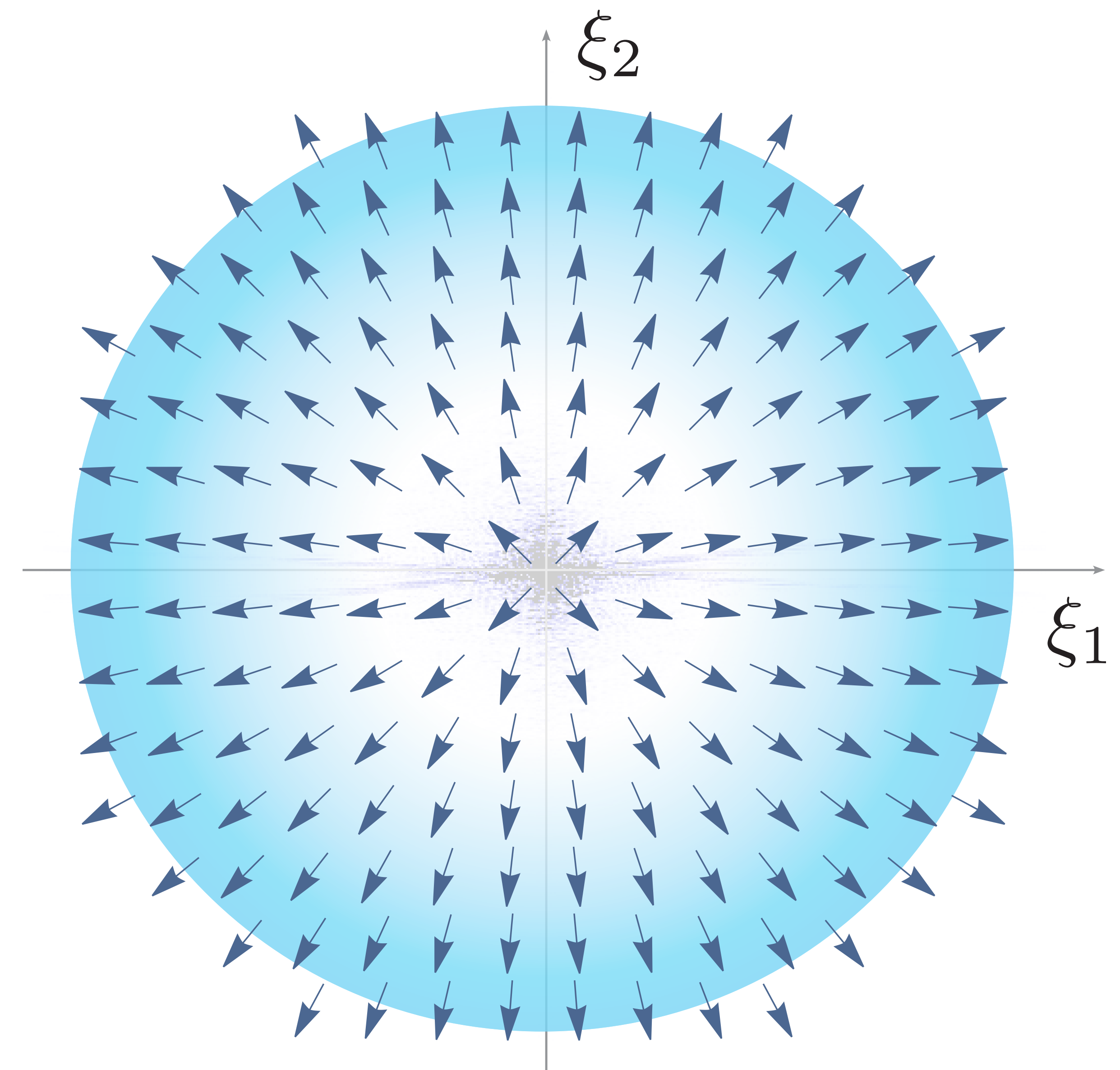
$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{\nabla f} &= (i\underbrace{\vec{\xi}})\hat{f} \\ &= \bar{\xi} |\vec{\xi}| \hat{f}\end{aligned}$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{\nabla} f &= (i \underbrace{\vec{\xi}}) \hat{f} \\ &= \bar{\xi} |\xi| \end{aligned}$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\widehat{\nabla \times \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \times \widehat{\vec{Y}}$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\widehat{\nabla \times \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \times \underbrace{\widehat{\vec{Y}}}_{\vec{Y}} \\ \widehat{\vec{Y}} = \hat{Y}_\theta \vec{e}_\theta + \hat{Y}_r \vec{e}_r$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

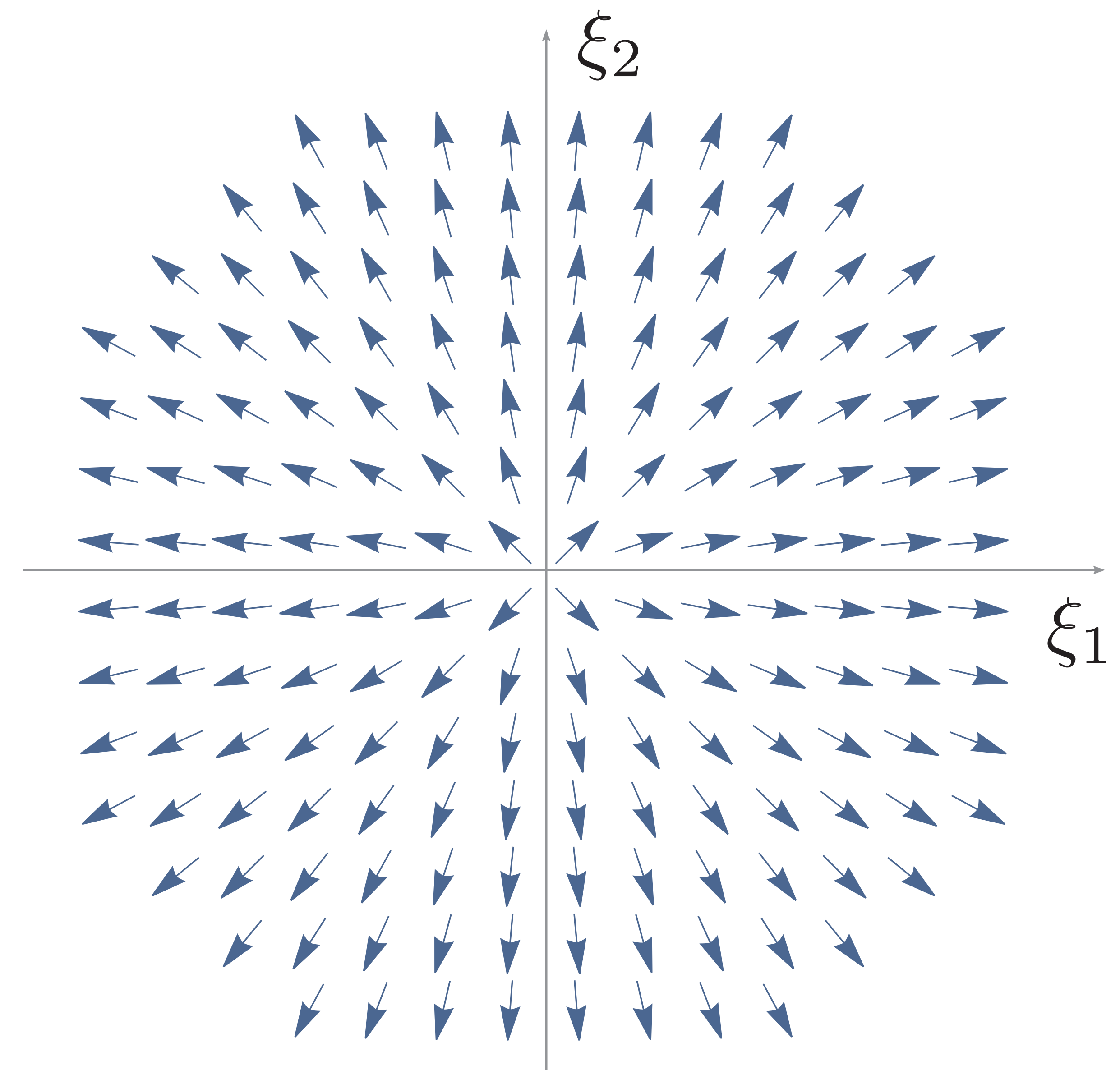
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Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

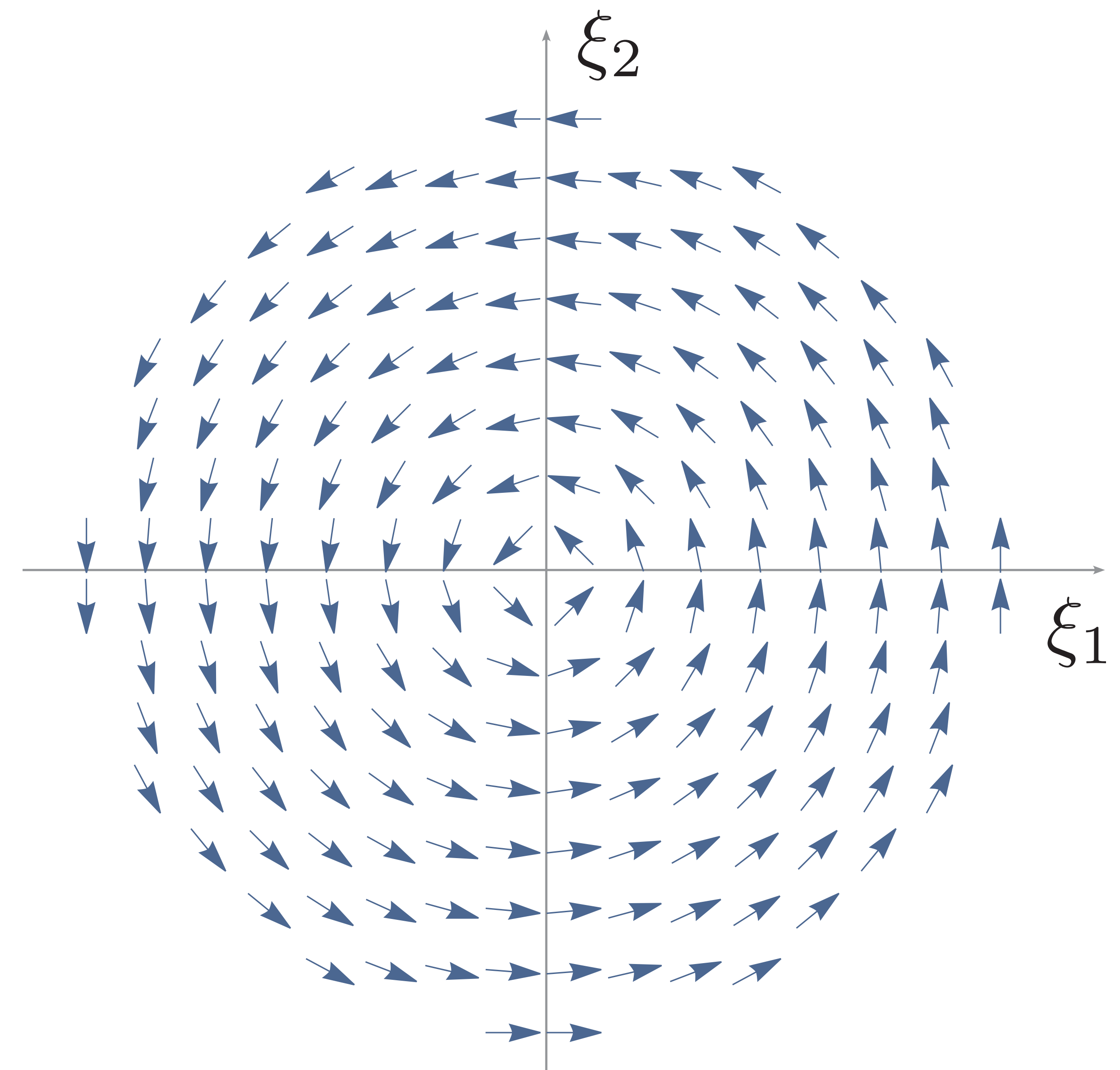
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Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

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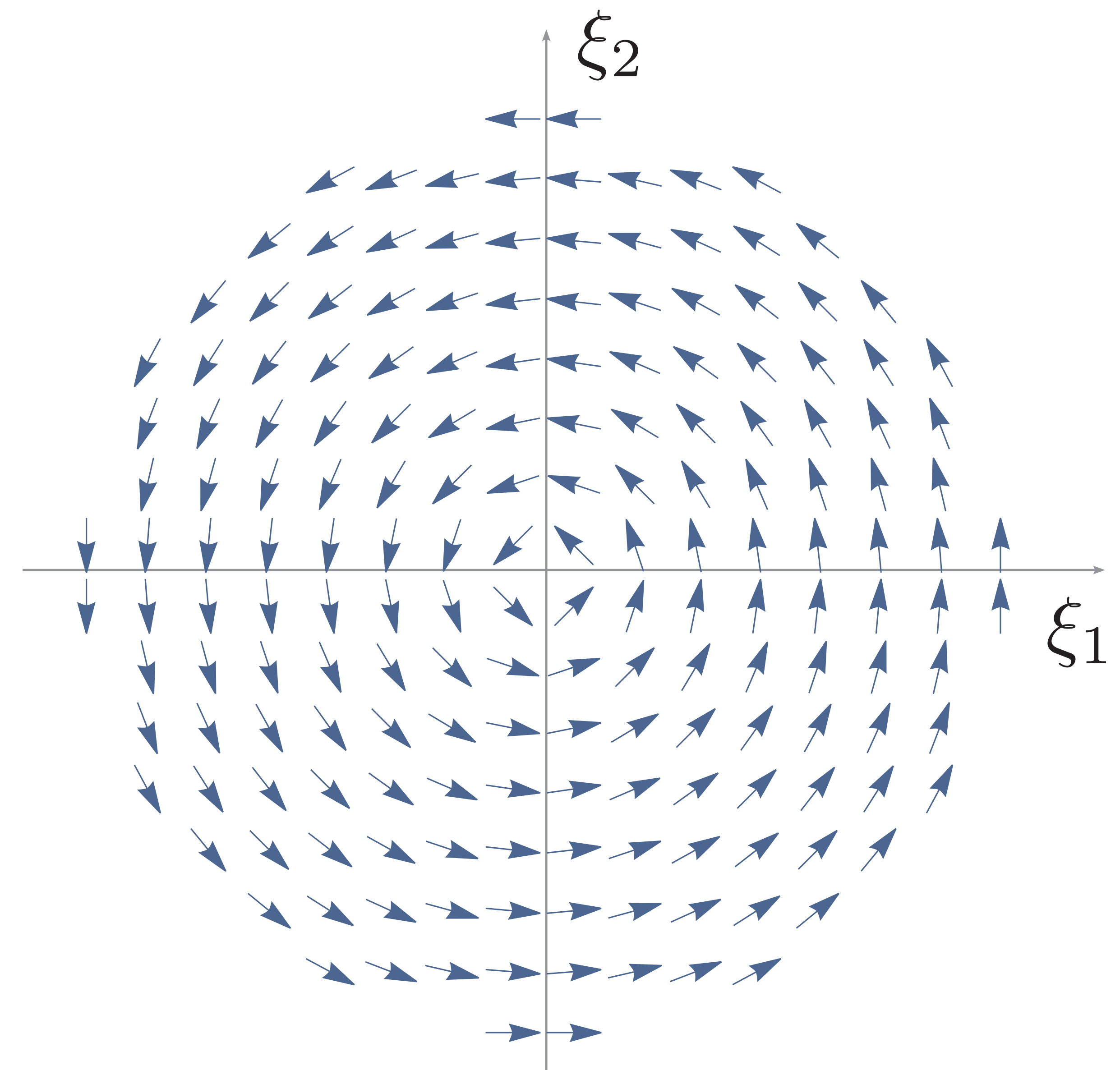
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Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

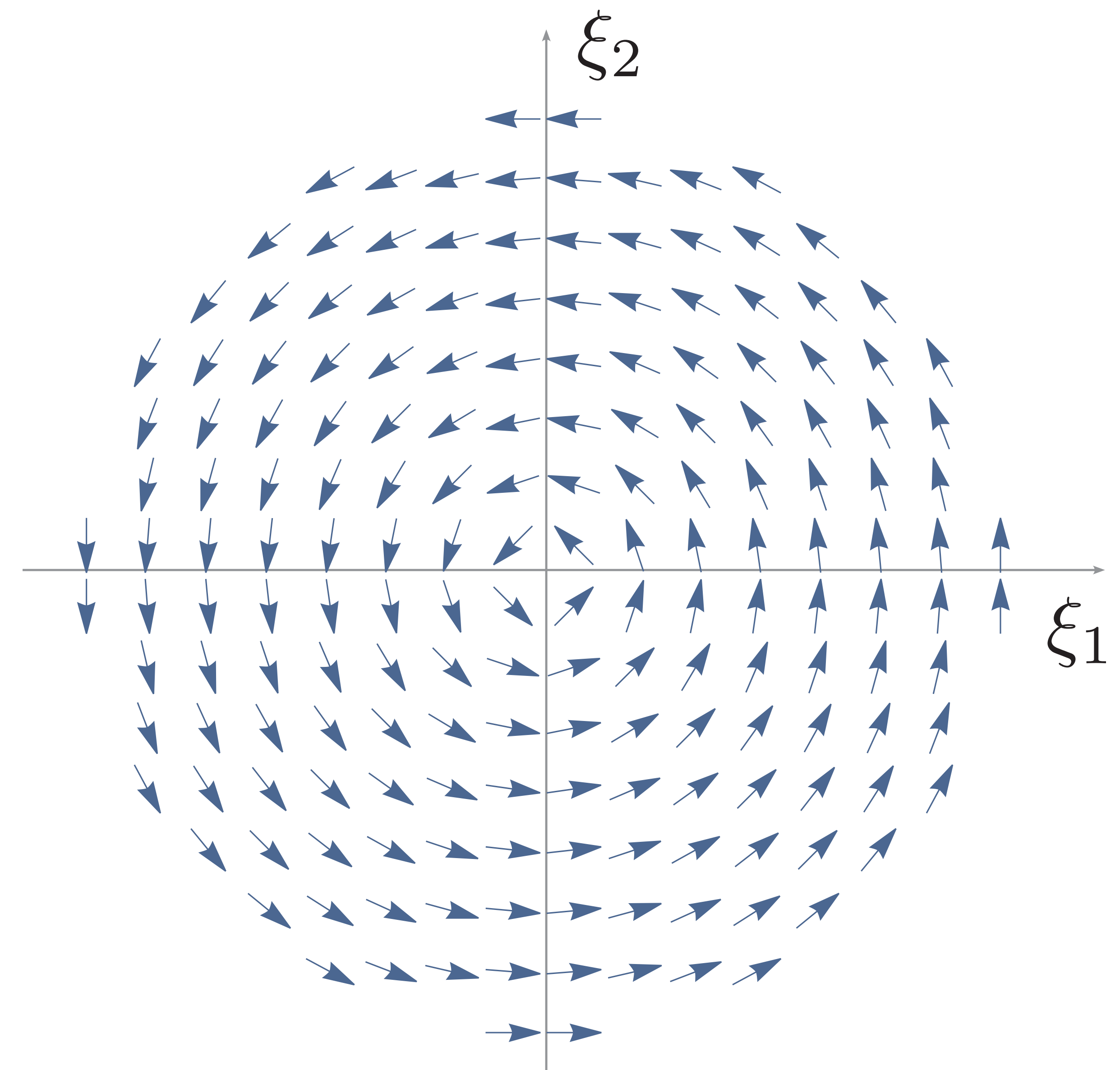
$$\widehat{\nabla \times \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \times \underbrace{\widehat{\vec{Y}}}_{\vec{Y}}$$
$$\widehat{\vec{Y}} = \boxed{\hat{Y}_\theta} \vec{e}_\theta + \cancel{\hat{Y}_r} \vec{\xi}$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\widehat{\nabla \cdot \vec{Y}} = i \vec{\xi} \cdot \widehat{\vec{Y}}$$

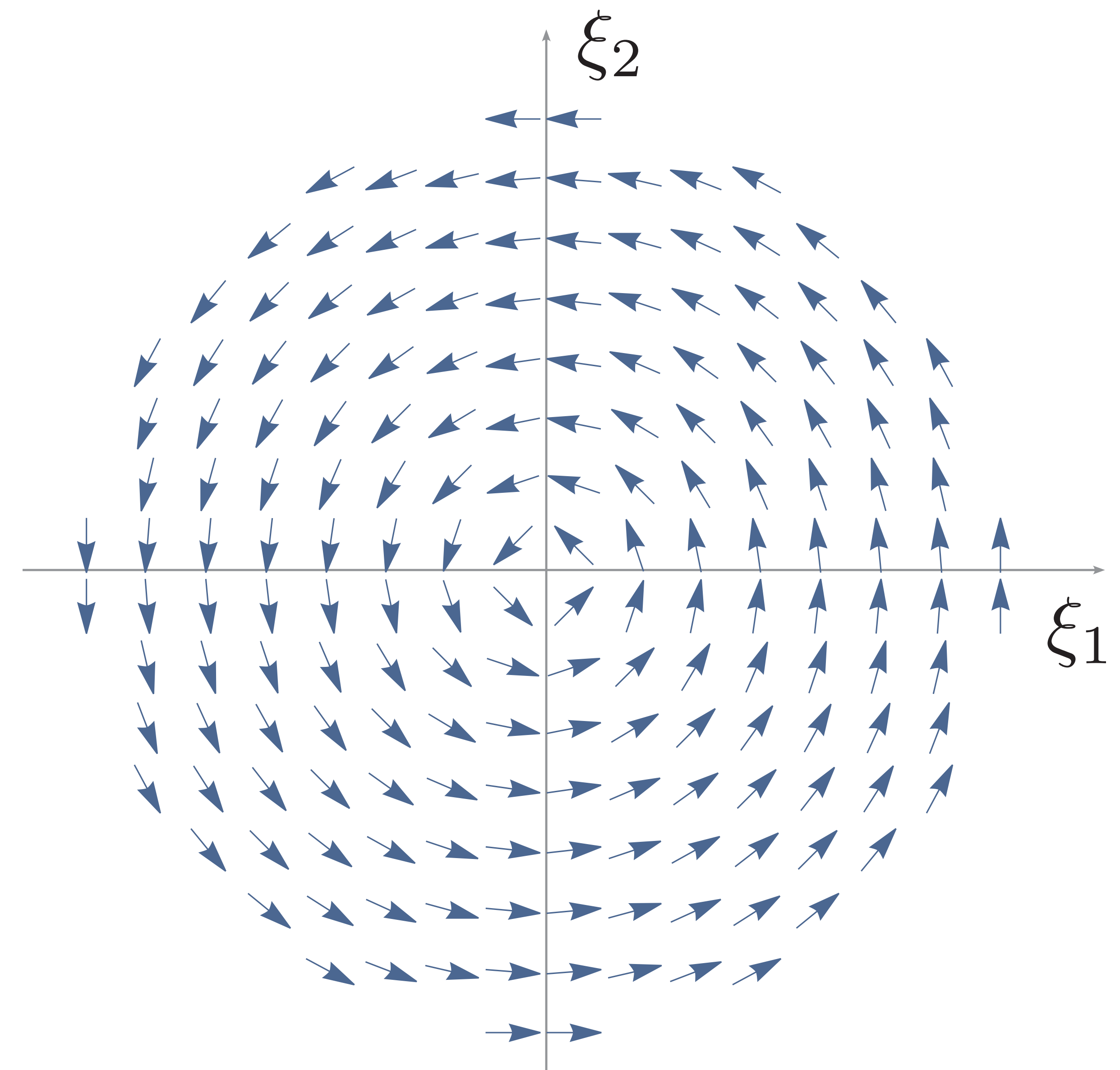


Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

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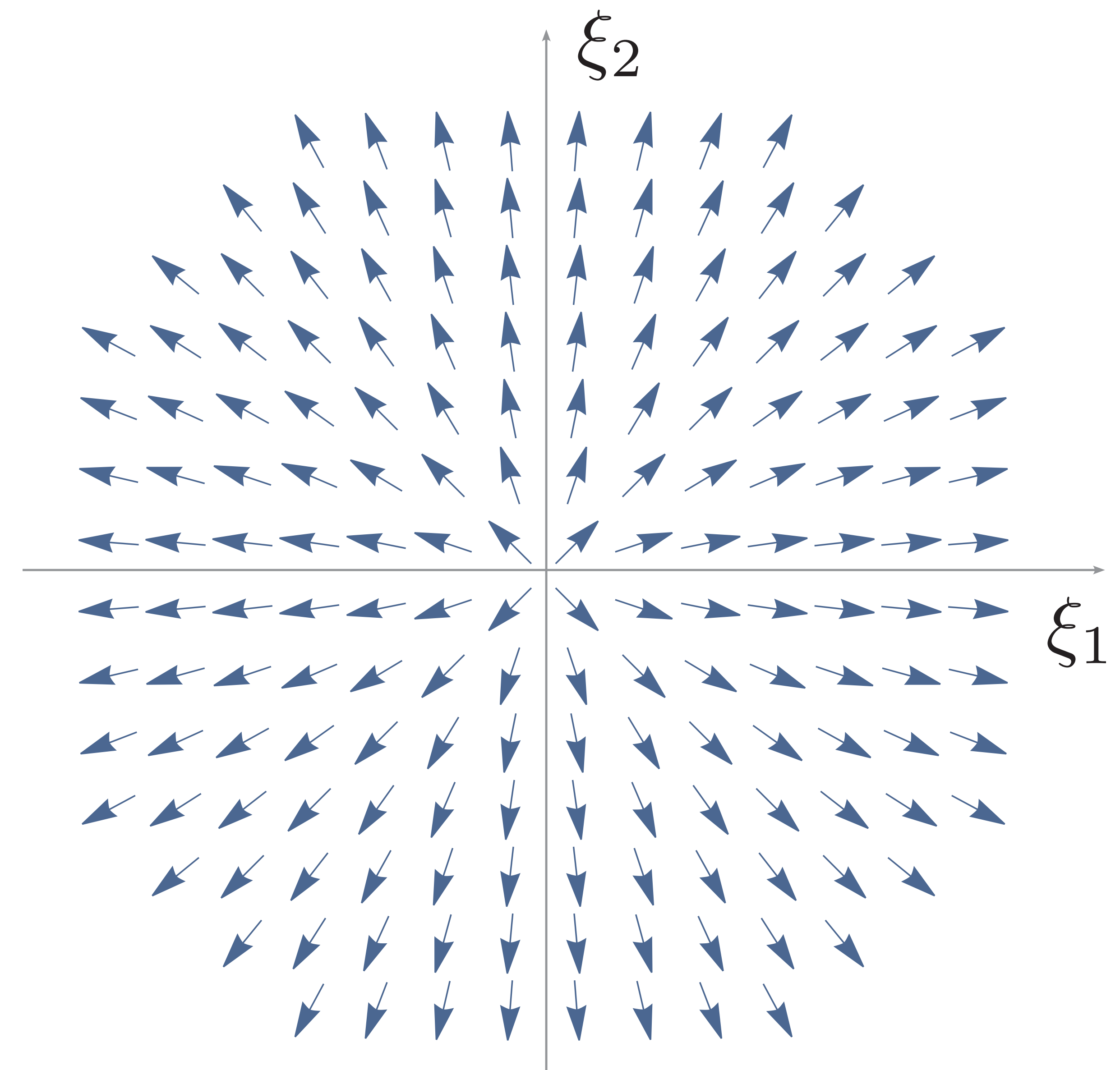


Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

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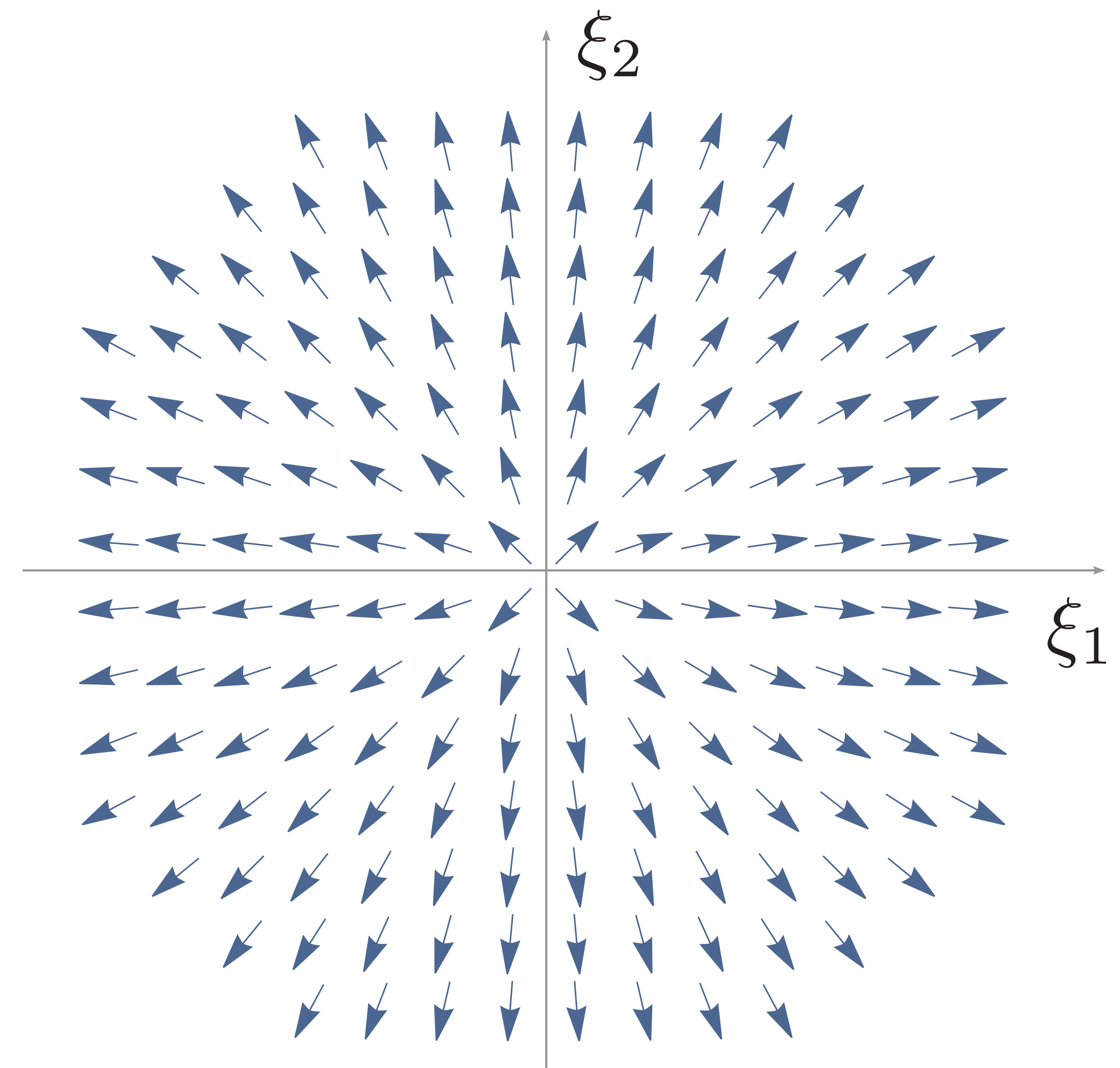


Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\widehat{\nabla \cdot \vec{Y}} = i \vec{\xi} \cdot \underbrace{\widehat{\vec{Y}}}$$

$$\widehat{\vec{Y}} = \cancel{\hat{Y}_\theta \vec{e}_\theta} + \boxed{\hat{Y}_r} \vec{\xi}$$



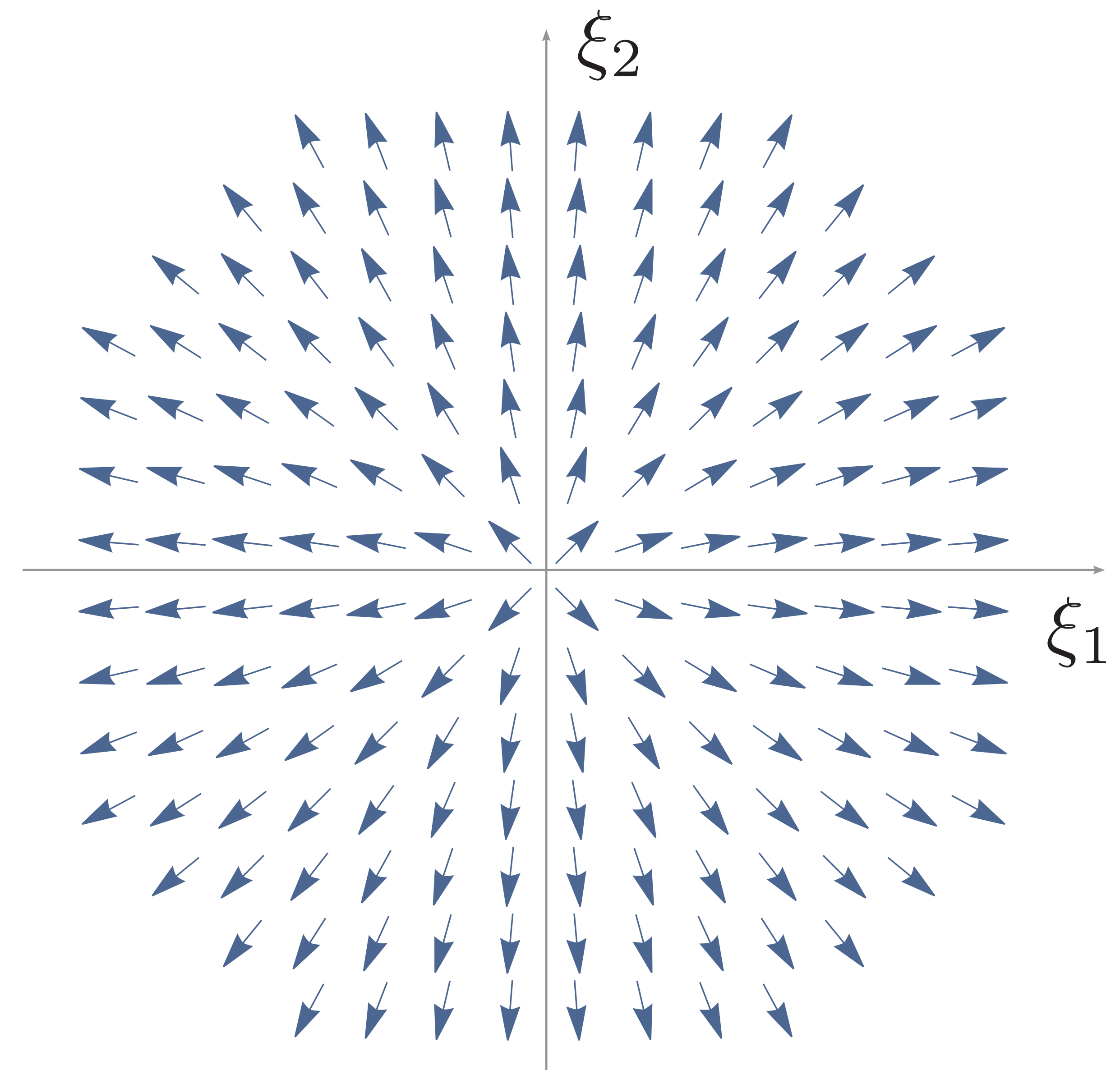
Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\widehat{\nabla f} = (i\vec{\xi})\hat{f}$$

$$\widehat{\nabla \times \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \times \hat{\vec{Y}}$$

$$\widehat{\nabla \cdot \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \cdot \hat{\vec{Y}}$$



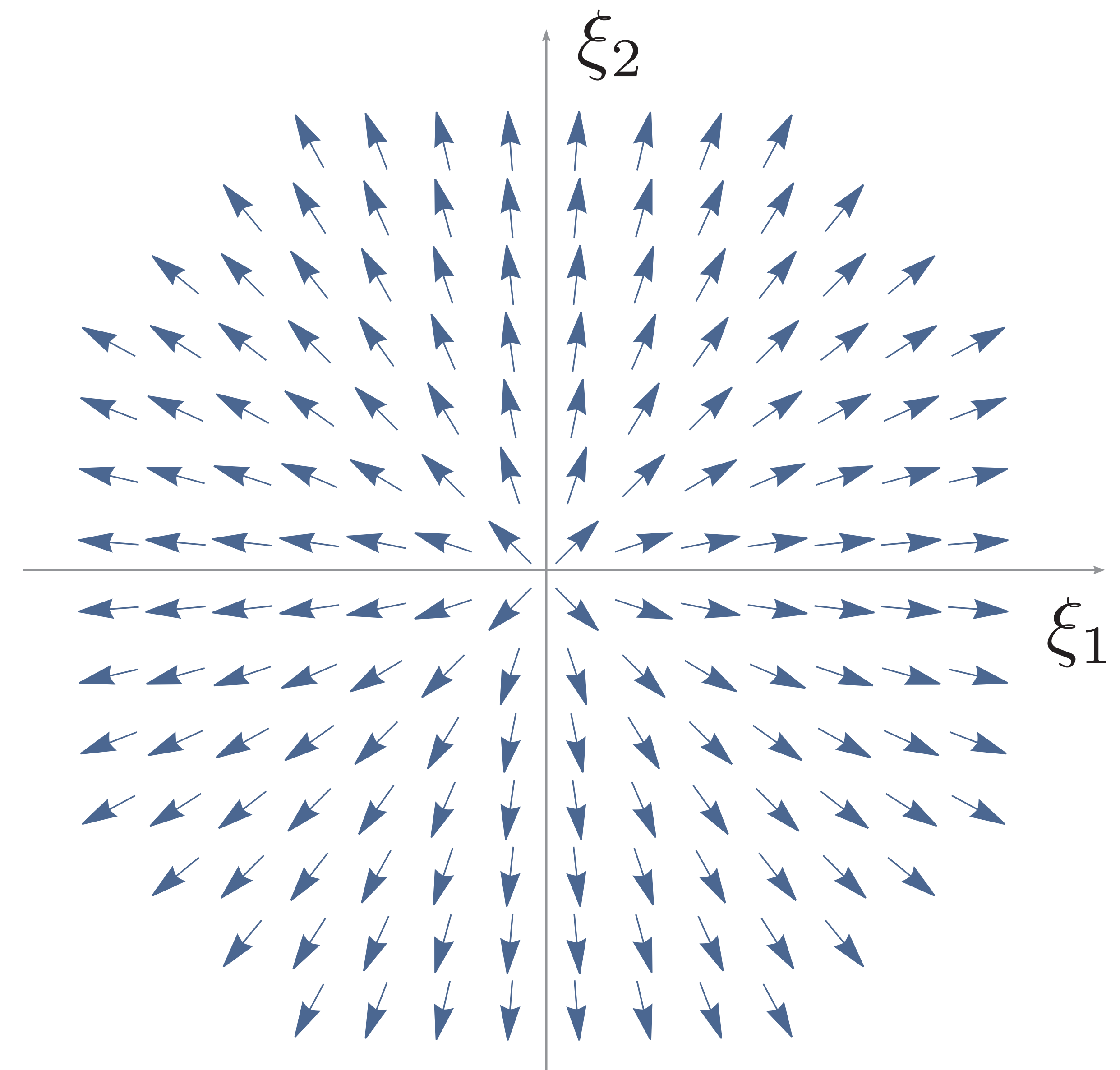
Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\widehat{\nabla f} = (i\vec{\xi})\hat{f} \quad \cong df$$

$$\widehat{\nabla \times \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \times \widehat{\vec{Y}} \quad \cong d\alpha$$

$$\widehat{\nabla \cdot \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \cdot \widehat{\vec{Y}} \quad \cong d \star \beta$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

$$\widehat{\nabla} f = (i\vec{\xi}) \hat{f} \cong df$$

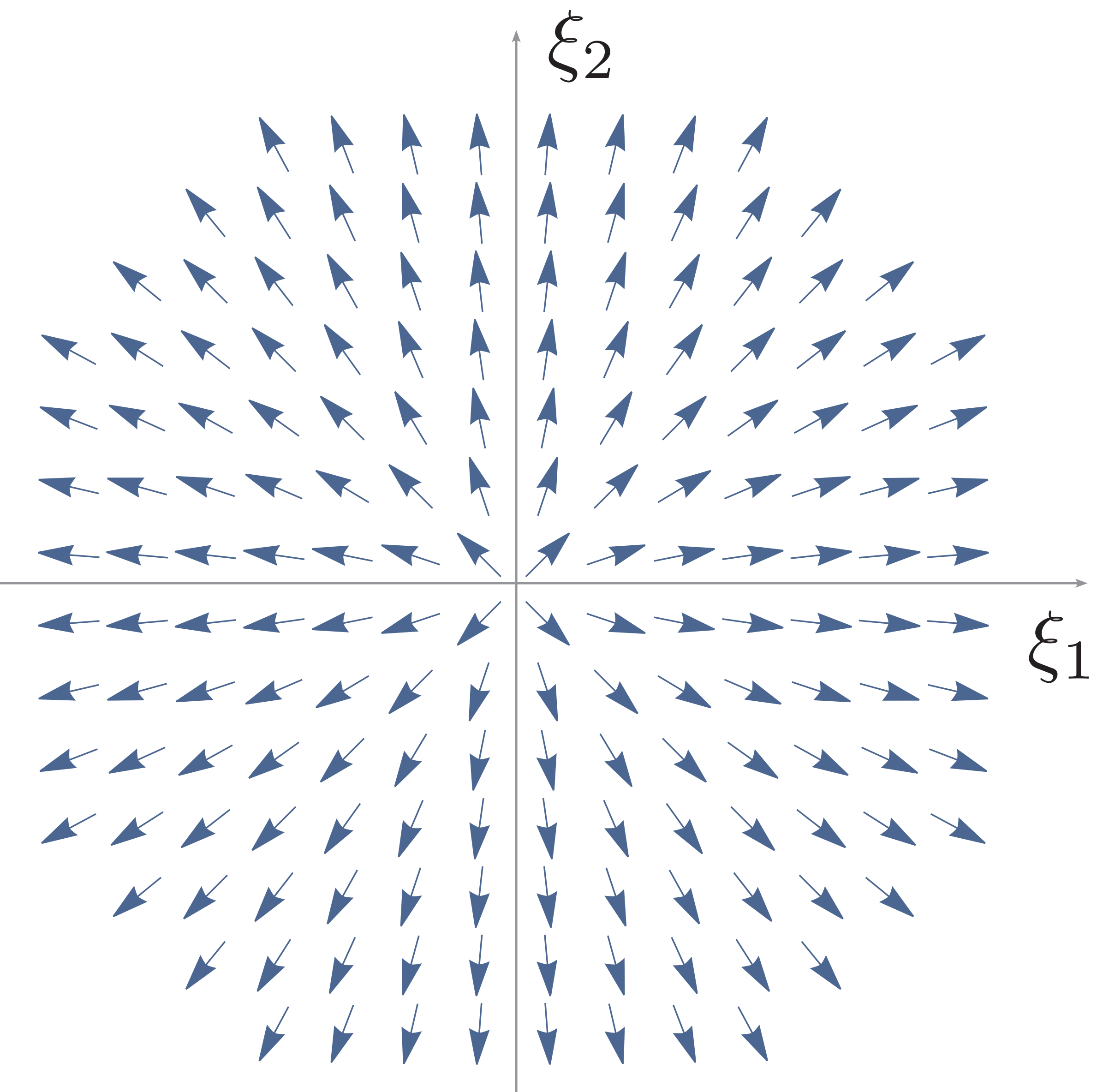
radial

$$\widehat{\nabla \times \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \times \widehat{\vec{Y}} \cong d\alpha$$

angular

$$\widehat{\nabla \cdot \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \cdot \widehat{\vec{Y}} \cong d \star \beta$$

radial



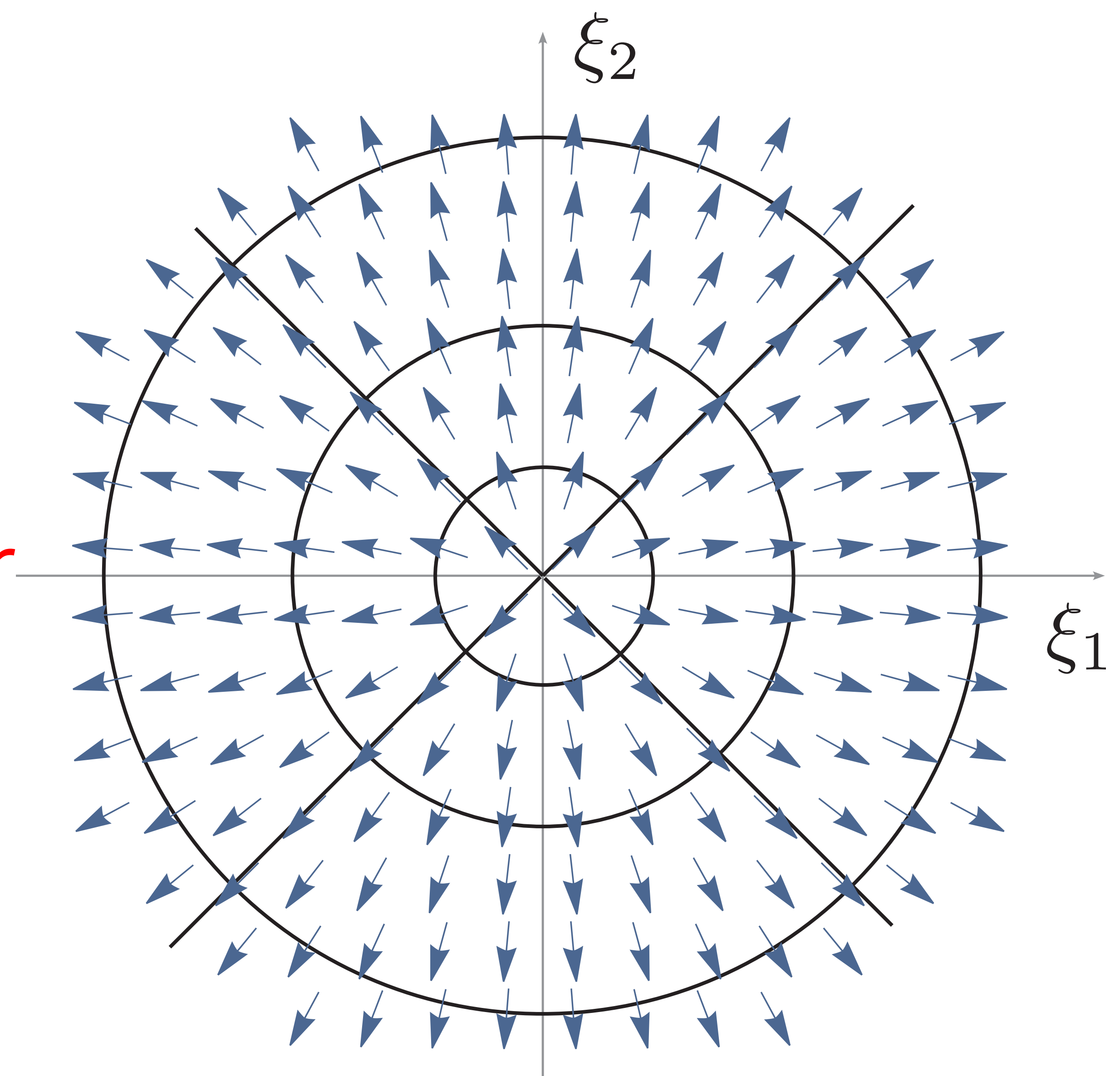
Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Differential operators:

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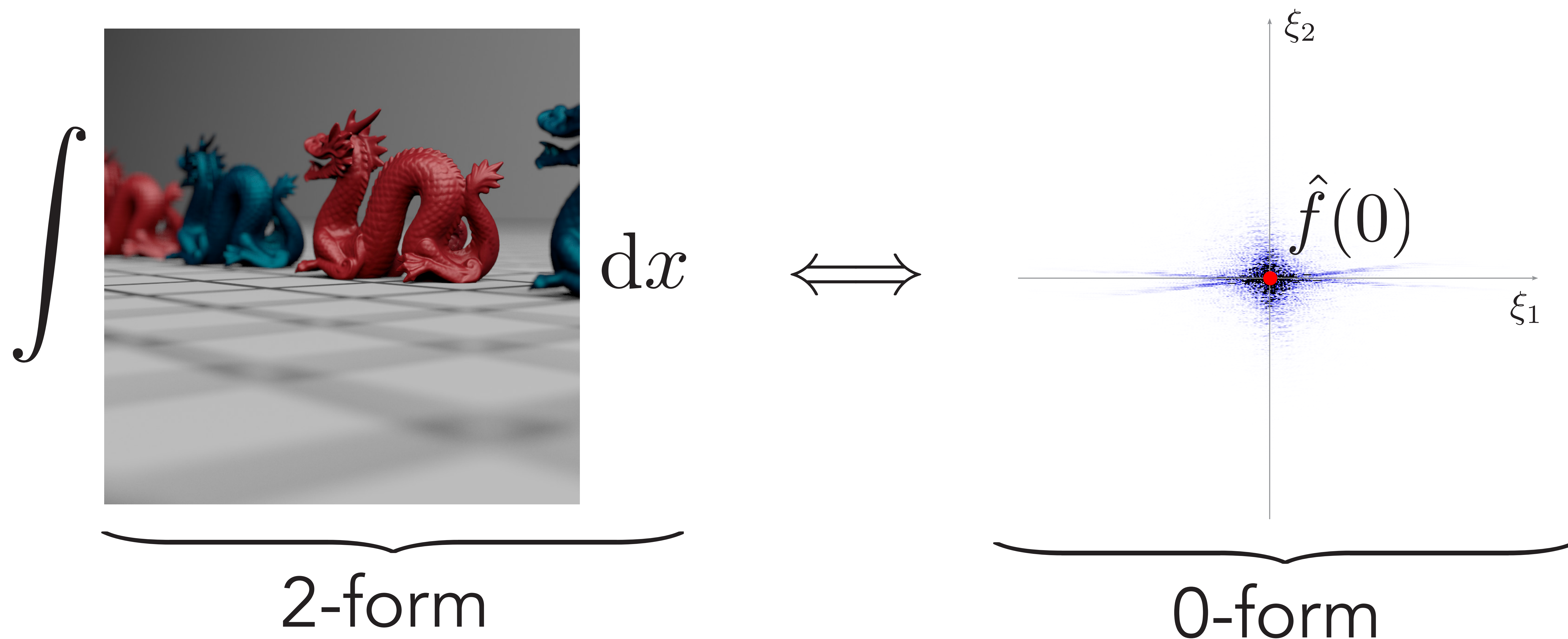
$$\widehat{\nabla \times \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \times \hat{\vec{Y}} \quad \cong d\alpha \quad \text{angular}$$

$$\widehat{\nabla \cdot \vec{Y}} = i\vec{\xi} \cdot \hat{\vec{Y}} \quad \cong d \star \beta \quad \text{radial}$$



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Integration:



Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

$$dx^1 \wedge dx^2 \longrightarrow 1_\xi$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform:

$$\mathcal{F}(f) = \hat{f}(\xi) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x) e^{i\xi(x)} \, dx$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform:

$$\mathcal{F}(f) = \hat{f}(\xi) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x) e^{i\xi(x)} dx$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform:

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for covariance ξ has to
be a co-vector

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

$$1_x \longrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2}$$

$$dx^1 \wedge dx^2 \longrightarrow 1_\xi$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

$$1_x \longrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2}$$

$$dx^1 \longrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2}$$

$$dx^2 \longrightarrow -\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1}$$

$$dx^1 \wedge dx^2 \longrightarrow 1_\xi$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform of differential forms:

$$\mathfrak{F}(\alpha)(\xi) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \sum_{j_1 < \dots < j_r} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \alpha_{j_1, \dots, j_r}(x) \, dx^{j_1} \wedge \dots \wedge dx^{j_r} \wedge e^{-i x^p \xi_p} \wedge e^{i dx^q \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q}}$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform of differential forms:

$$\mathfrak{F}(\alpha)(\xi) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \sum_{j_1 < \dots < j_r} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \boxed{\alpha_{j_1, \dots, j_r}(x) \, dx^{j_1} \wedge \dots \wedge dx^{j_r} \wedge e^{-i x^p \xi_p}} \wedge e^{i dx^q \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q}}$$

regular Fourier transform of
coordinate functions

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform of differential forms:

$$\mathfrak{F}(\alpha)(\xi) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \sum_{j_1 < \dots < j_r} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \alpha_{j_1, \dots, j_r}(x) \, dx^{j_1} \wedge \dots \wedge dx^{j_r} \wedge e^{-i x^p \xi_p} \wedge e^{i dx^q \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q}}$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform of differential forms:

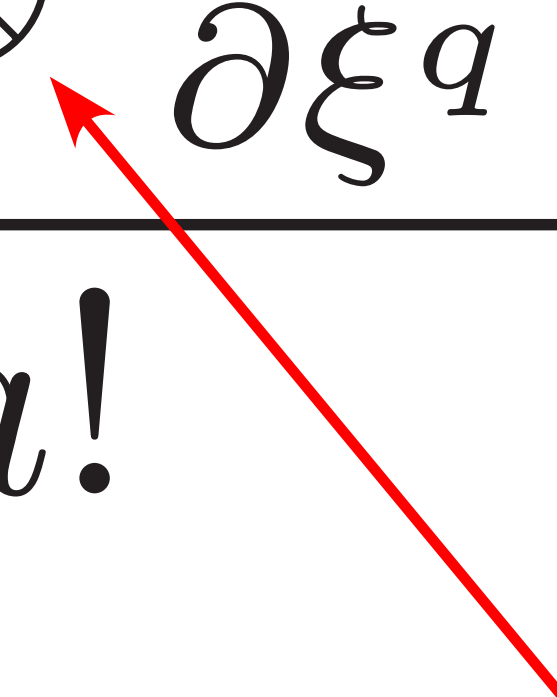
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$$e^{dx^q \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q}} = \sum_{a=0}^n \frac{(dx^q \otimes \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q})^a}{a!}$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform of differential forms:

$$\mathfrak{F}(\alpha)(\xi) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n/2}} \sum_{j_1 < \dots < j_r} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \alpha_{j_1, \dots, j_r}(x) dx^{j_1} \wedge \dots \wedge dx^{j_r} \wedge e^{-i x^p \xi_p} \wedge e^{i dx^q \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q}}$$

$$e^{dx^q \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q}} = \sum_{a=0}^n \frac{(dx^q \otimes \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q})^a}{a!}$$


has to respect \mathbb{Z}^2 grading
to ensure proper anti-symmetry

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Exponential form factor in \mathbb{R}^3 :

$$\begin{aligned} e^{\mathrm{d}x^q \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^q}} &= 1 + \left(\mathrm{d}x^1 \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} + \mathrm{d}x^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2} + \mathrm{d}x^3 \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^3} \right) \\ &\quad - \left(\mathrm{d}x^2 \wedge \mathrm{d}x^3 \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^3} + \mathrm{d}x^1 \wedge \mathrm{d}x^3 \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^3} + \mathrm{d}x^1 \wedge \mathrm{d}x^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2} \right) \\ &\quad - \left(\mathrm{d}x^1 \wedge \mathrm{d}x^2 \wedge \mathrm{d}x^3 \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

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Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

$$\begin{array}{lll} 1_x & \longrightarrow & \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2} \\ dx^1, dx^2 & \longrightarrow & \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2}, -\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \\ dx^1 \wedge dx^2 & \longrightarrow & 1_\xi \end{array}$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 1_x & \longrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2} \\
 \text{d} \downarrow & dx^1, dx^2 & \longrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2}, -\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \\
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 \end{array}$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Fourier transform of exterior derivative:

$$\mathfrak{F}(\mathrm{d}\alpha)(\xi) = (\widehat{\mathrm{d}} \widehat{\alpha})(\xi) = \mathrm{i}_{i\xi} \widehat{\alpha}(\xi)$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

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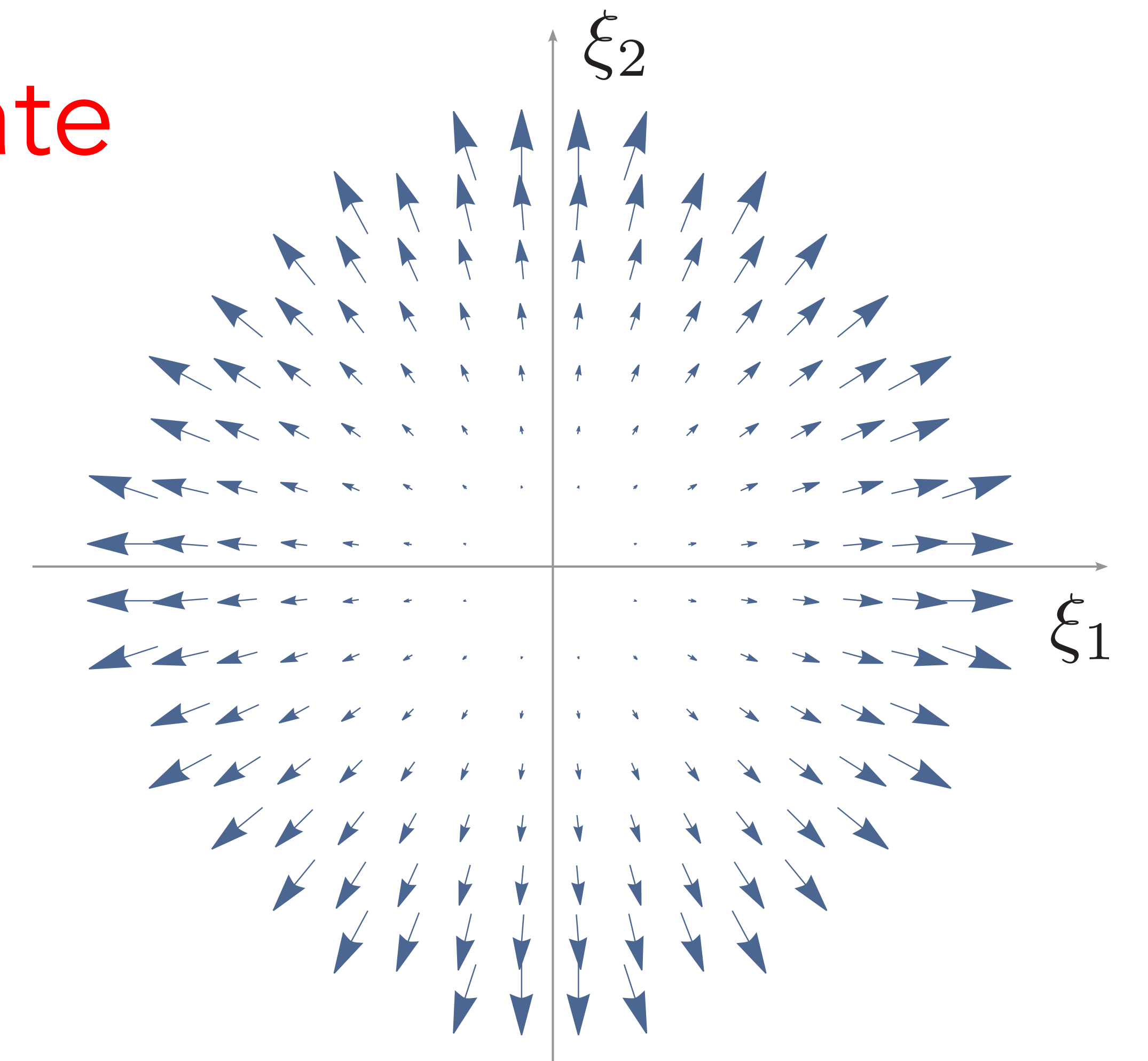
radial coordinate
vector

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Koszul differential that also
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Alternative in the literature:

$$\widehat{\mathrm{d}}\alpha = i\xi \wedge \widehat{\alpha}$$

Exterior calculus and the Fourier transform

- Hodge star:

$$\mathfrak{F}(\alpha) = s_n(\sigma) \star \hat{\alpha}$$

- Plancherel theorem:

$$\langle\langle \alpha, \beta \rangle\rangle = \langle\langle \hat{\alpha}, \hat{\beta} \rangle\rangle$$

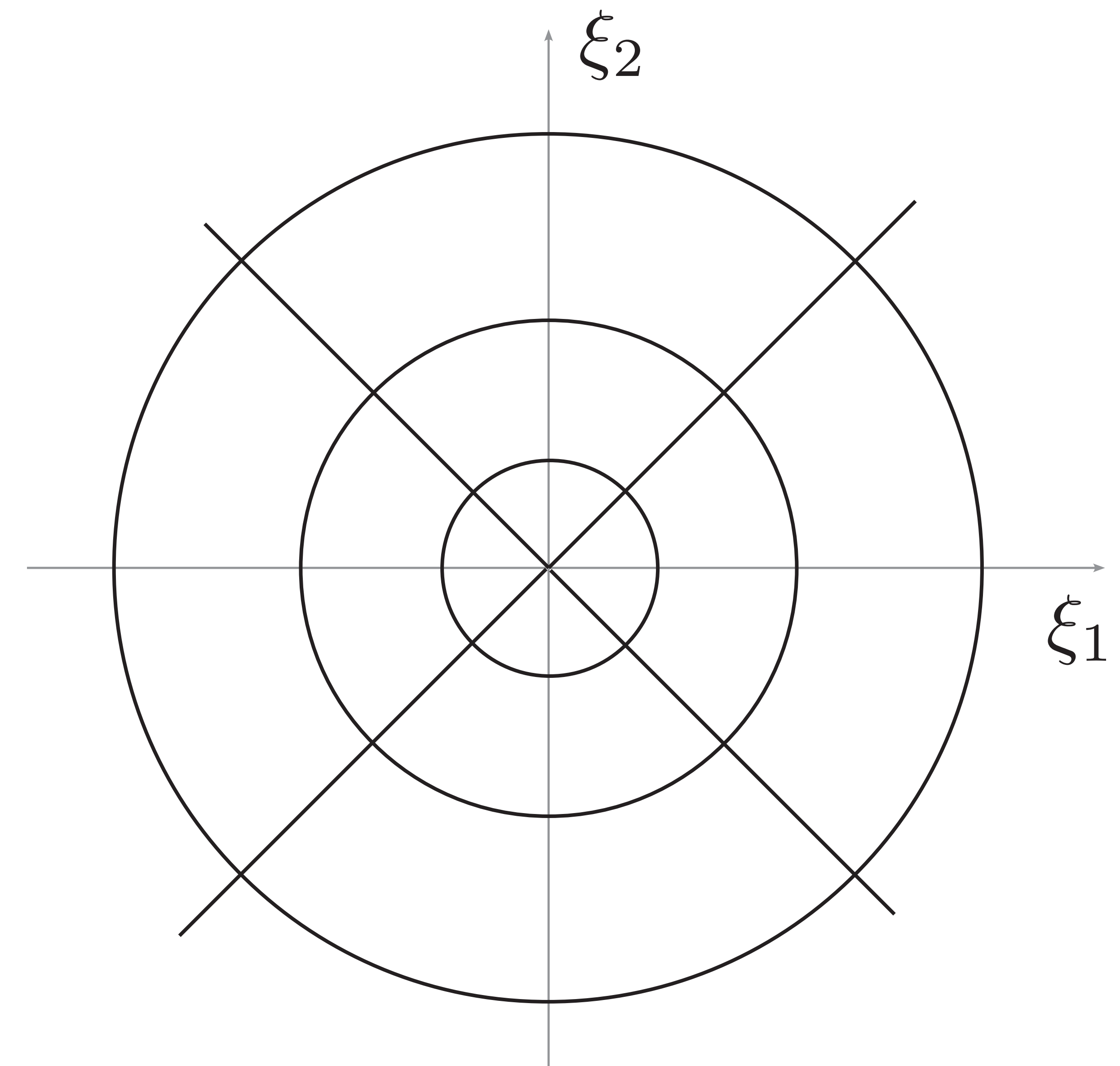
- Stokes theorem

Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Motto: use simple structure of exterior calculus in polar coordinates to construct a discretization of it

Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:



Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

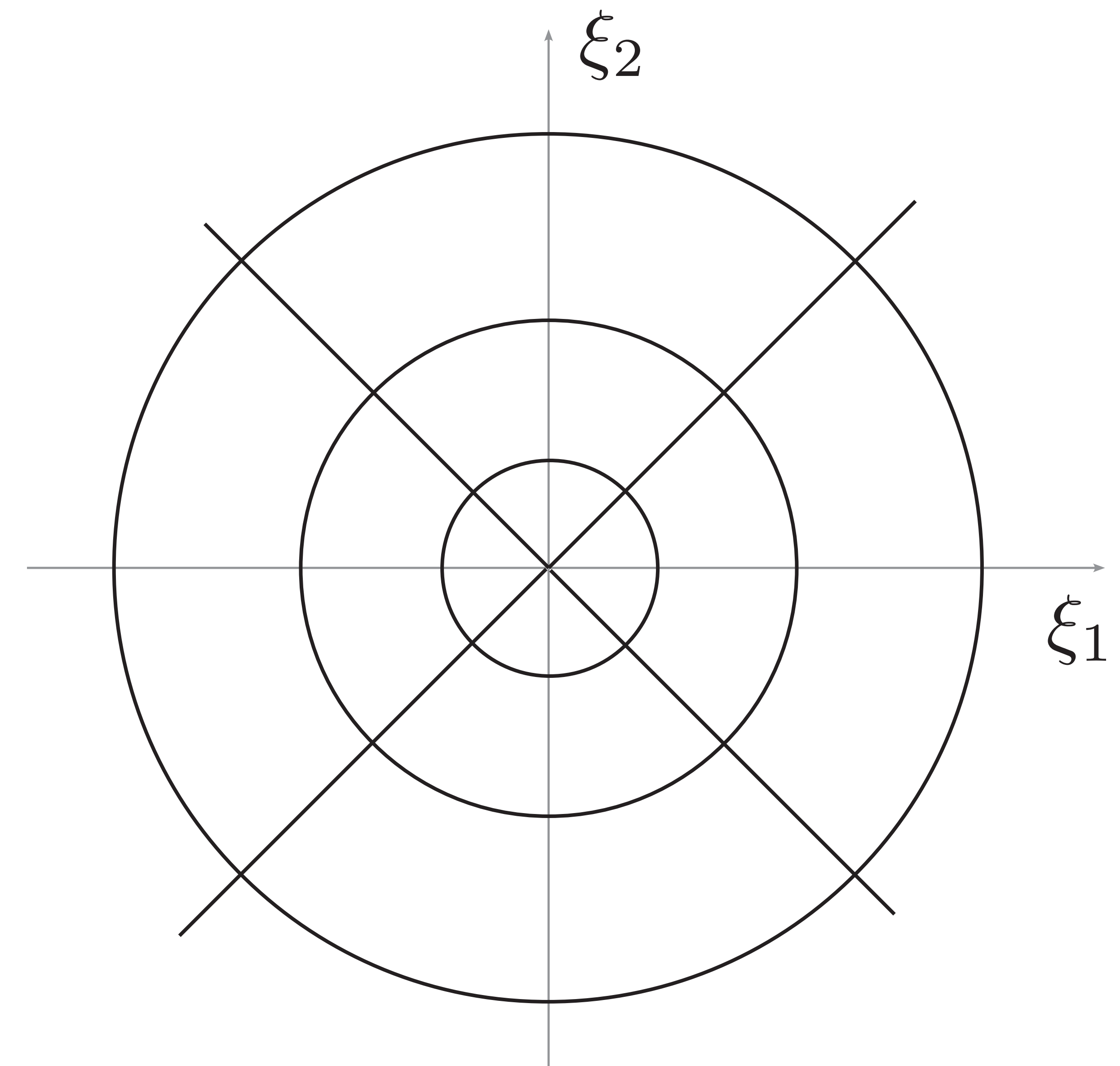
- Differential form basis functions:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^1}$$

$$1_\xi$$



Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

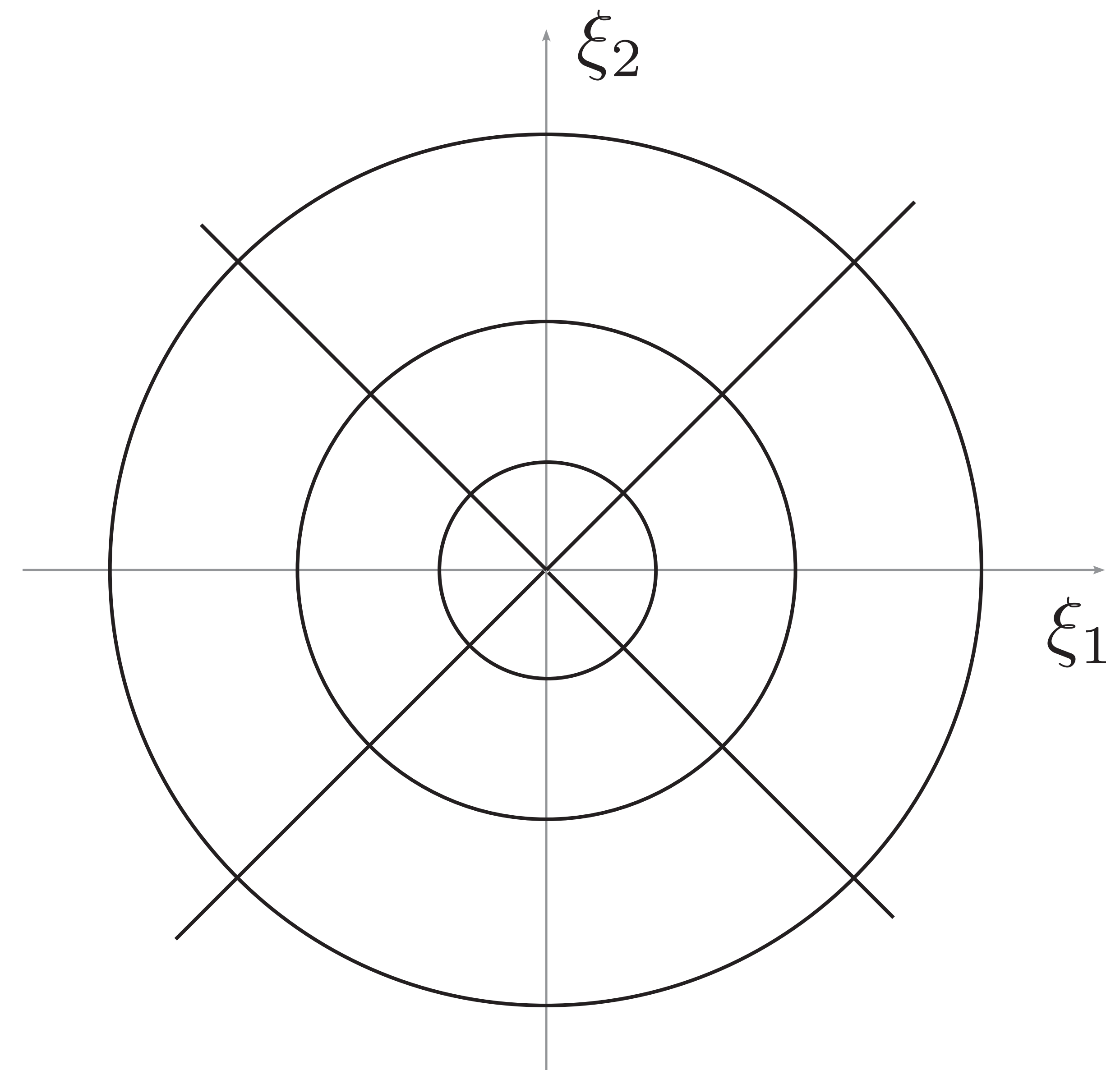
- Differential form basis functions:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^\theta} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^r}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^\theta}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^r}$$

$$1_\xi$$



Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

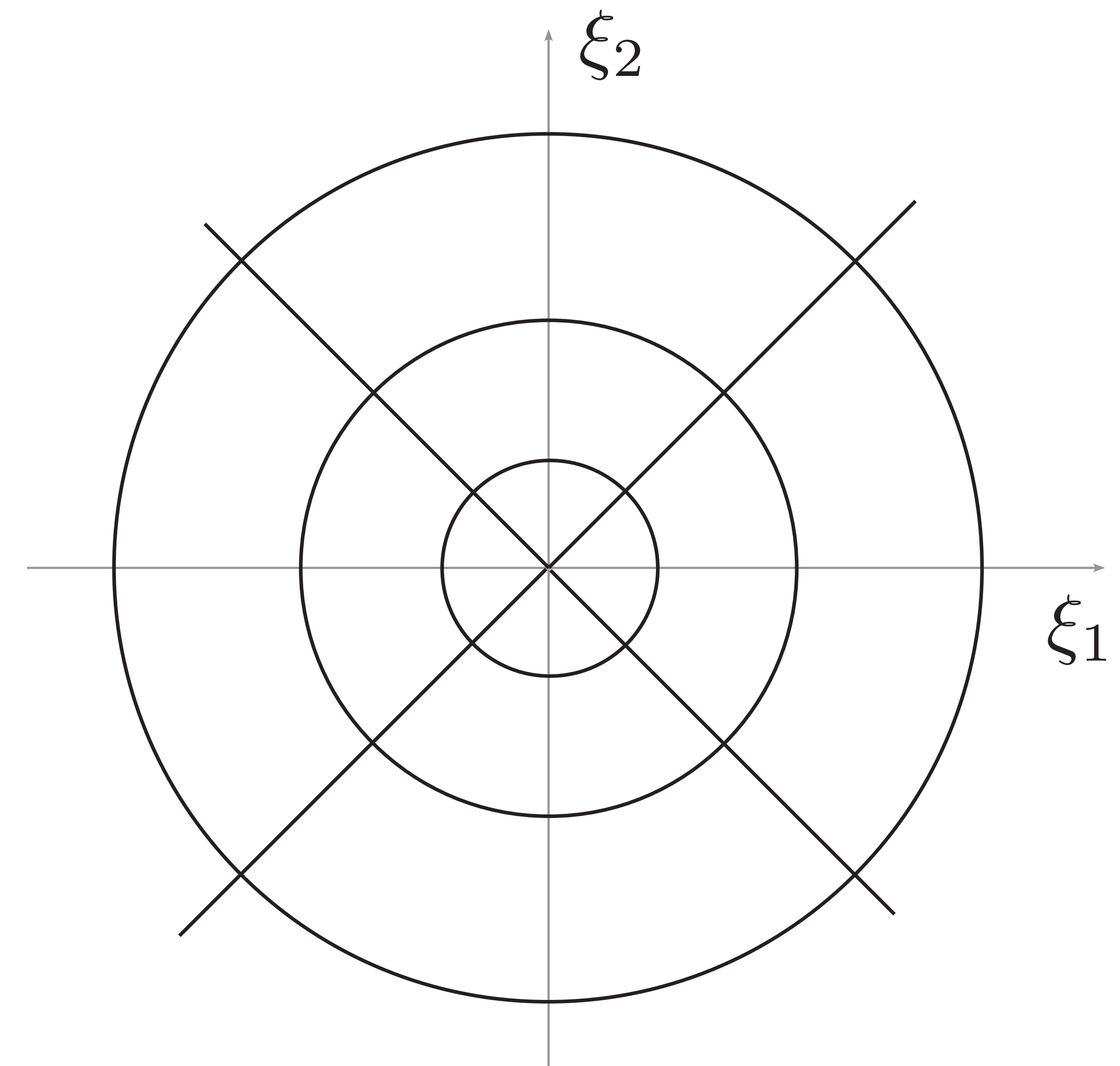
- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}^{2,d}(\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^\theta} \wedge \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^r}$$

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Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

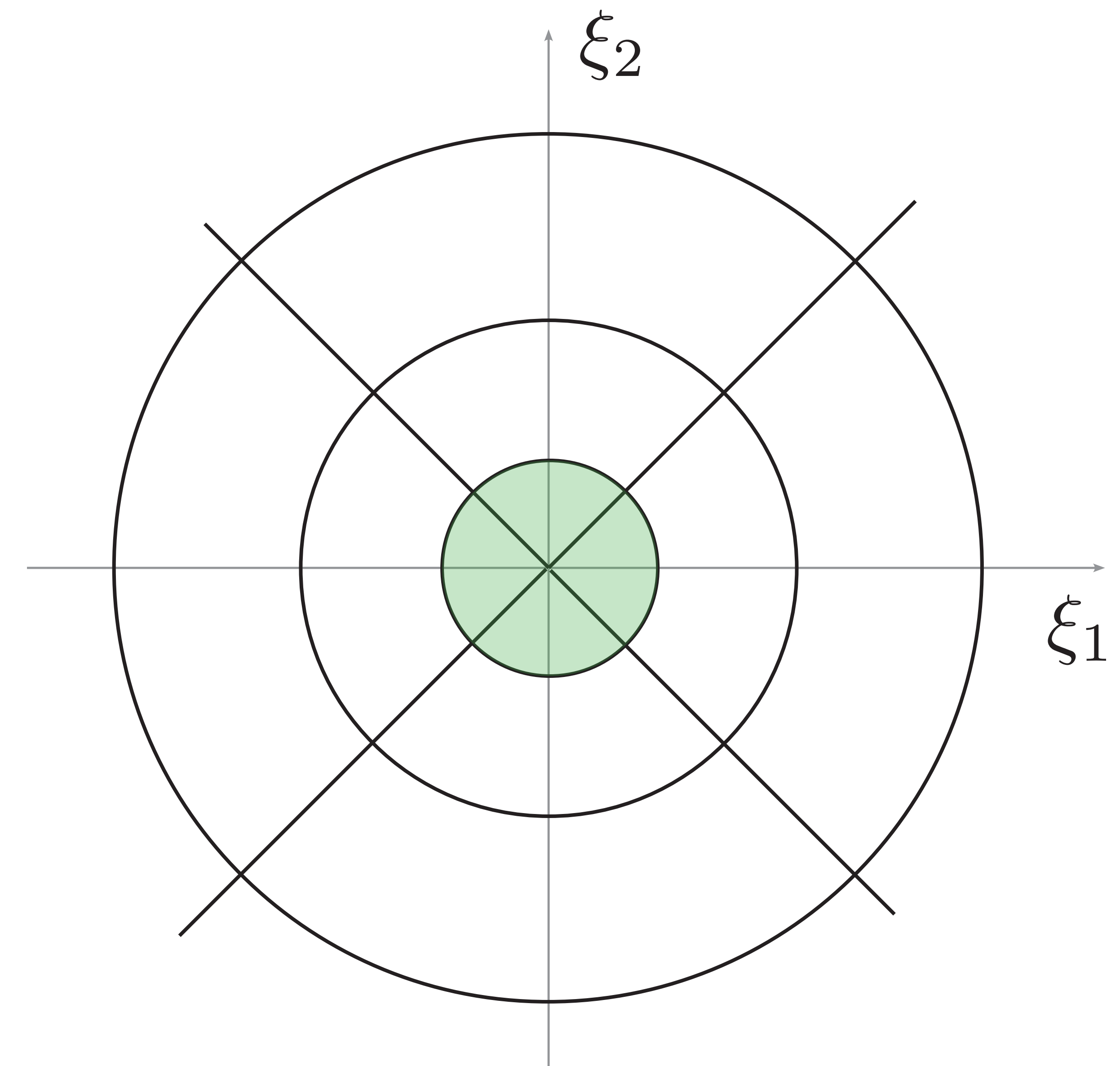
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Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

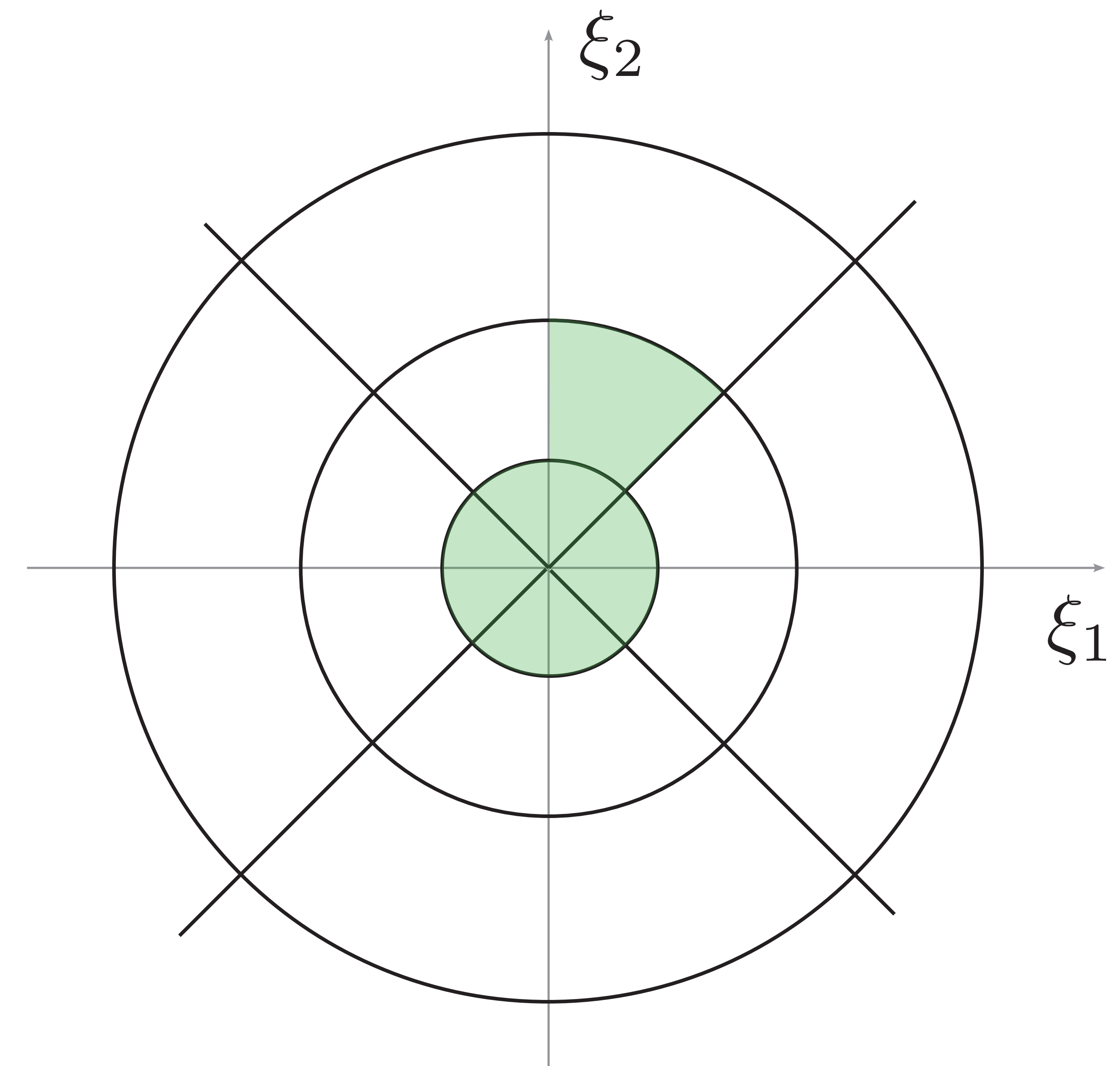
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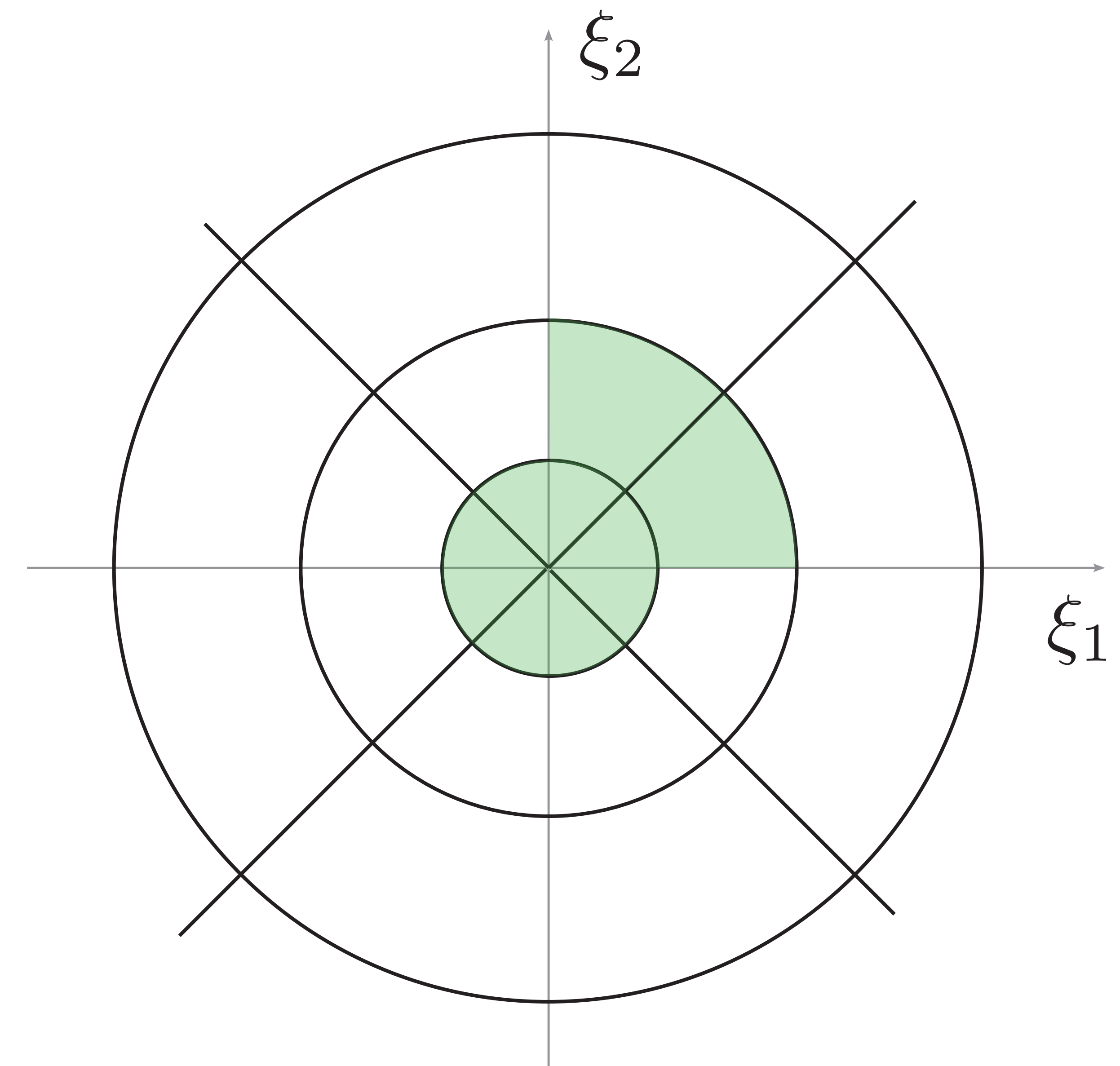
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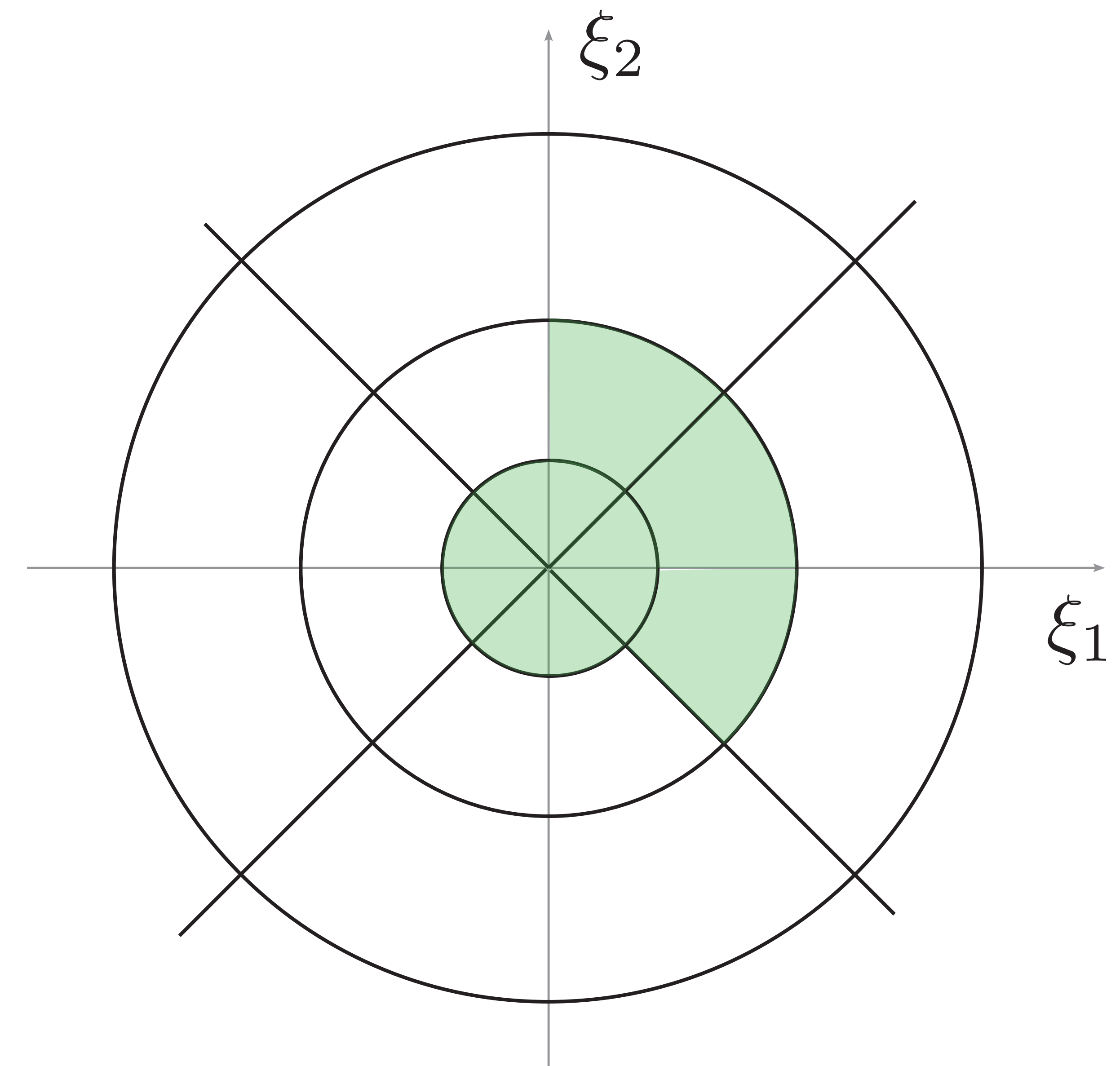
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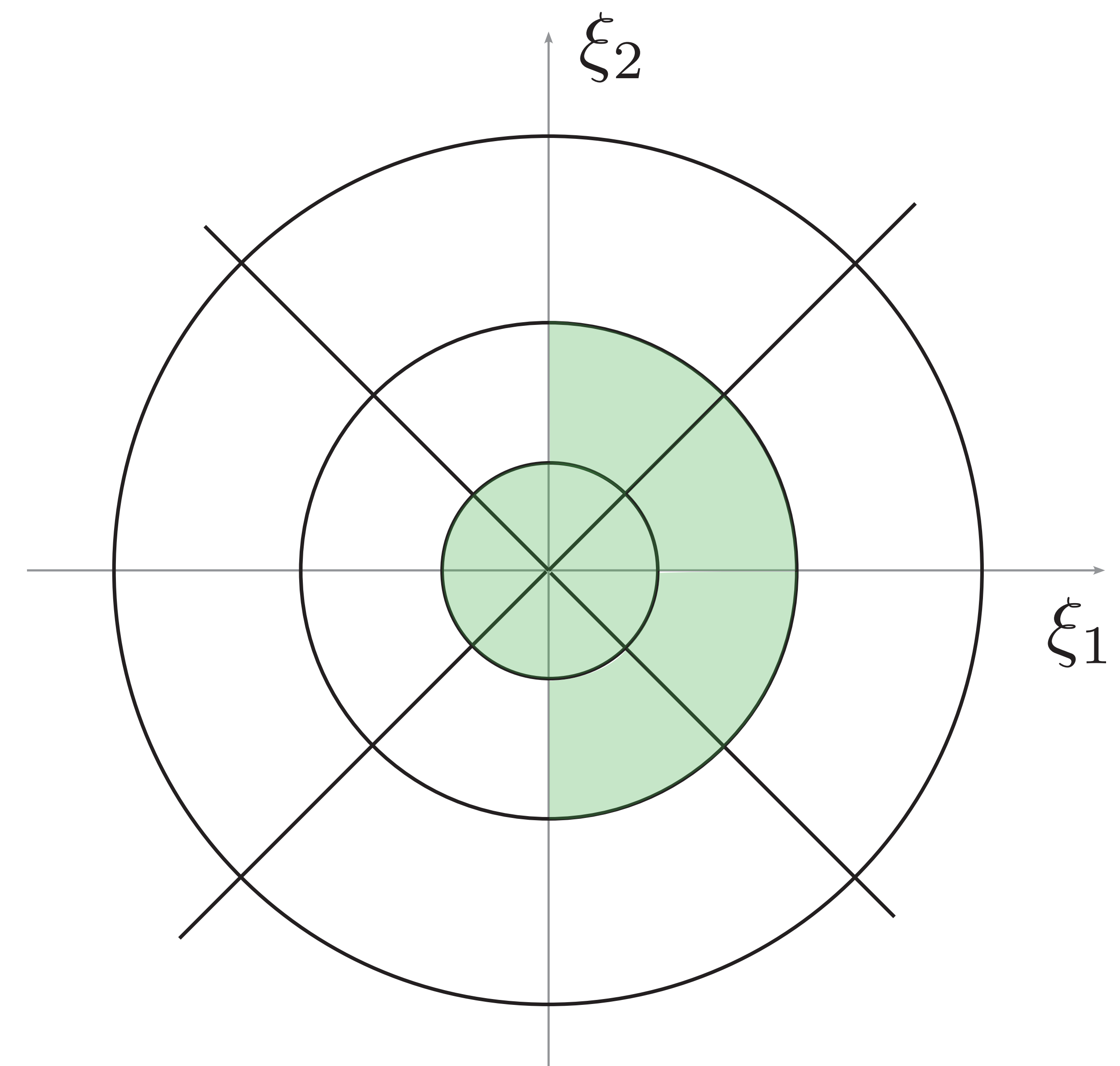
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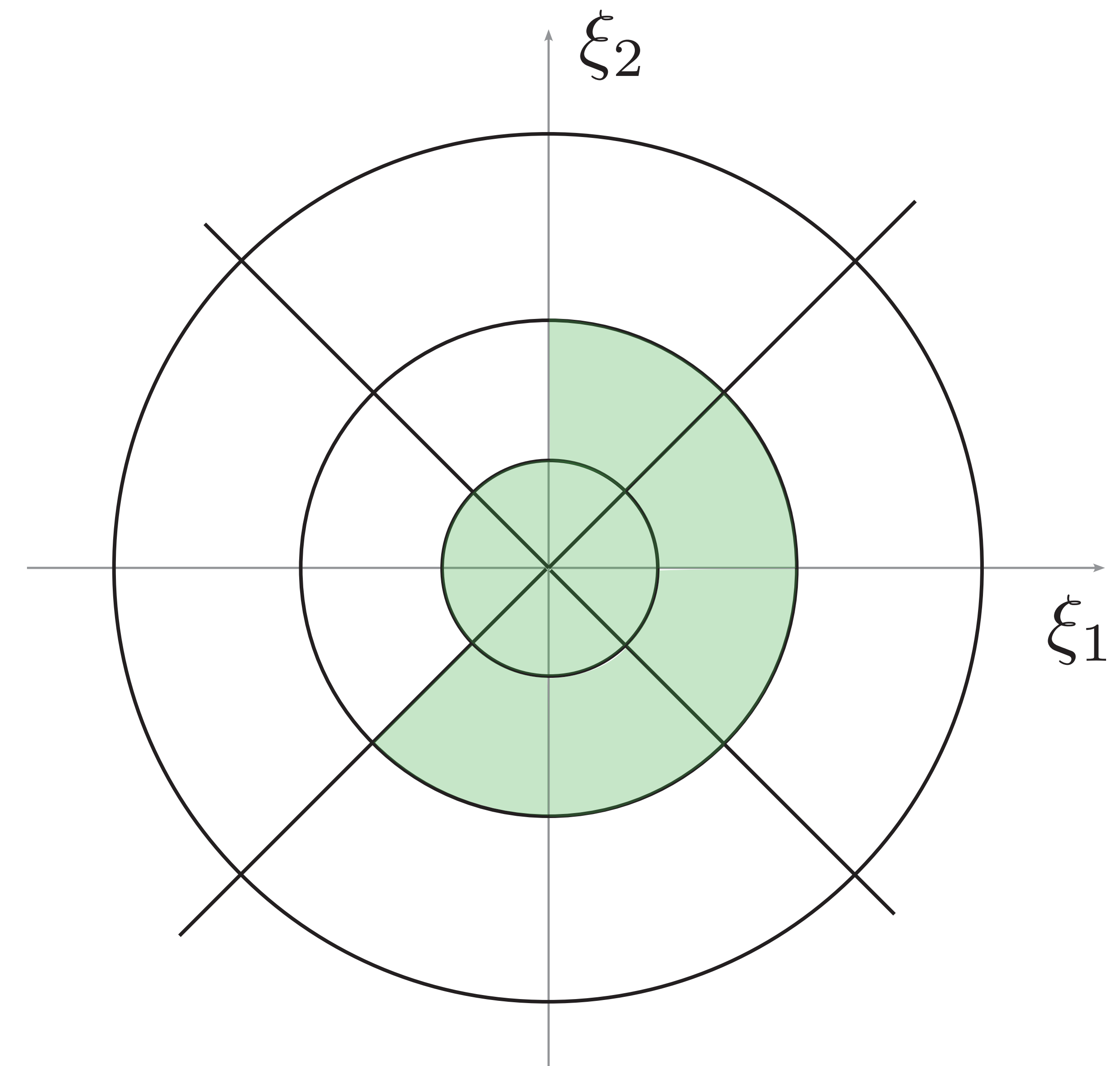
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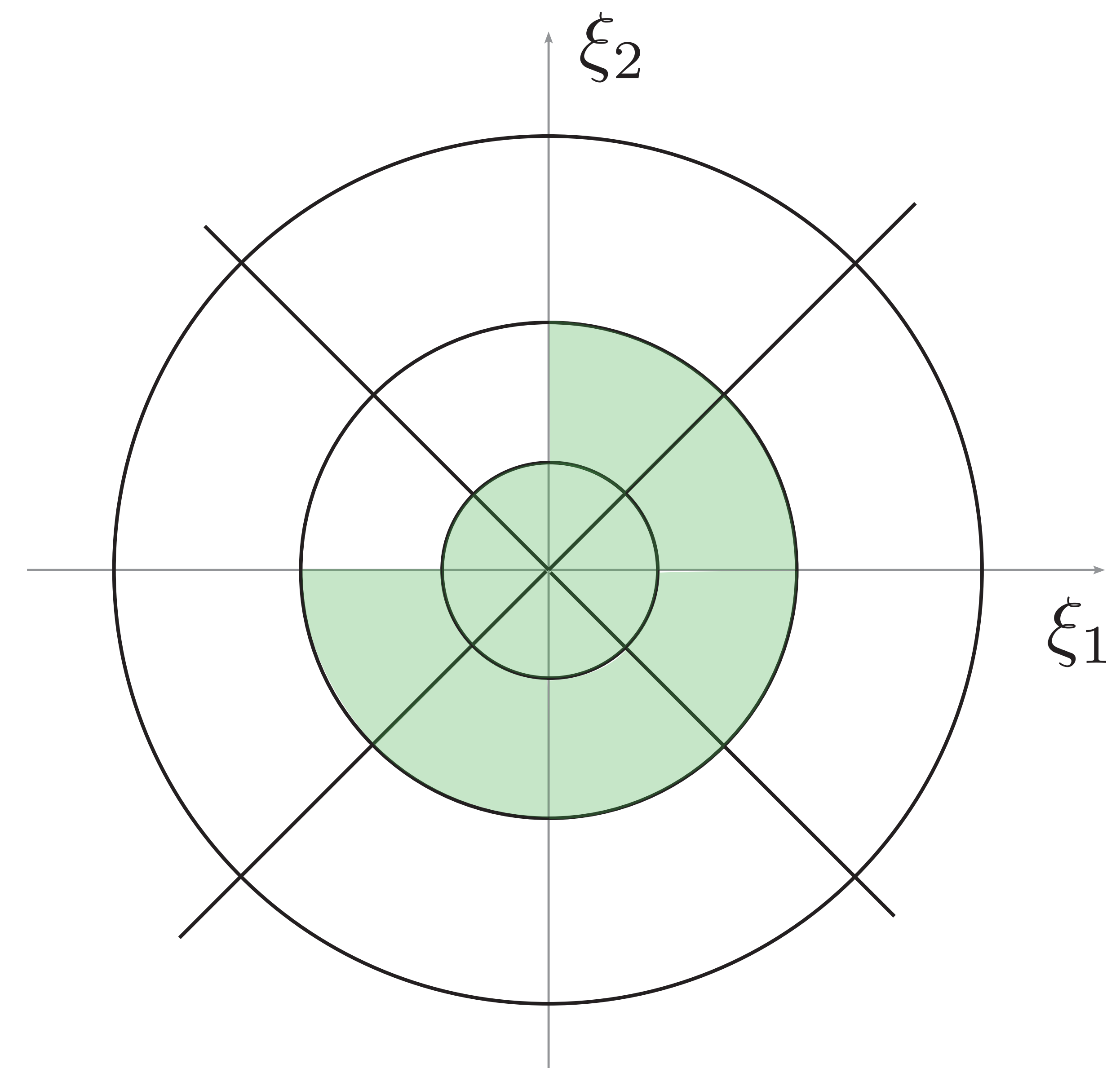
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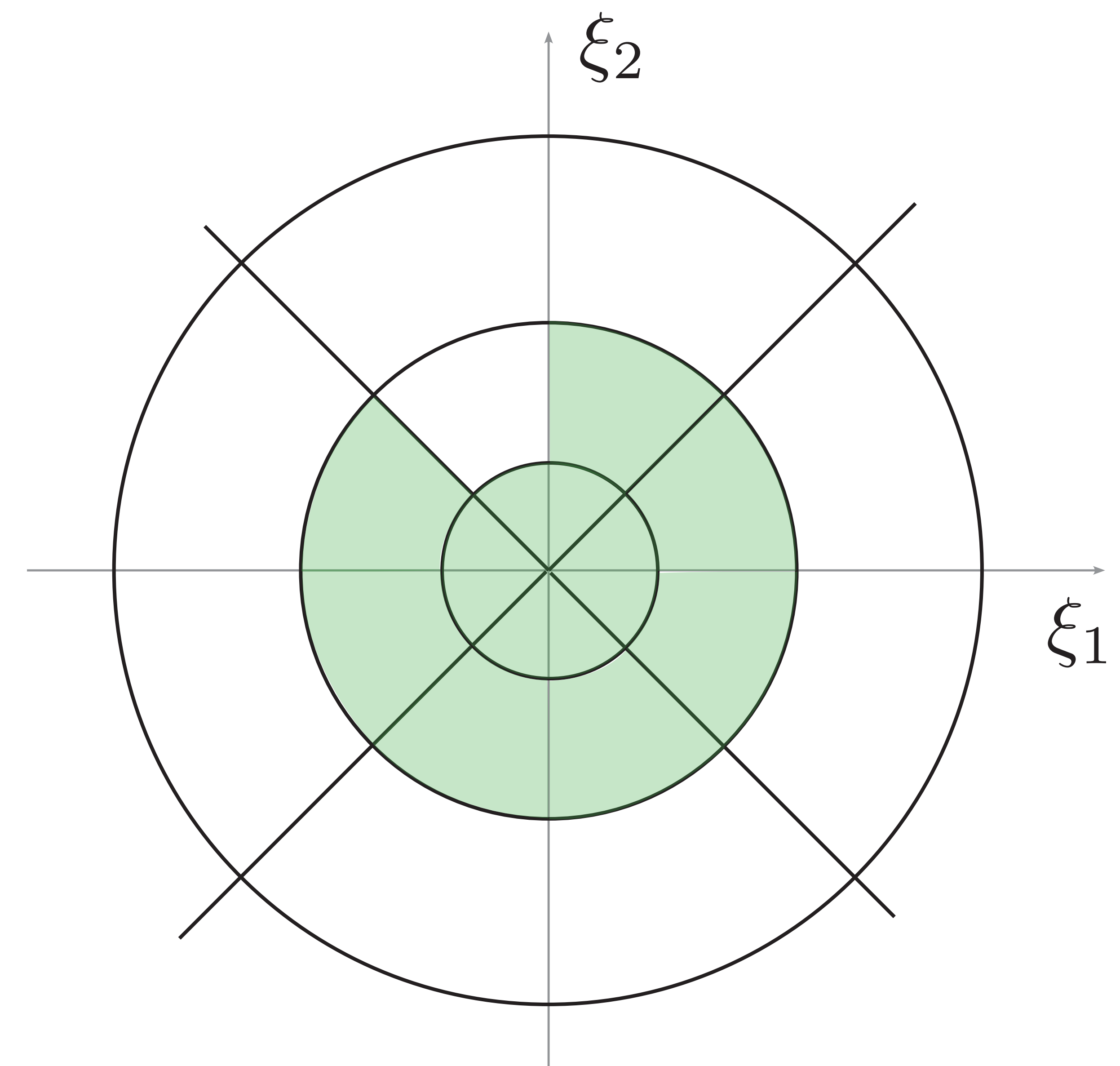
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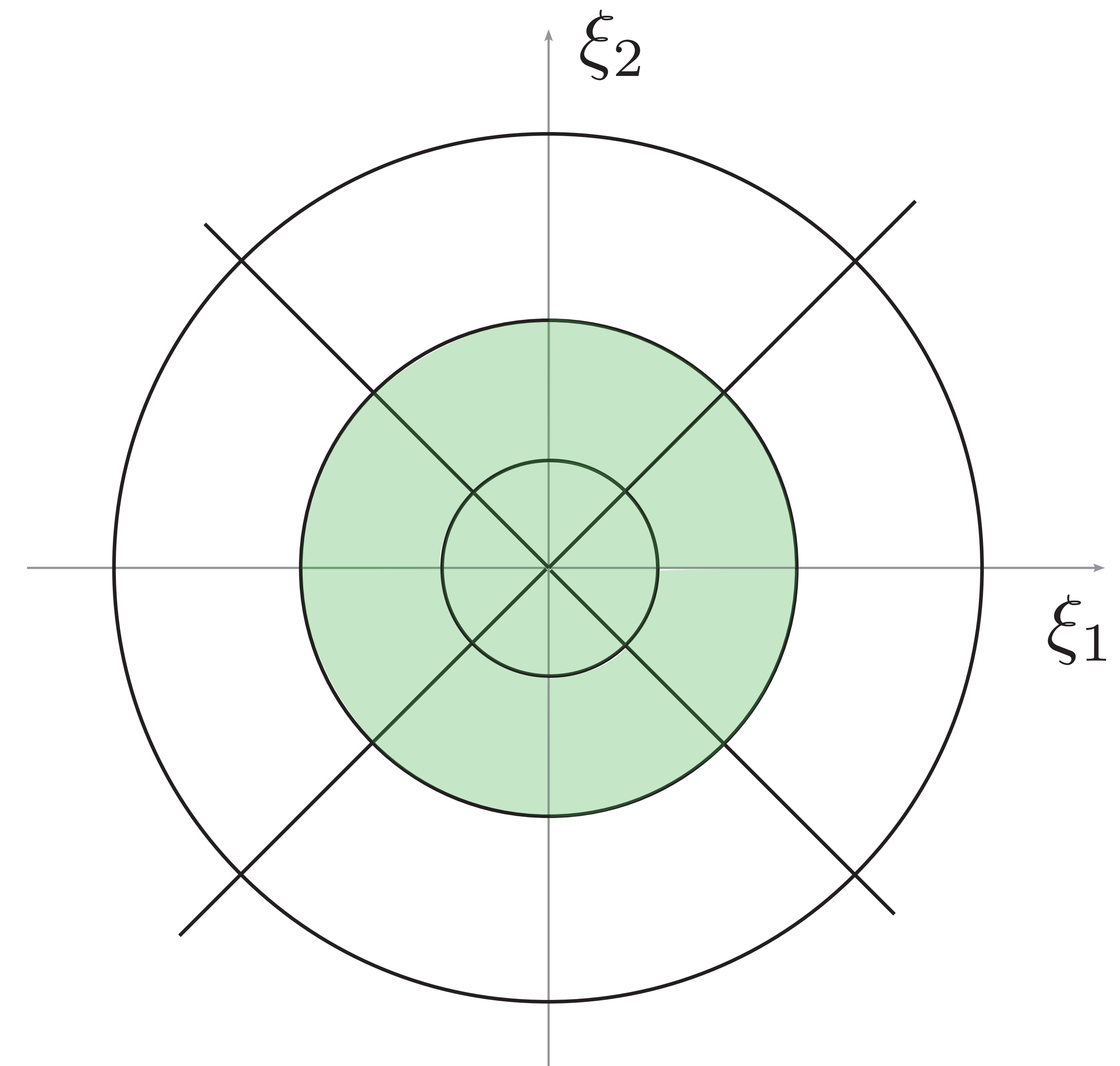
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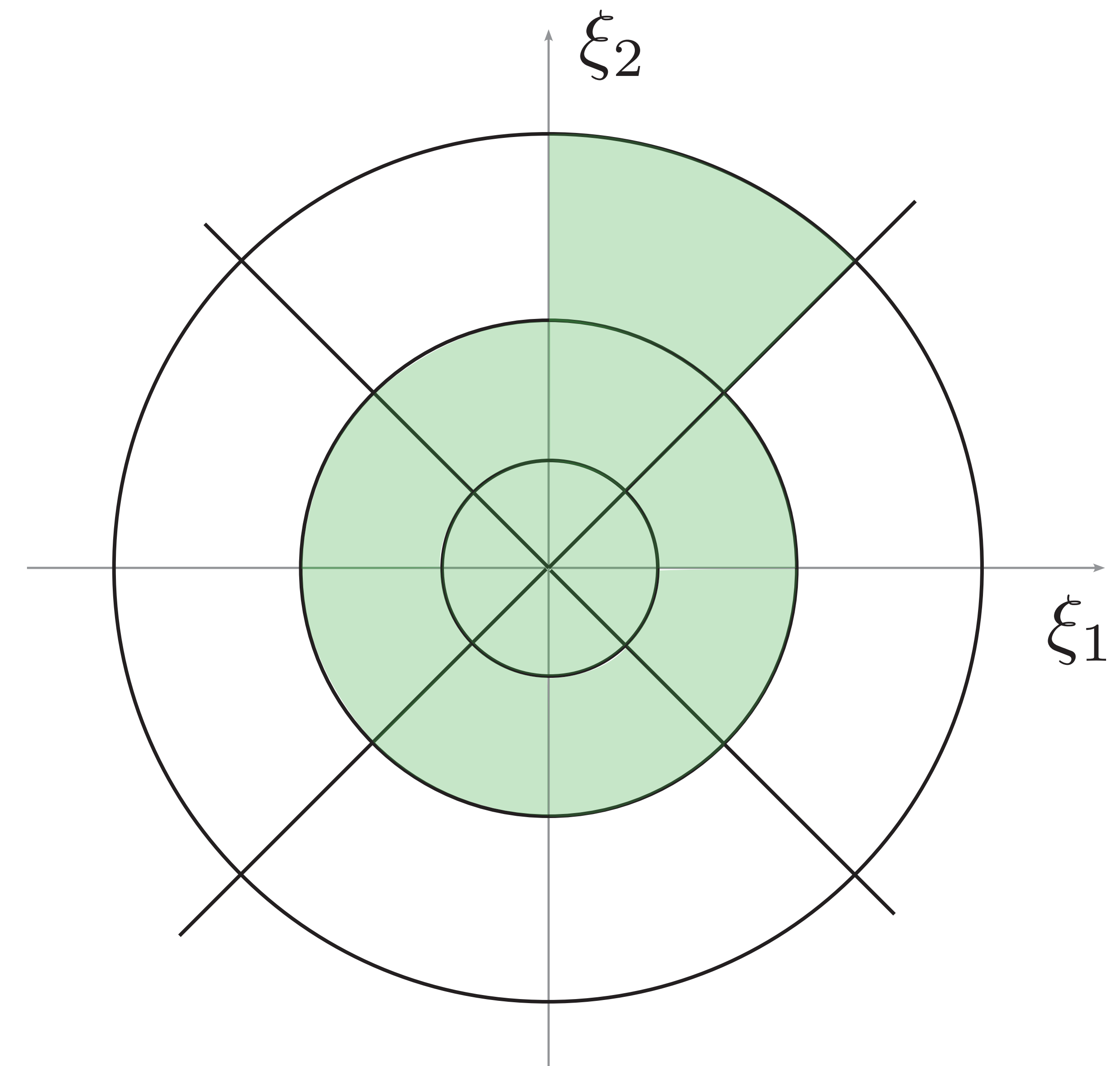
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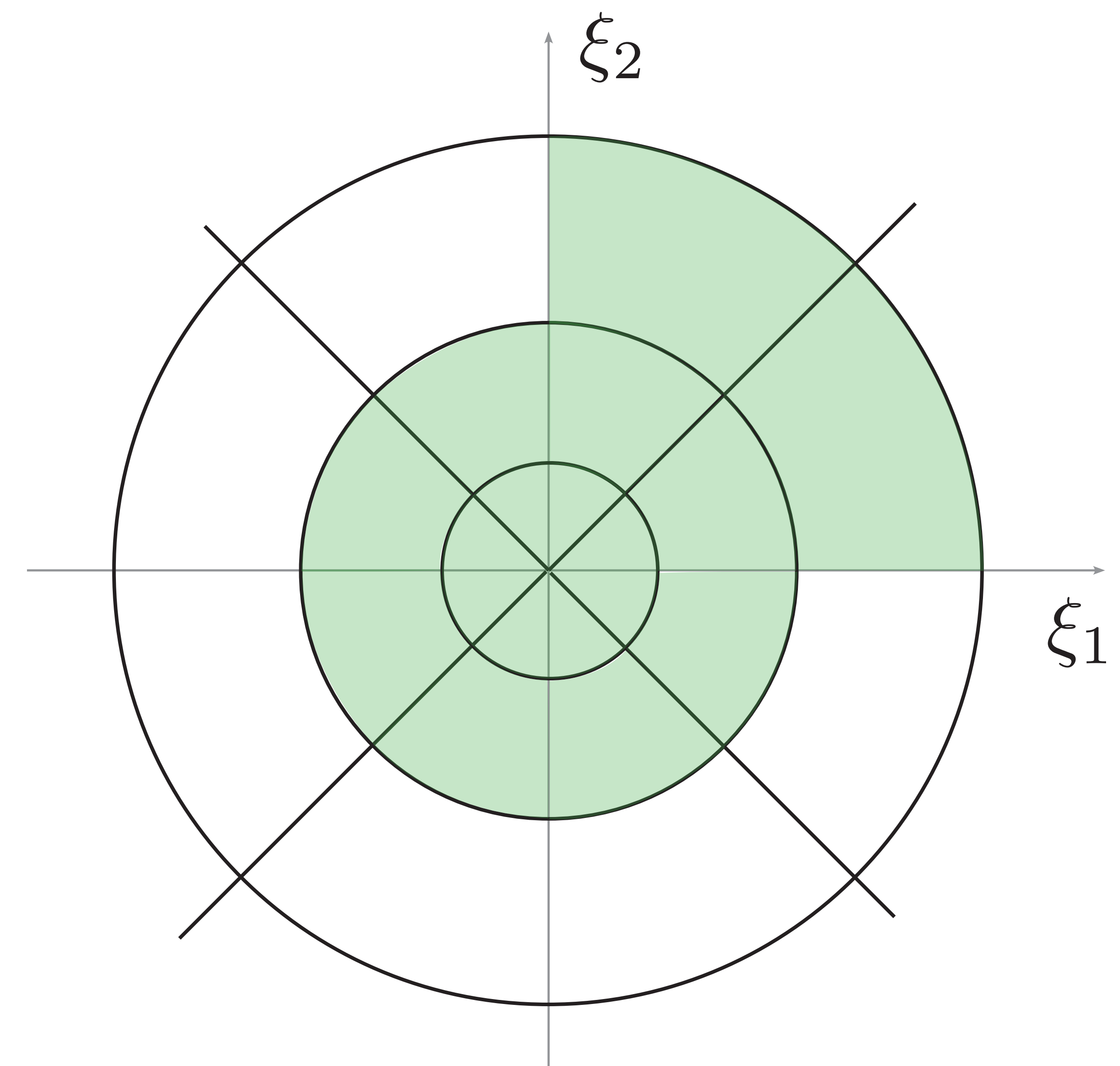
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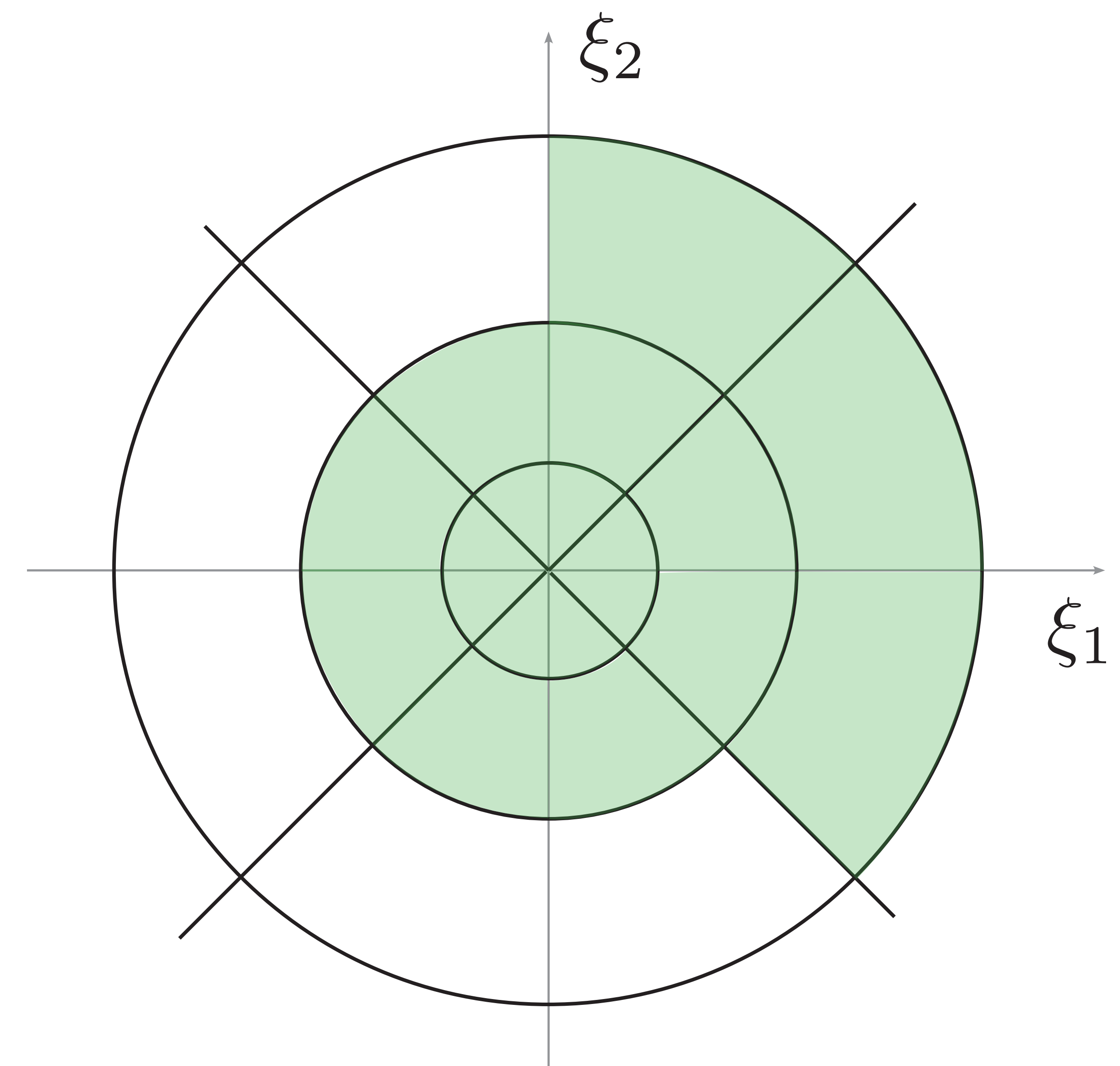
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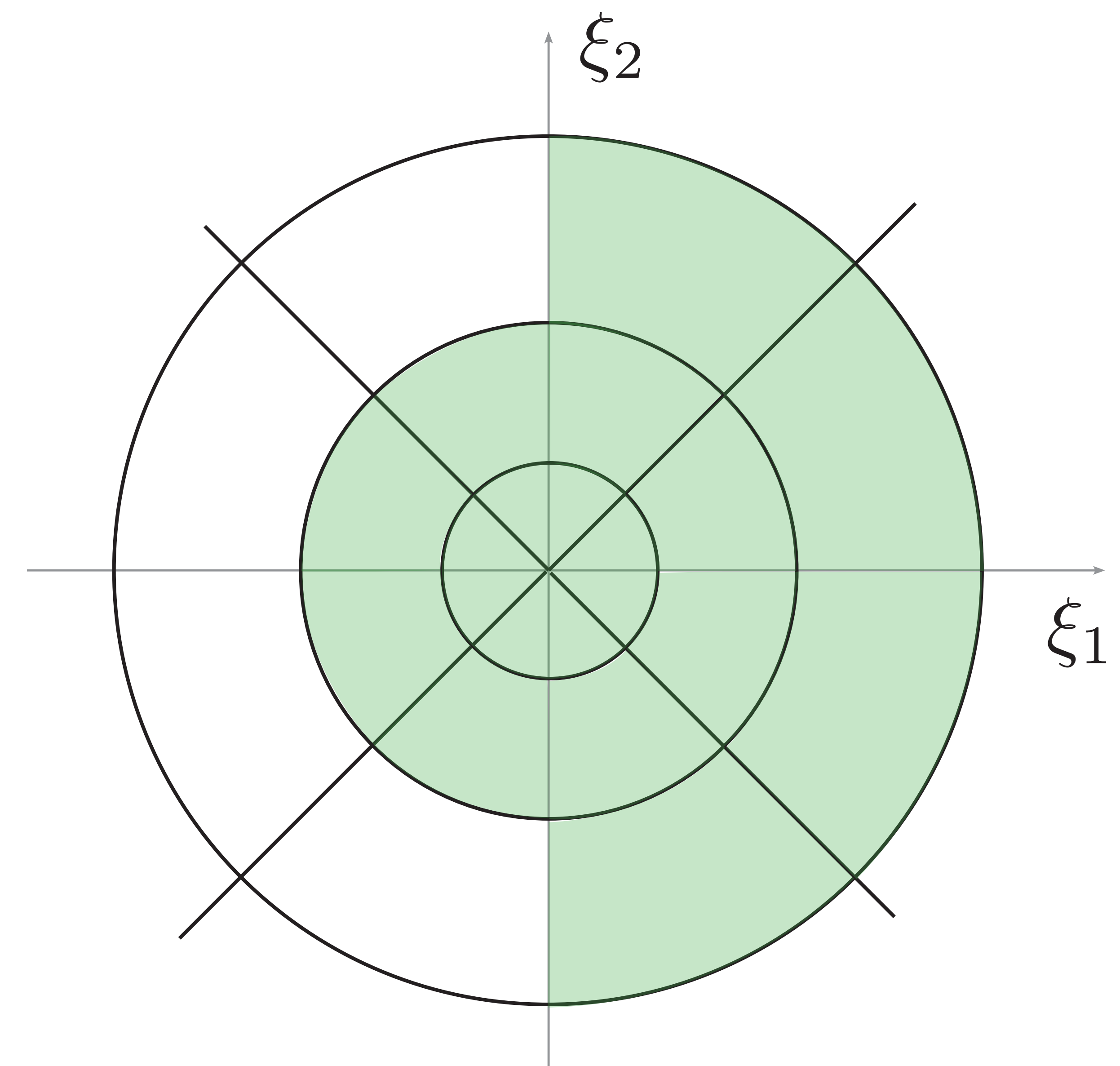
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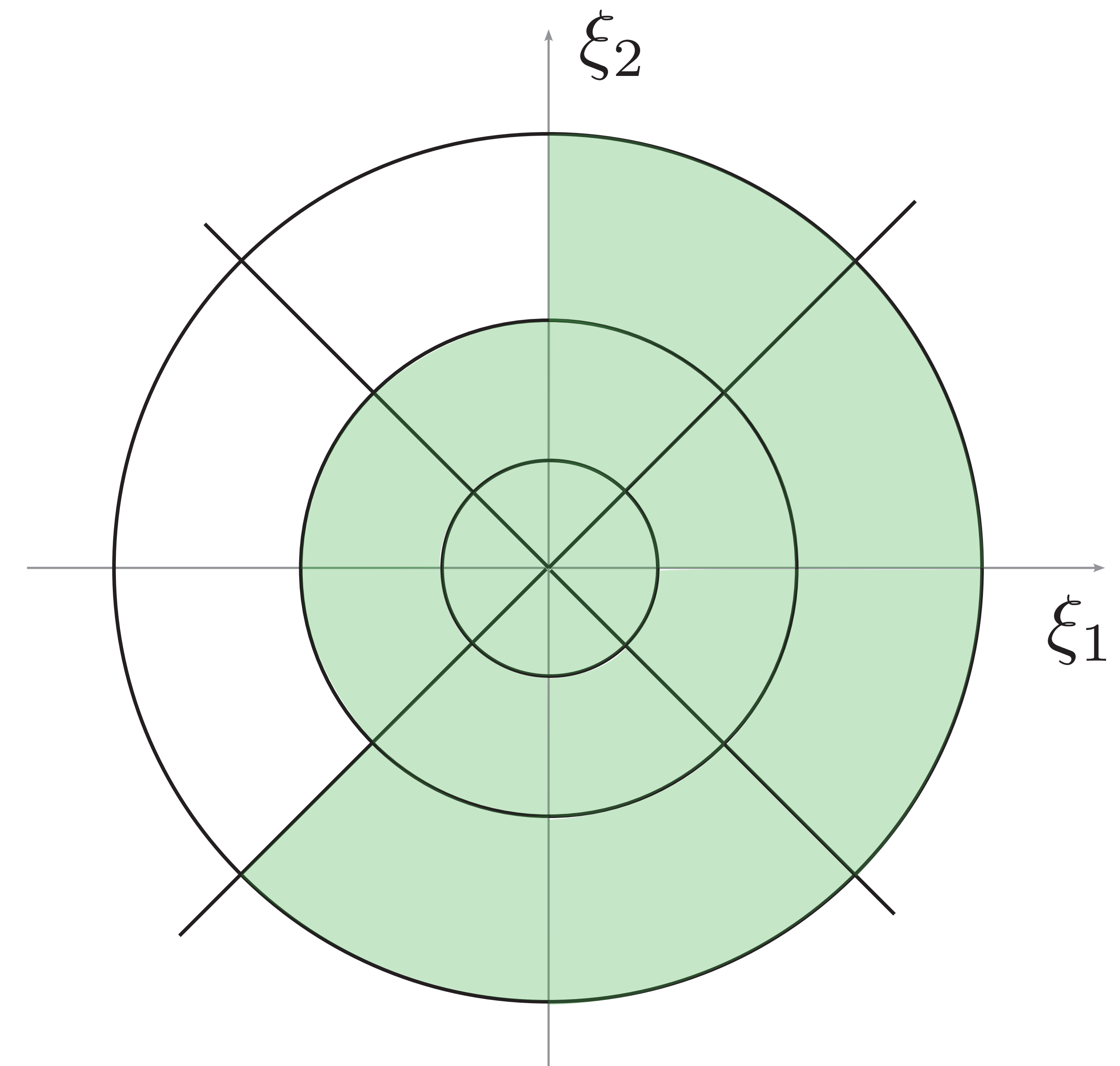
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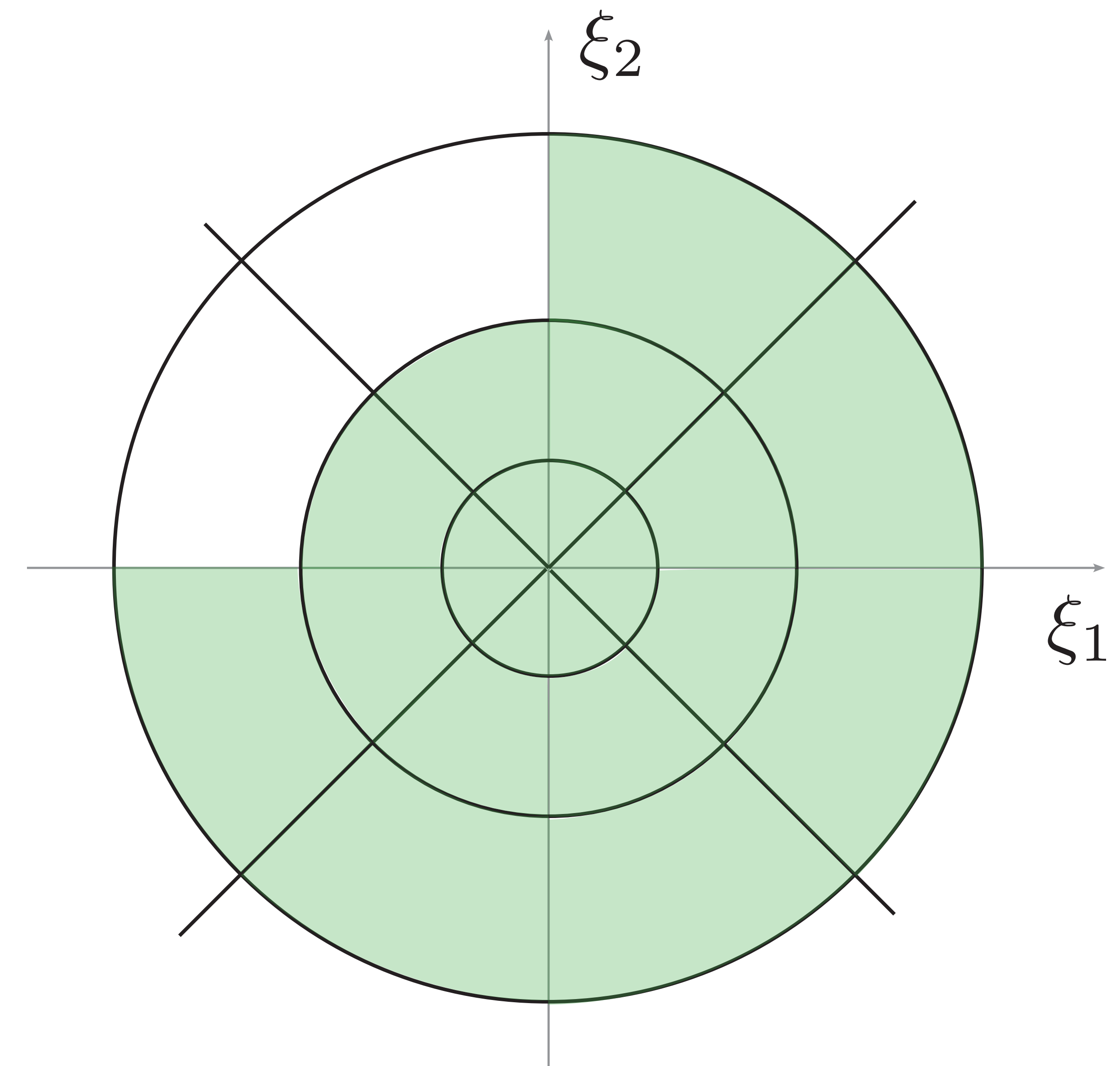
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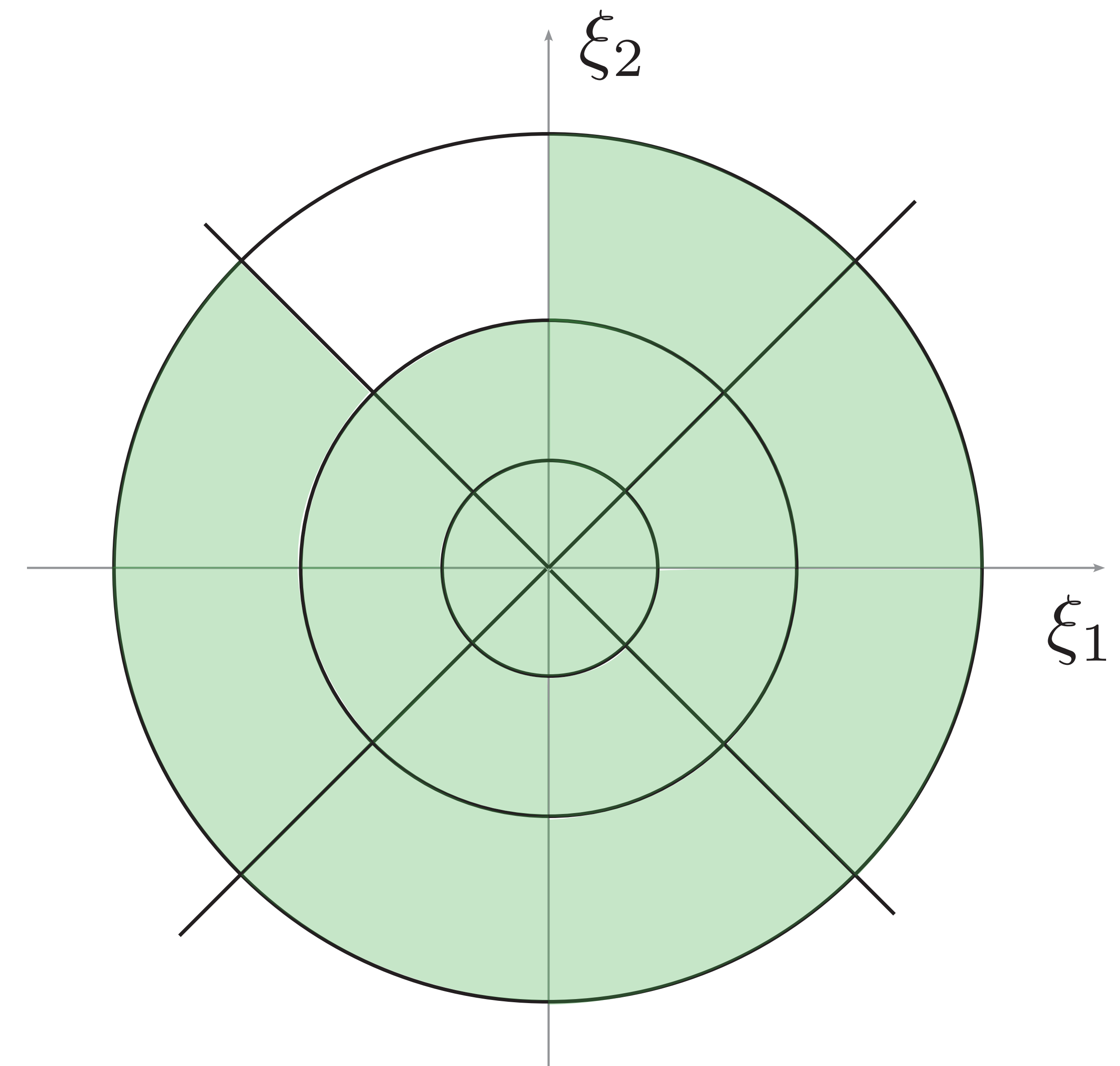
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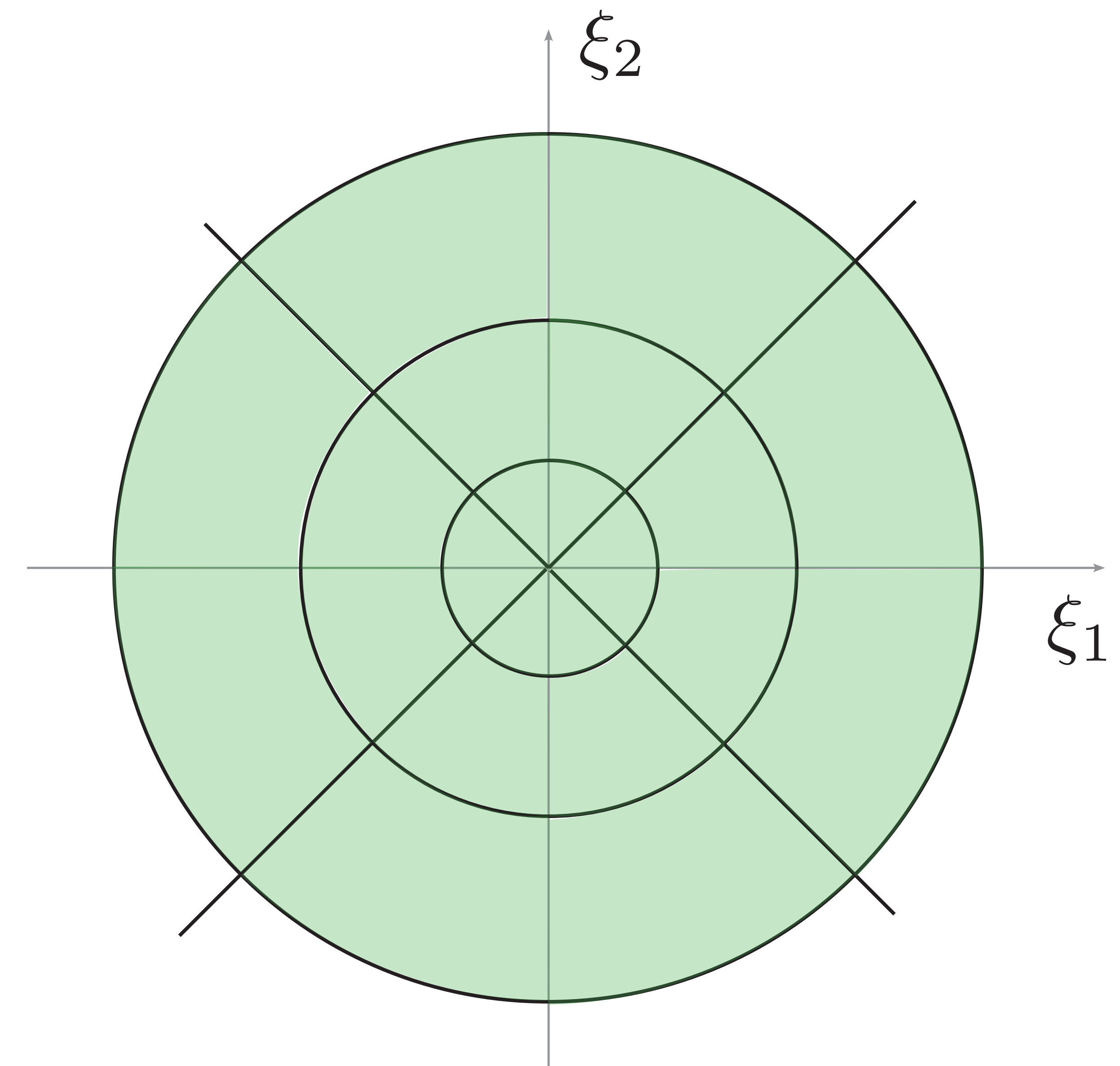
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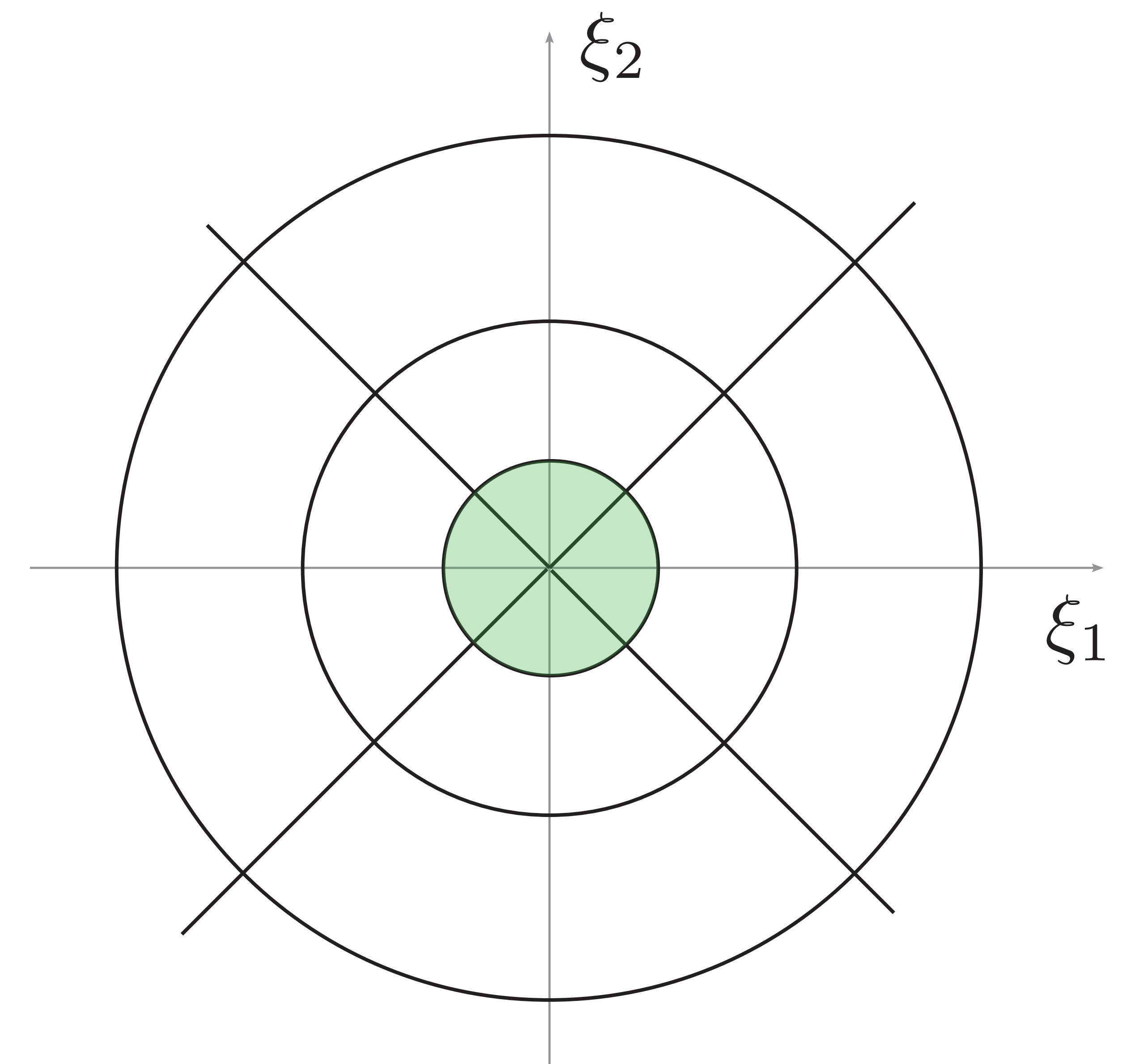
$$\hat{\psi}^{0,\delta}(\xi) 1_\xi$$



Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

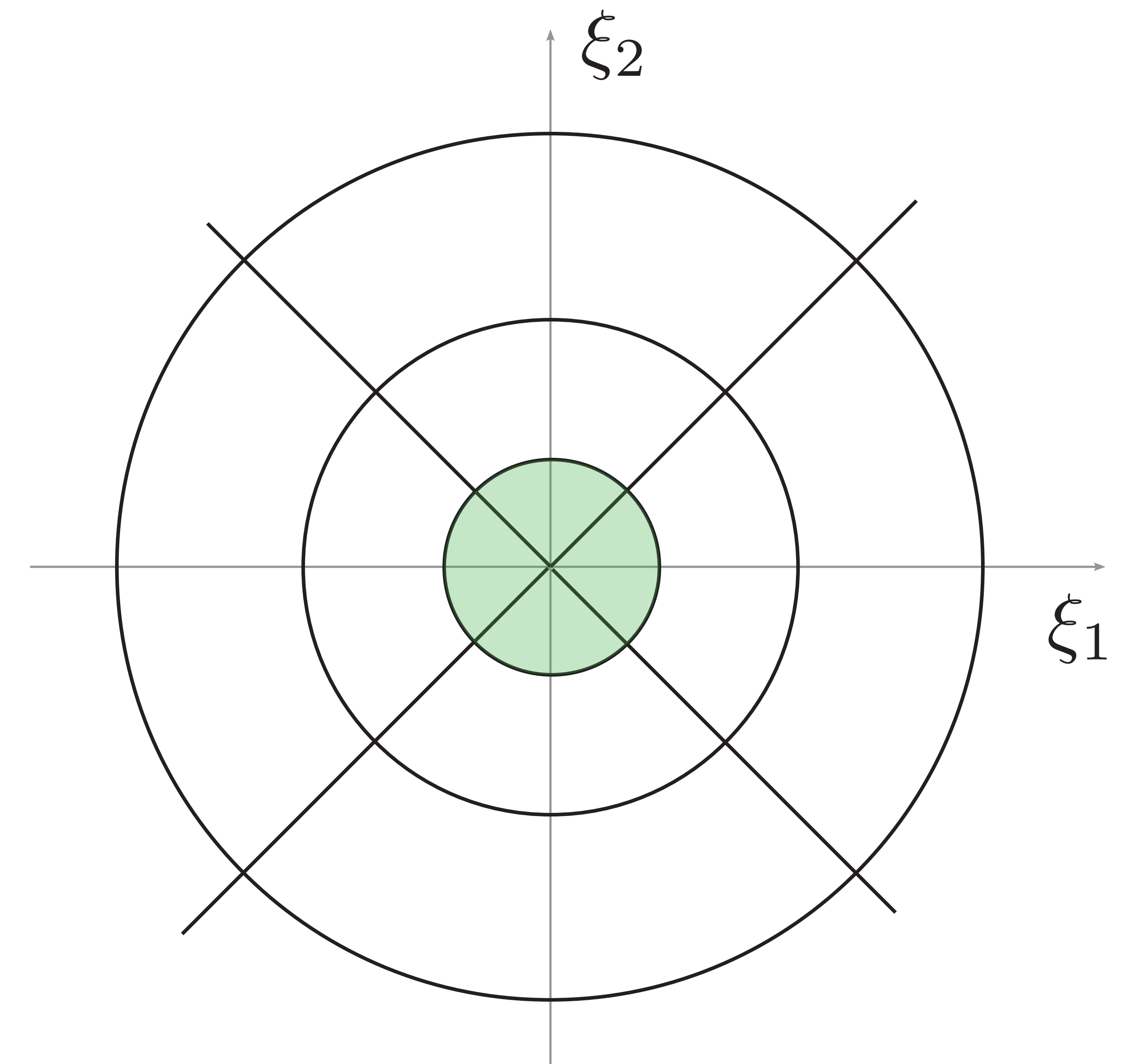
$$\hat{\psi}^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|\xi|)$$



Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

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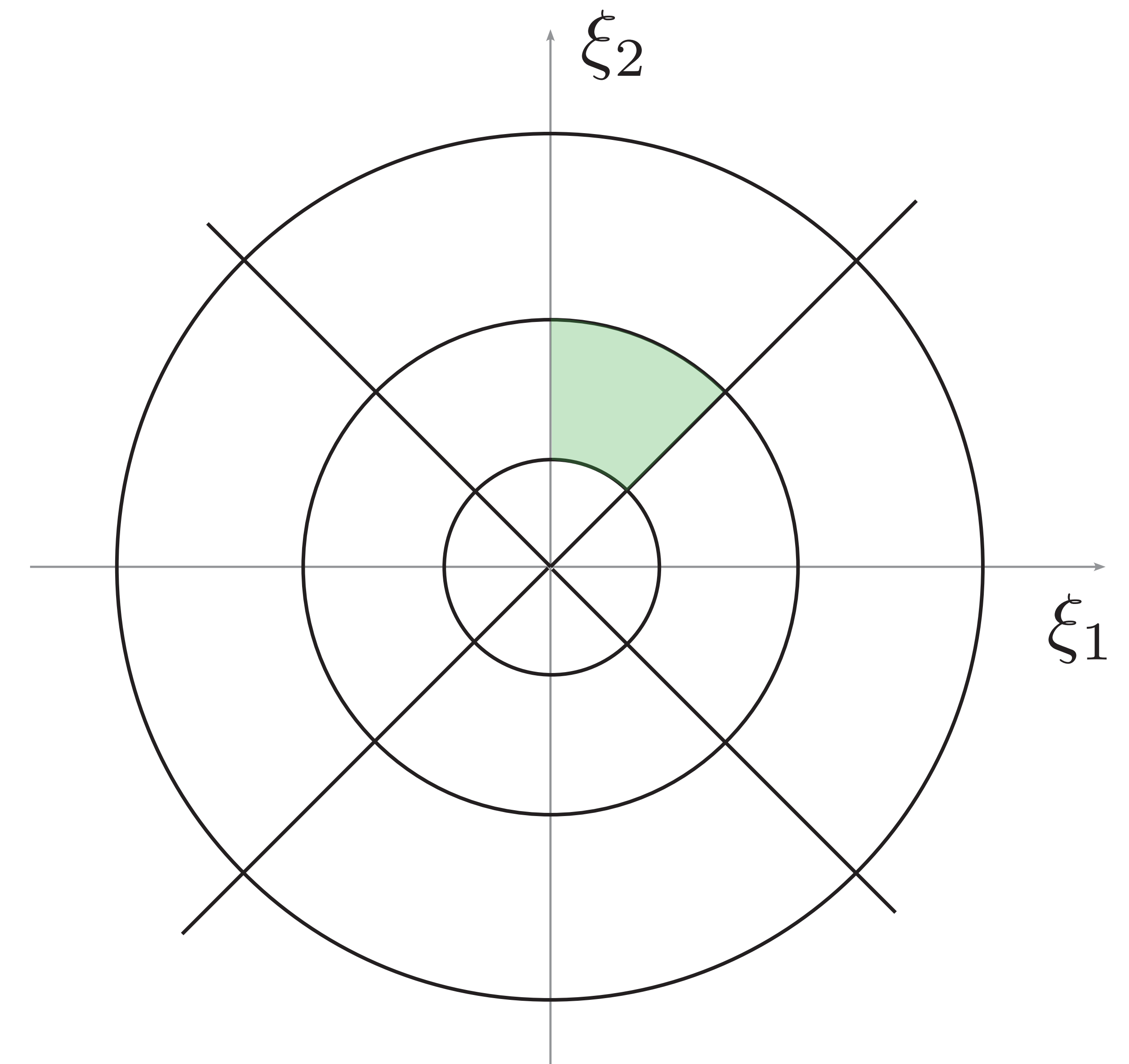


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}_0^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|\xi|)$$

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi)$$

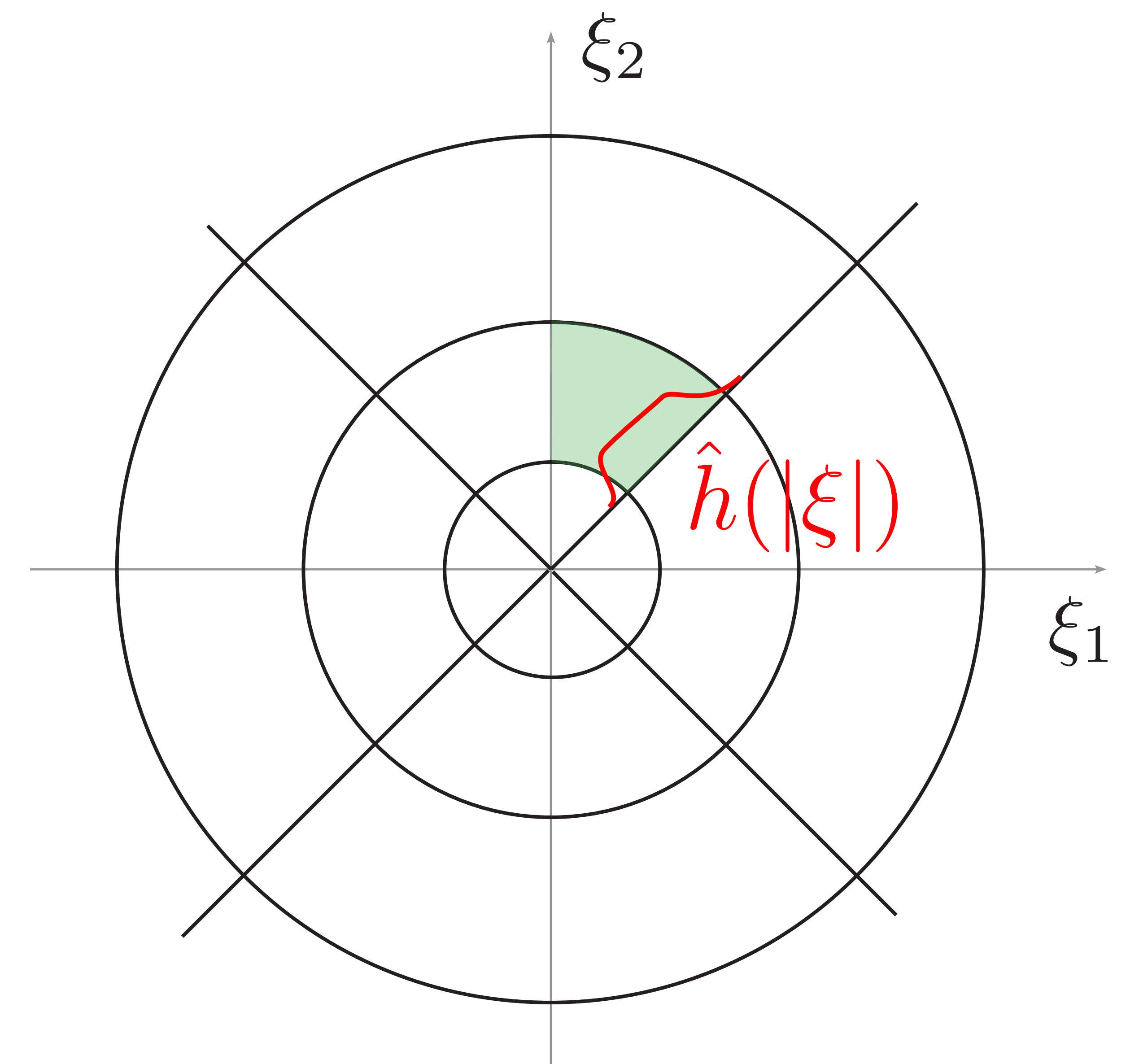


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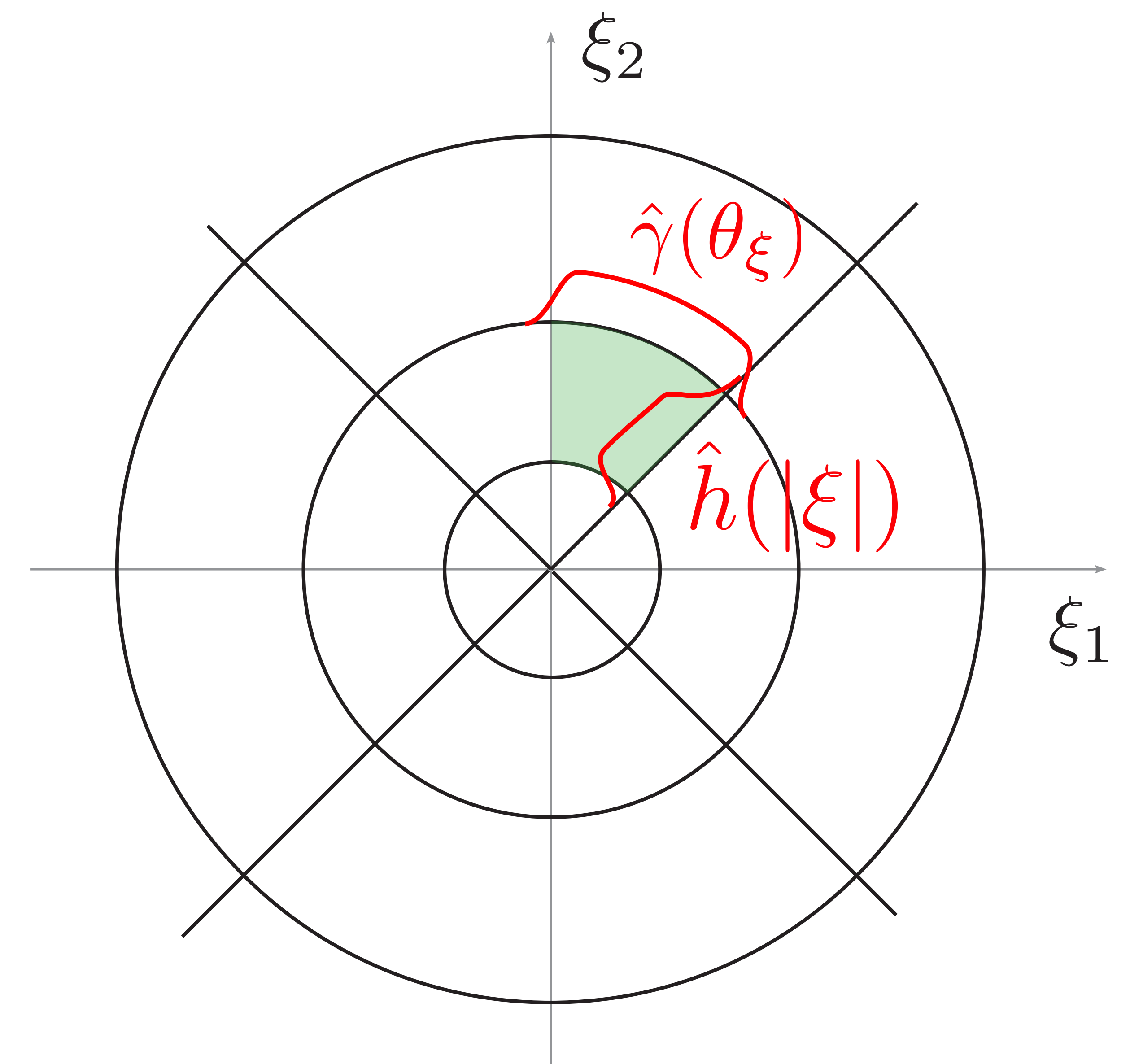


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

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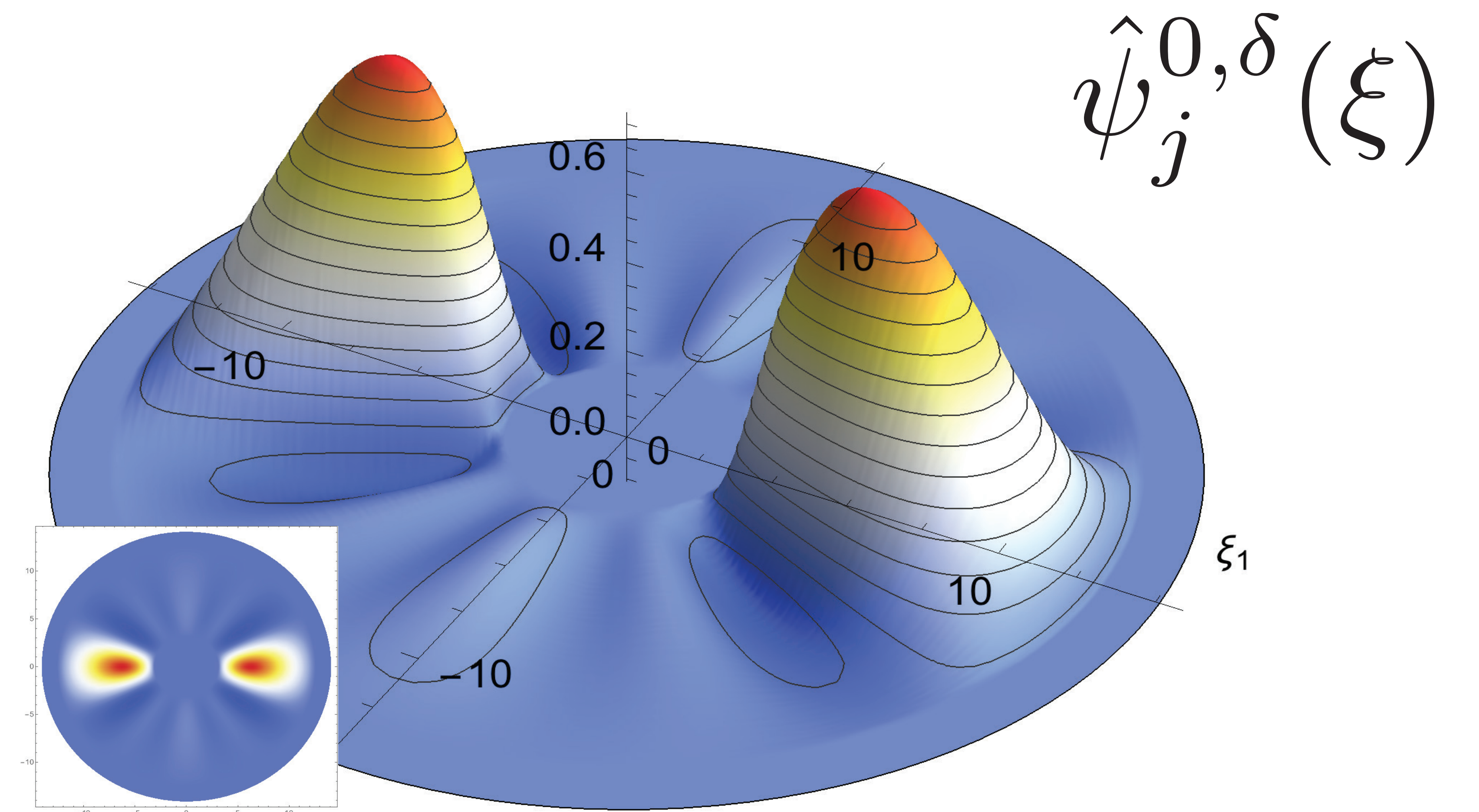
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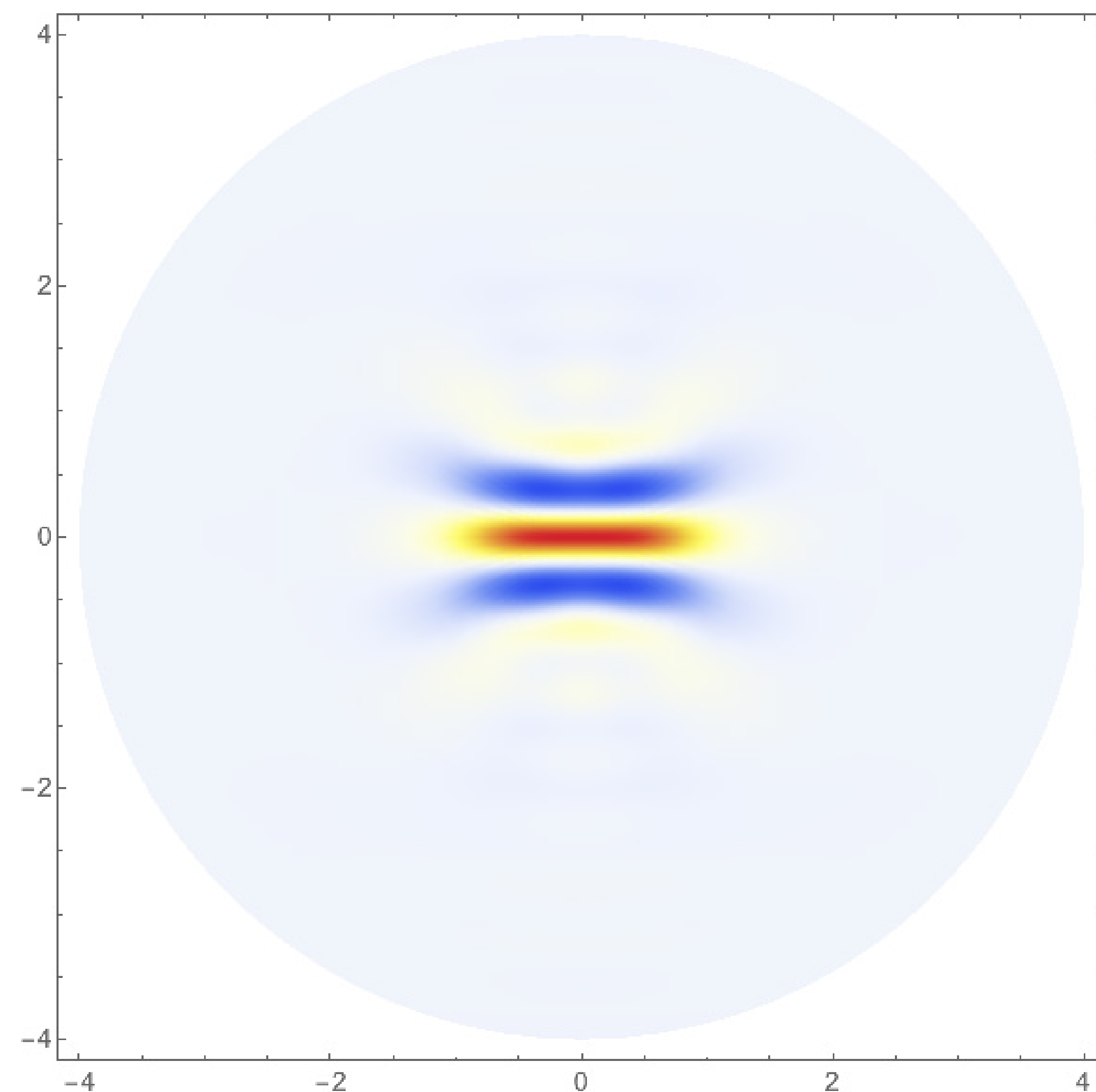
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

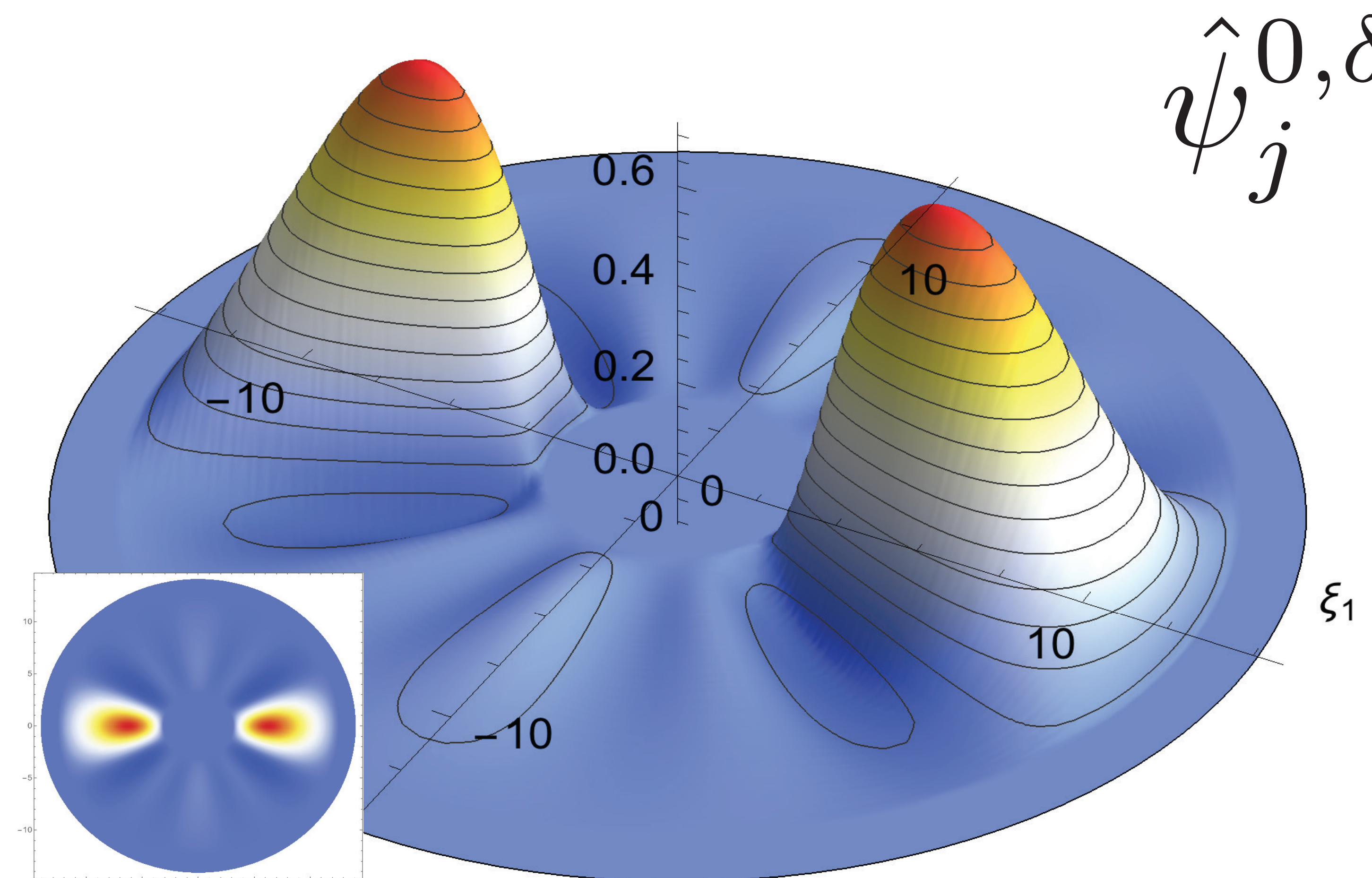


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:



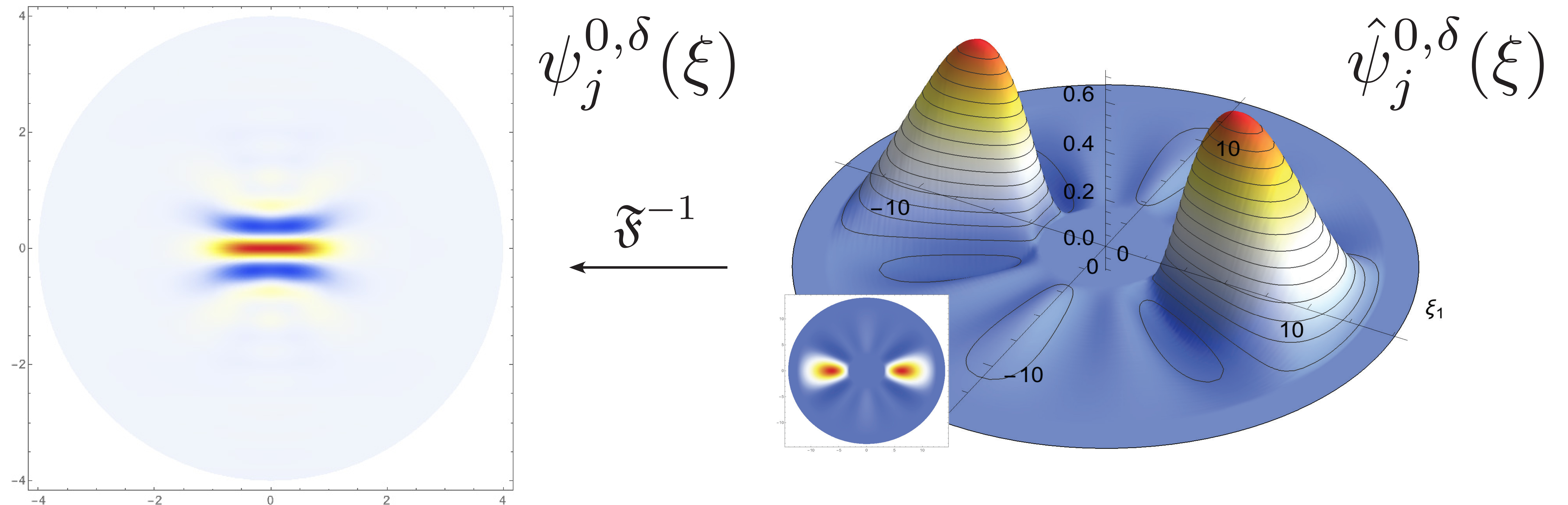
$$\psi_j^{0,\delta}(\xi)$$



$$\hat{\psi}_j^{0,\delta}(\xi)$$

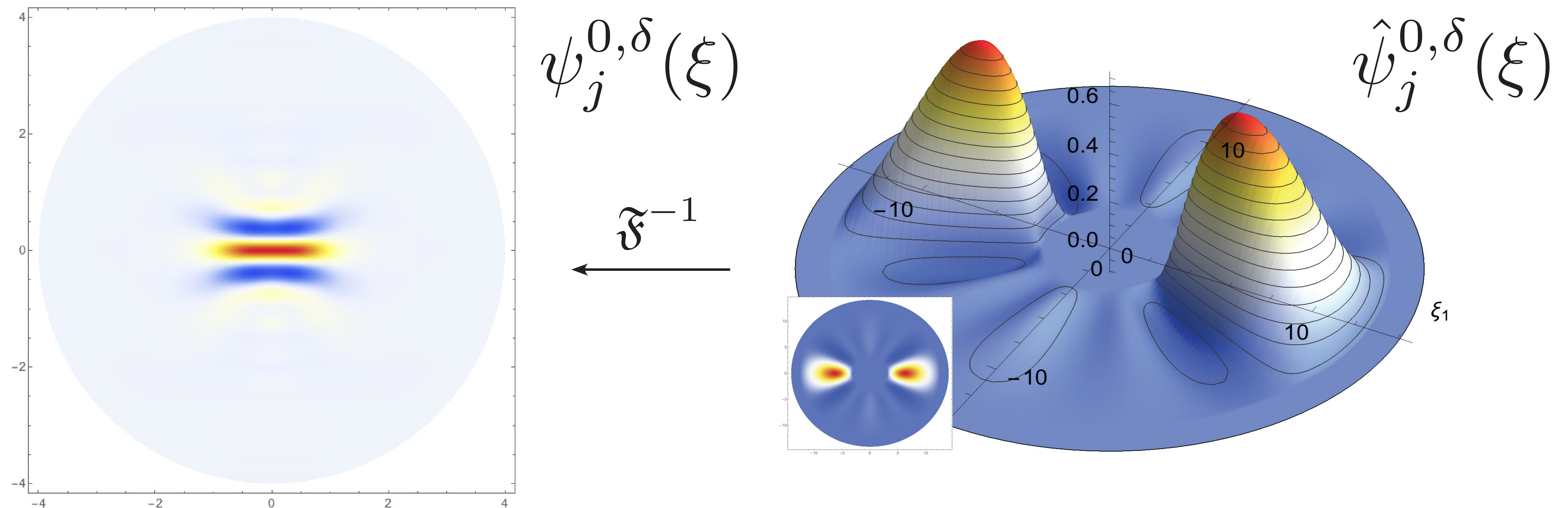
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:



Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:



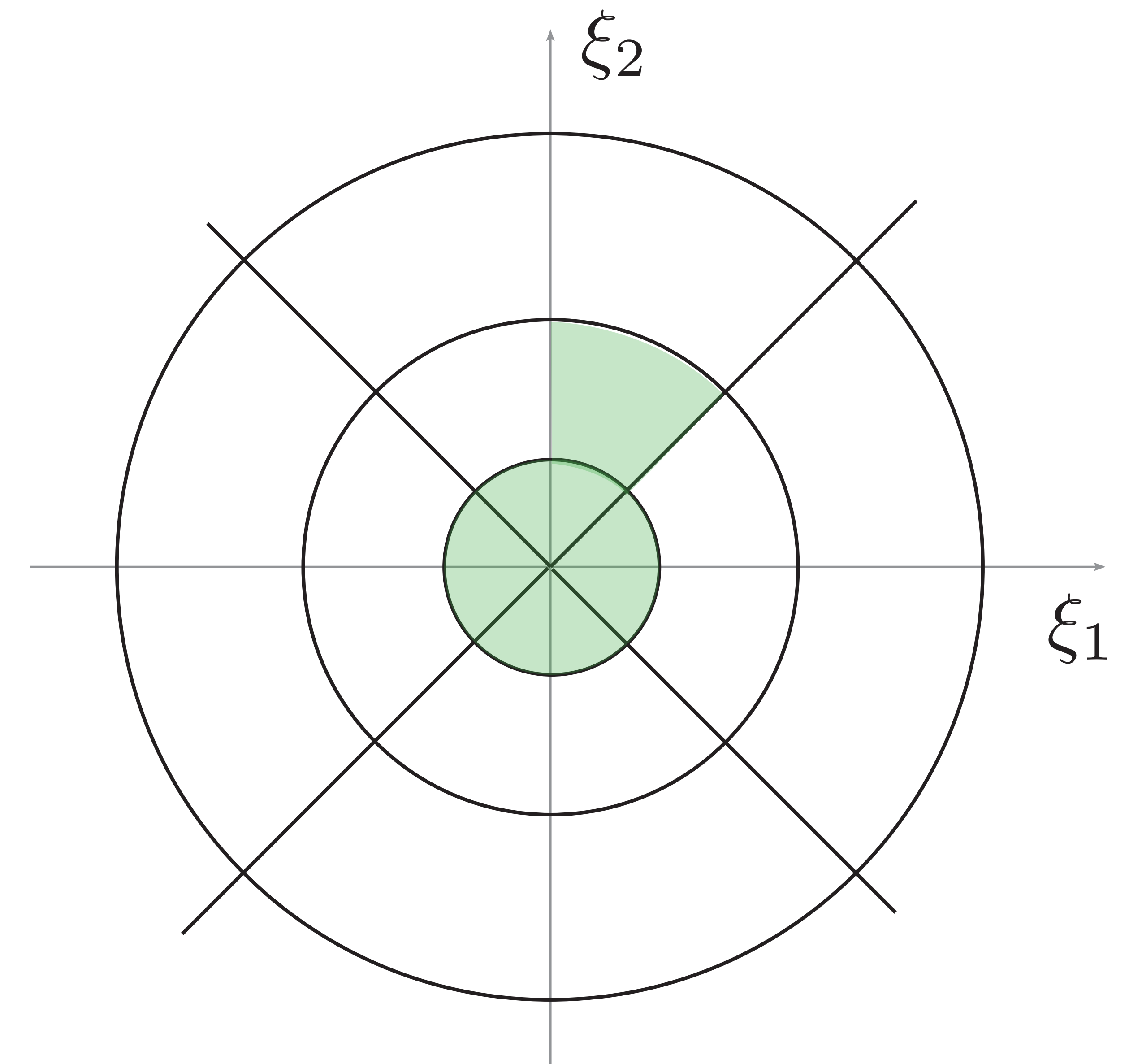
Can be computed in
closed form

Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}_0^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|\xi|)$$

$$\hat{\psi}_{j,k,t}^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_{j,t}(\theta_\xi) e^{-ik(x)}$$



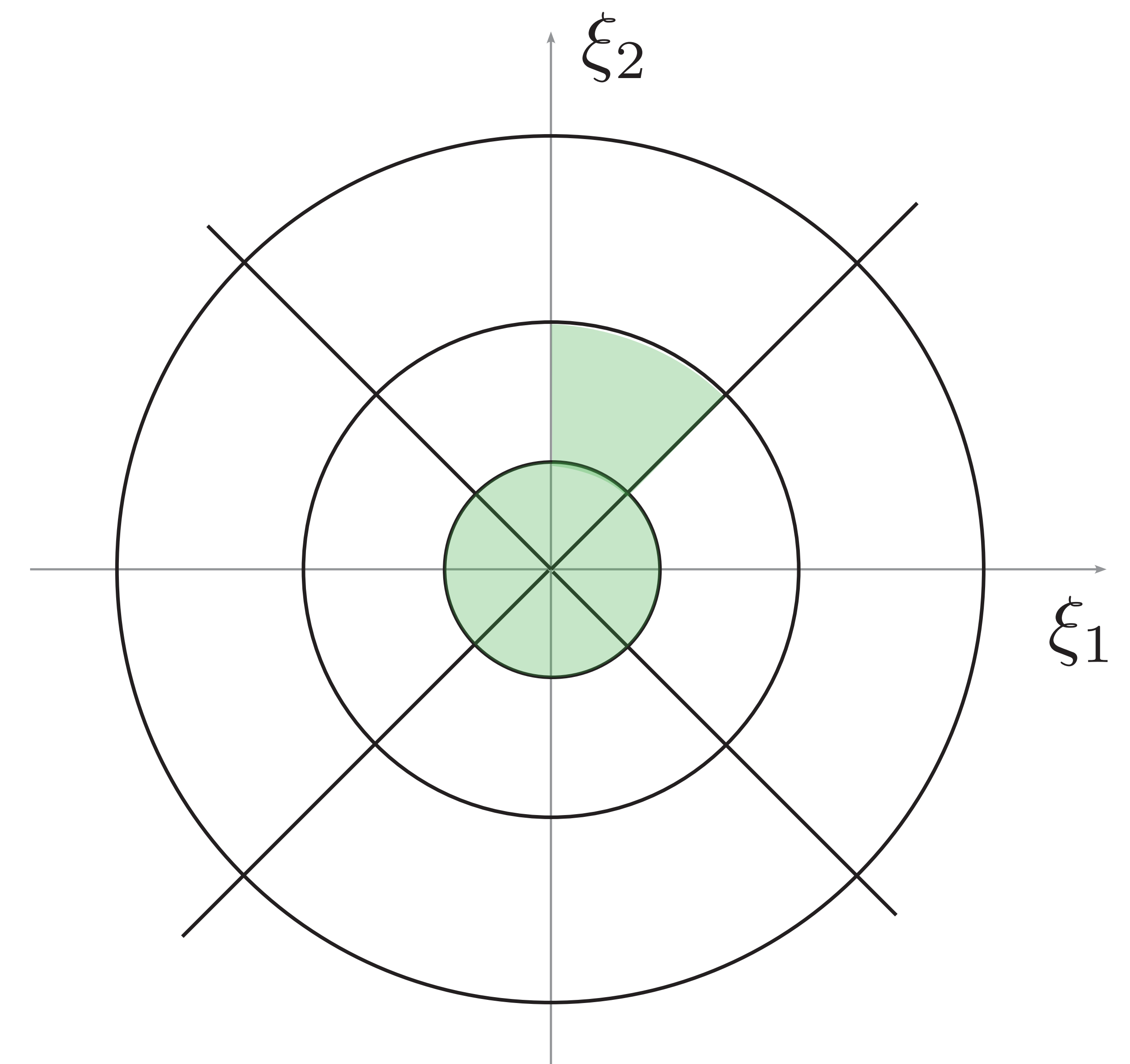
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- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}_0^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|\xi|)$$

$$\hat{\psi}_{j,\boxed{k},t}^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_{j,t}(\theta_\xi) e^{-i\boxed{k}(x)}$$

translation



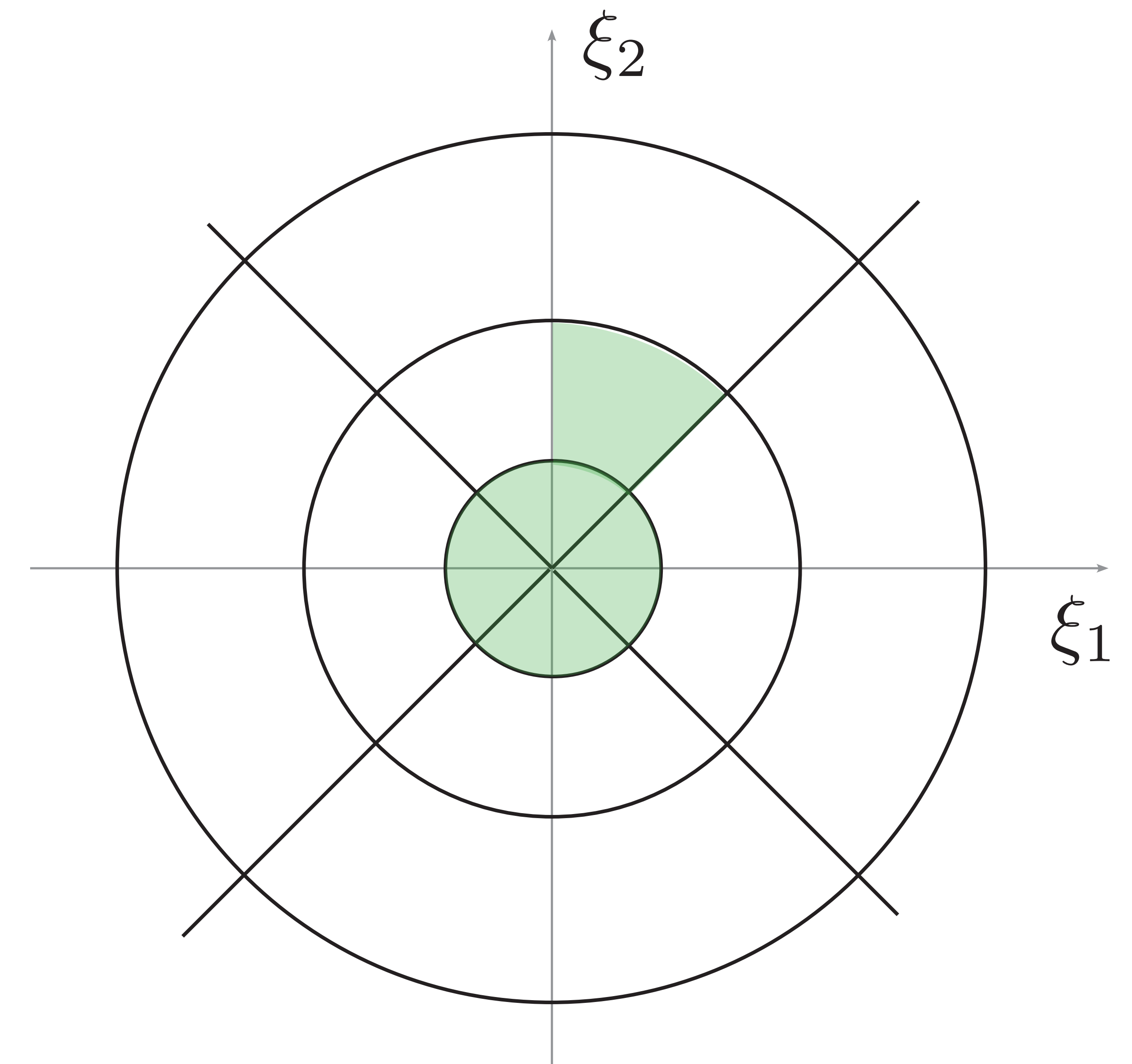
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}_0^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|\xi|)$$

$$\hat{\psi}_{j,k,t}^{0,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_{j,t}(\theta_\xi) e^{-ik(x)}$$

orientation



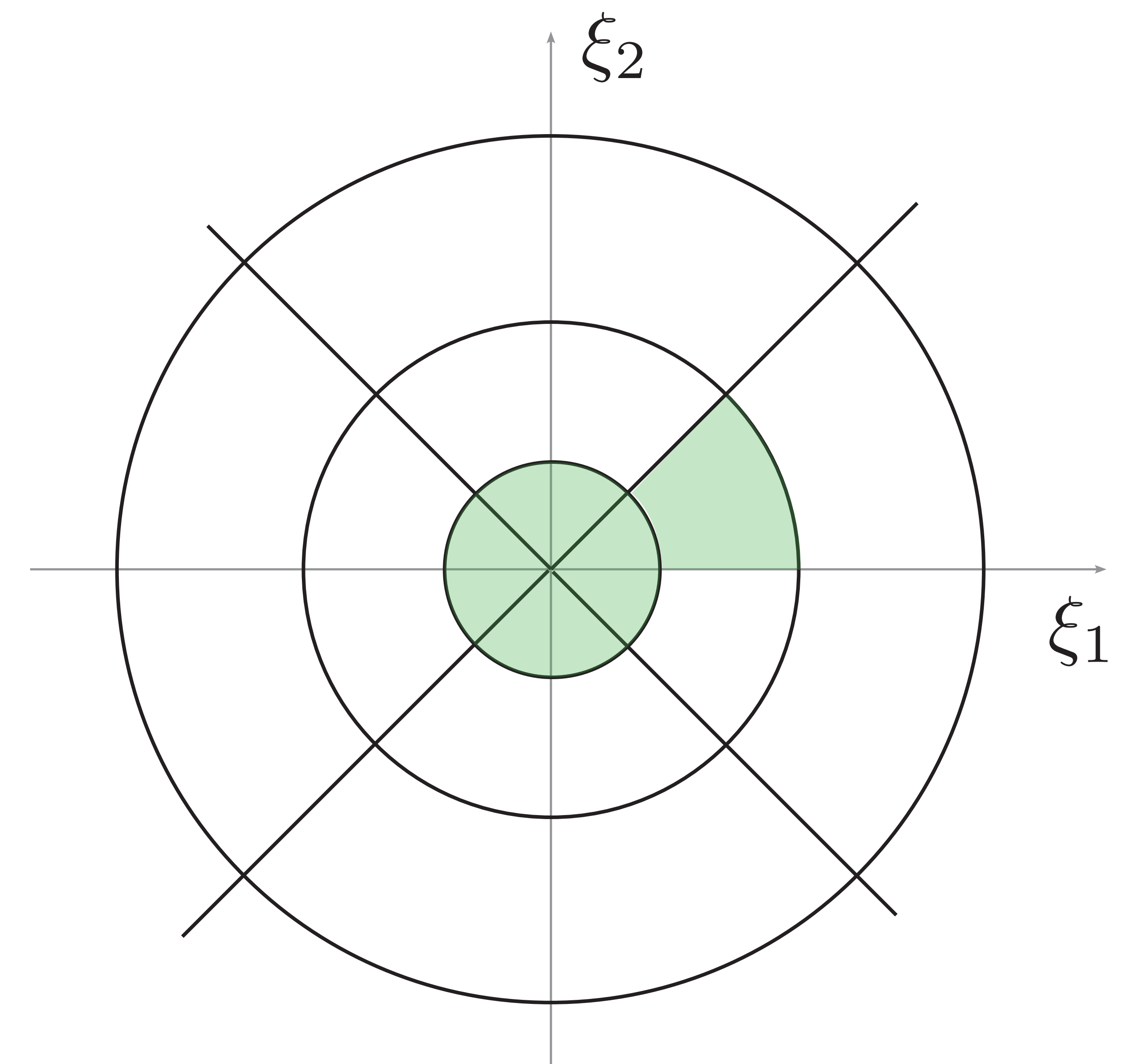
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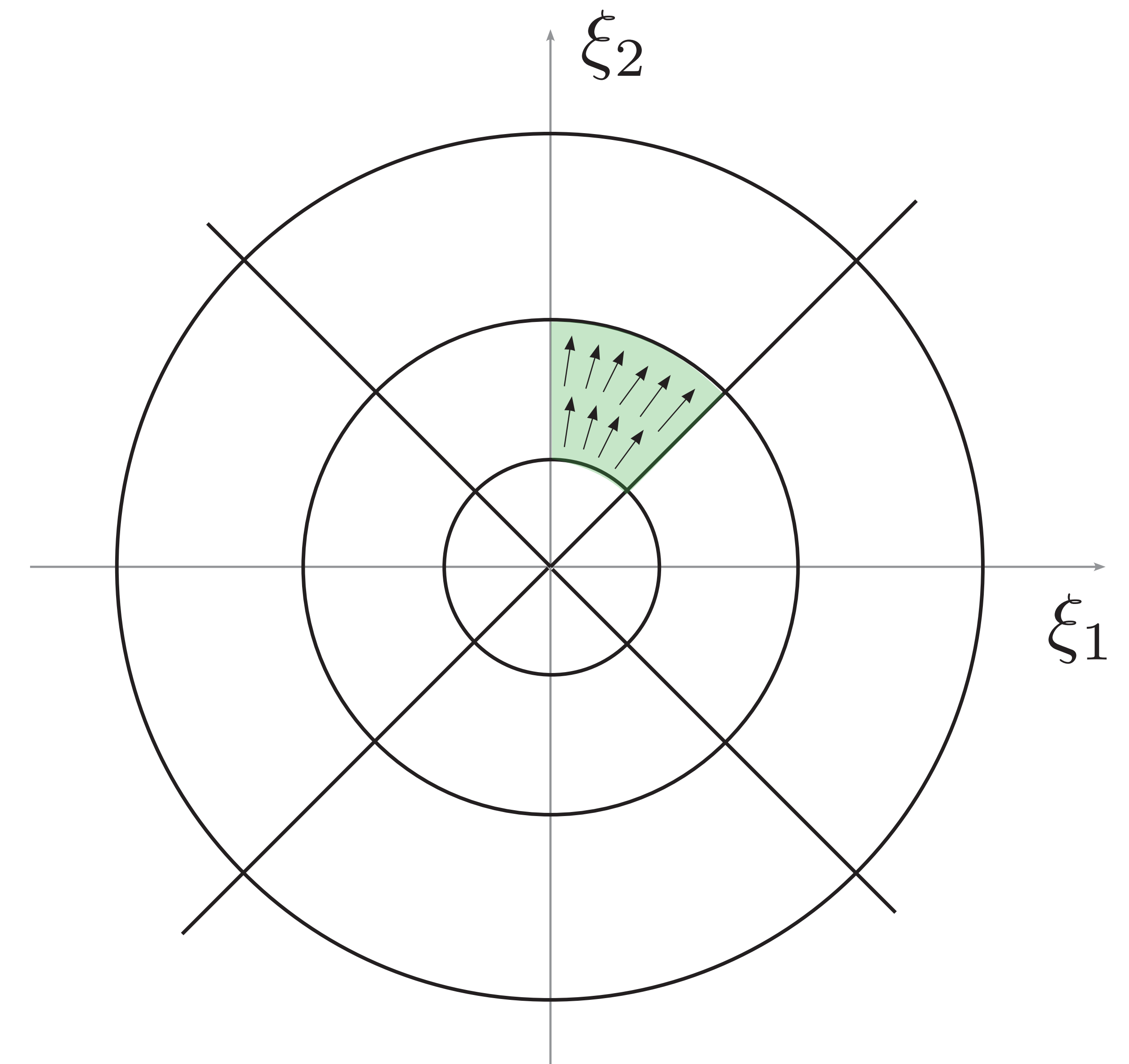
orientation



Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\text{d}}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_\xi}$$

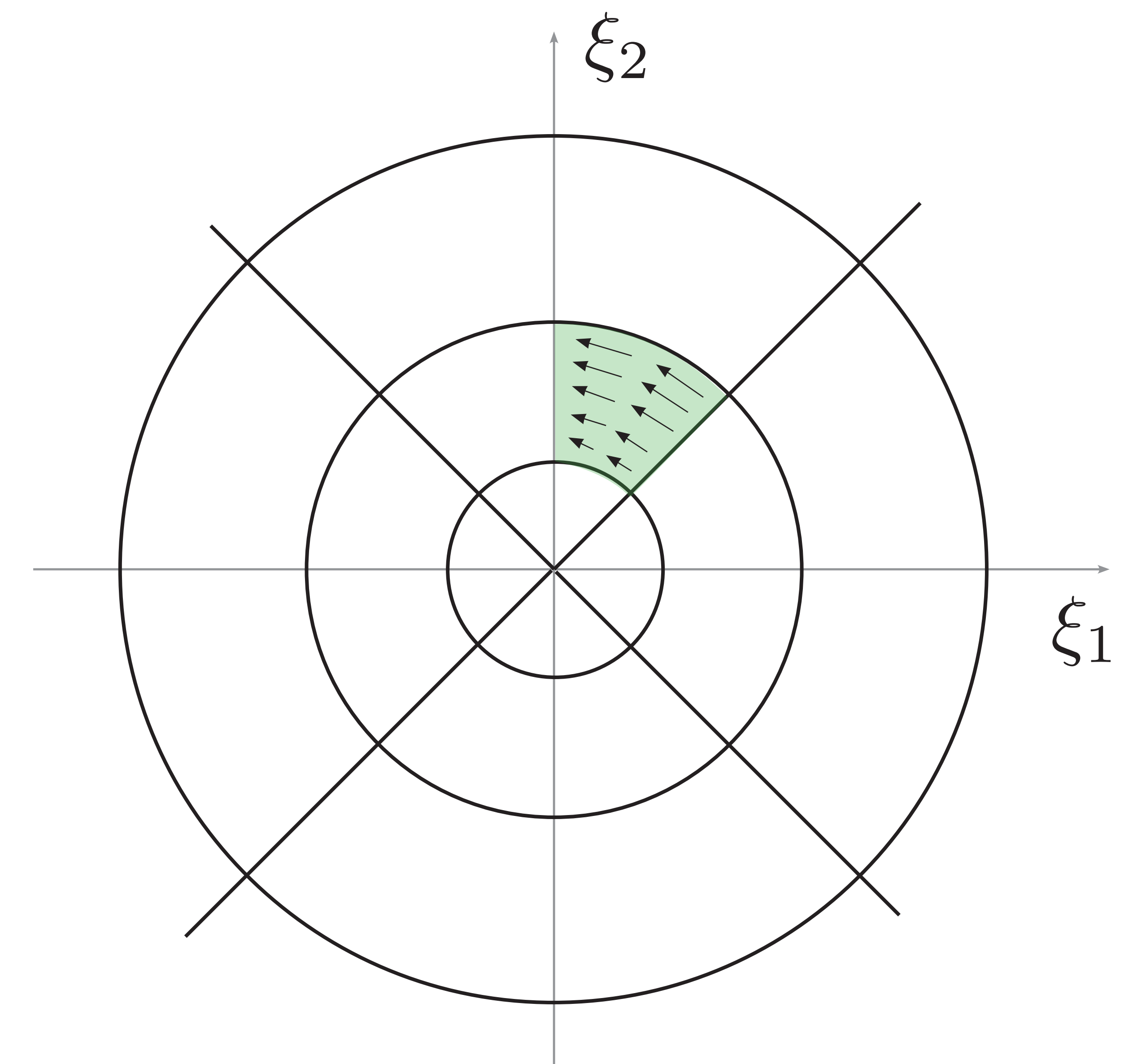


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

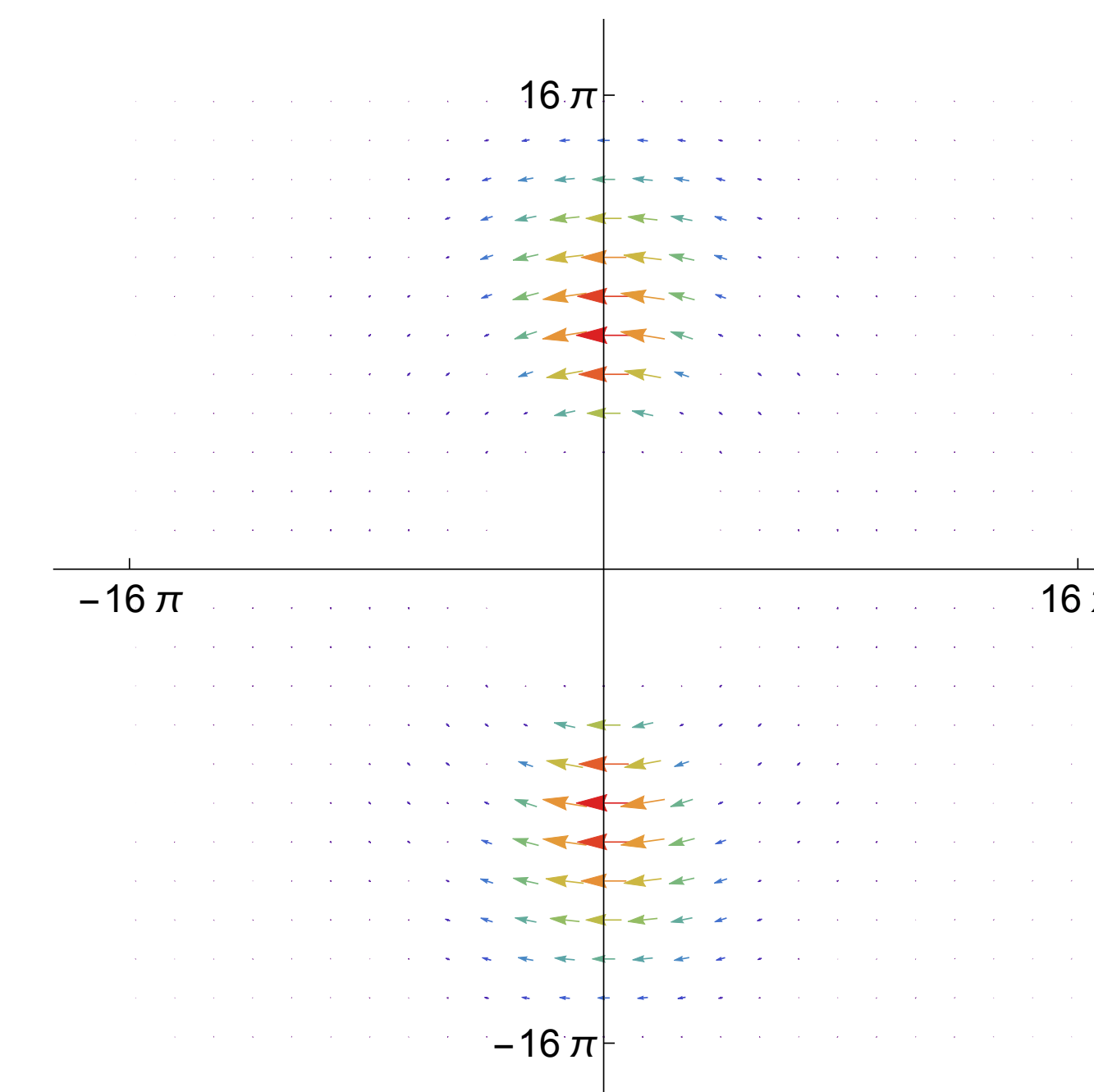
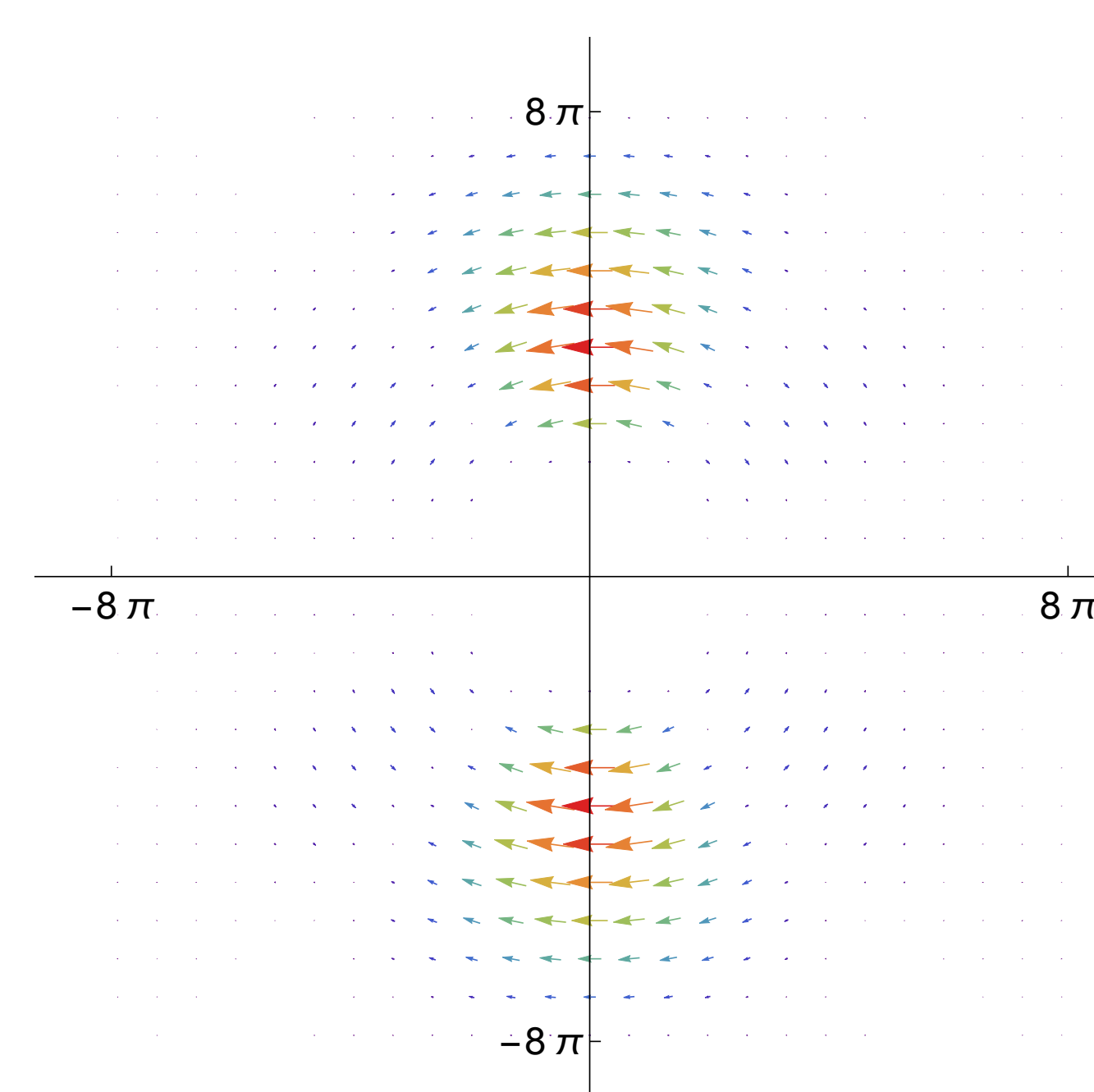
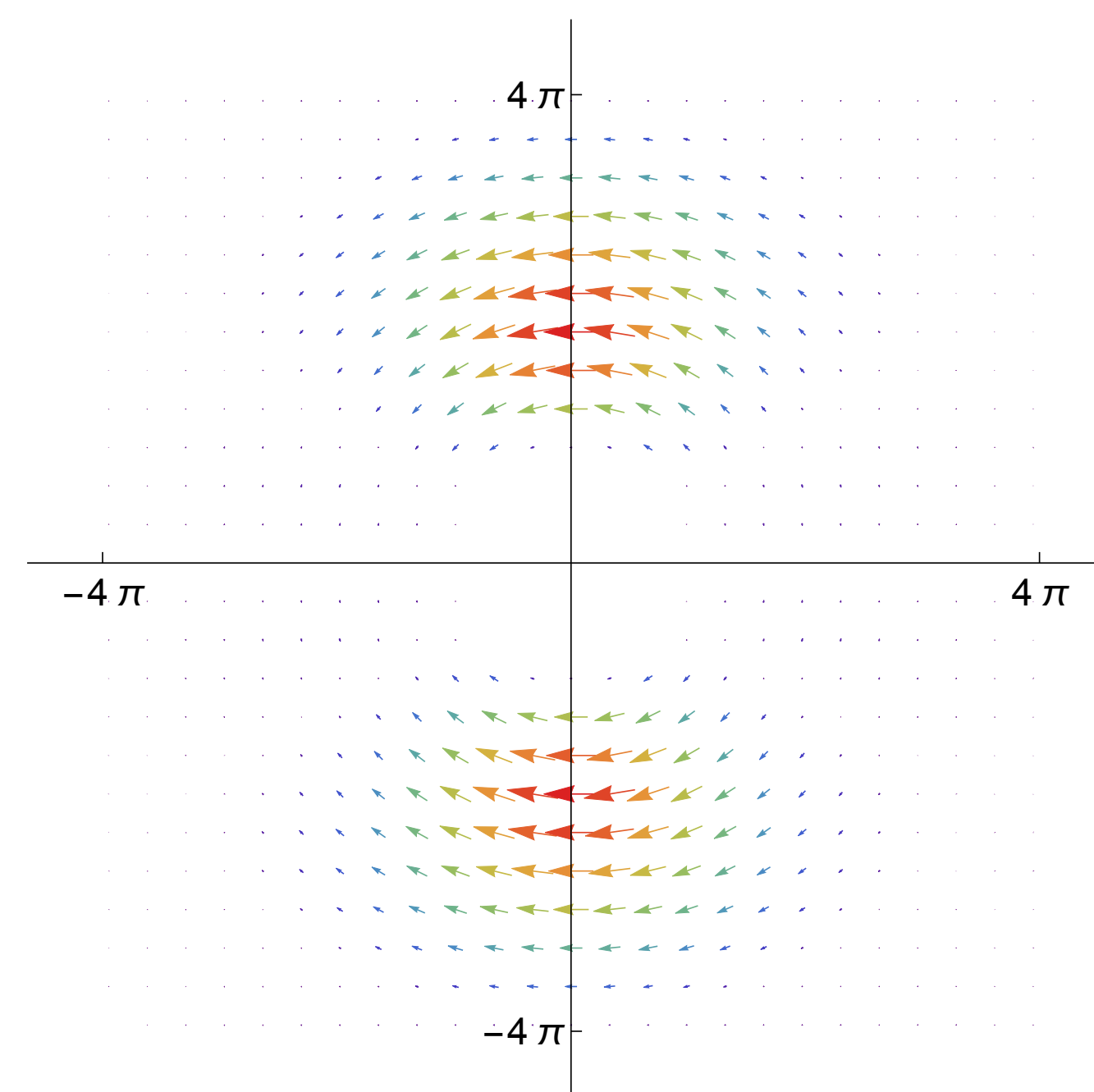
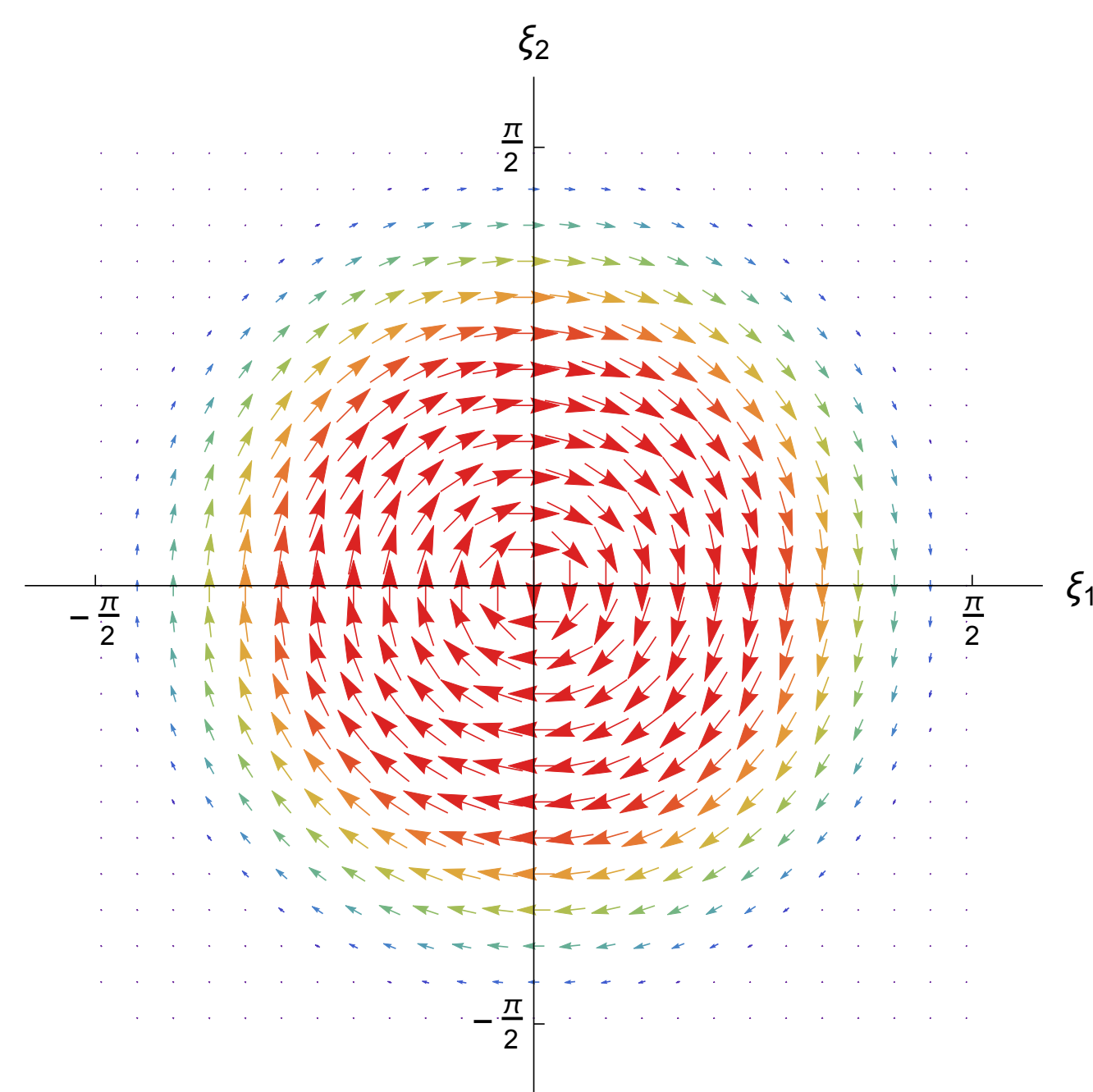
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$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\text{d}}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_\xi}$$

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_\xi}$$

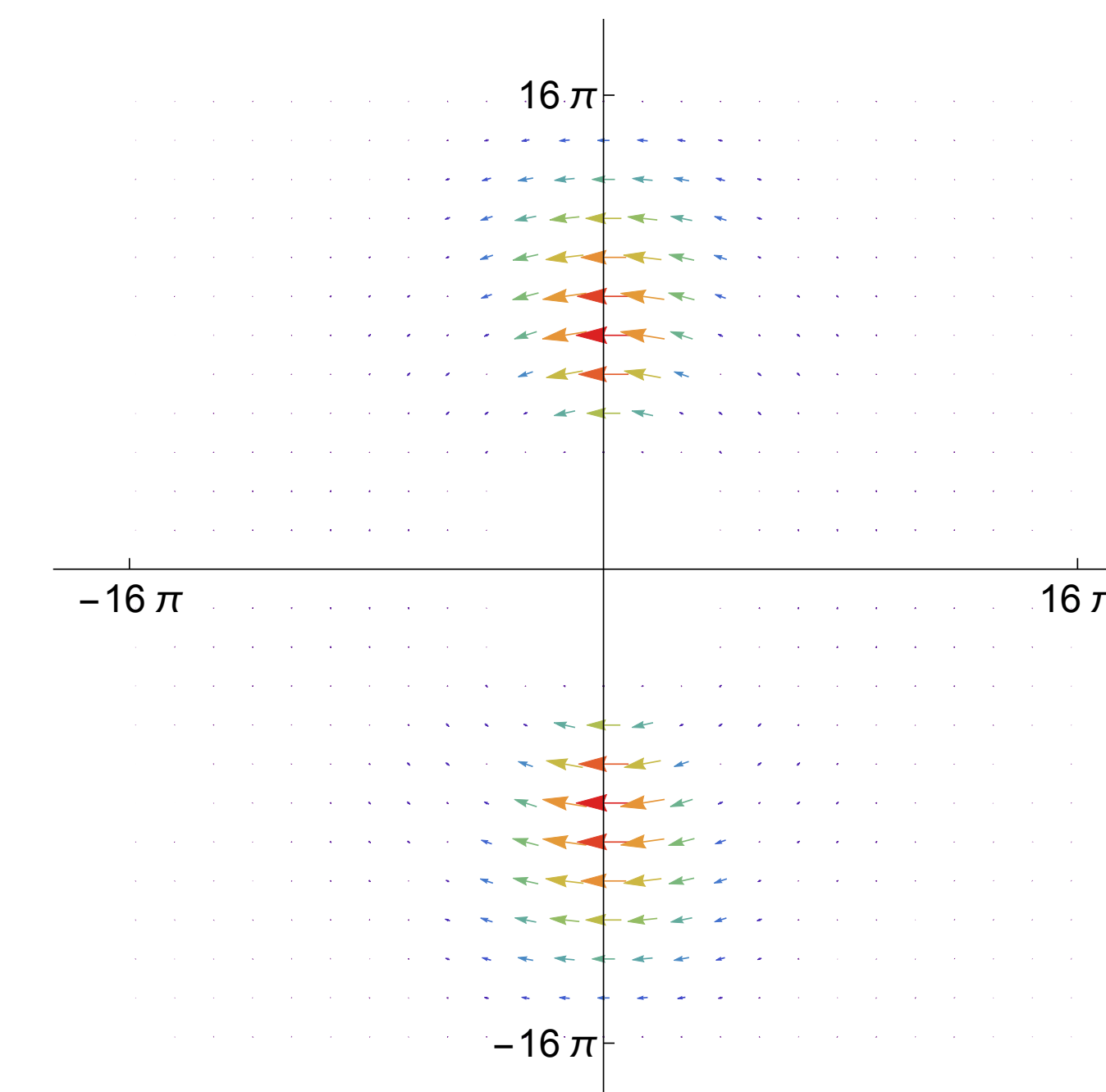
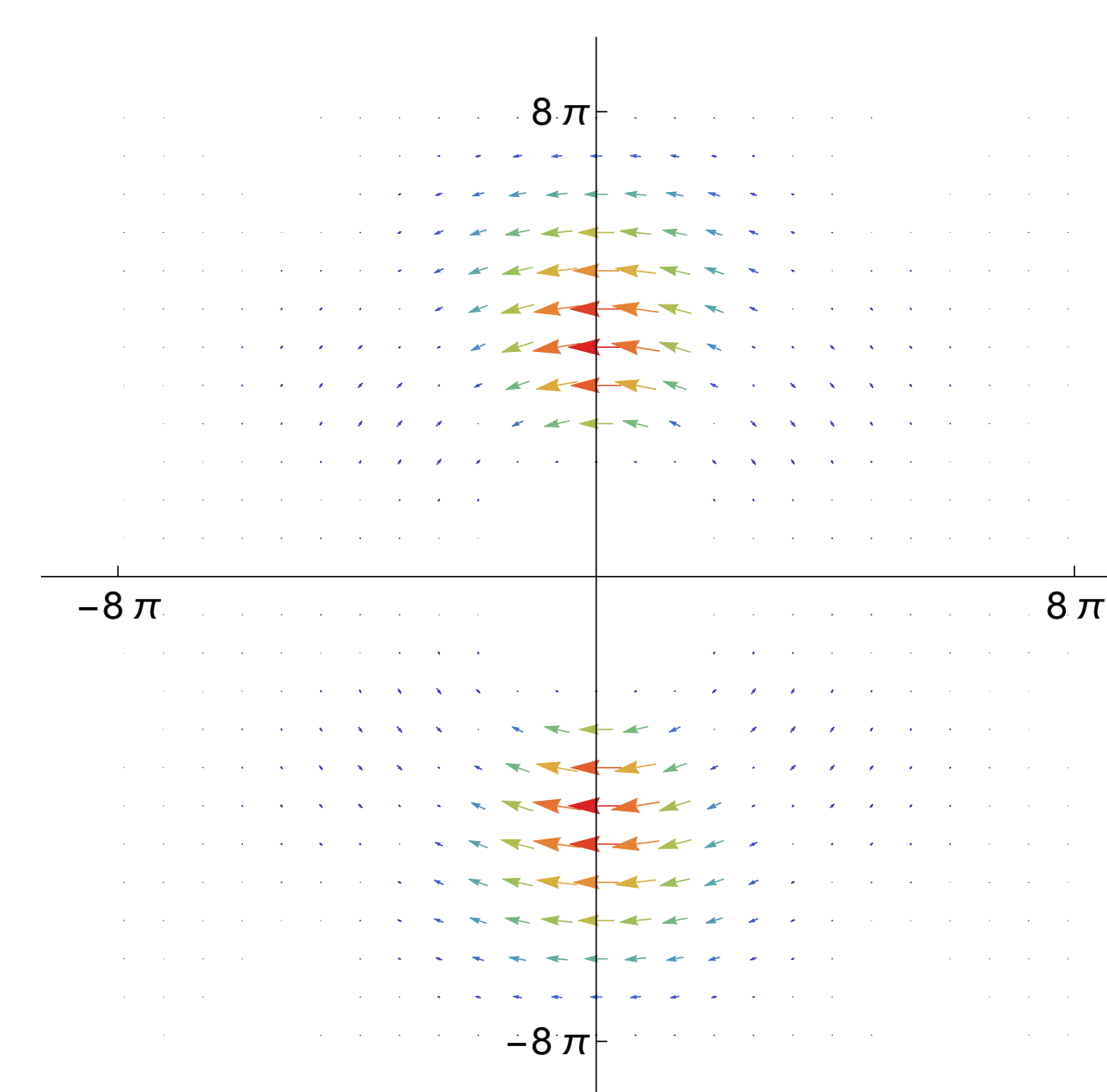
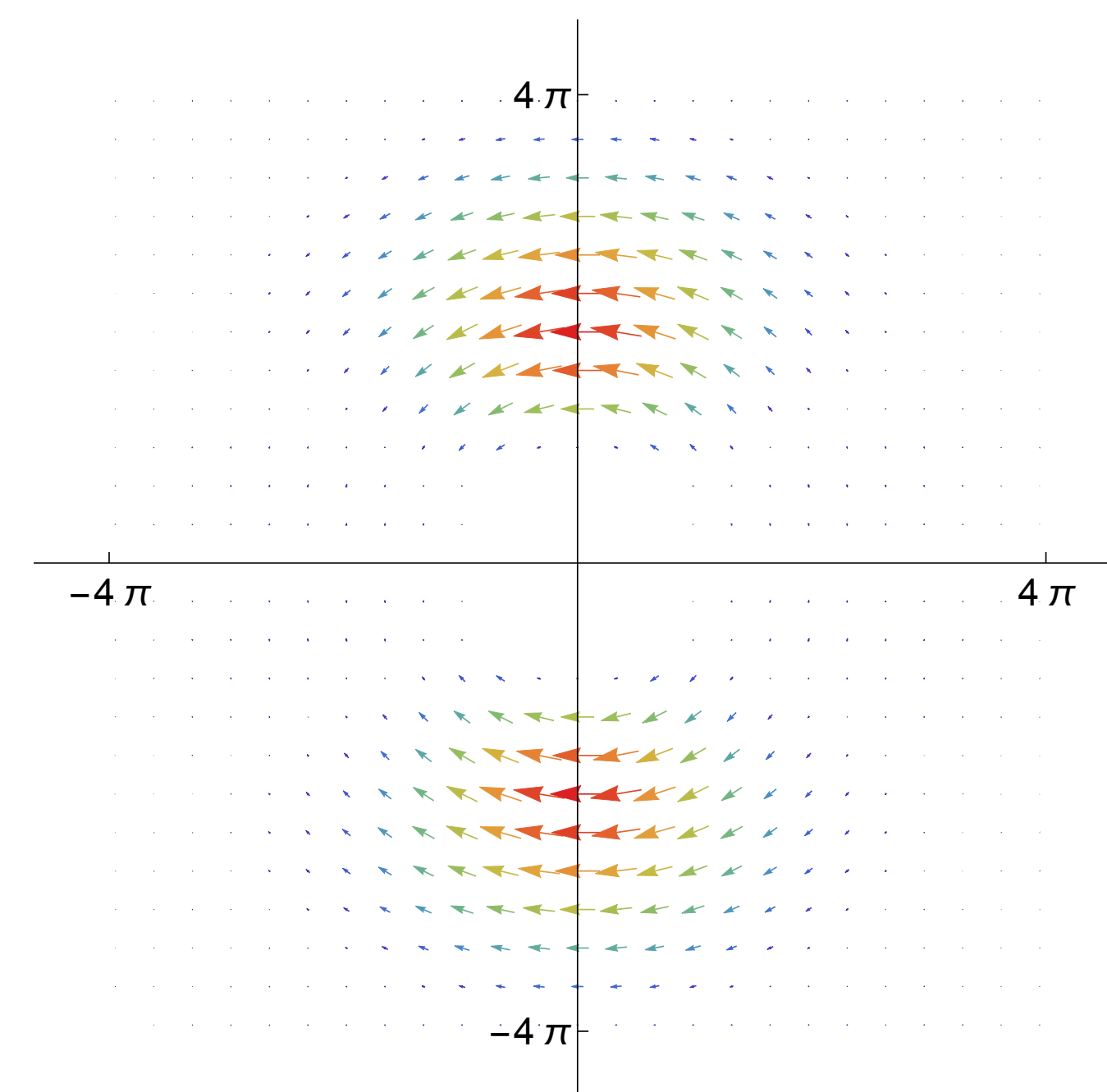
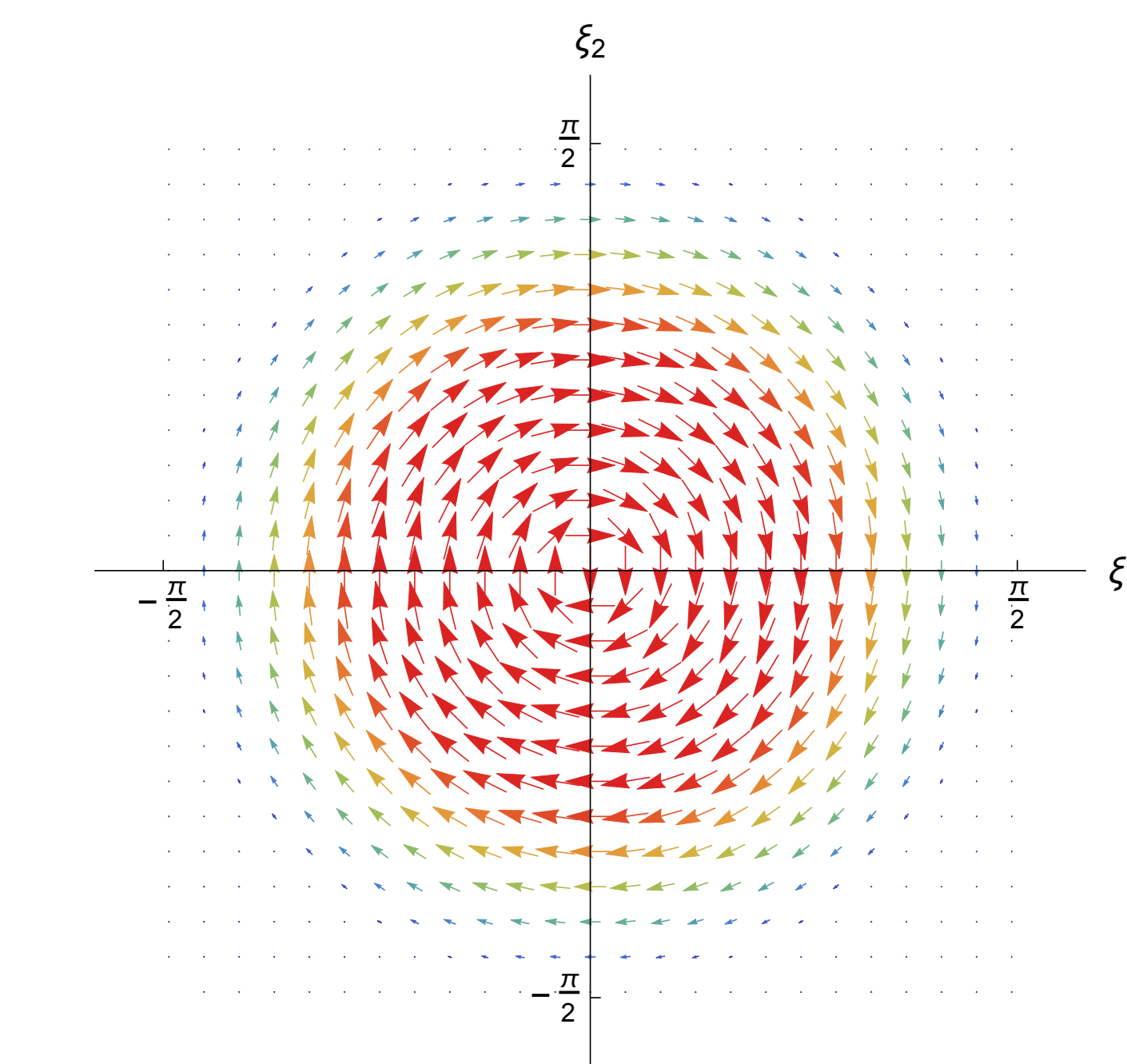


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

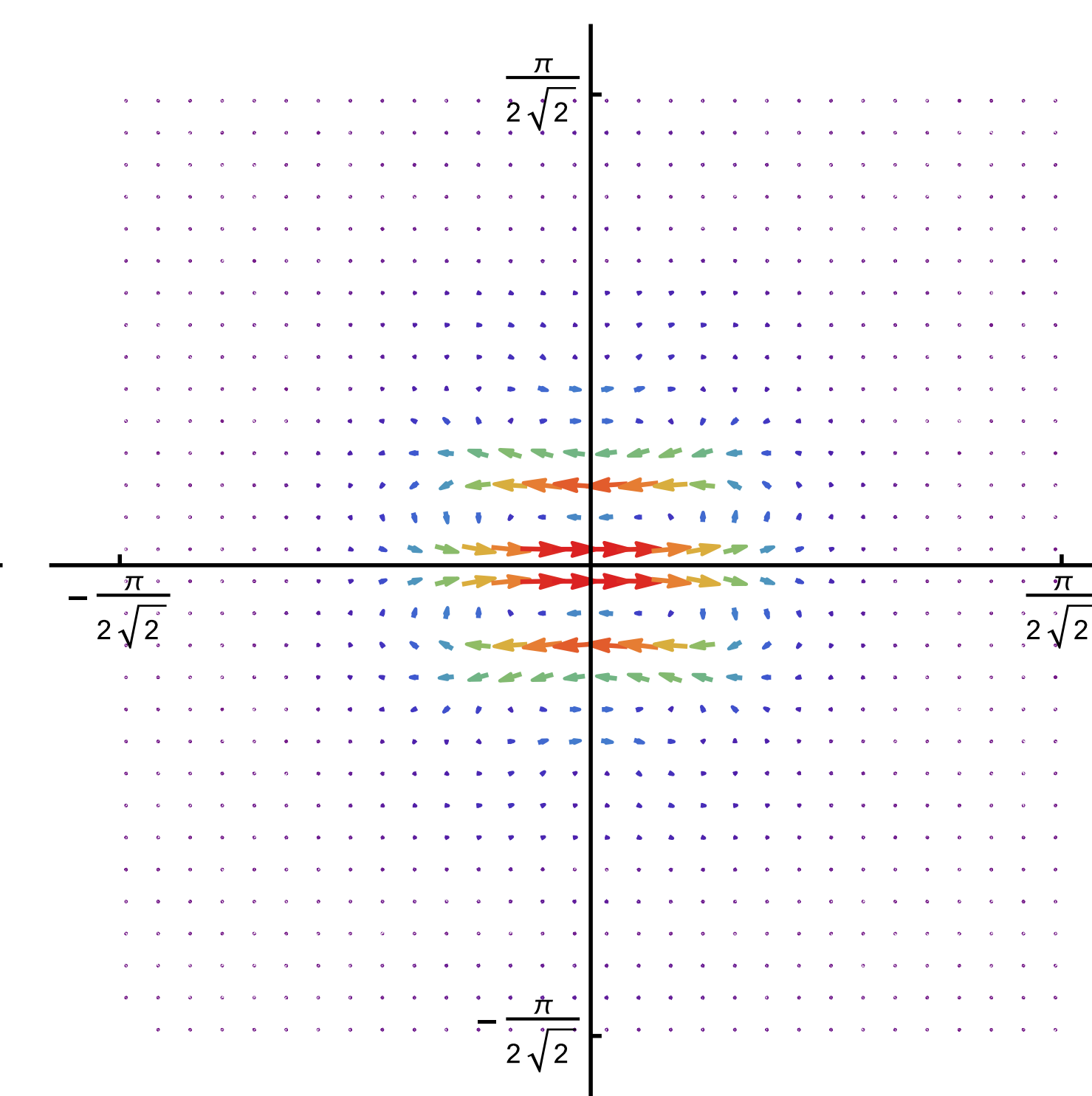
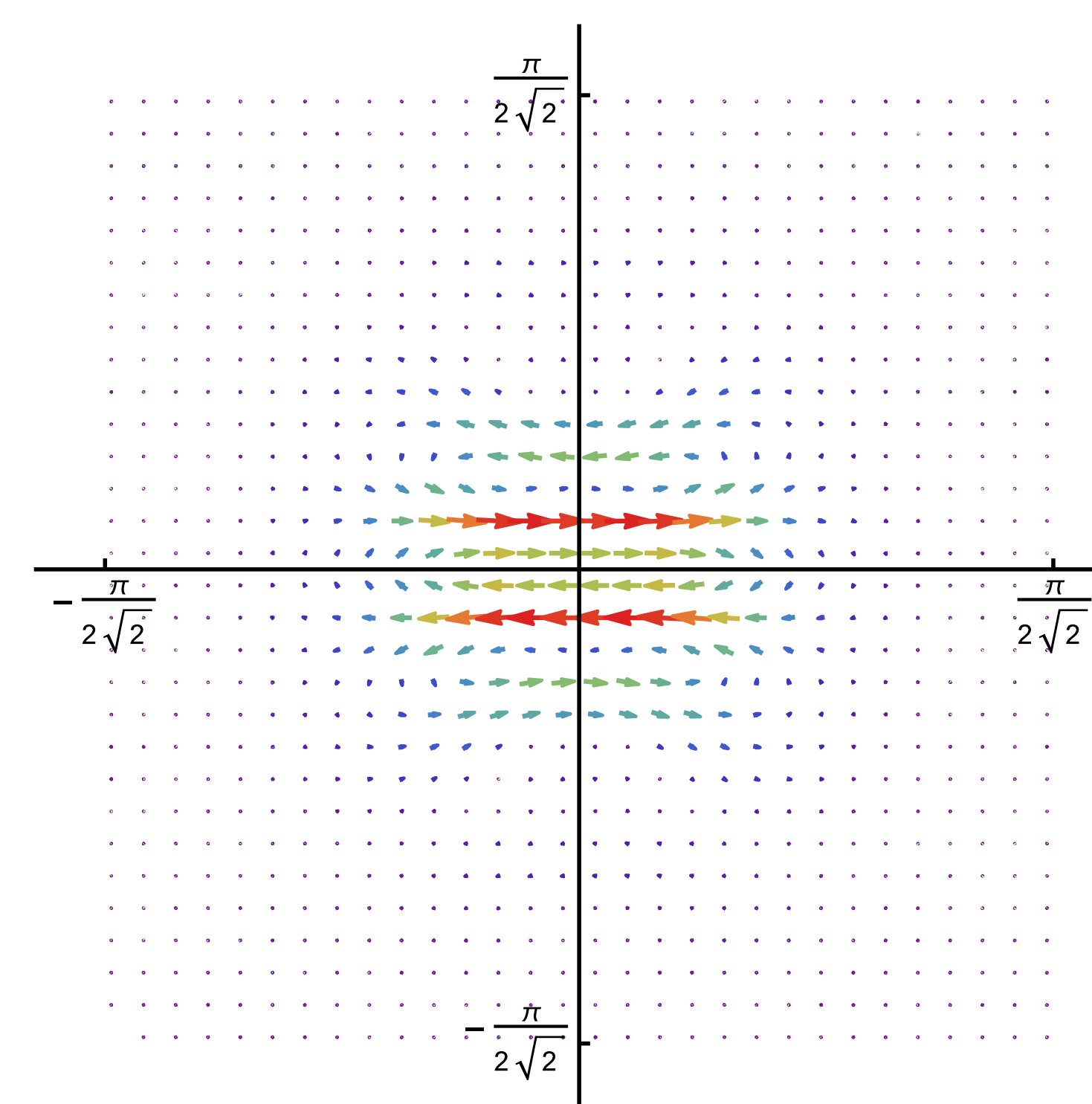
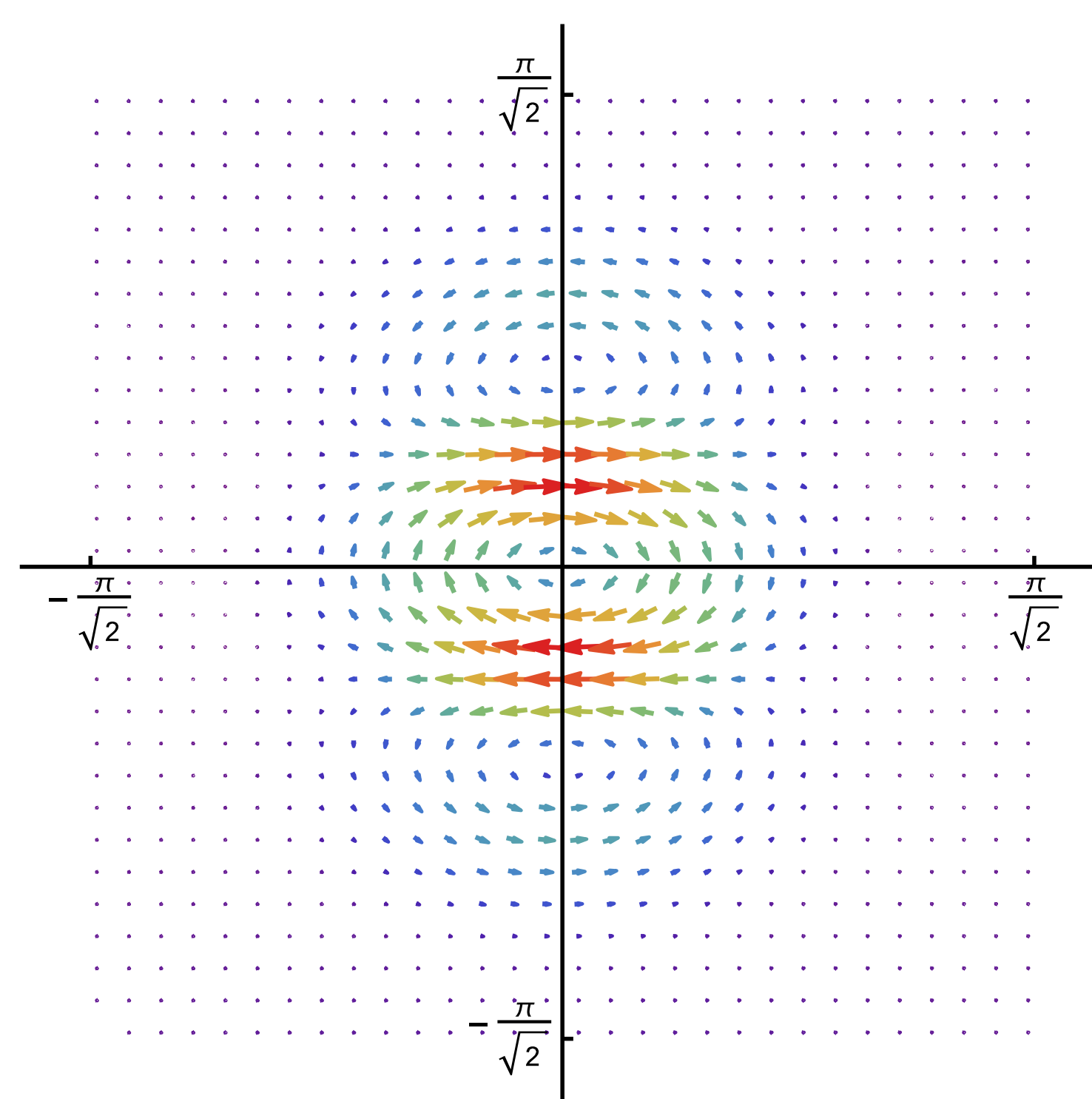
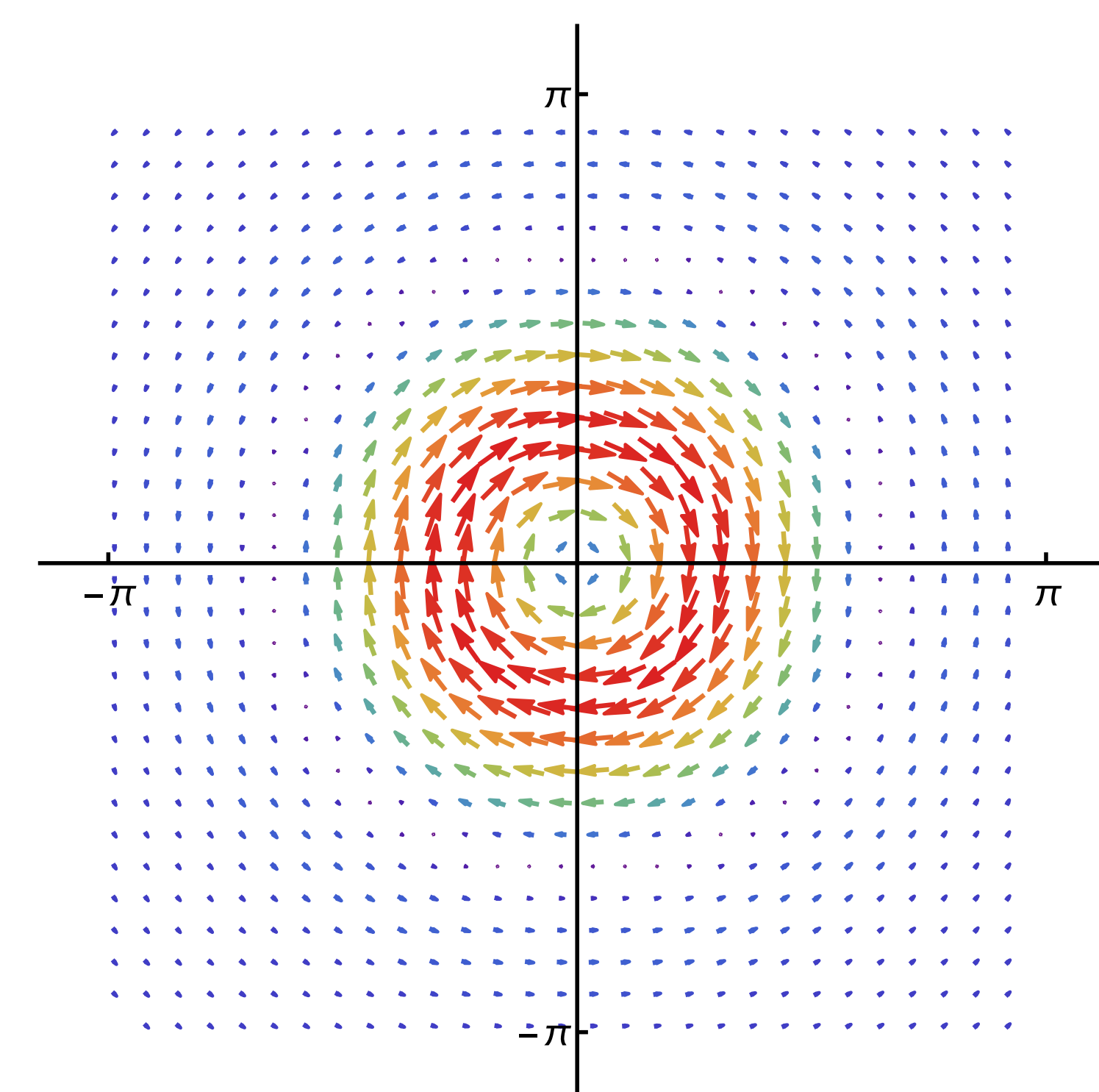


$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}$$

Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus



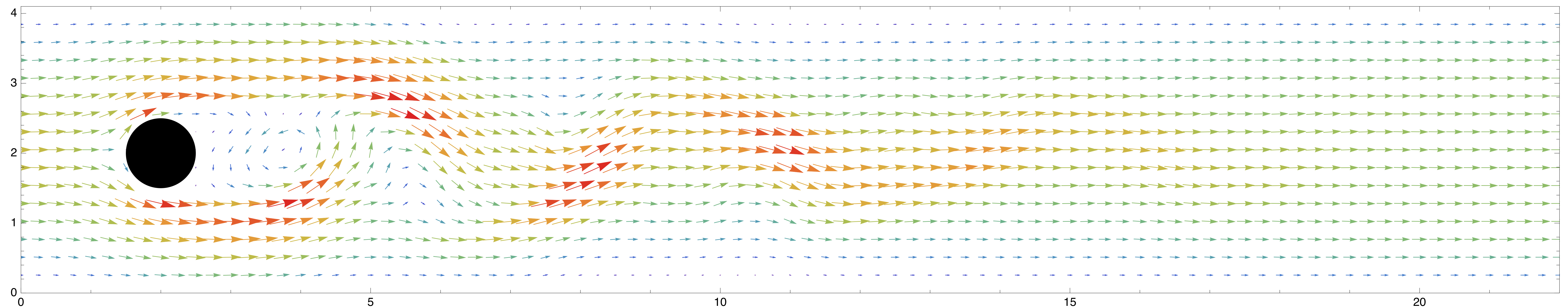
$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}$$



$$\psi_j^{1,\delta}$$

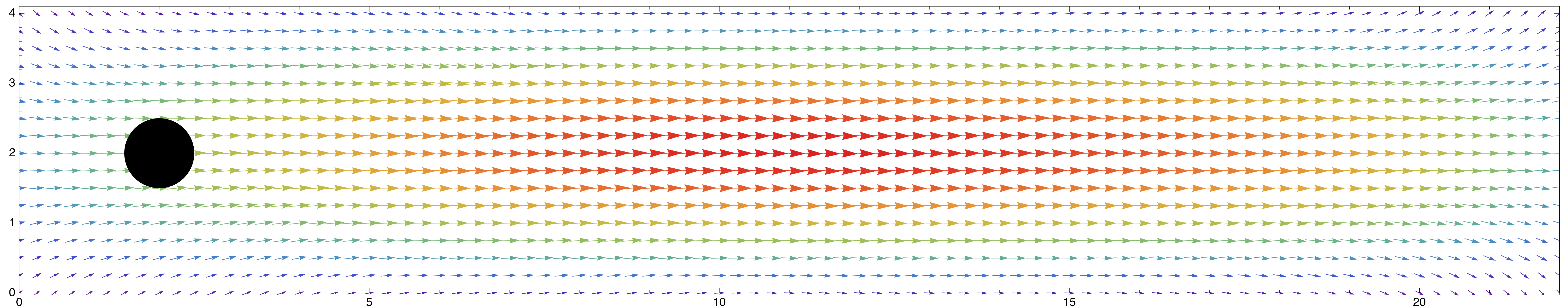
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

reference



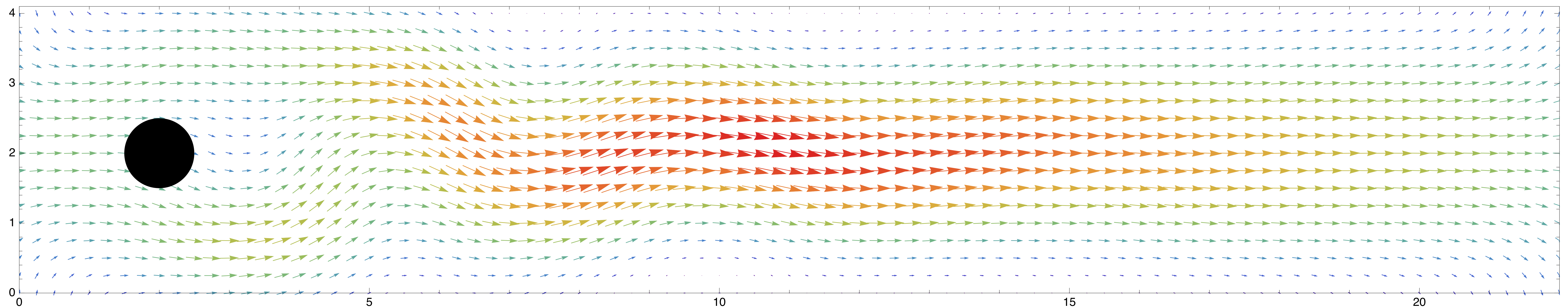
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

$$j = -1$$



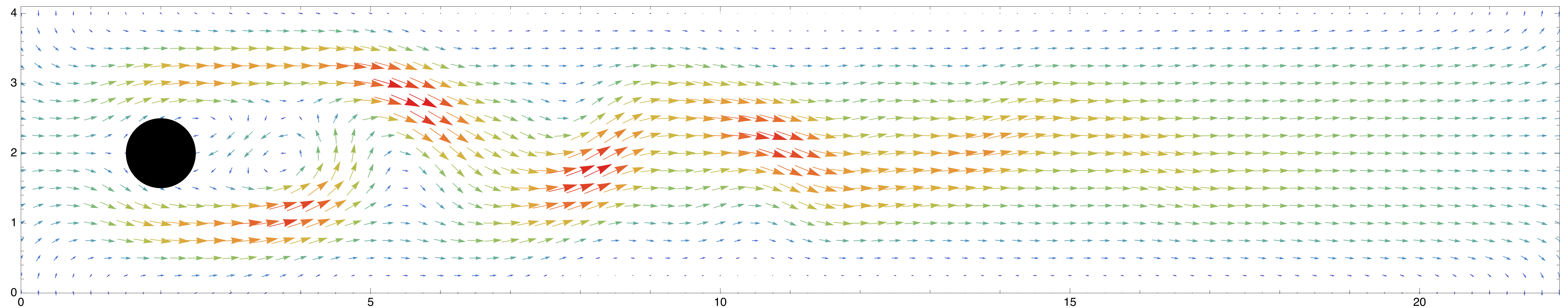
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

$$j = 0$$



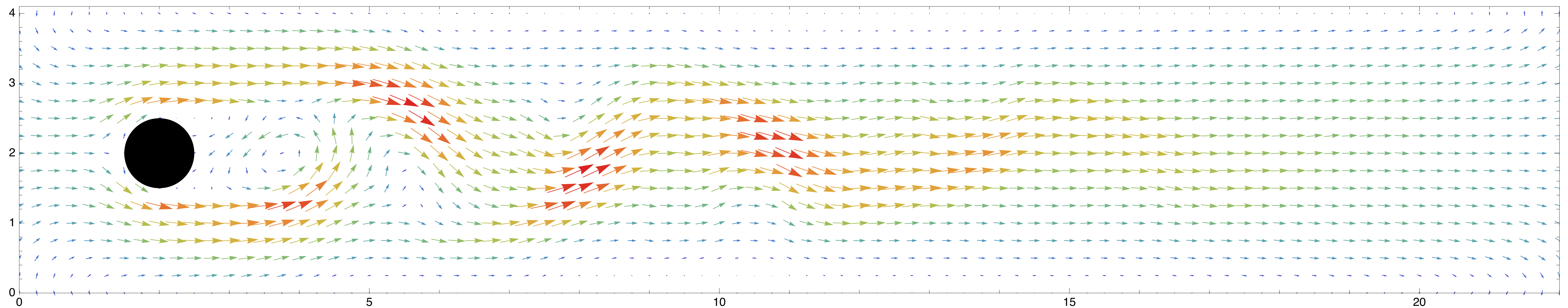
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

$j = 1$



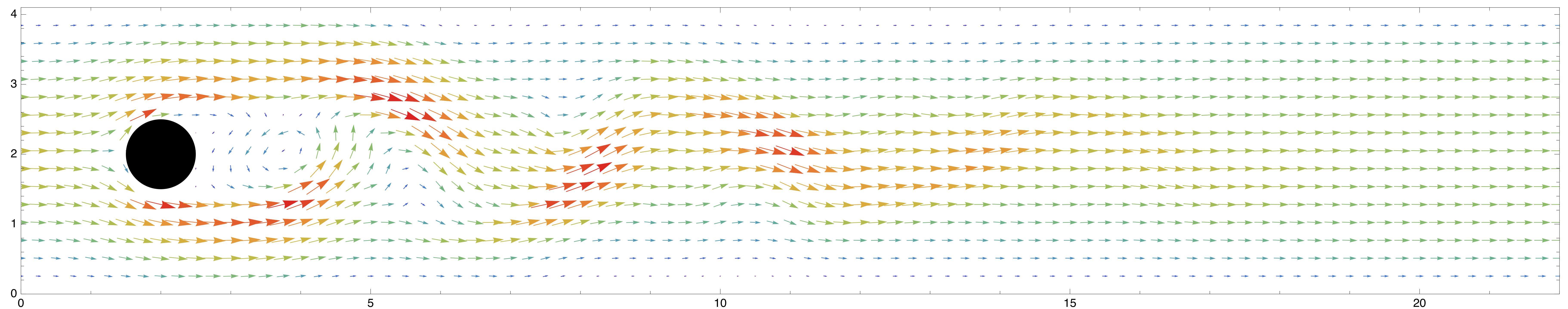
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

$$j = 2$$

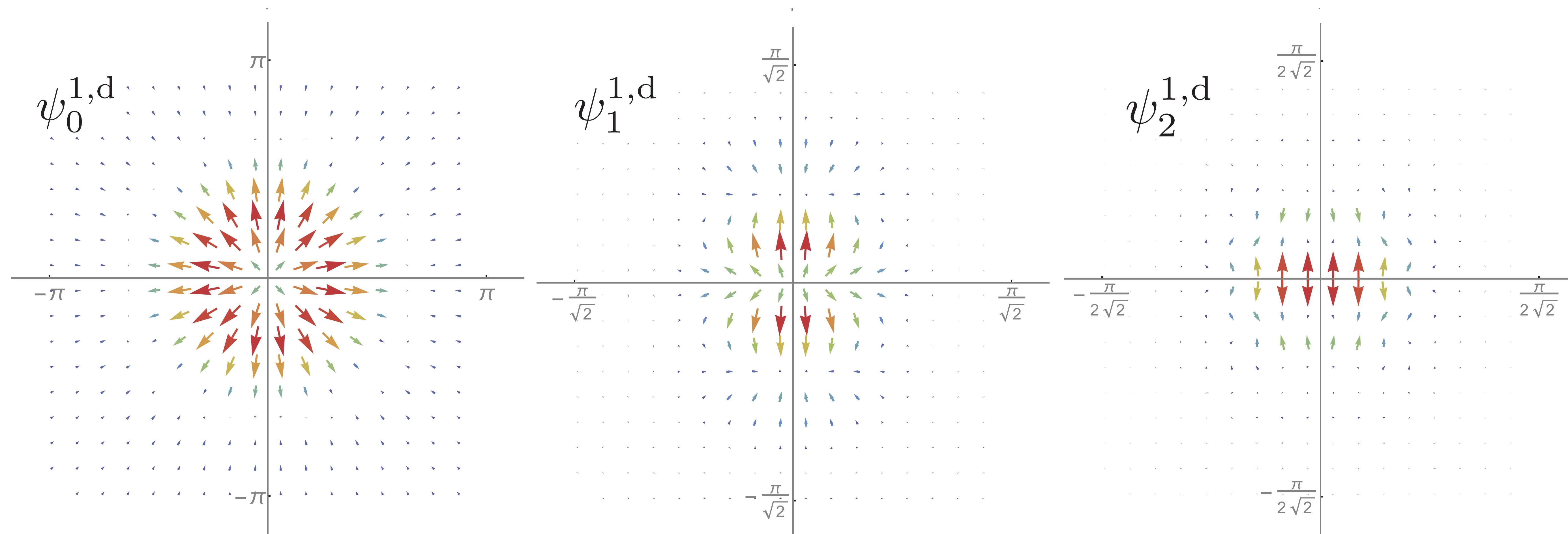


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

reference



Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

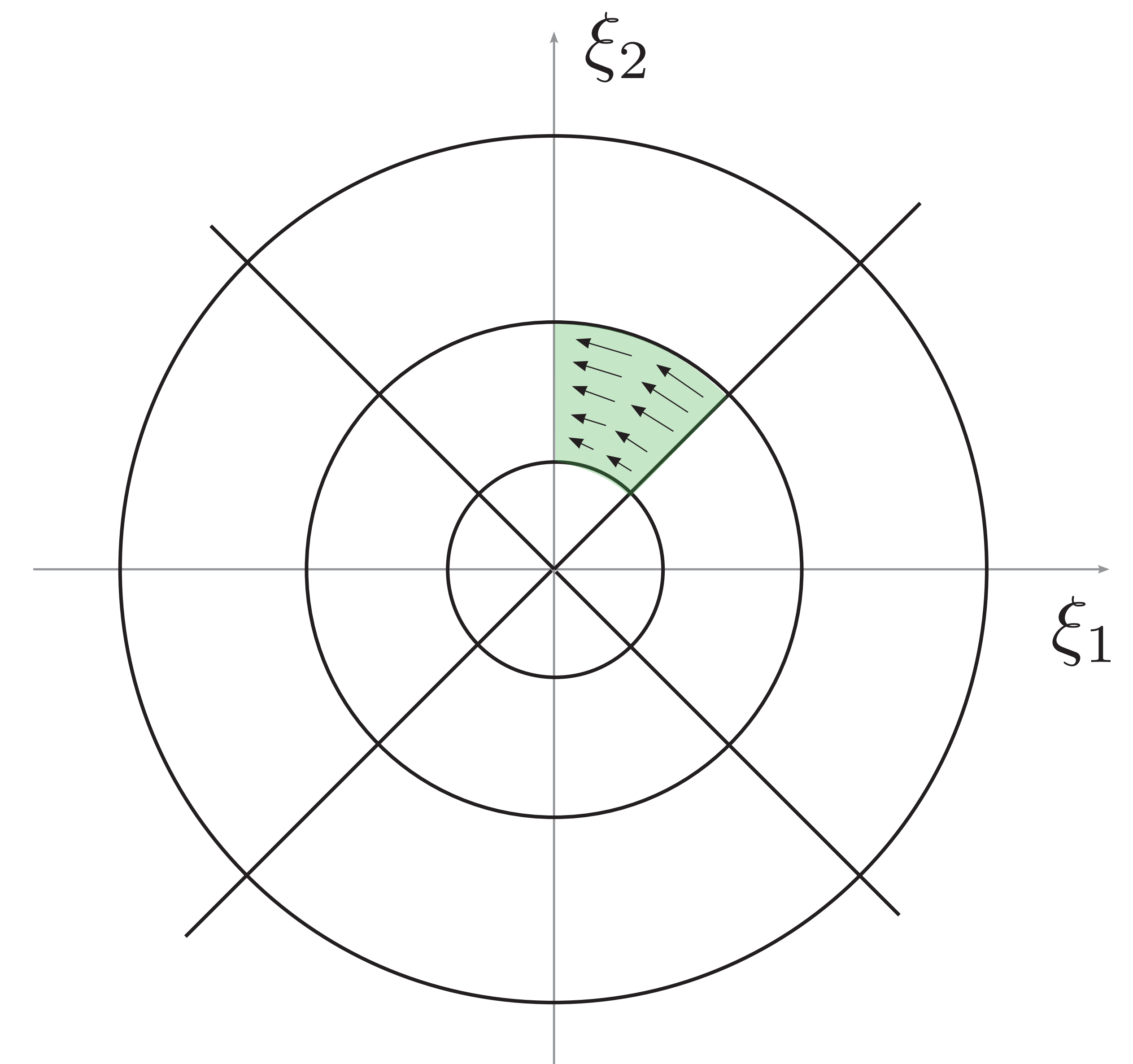


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\text{d}}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_\xi}$$

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_\xi}$$

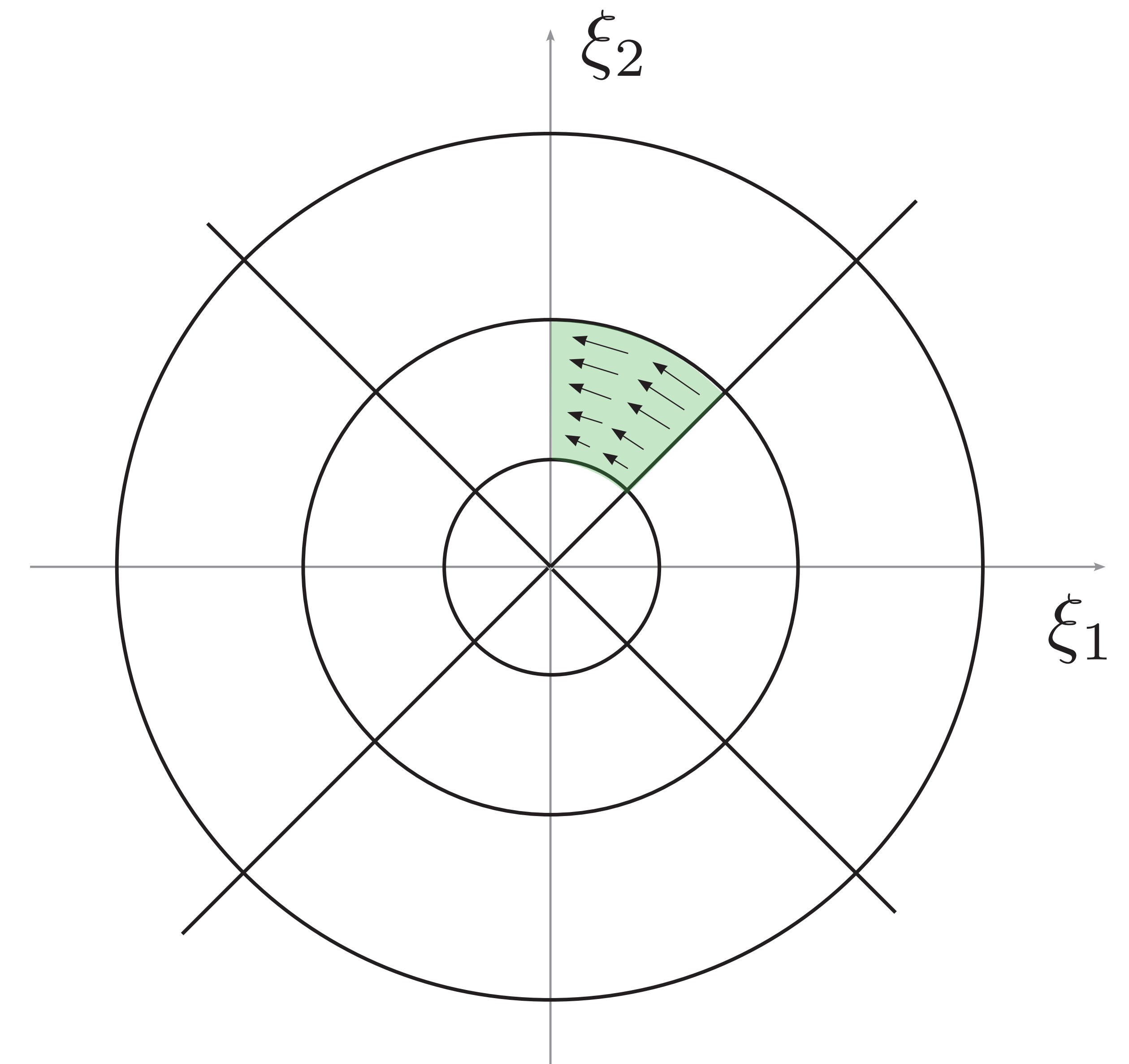


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

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$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\text{d}}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_\xi}$$

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_\xi}$$



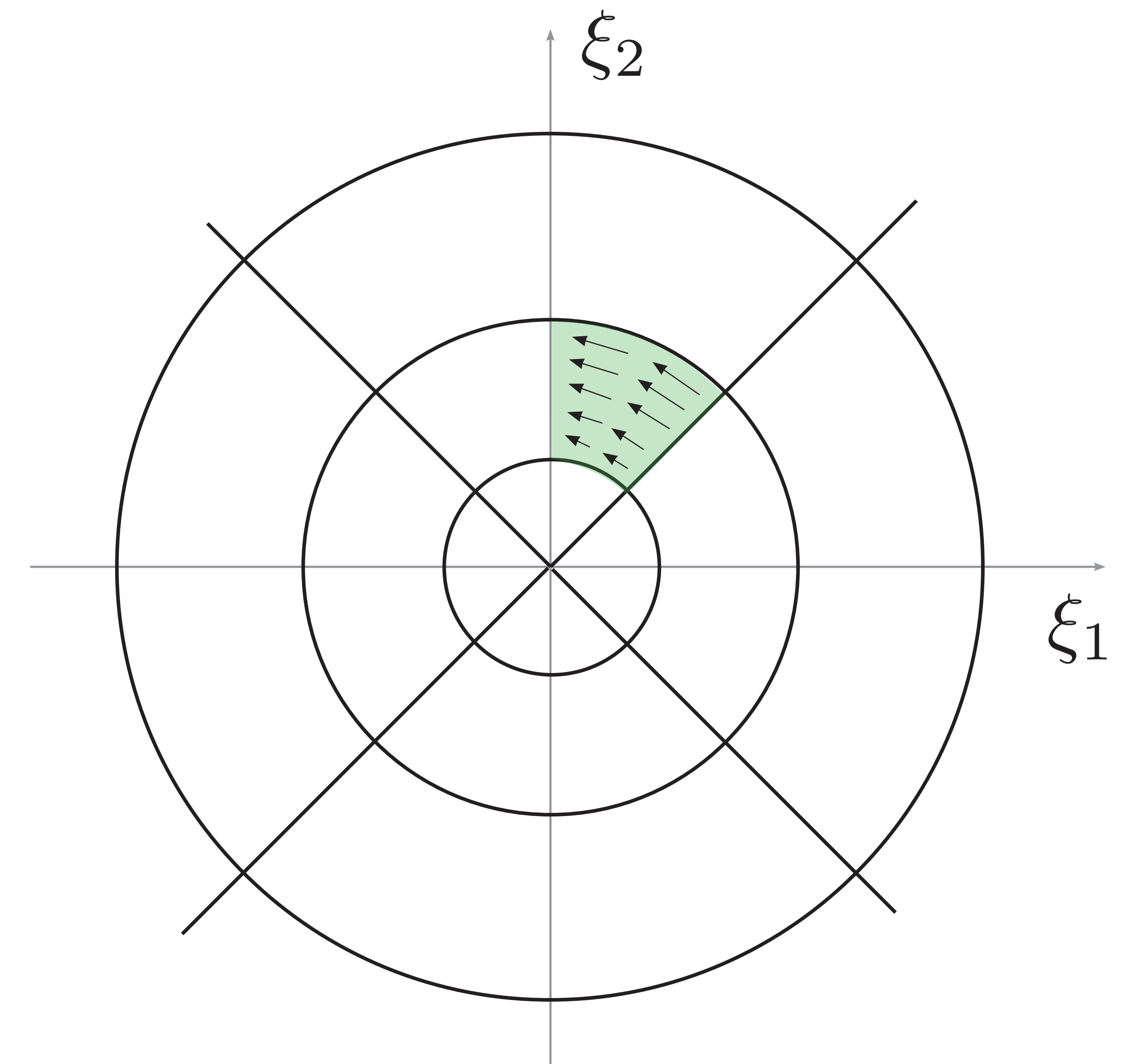
Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

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$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_\xi}$$

Basis for which space?

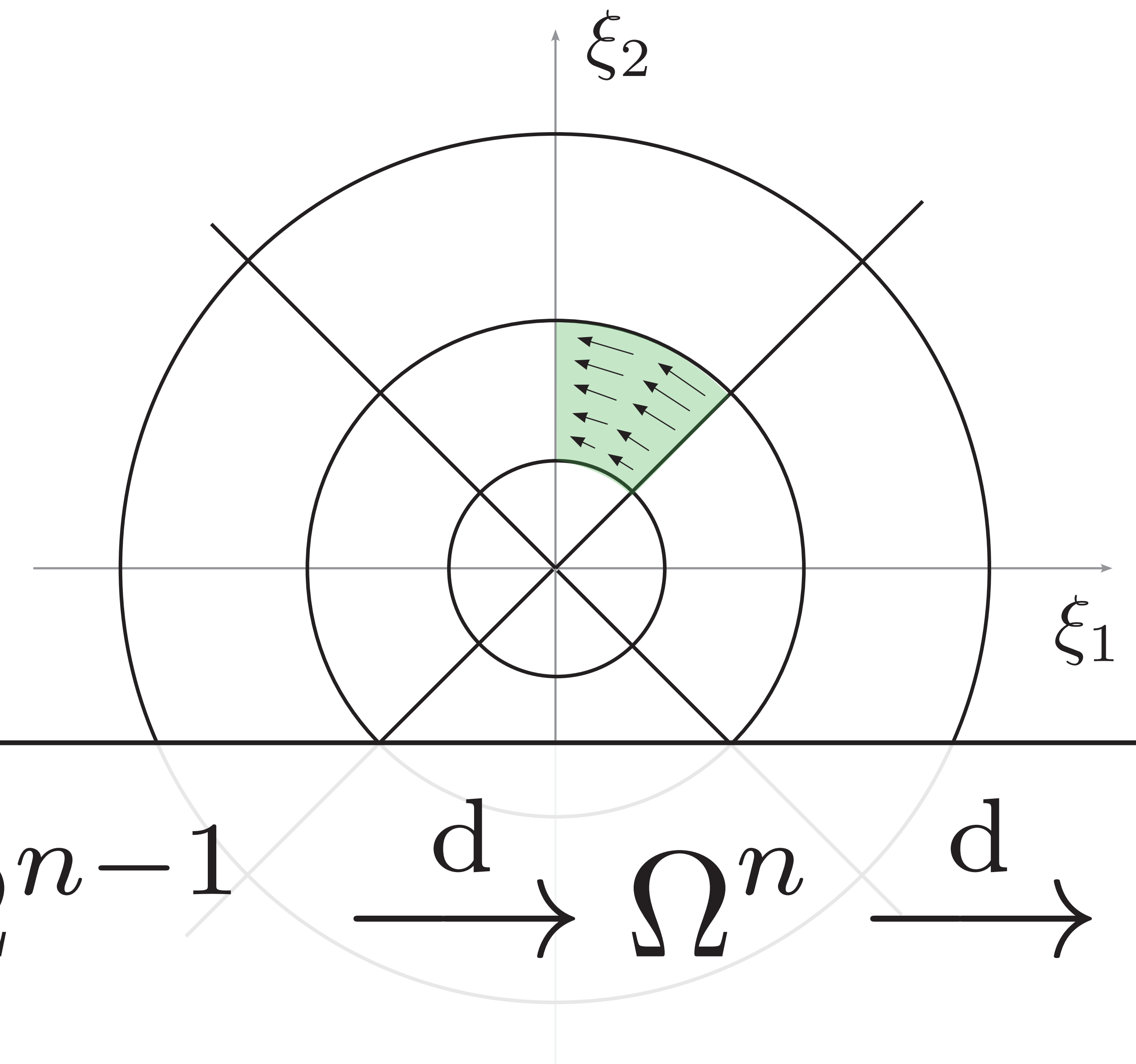


Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

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$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,d}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_\xi}$$

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_\xi}$$



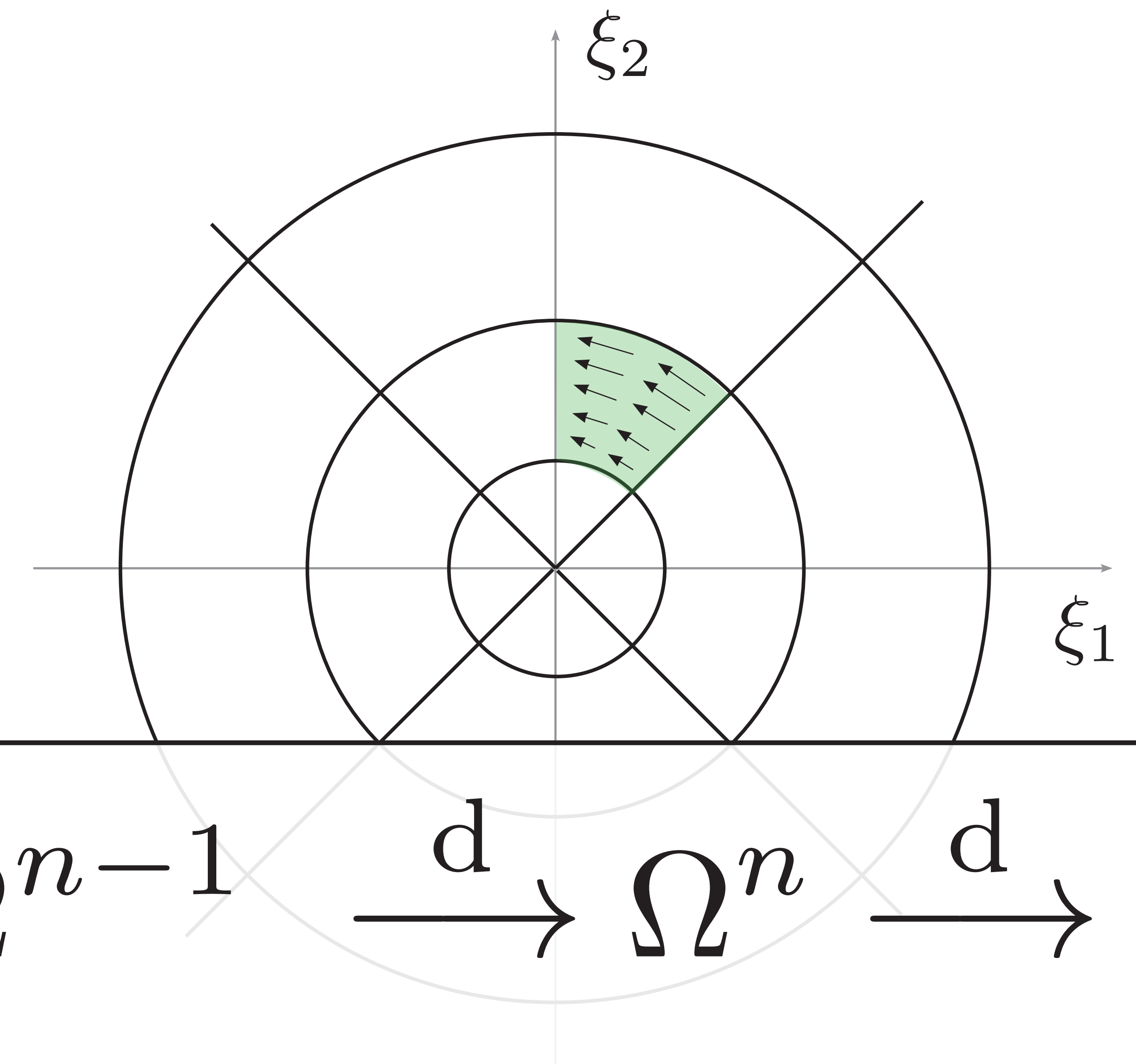
$$0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \Omega^{n-1} \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{d} 0$$

Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\text{d}}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_\xi}$$

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_\xi}$$



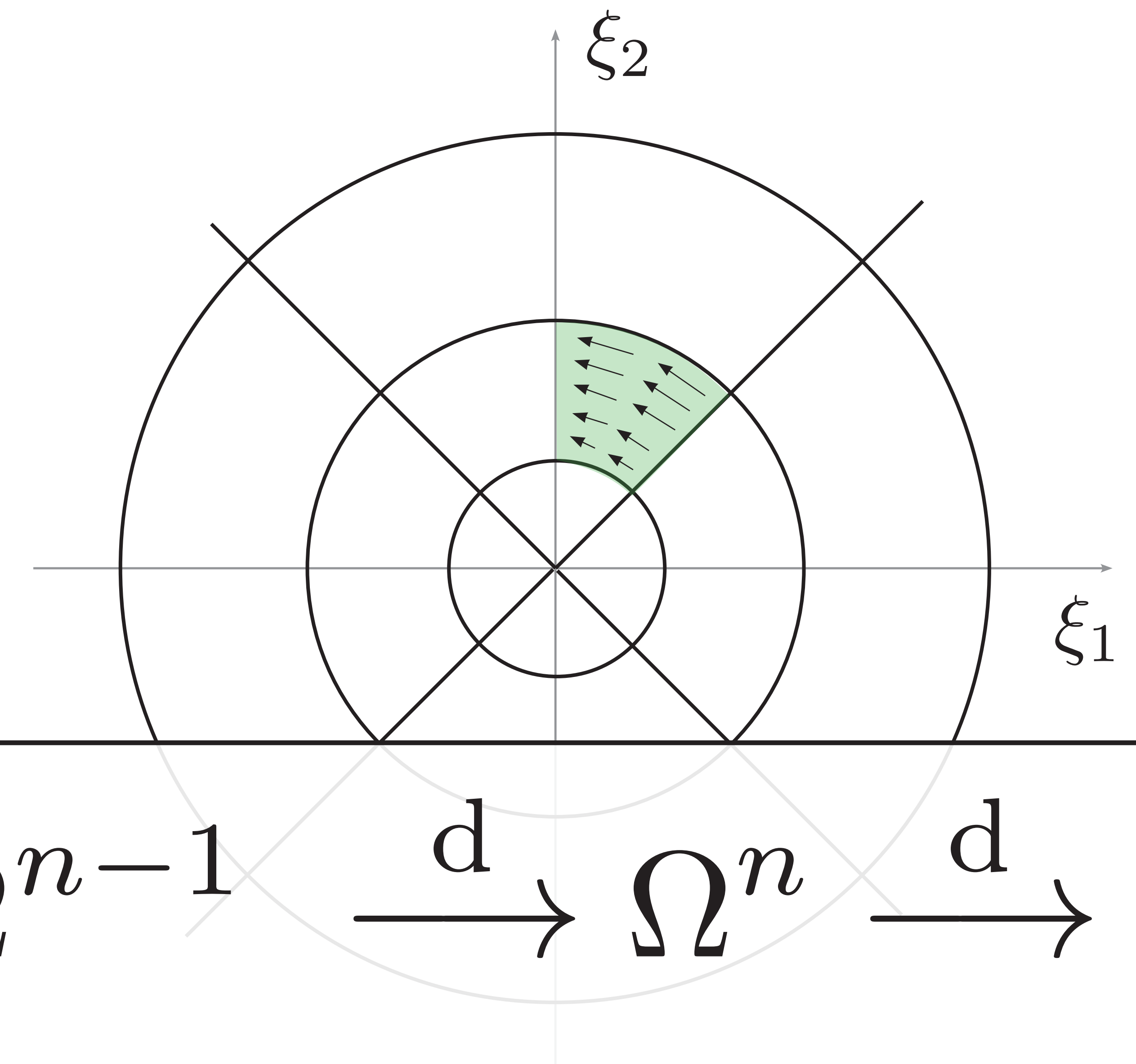
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0 & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & \Omega^0 & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & \Omega^1 & \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow & \Omega^{n-1} & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & \Omega^n & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & 0 \\
 & & & & & & & & & & \\
 & & & & & & & & & & L_2
 \end{array}$$

Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\text{d}}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_\xi}$$

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_\xi}$$



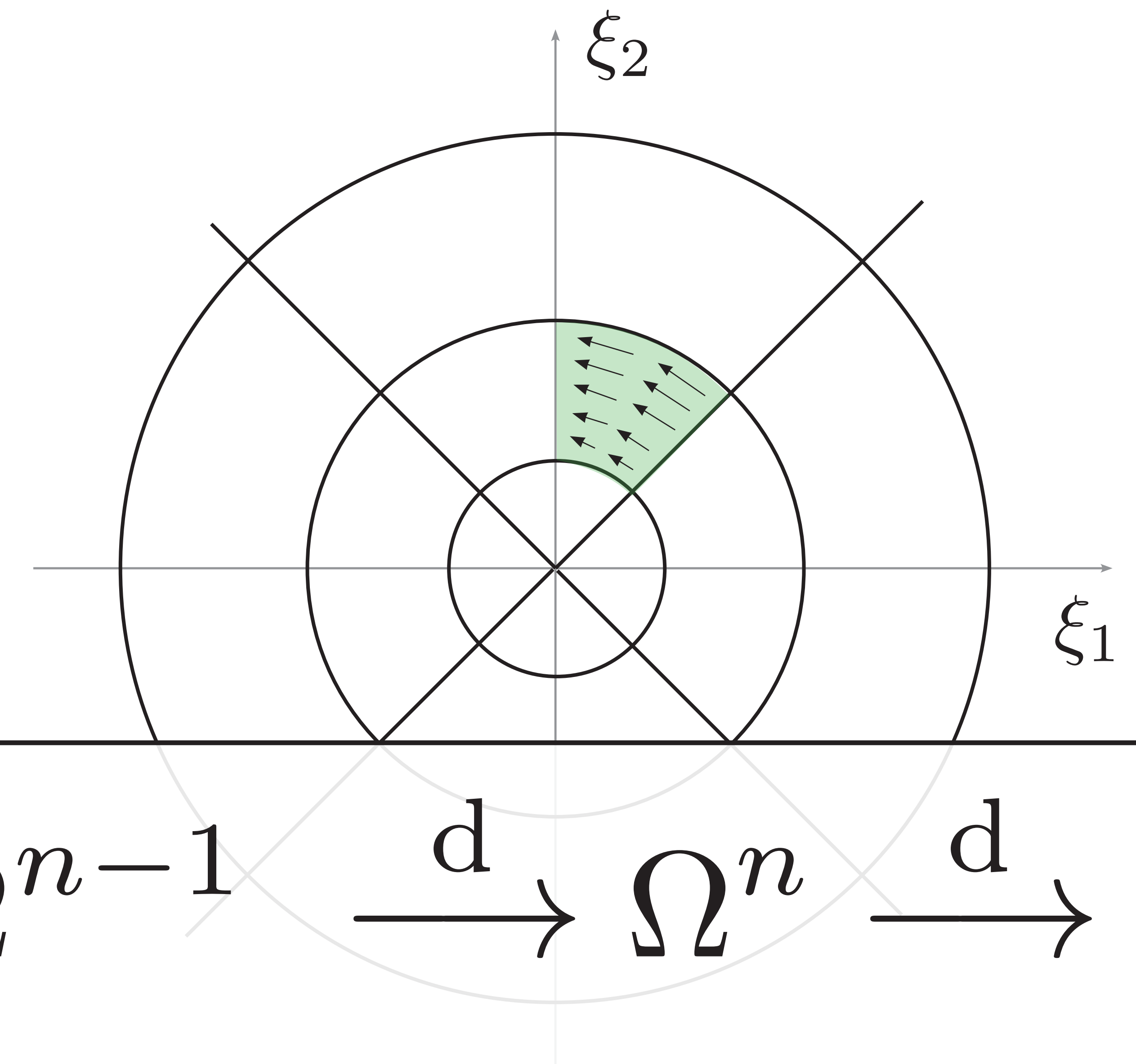
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0 & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & \Omega^0 & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & \Omega^1 & \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow & \Omega^{n-1} & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & \Omega^n & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & 0 \\
 & & L_2 & & H^{-1} & & & & & &
 \end{array}$$

Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

- Differential form basis functions:

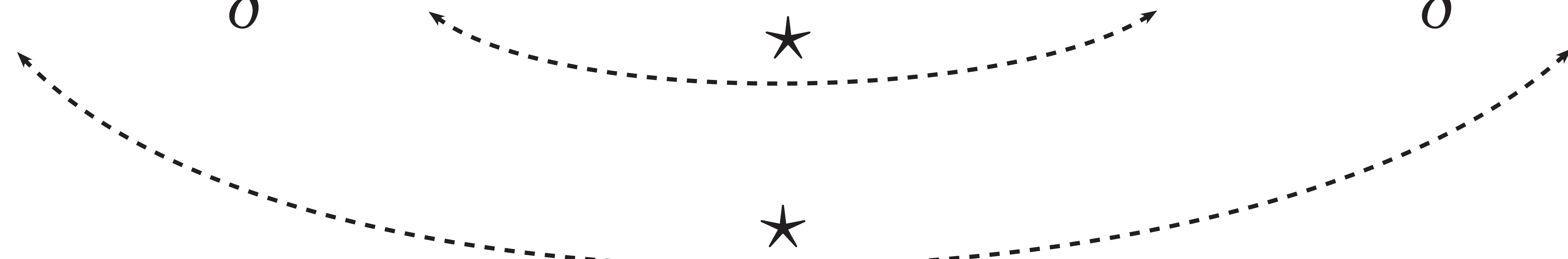
$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\text{d}}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_\xi}$$

$$\hat{\psi}_j^{1,\delta}(\xi) = i\hat{h}(|2^{-j}\xi|) \gamma_j(\theta_\xi) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_\xi}$$



$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0 & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & \Omega^0 & \xrightarrow{\text{d}} & \Omega^1 & \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow & \Omega^{n-1} \xrightarrow{\text{d}} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{\text{d}} 0 \\
 & & L_2 & & H^{-1} & & H^{-2}
 \end{array}$$

Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus

$$0 \xrightarrow{d} \Omega^0 \xrightleftharpoons[\delta]{d} \Omega^1 \rightleftharpoons \cdots \rightleftharpoons \Omega^{n-1} \xrightleftharpoons[\delta]{d} \Omega^n \xrightarrow{d} 0$$


What is a compatible chain of function spaces?

Applications

Local Fourier slice photography

Local Fourier slice photography



C. Lessig. Local fourier slice photography. ACM Trans. Graph., 39(3), Apr. 2020.

Local Fourier slice photography



C. Lessig. Local fourier slice photography. ACM Trans. Graph., 39(3), Apr. 2020.

Local Fourier slice photography



C. Lessig. Local fourier slice photography. ACM Trans. Graph., 39(3), Apr. 2020.

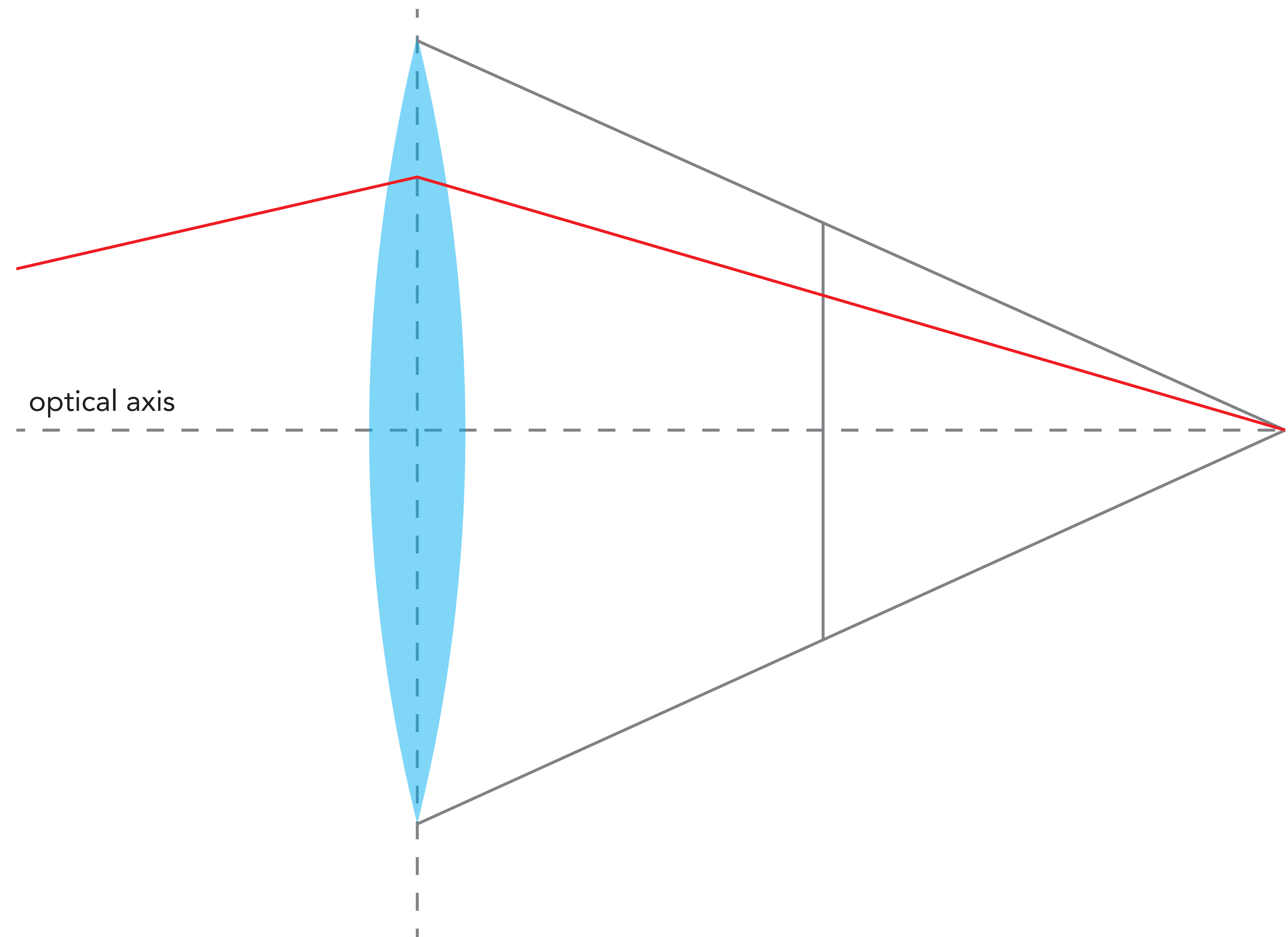
Local Fourier slice photography



C. Lessig. Local fourier slice photography. ACM Trans. Graph., 39(3), Apr. 2020.

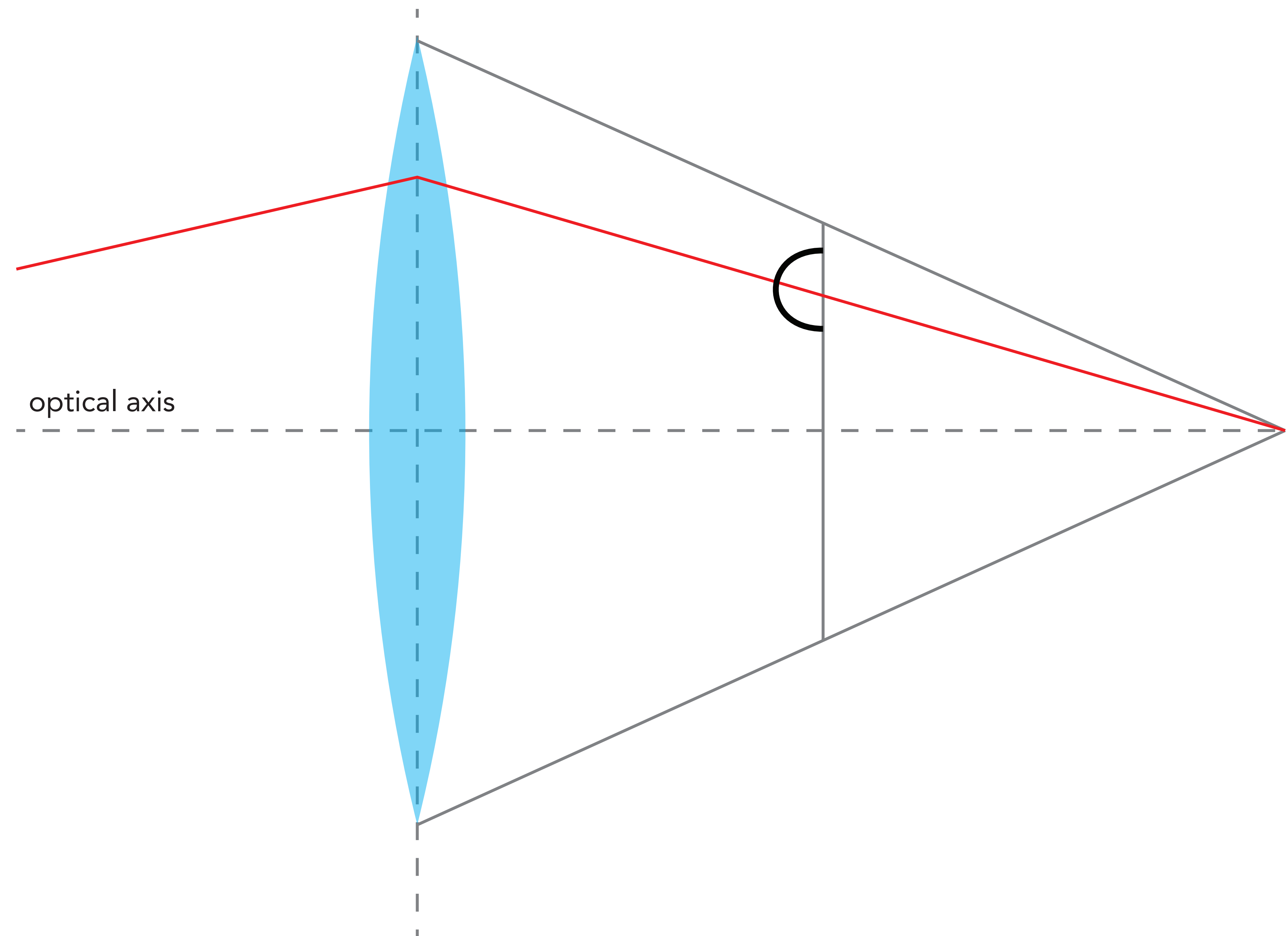
Local Fourier slice photography

- Light field camera:



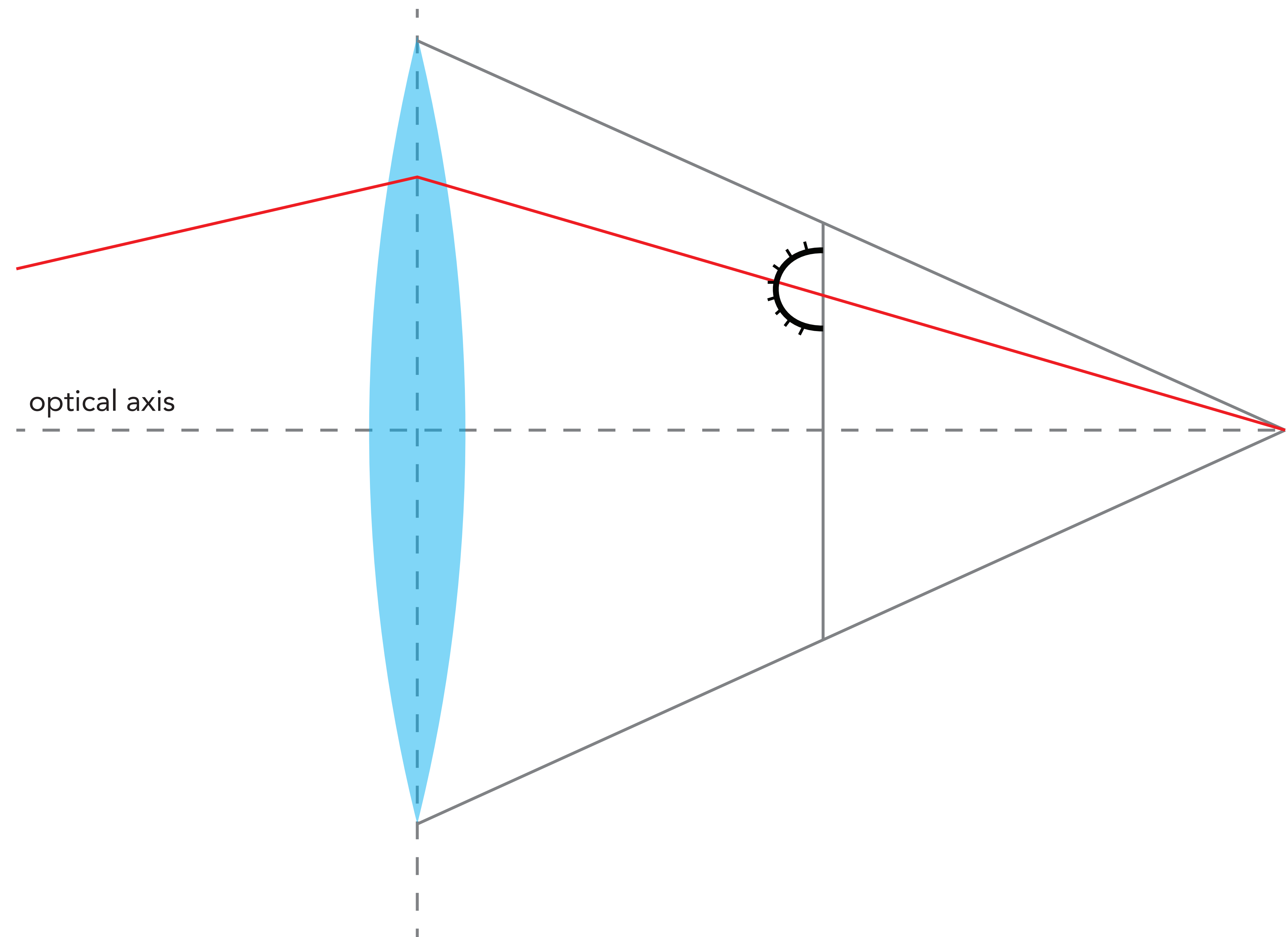
Local Fourier slice photography

- Light field camera:



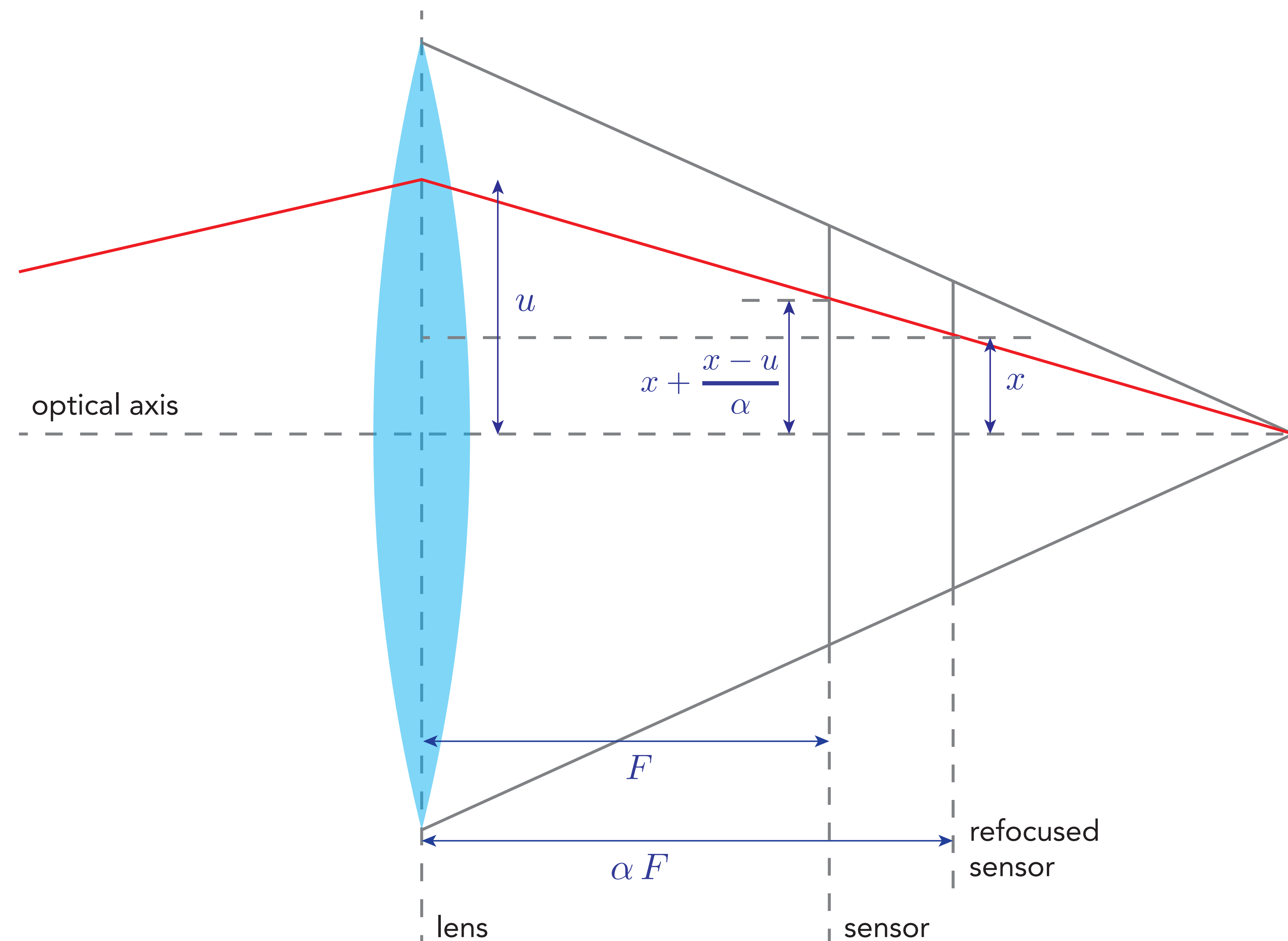
Local Fourier slice photography

- Light field camera:



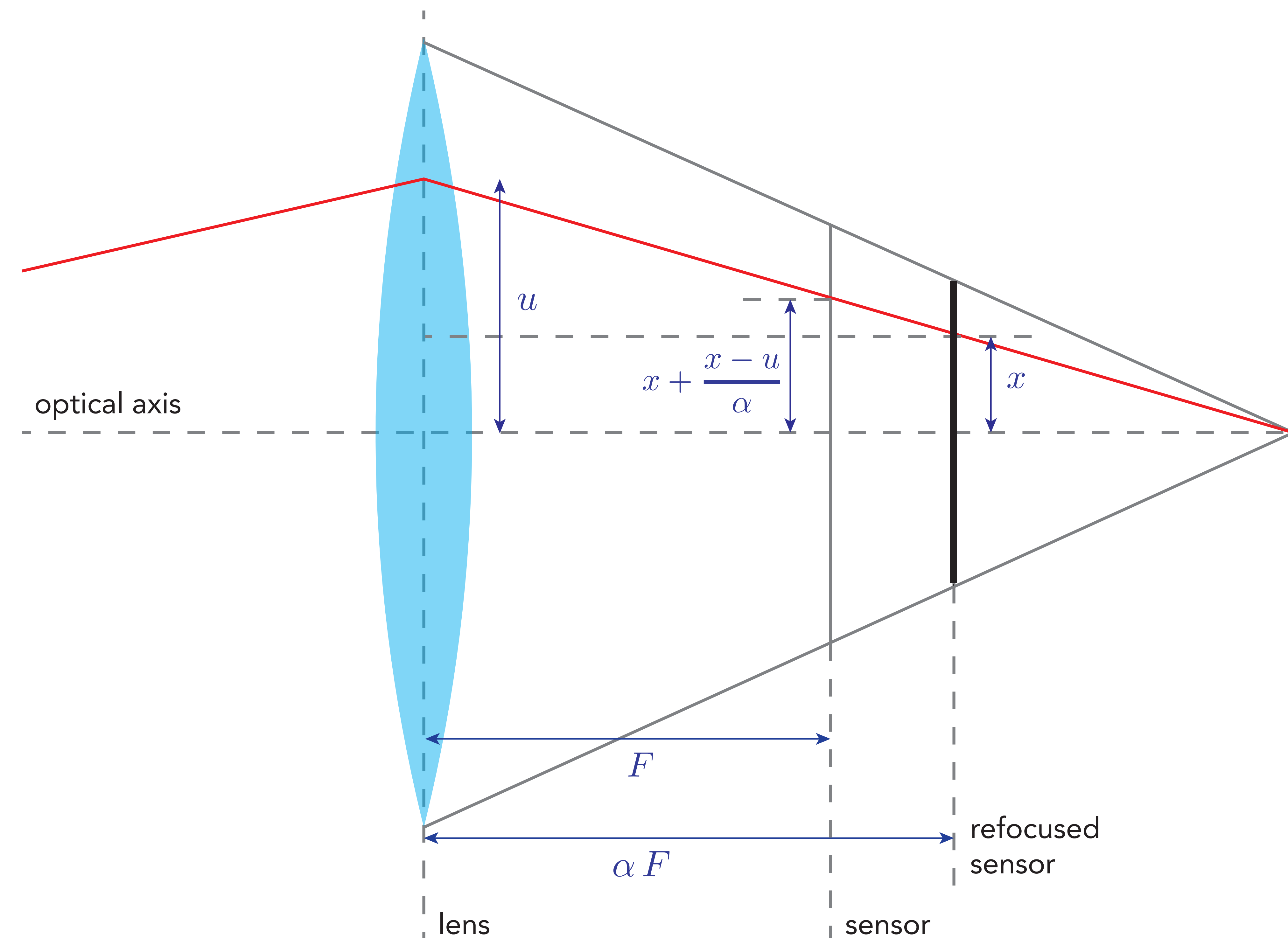
Local Fourier slice photography

- Light field camera:



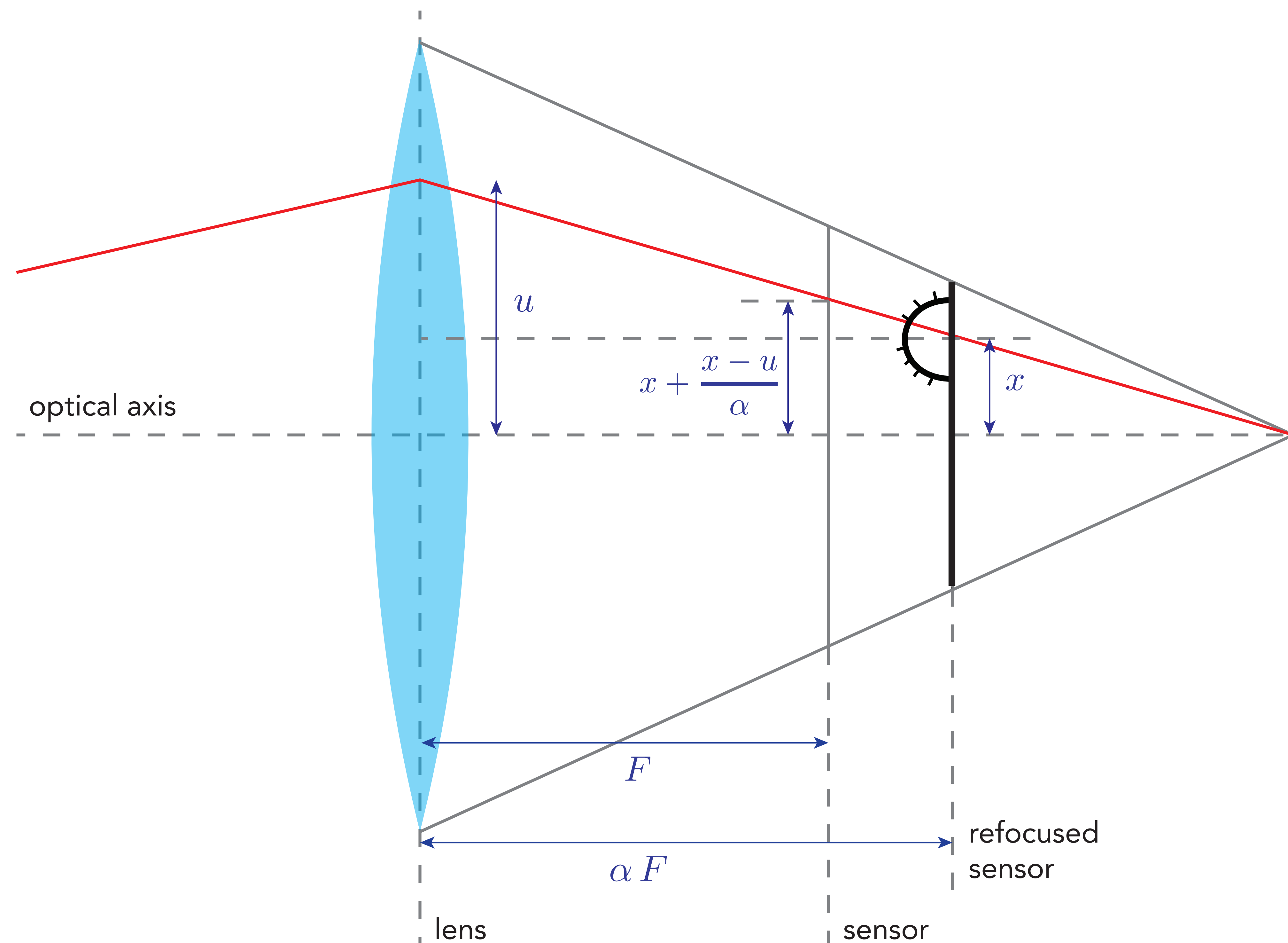
Local Fourier slice photography

- Light field camera:



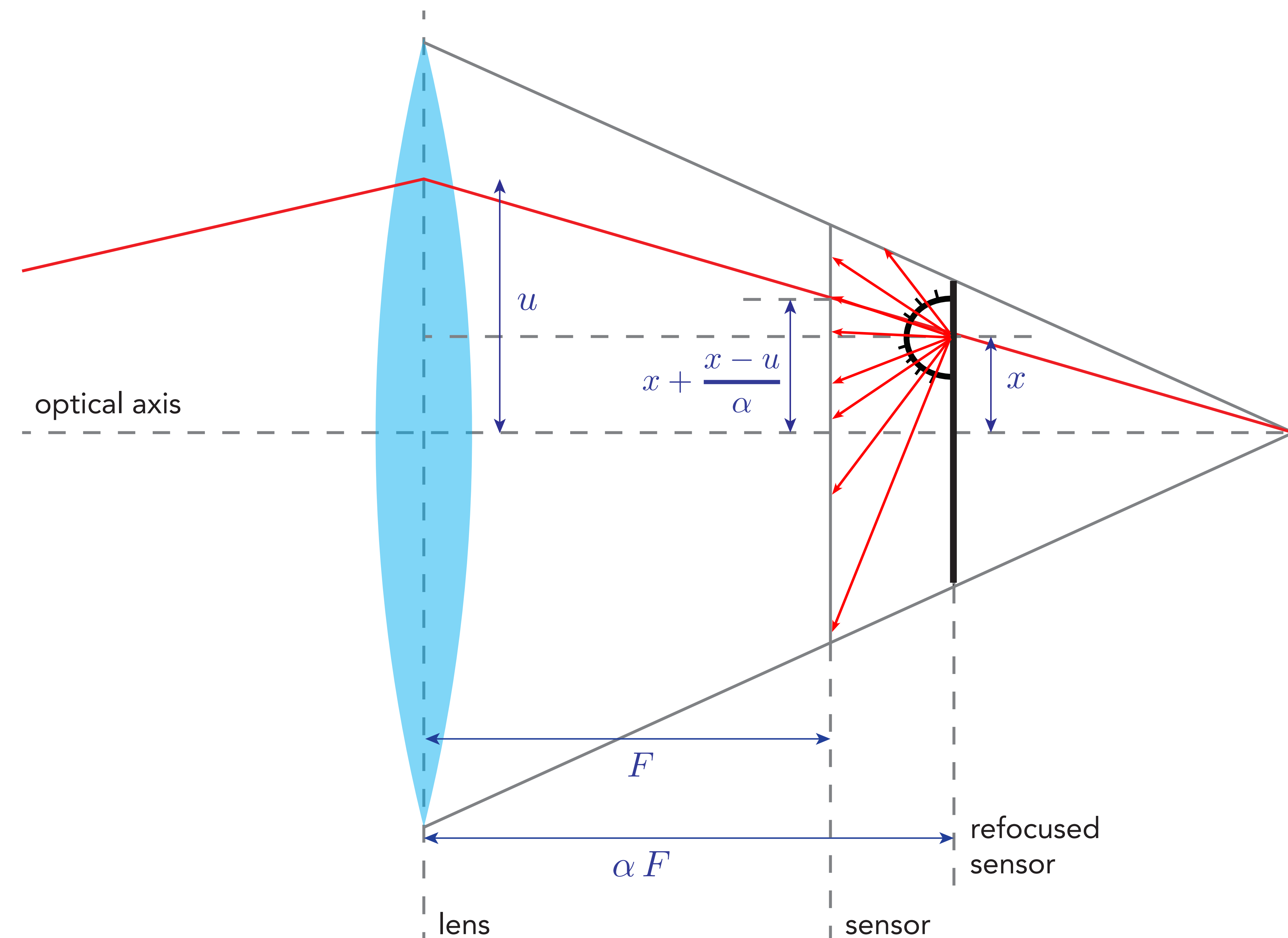
Local Fourier slice photography

- Light field camera:



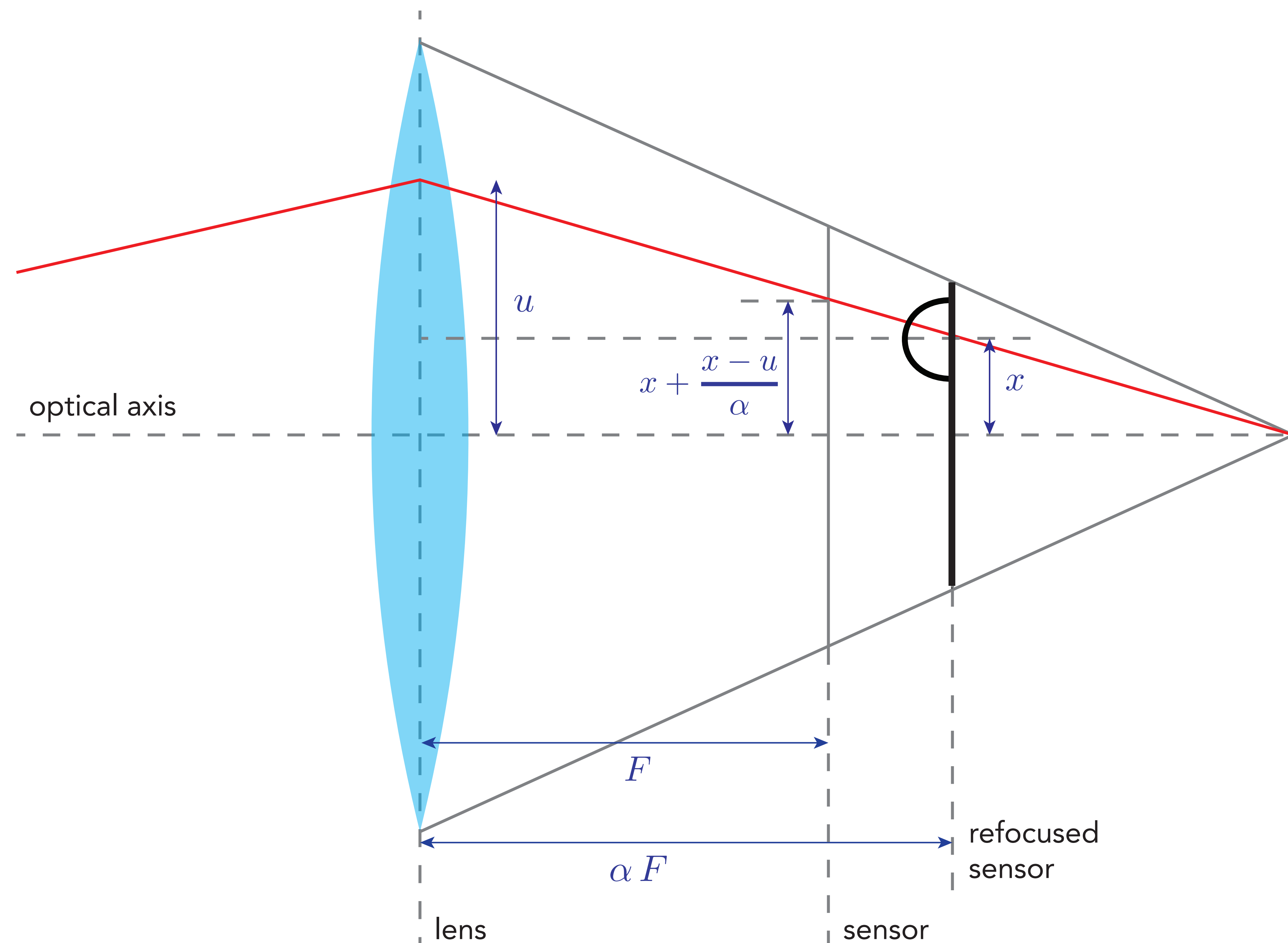
Local Fourier slice photography

- Light field camera:



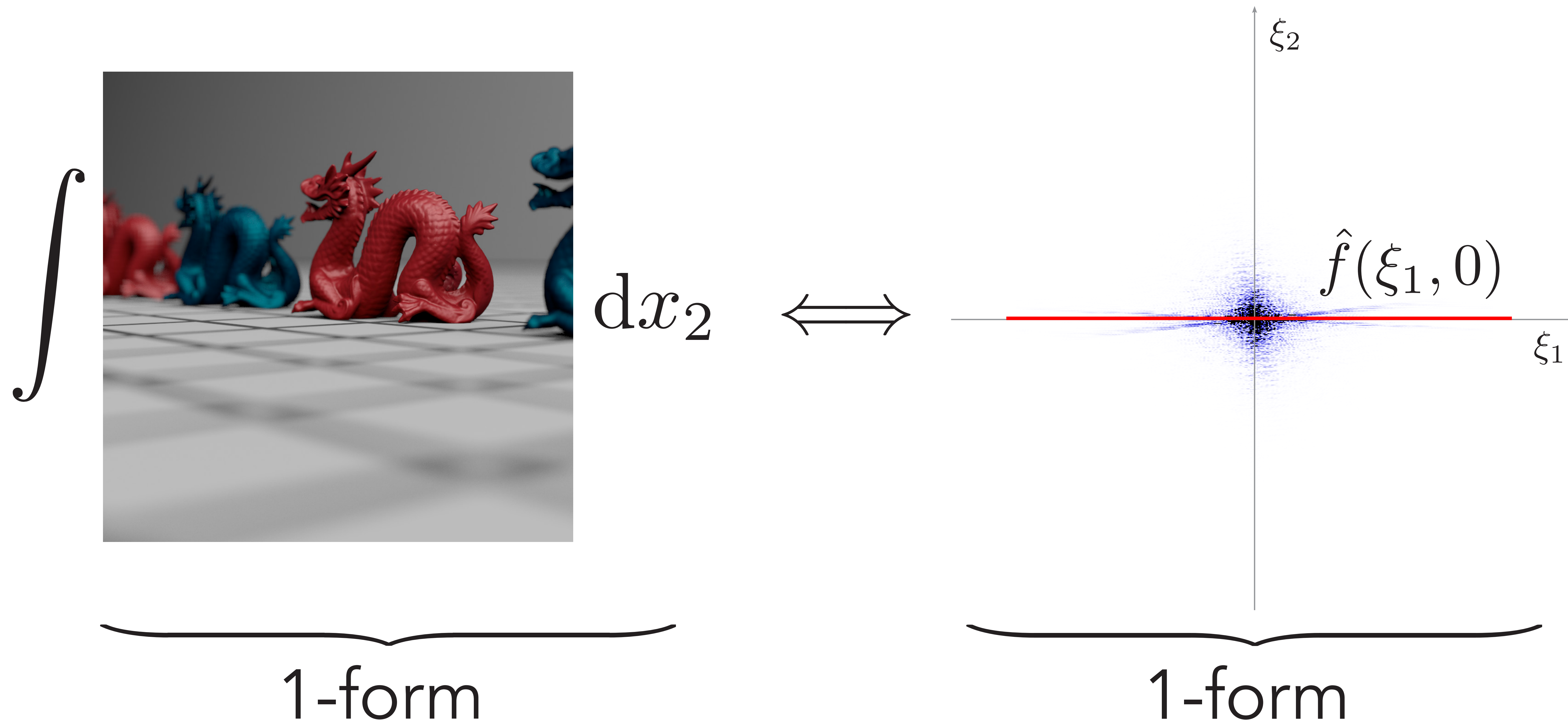
Local Fourier slice photography

- Light field camera:



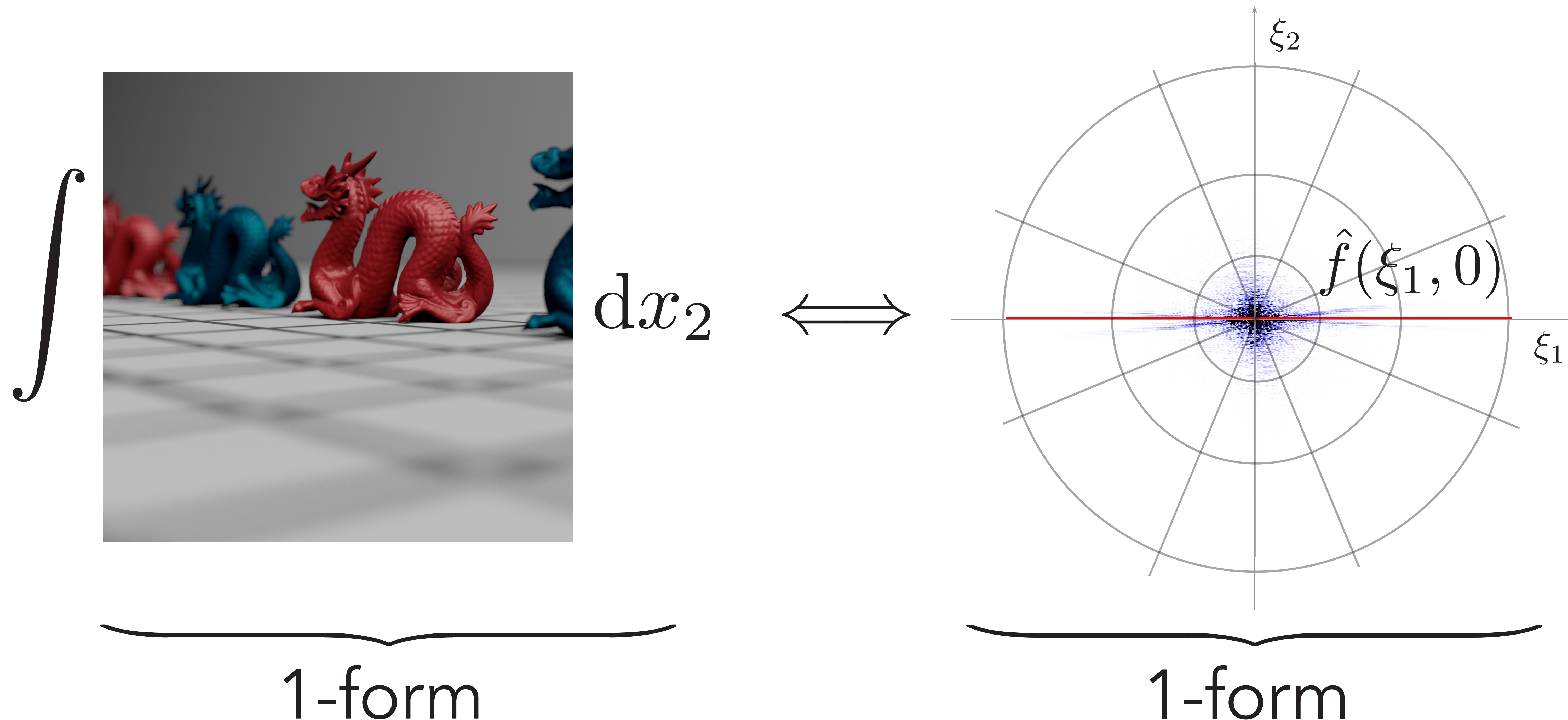
Local Fourier slice photography

- Refocusing is shearing + integration:



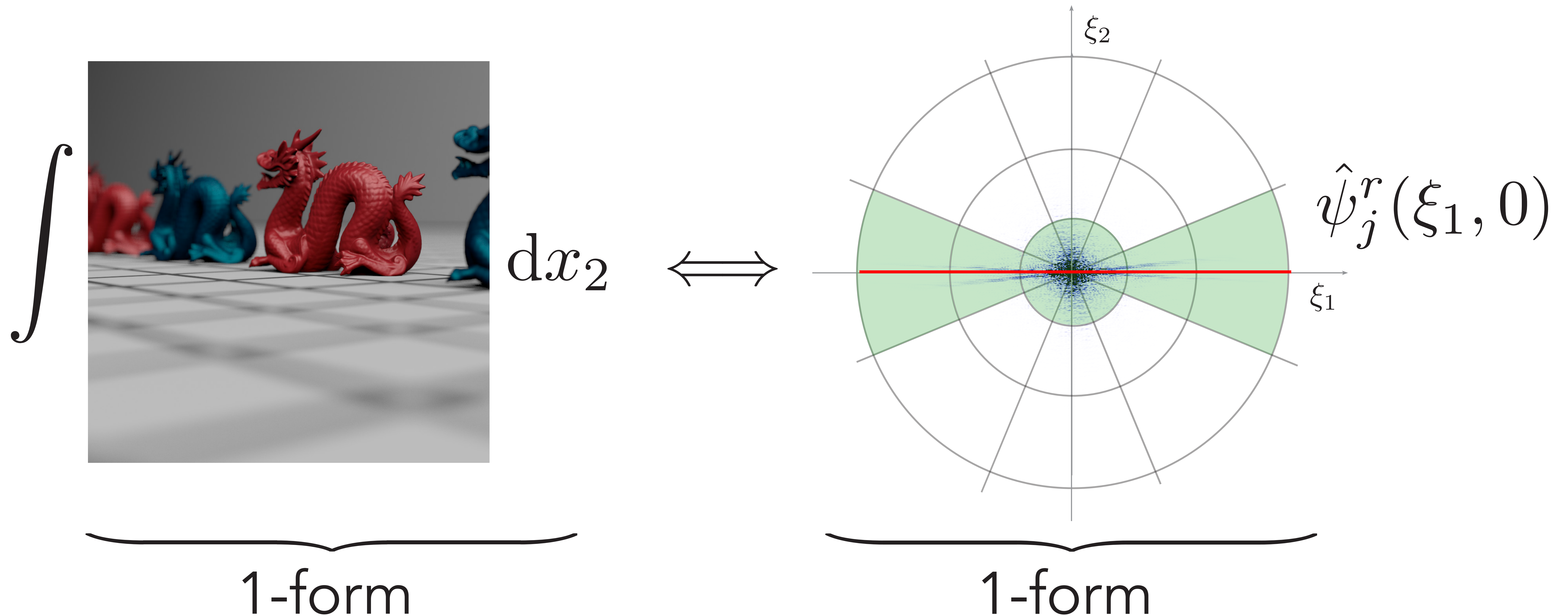
Local Fourier slice photography

- Refocusing is shearing + integration:



Local Fourier slice photography

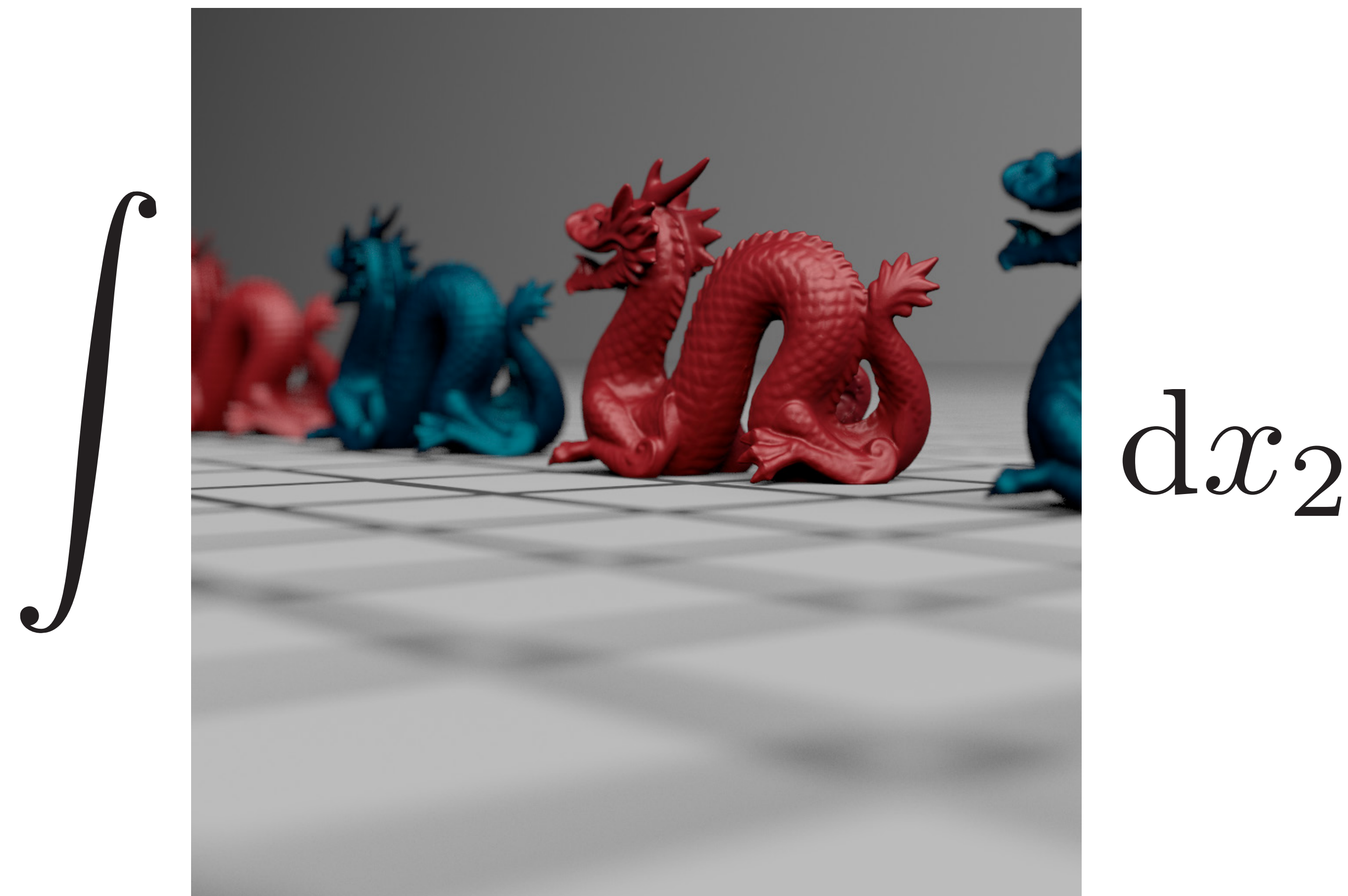
- Refocusing is shearing + integration:



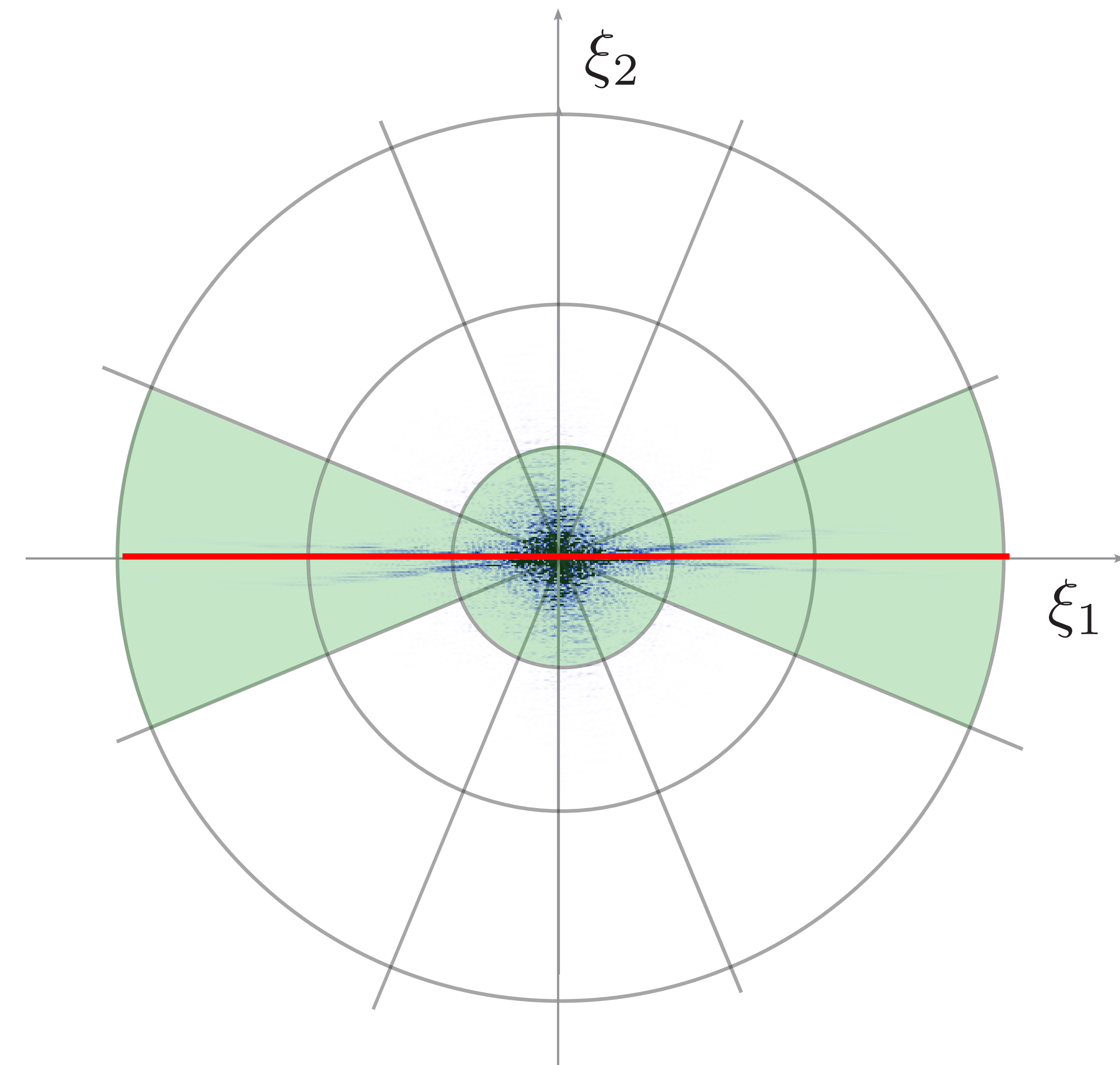
Local Fourier slice photography

- Refocusing is shearing ...

$$\hat{\psi}_j^r(\xi_1, 0) = \hat{\psi}_j^{r-1}(\xi_1)$$

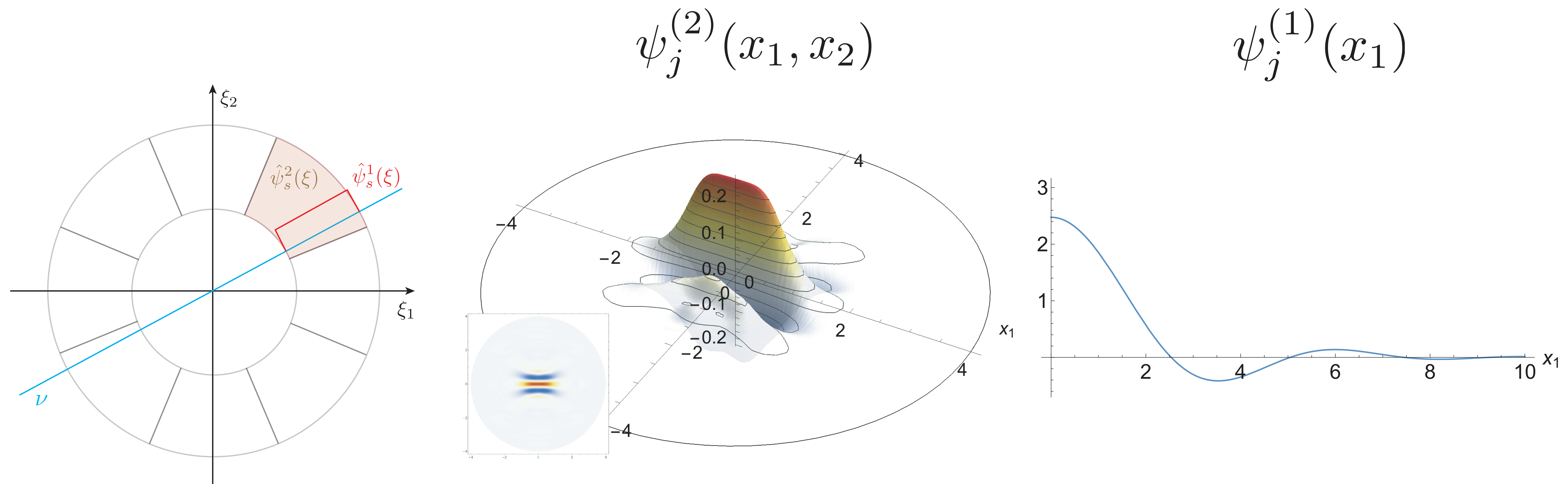


1-form



1-form

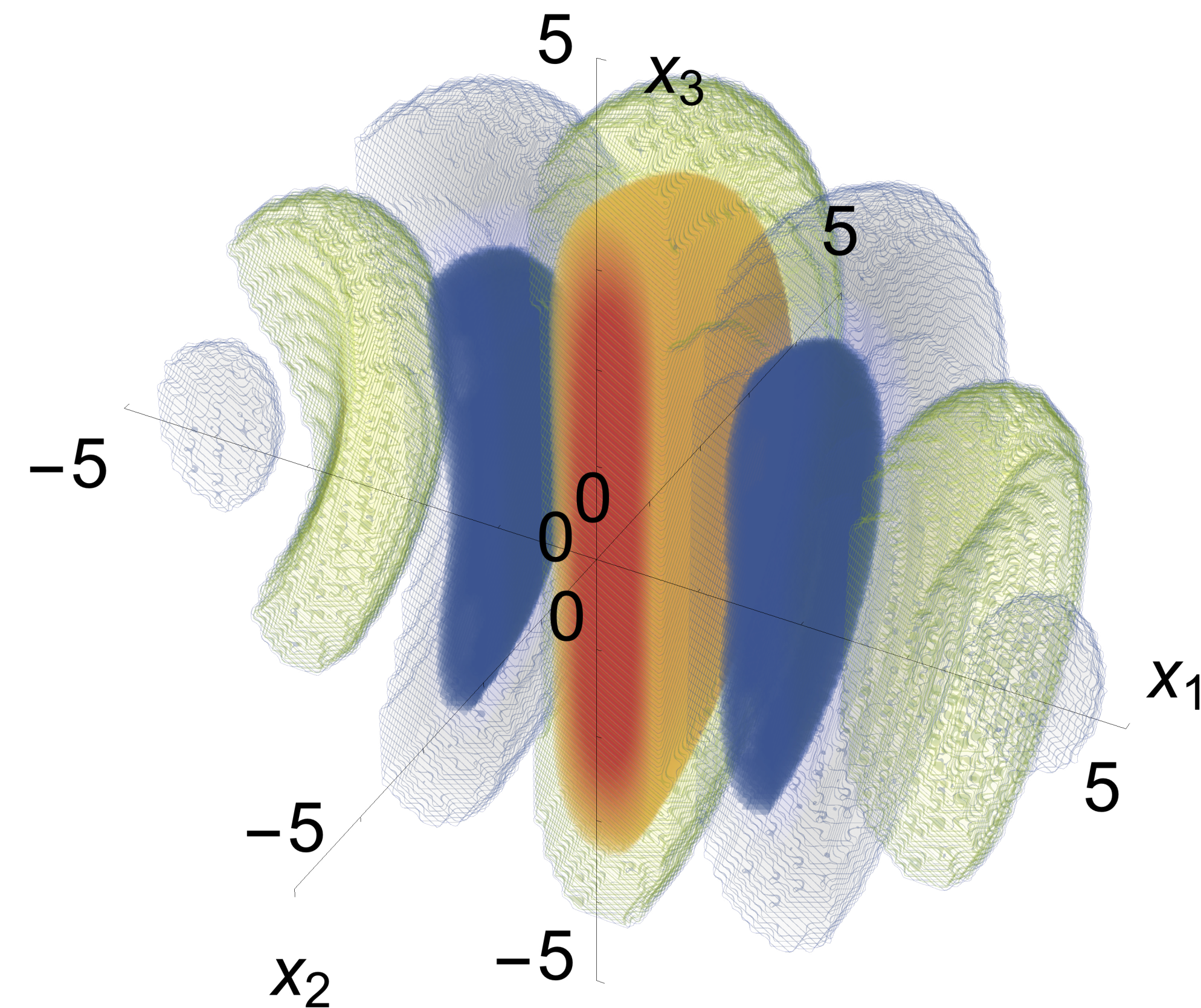
Local Fourier slice photography



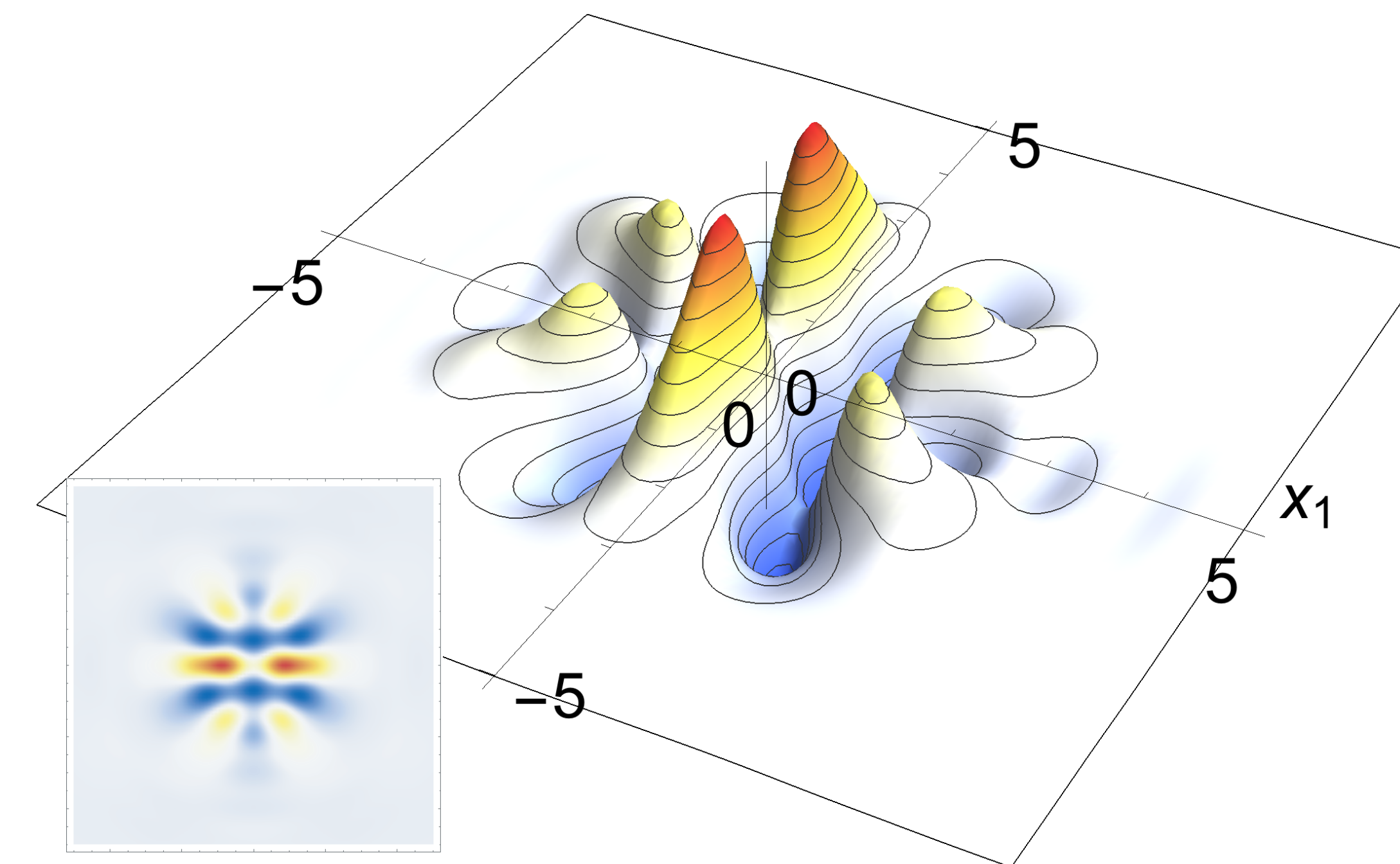
C. Lessig. A local Fourier slice equation. Optics Express, 26(23):29769–29783, nov 2018.

Local Fourier slice photography

$$\psi_j^{(3)}(x_1, x_2, x_3)$$



$$\psi_j^{(2)}(x_1, x_2)$$

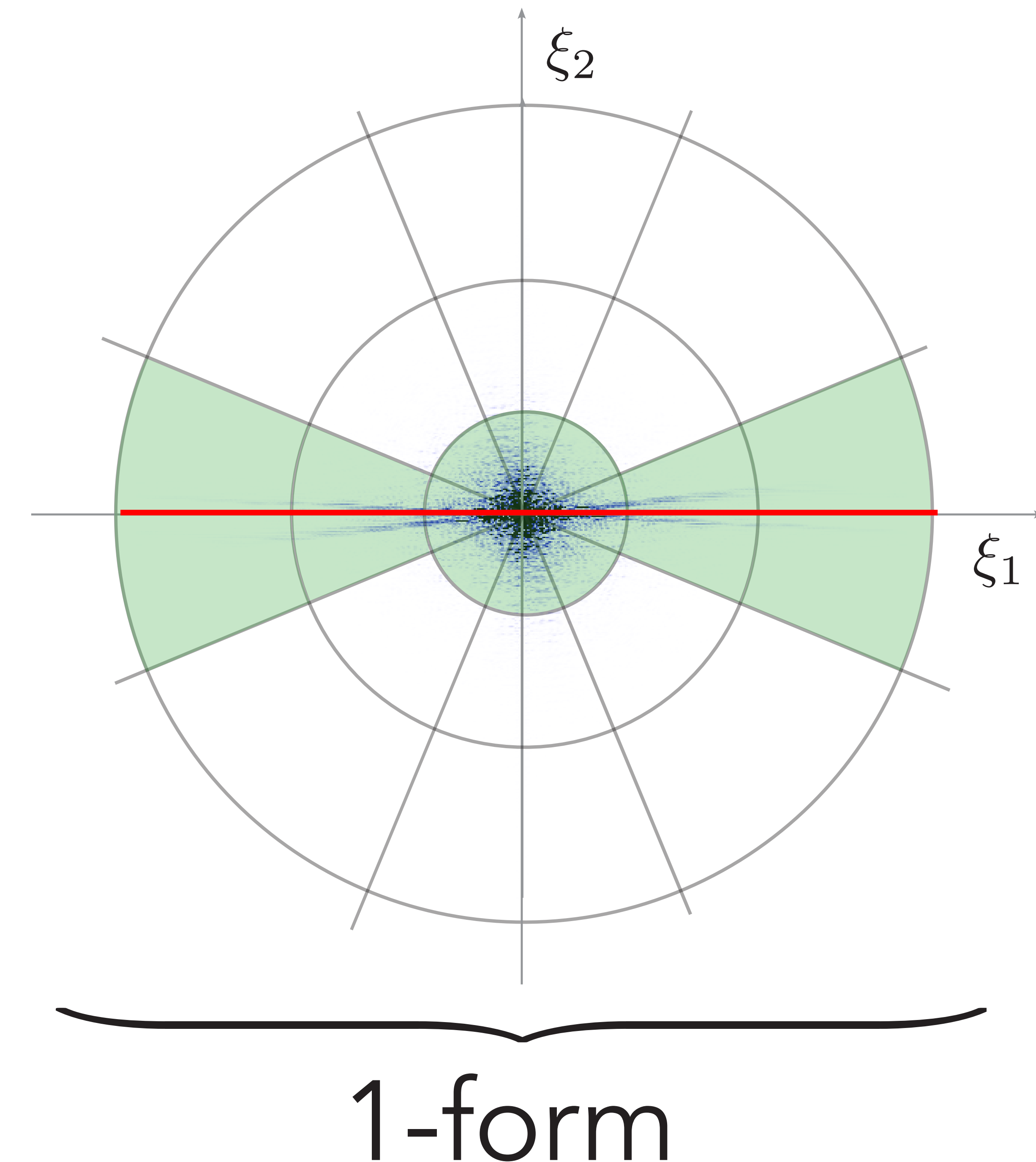
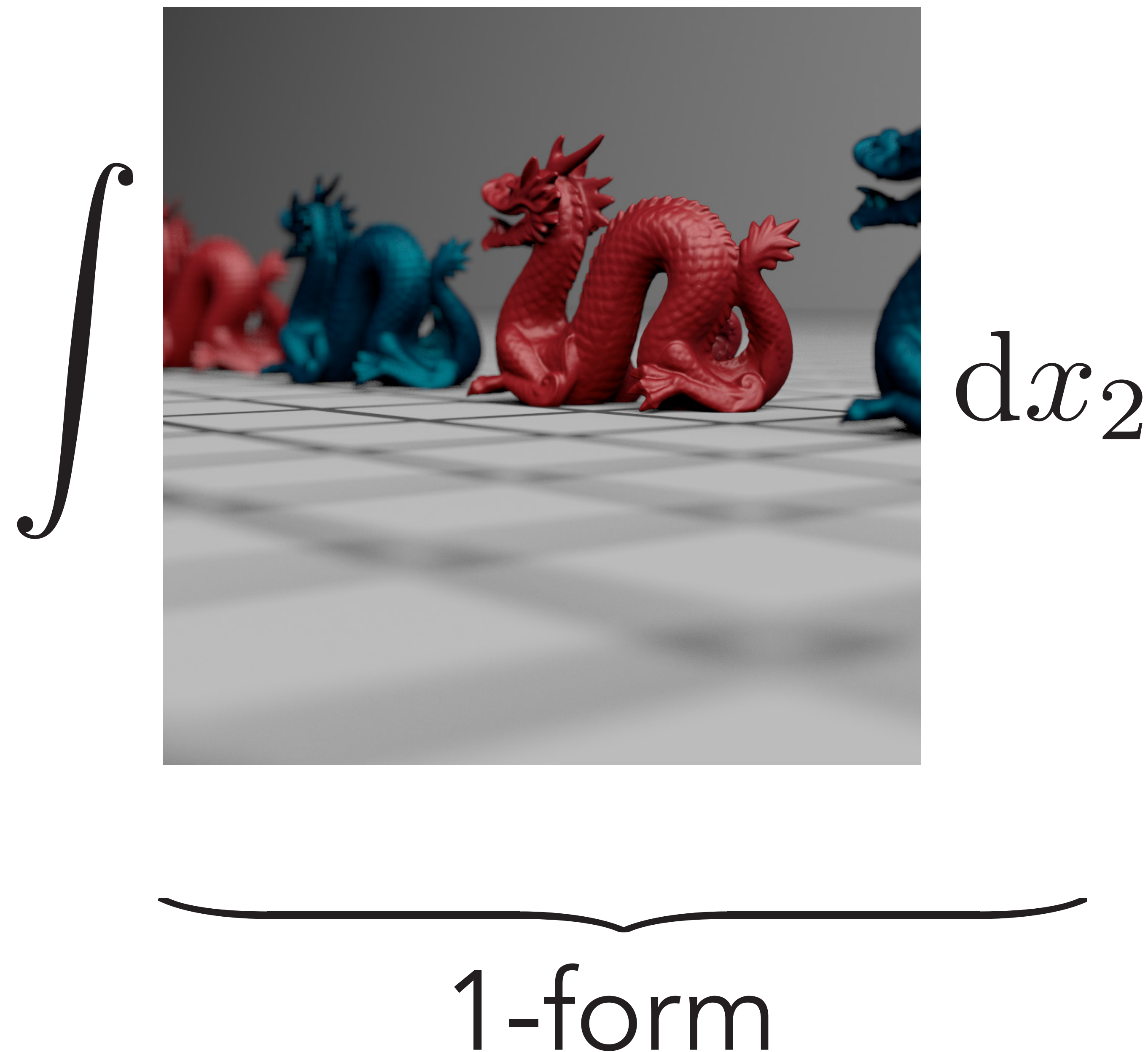


C. Lessig. A local Fourier slice equation. Optics Express, 26(23):29769–29783, nov 2018.

Local Fourier slice photography

- Refocusing is shearing ...

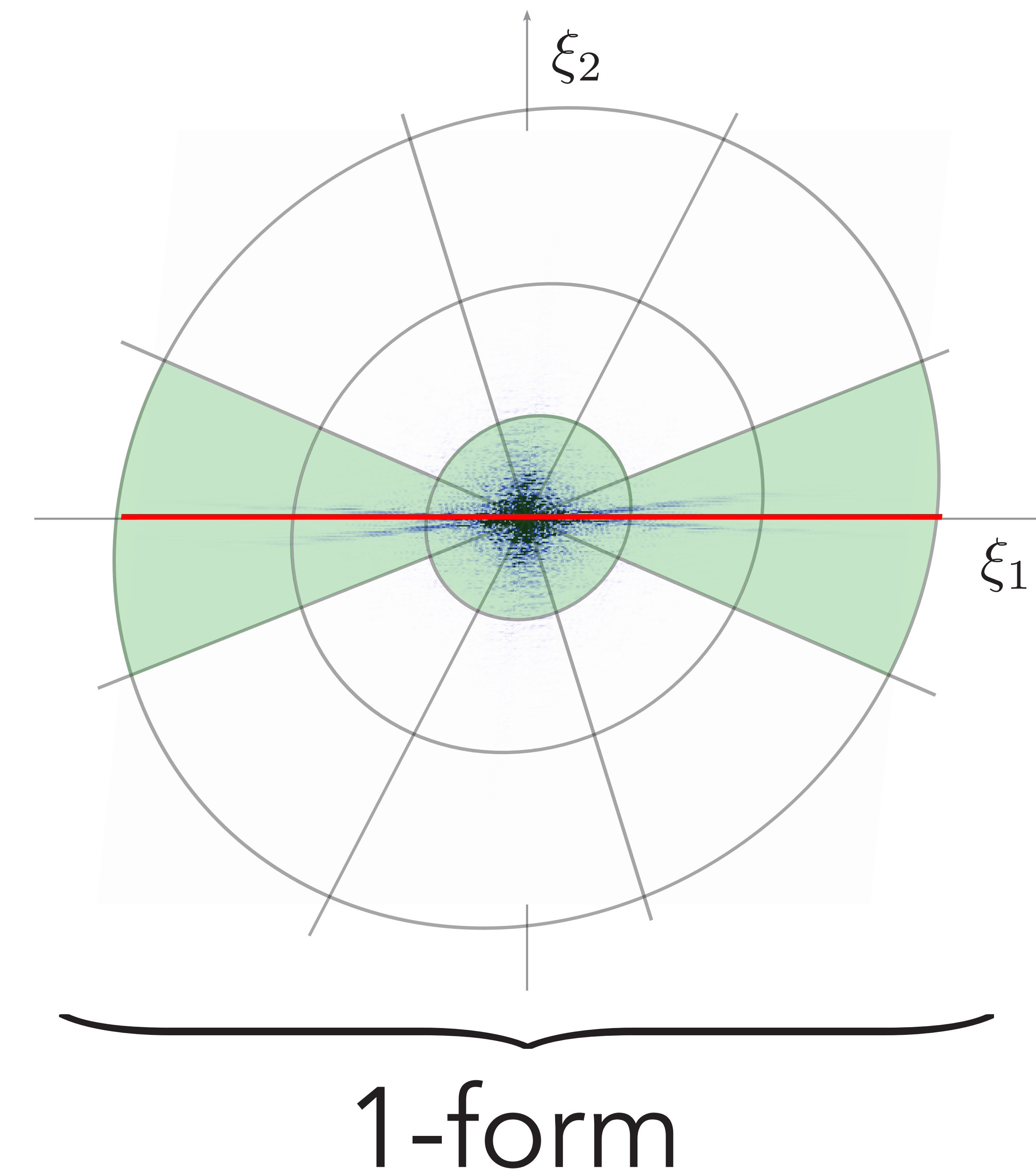
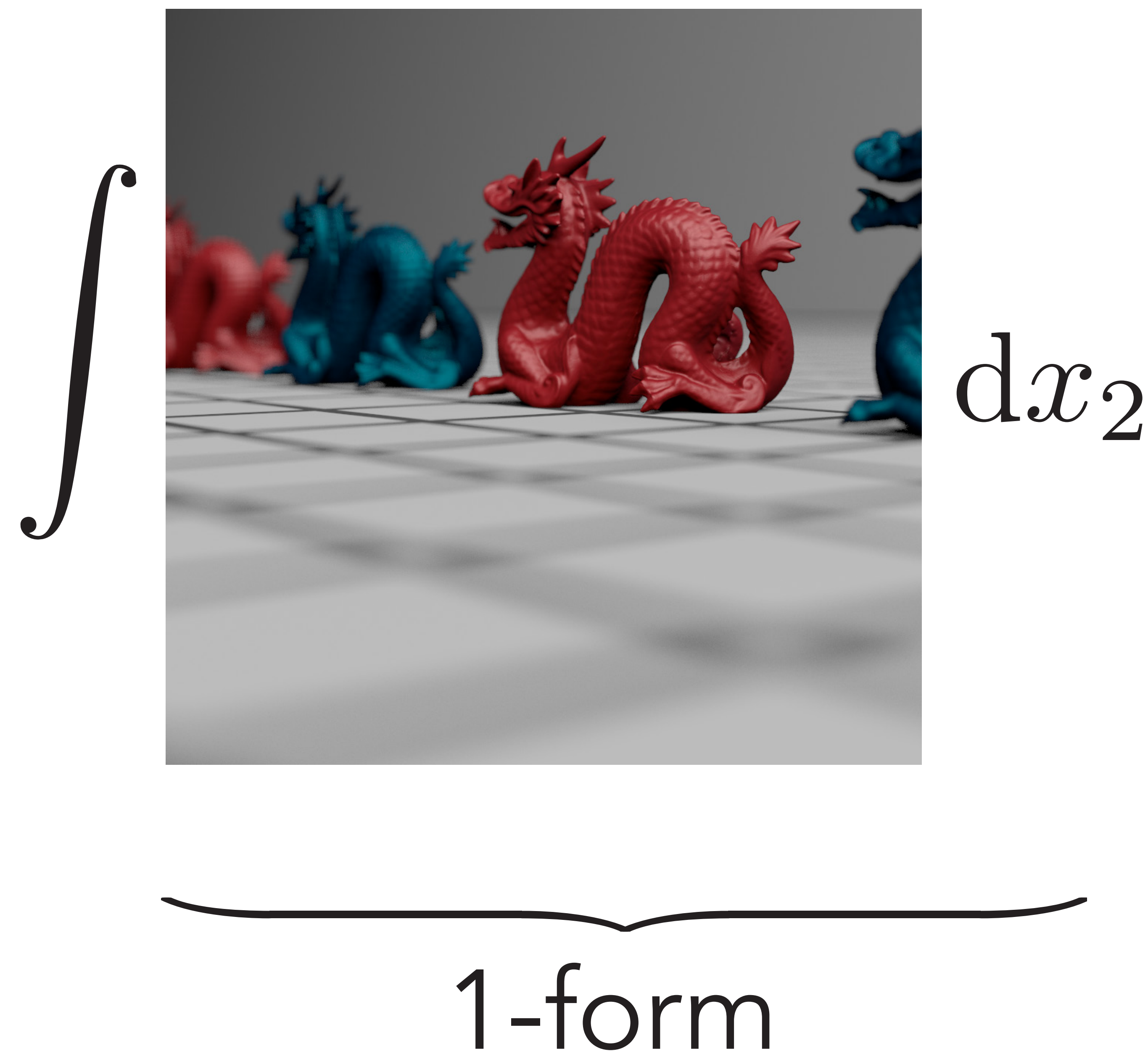
$$\hat{\psi}_j^r(\xi_1, 0) = \hat{\psi}_j^{r-1}(\xi_1)$$



Local Fourier slice photography

- Refocusing is shearing ...

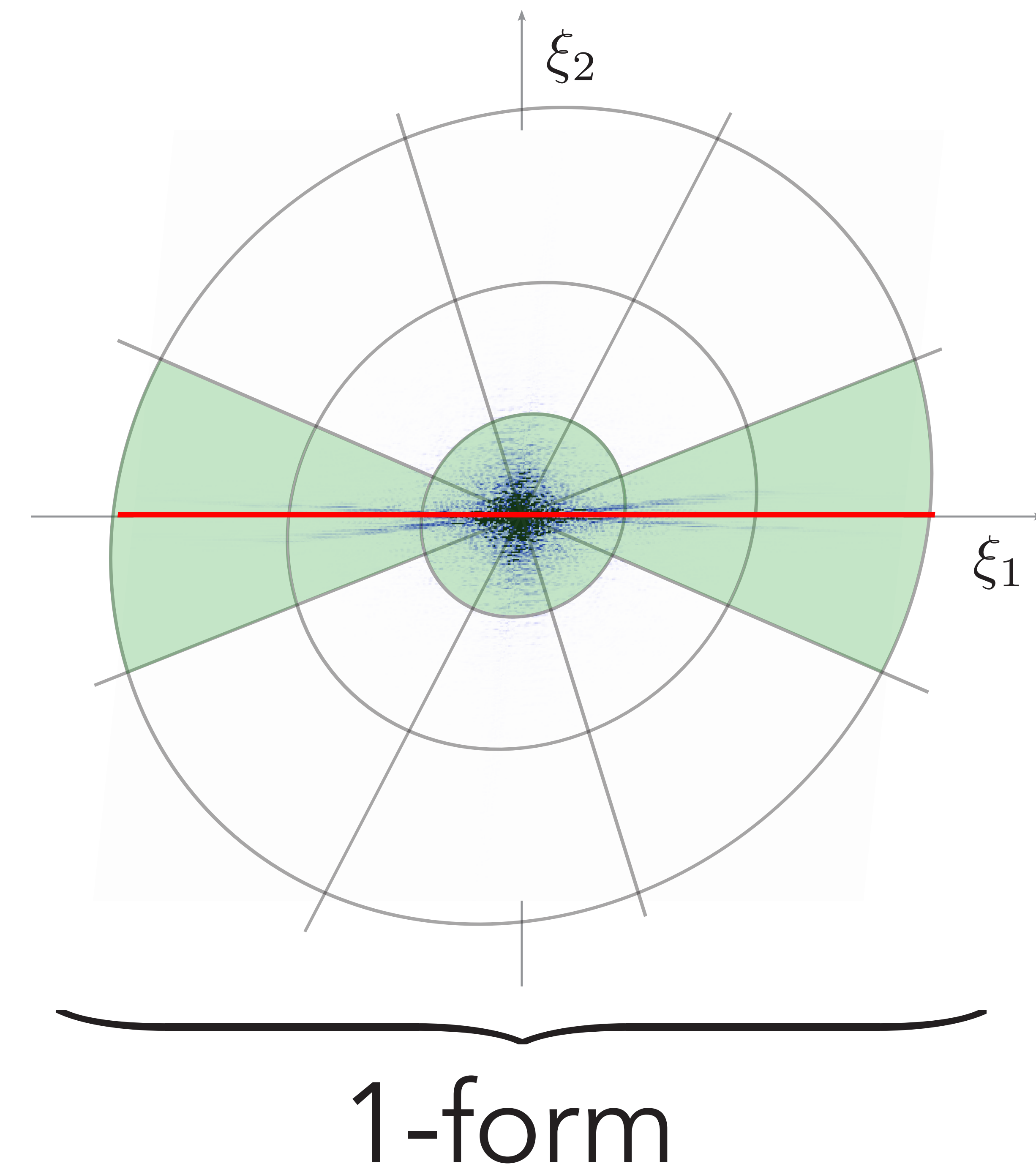
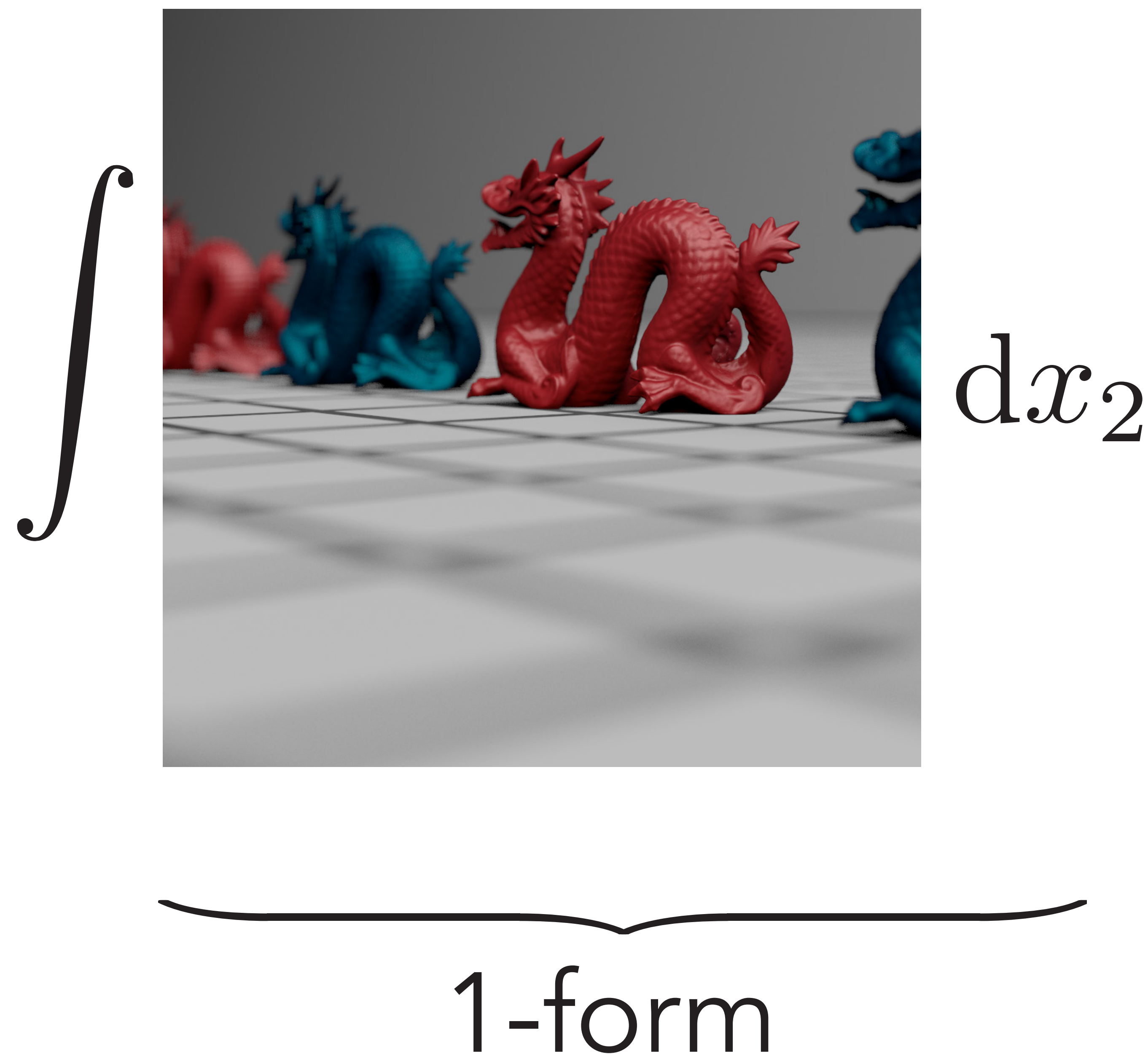
$$\hat{\psi}_j^r(\xi_1, 0) = \hat{\psi}_j^{r-1}(\xi_1)$$



Local Fourier slice photography

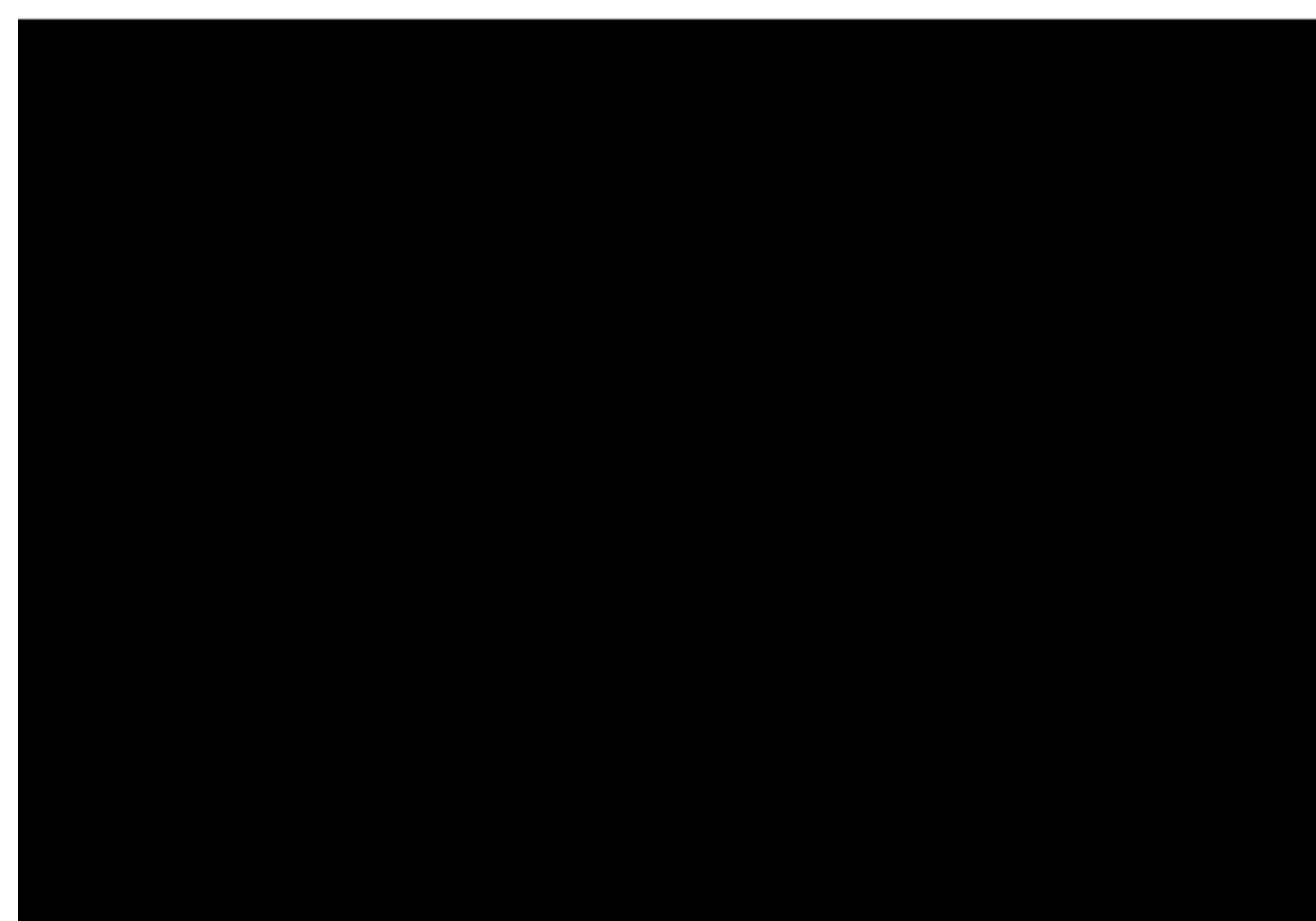
- Refocusing is shearing ...

$$\hat{\psi}_j^r(\xi_1, 0) = \hat{\psi}_j^{r-1, \alpha}(\xi_1)$$

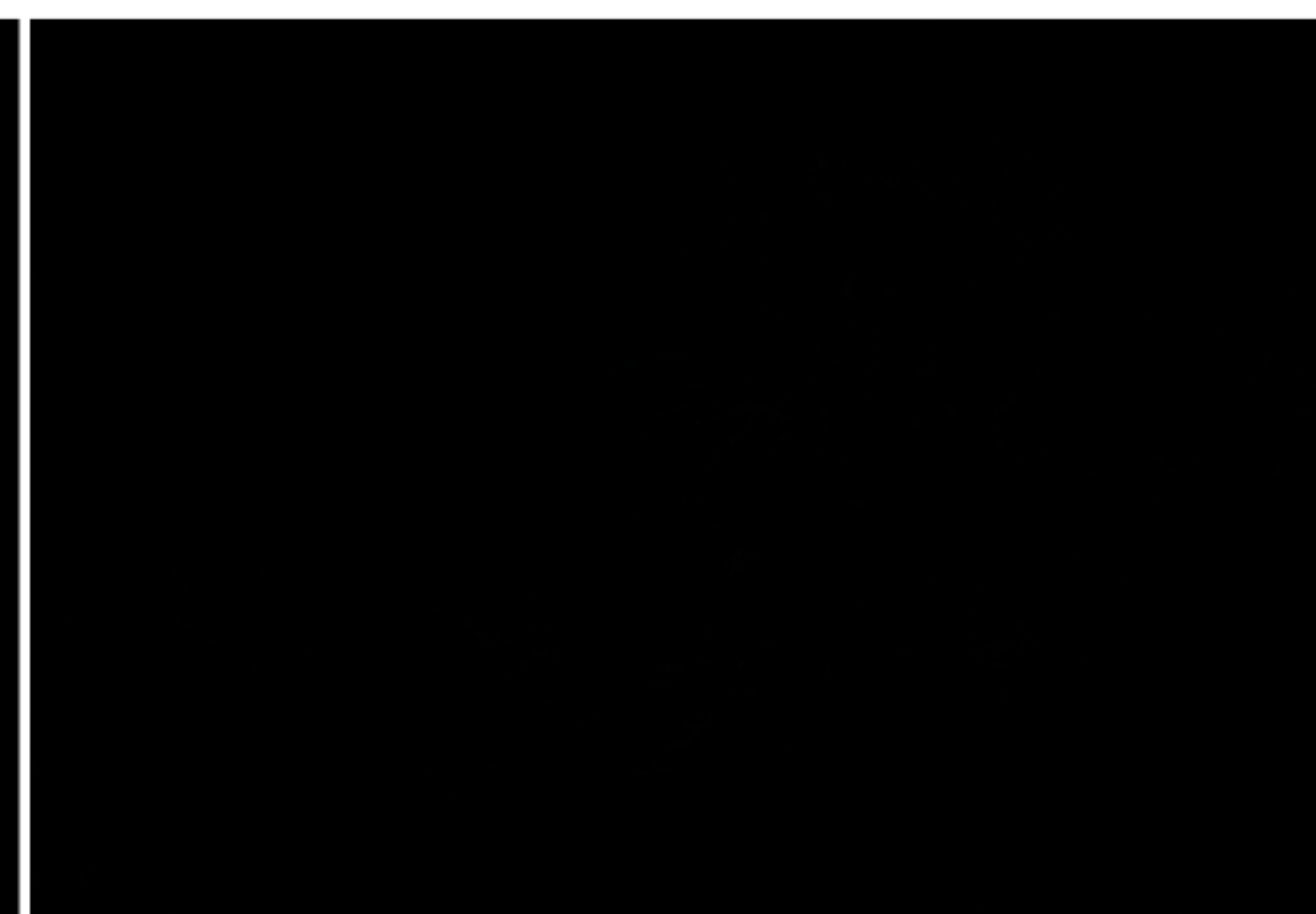


Local Fourier slice photography

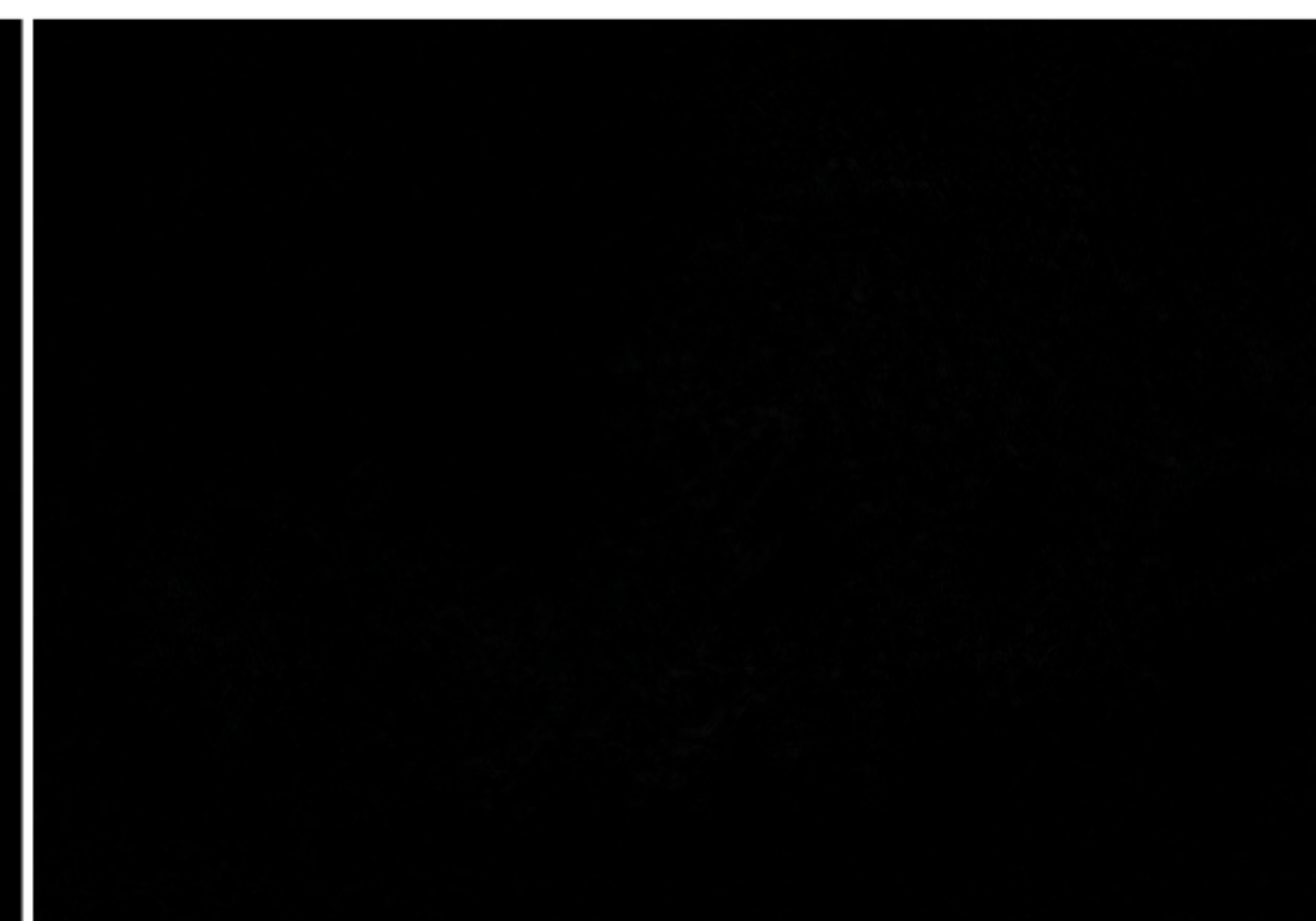
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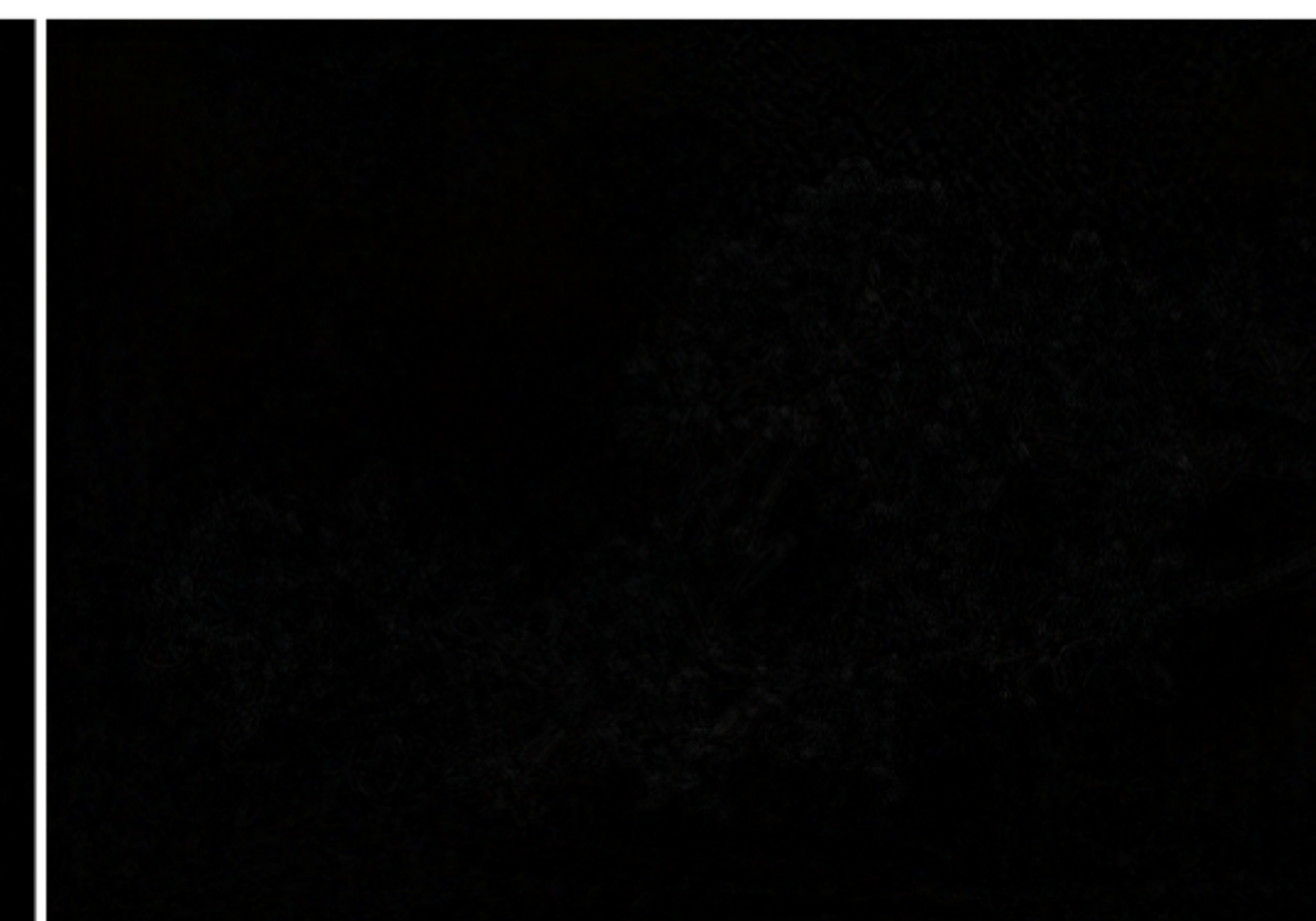
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cr=20.2



cr=38.9

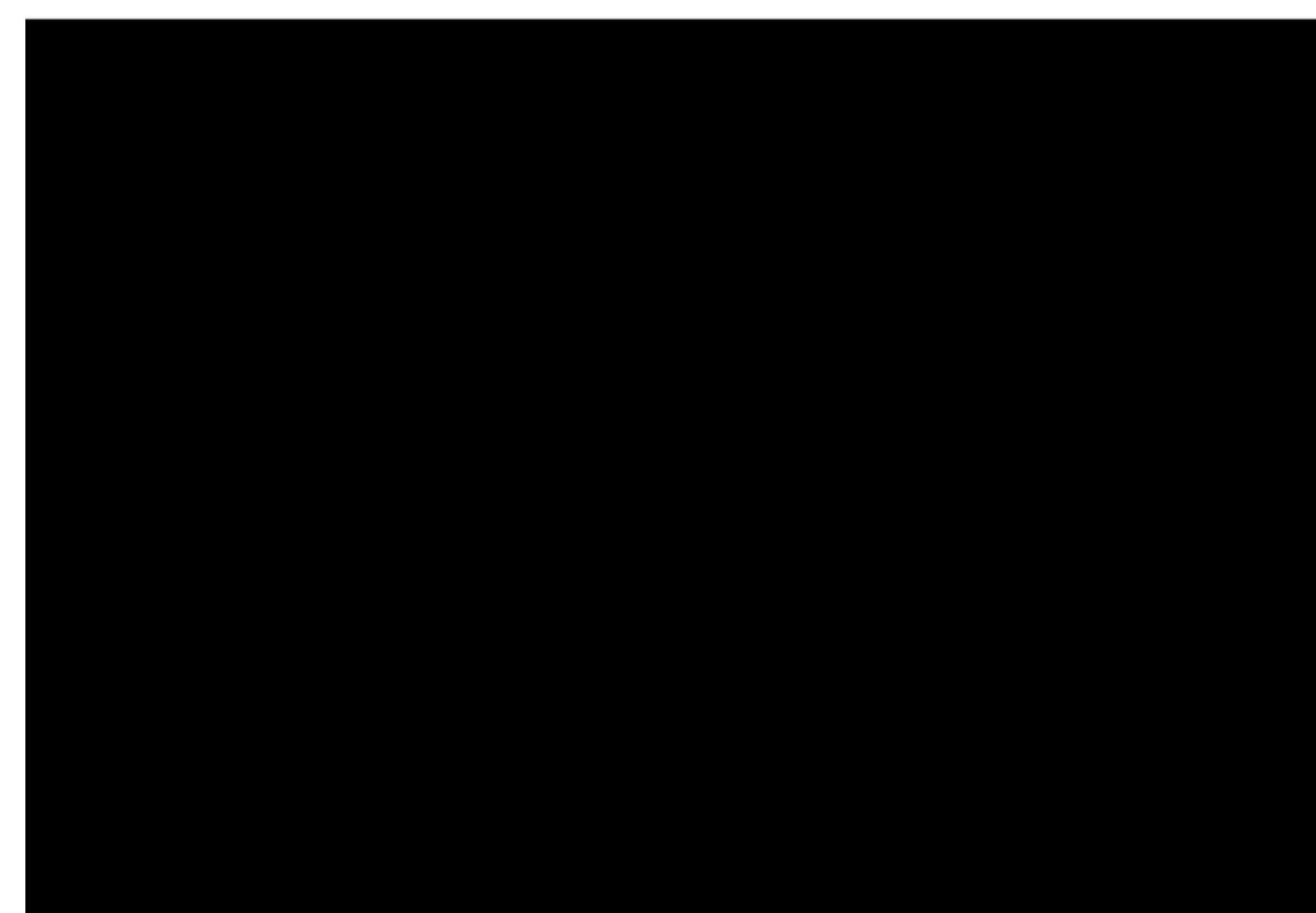


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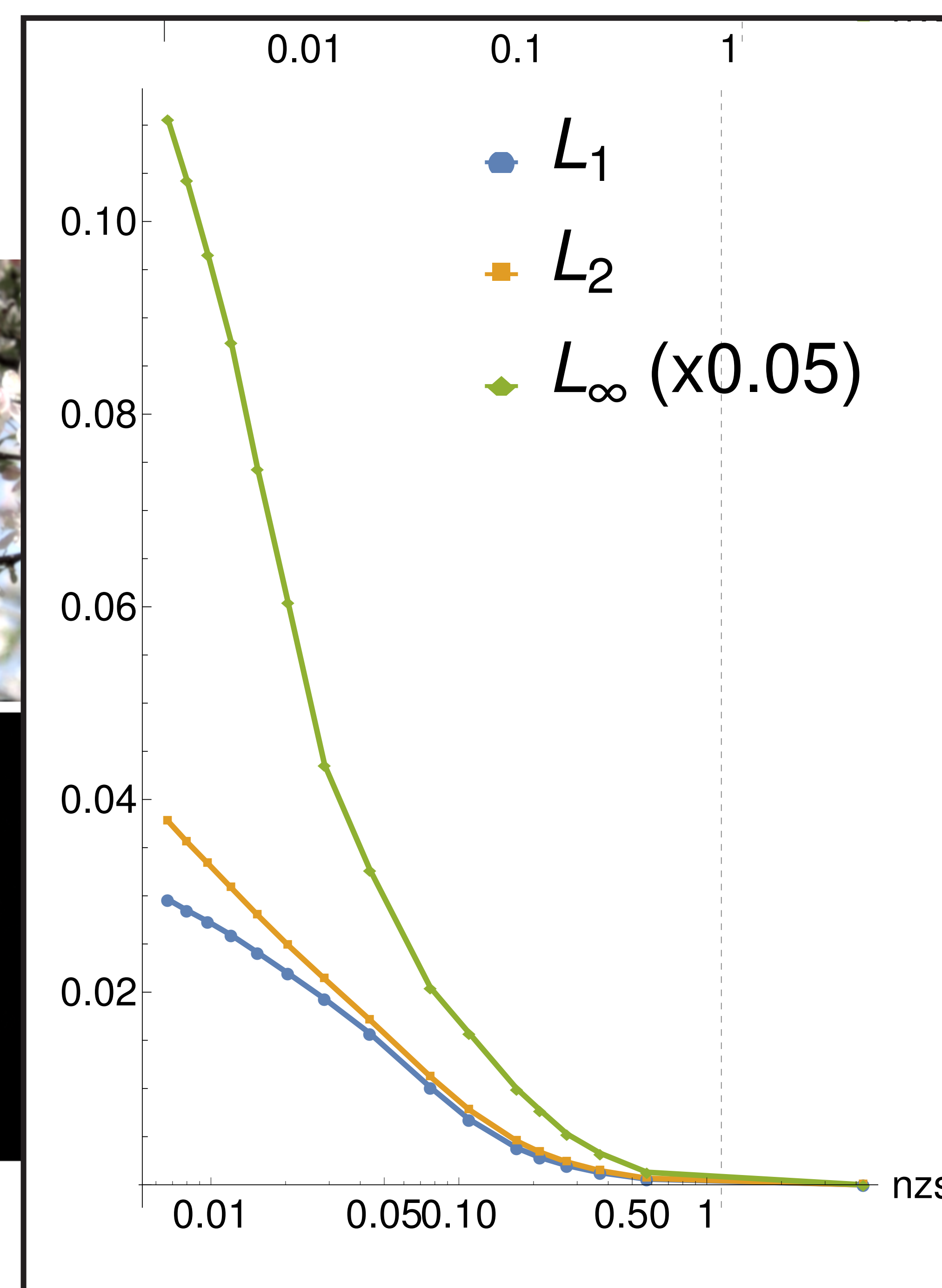
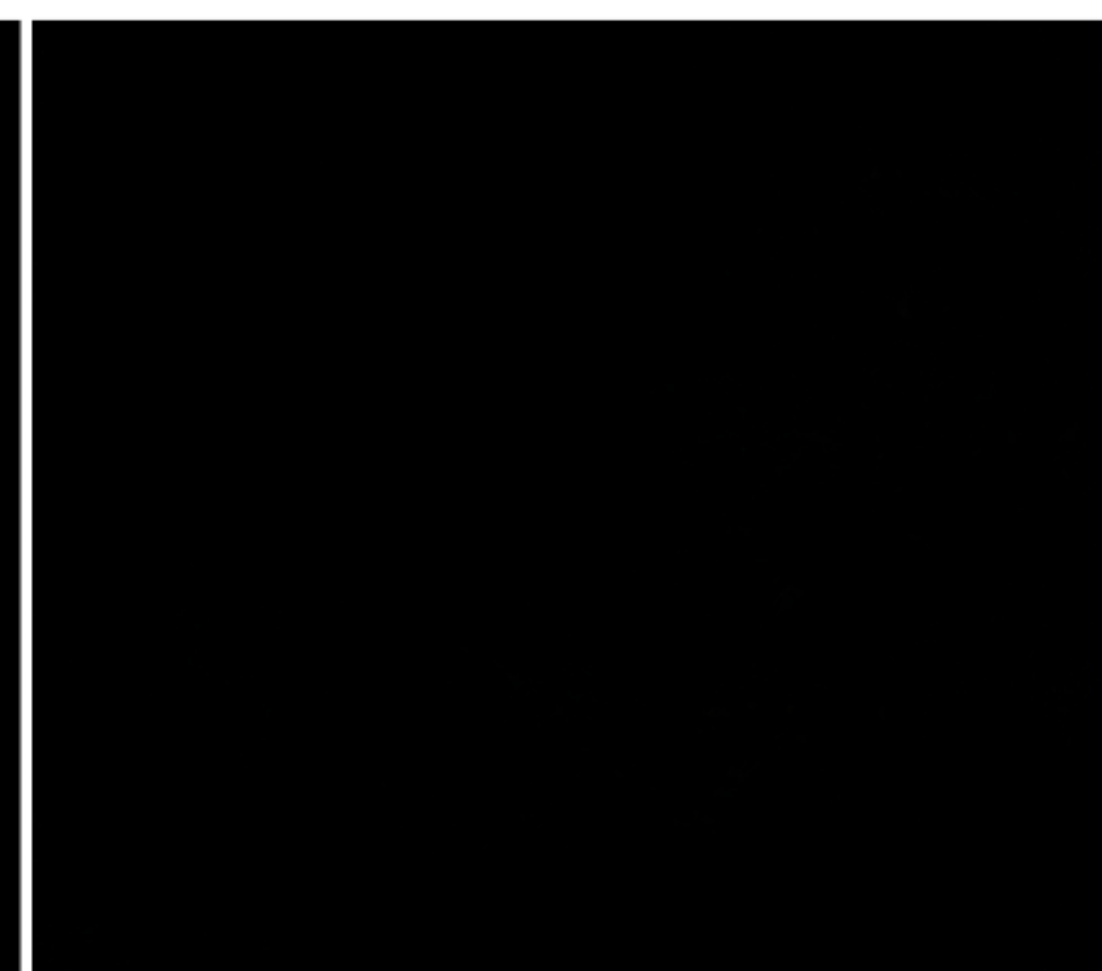


Local Fourier slice photography

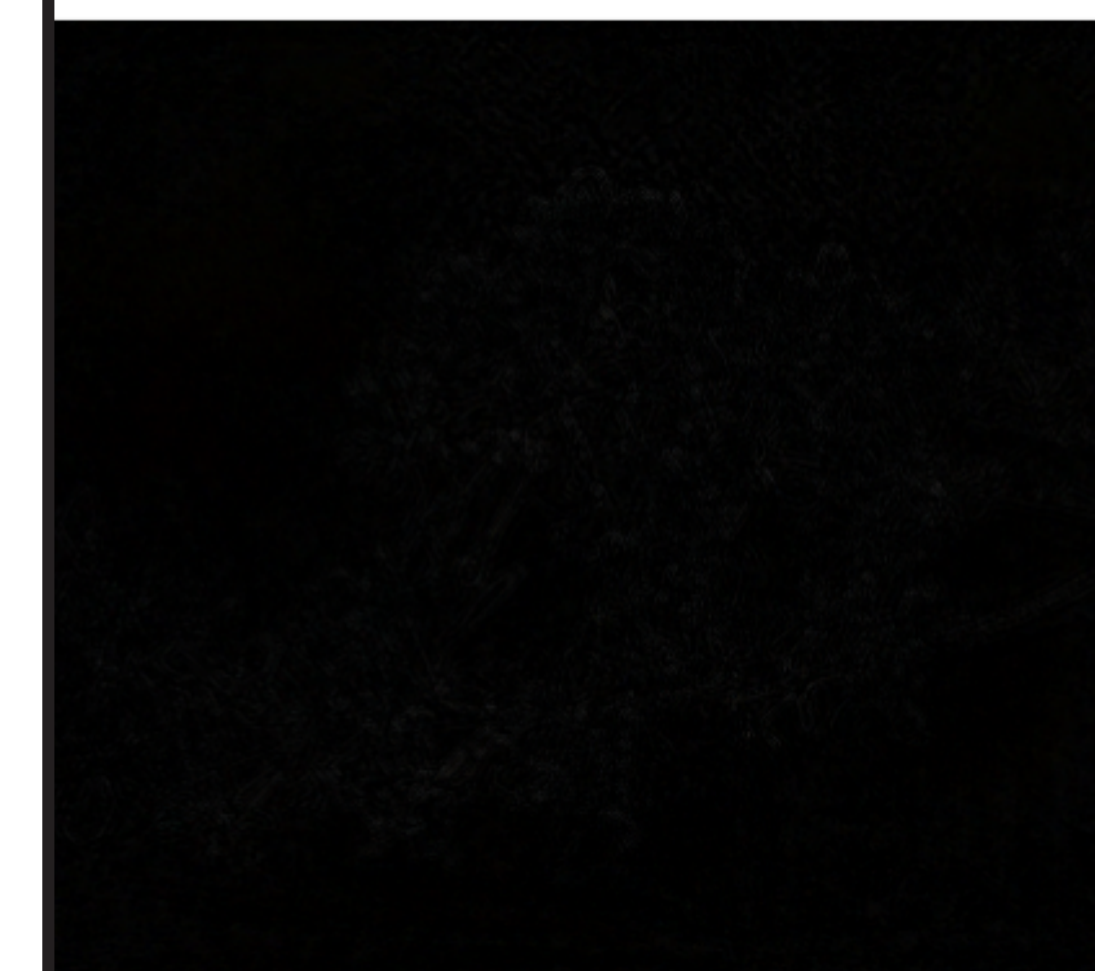
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cr=11.5



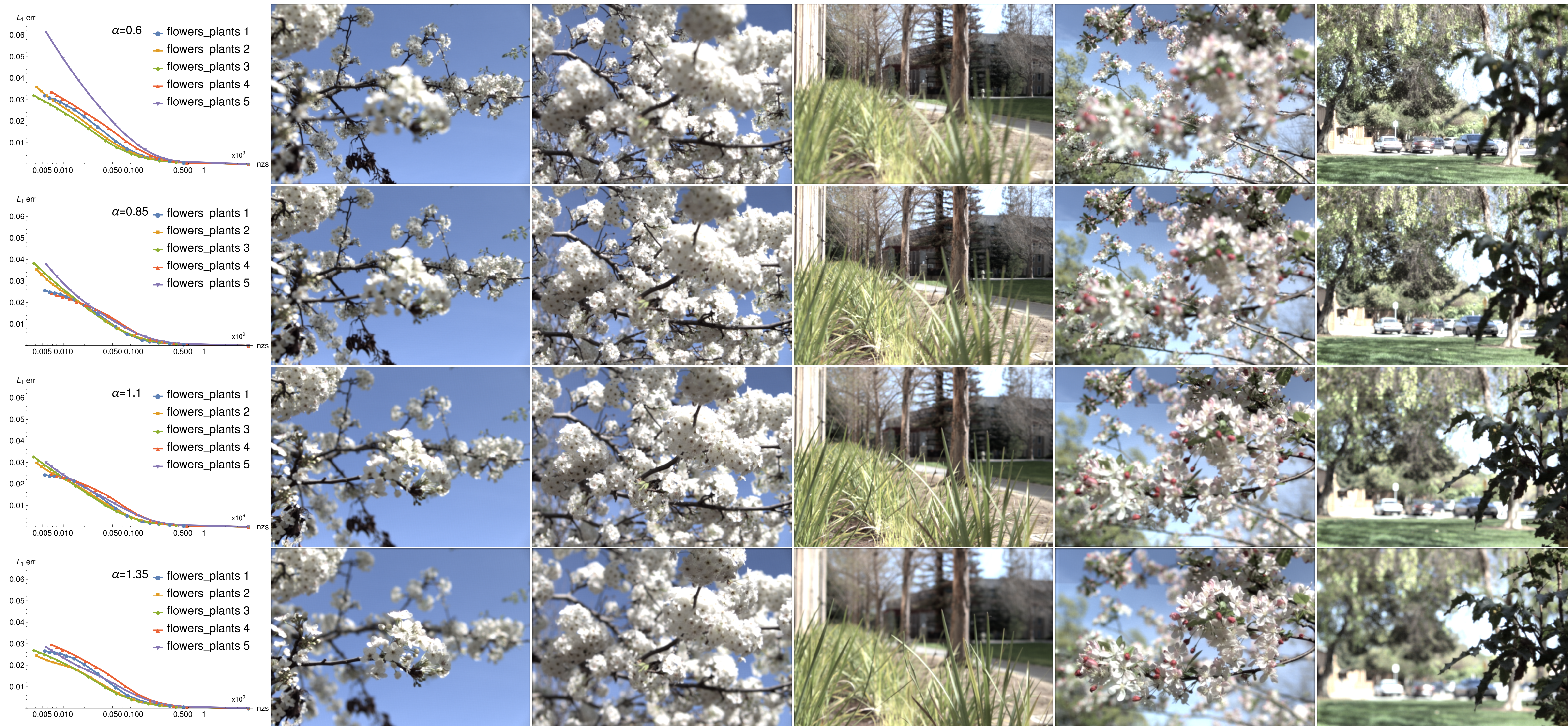
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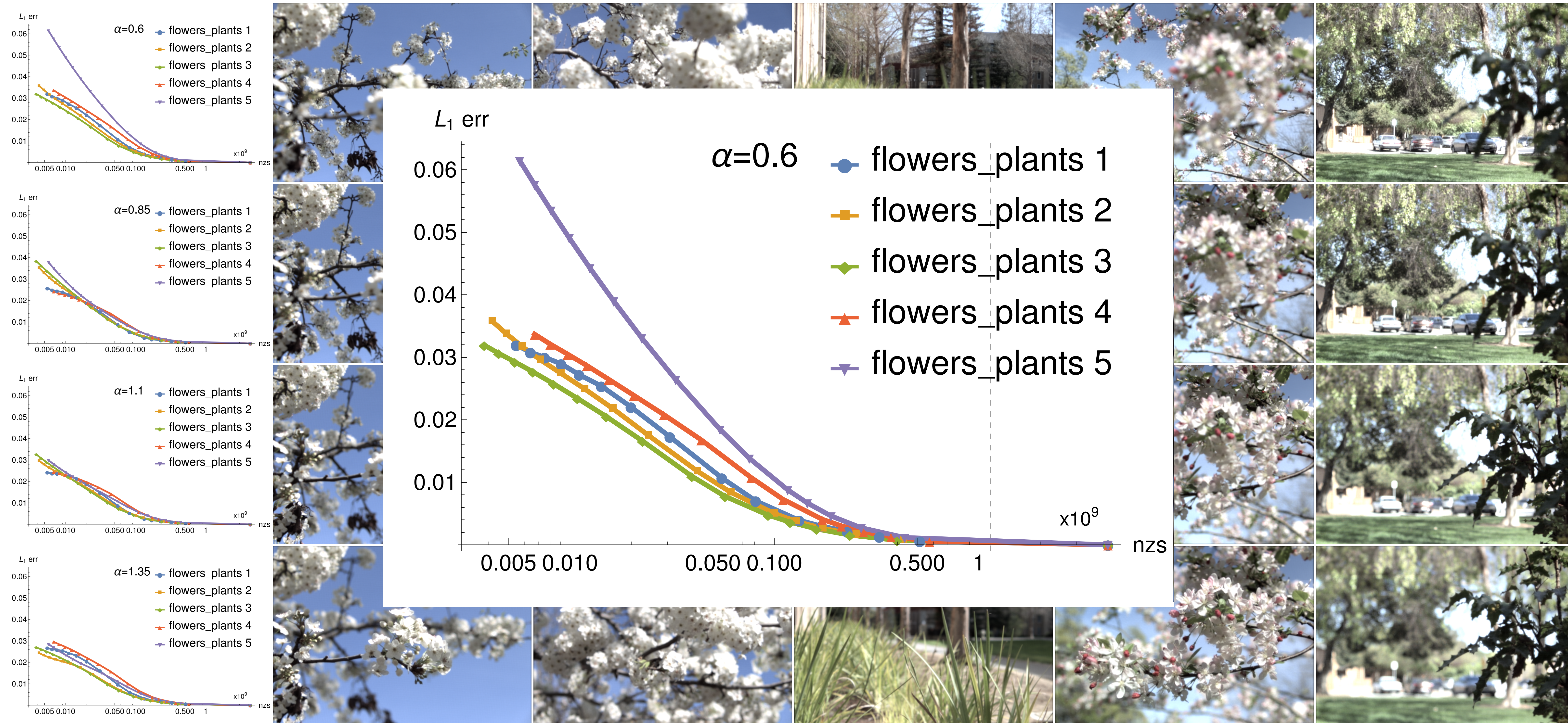
cr=209.3



Local Fourier slice photography



Local Fourier slice photography



Simulation of shallow water equation

- Simplified 2.5D model for atmosphere

C. C. da Silva, B. Dodov, H. Dijkstra, T. Sapsis, and C. Lessig. A local spectral exterior calculus for the sphere and application to the shallow water equations. Submitted to Journal of Computational Physics, 2020.

Simulation of shallow water equation

- Simplified 2.5D model for atmosphere
- Discretization based on $\Psi_{ec}(S^2)$ for coarse scales

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Simulation of shallow water equation

- Simplified 2.5D model for atmosphere
- Discretization based on $\Psi_{ec}(S^2)$ for coarse scales
- Neural network-based correction to account for small scales

C. C. da Silva, B. Dodov, H. Dijkstra, T. Sapsis, and C. Lessig. A local spectral exterior calculus for the sphere and application to the shallow water equations. Submitted to Journal of Computational Physics, 2020.

Simulation of shallow water equation

- Shallow water equation:

$$\dot{\zeta} = -\nabla \cdot (\zeta + f) \vec{u}$$

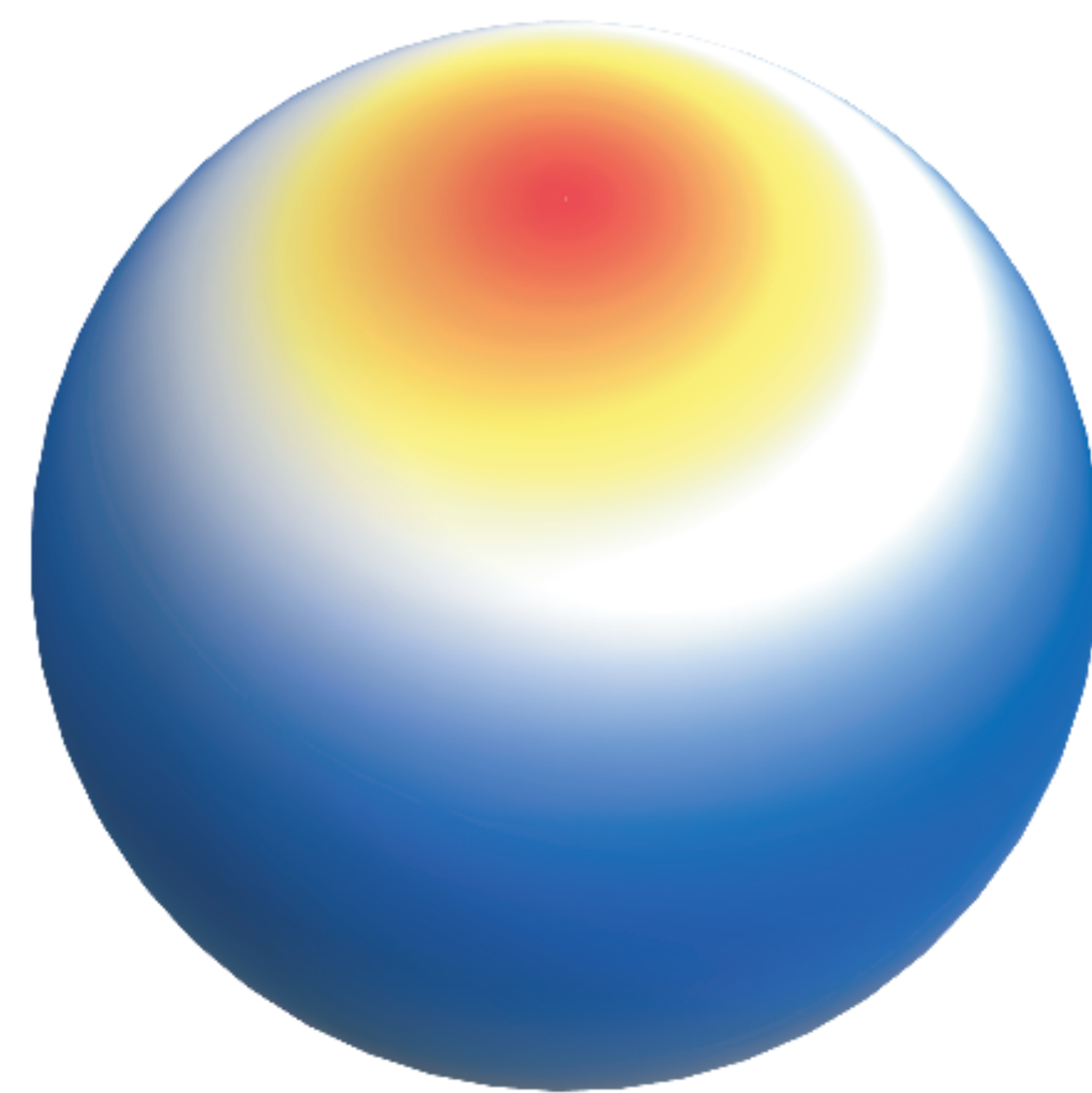
$$\dot{\mu} = \nabla \times (\zeta + f) \vec{u} - \Delta \frac{|\vec{u}|^2}{2} - \Delta g(h + h_e)$$

$$\dot{h} = -\nabla \cdot (h \vec{u})$$

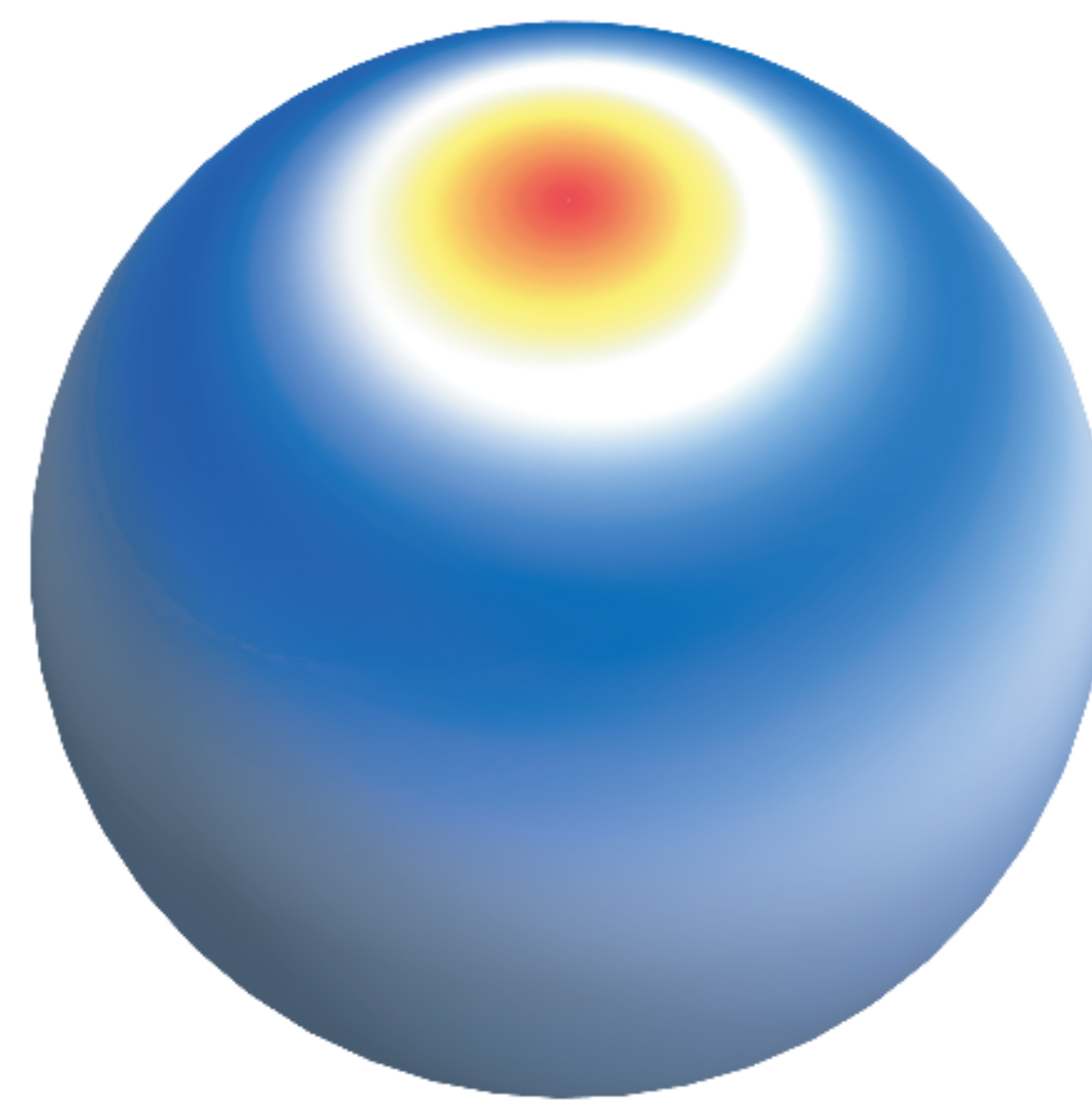
$$\vec{u} = \delta \Delta^{-1} \zeta + \mathrm{d} \Delta^{-1} \star \mu$$

C. C. da Silva, B. Dodov, H. Dijkstra, T. Sapsis, and C. Lessig. A local spectral exterior calculus for the sphere and application to the shallow water equations. Submitted to Journal of Computational Physics, 2020.

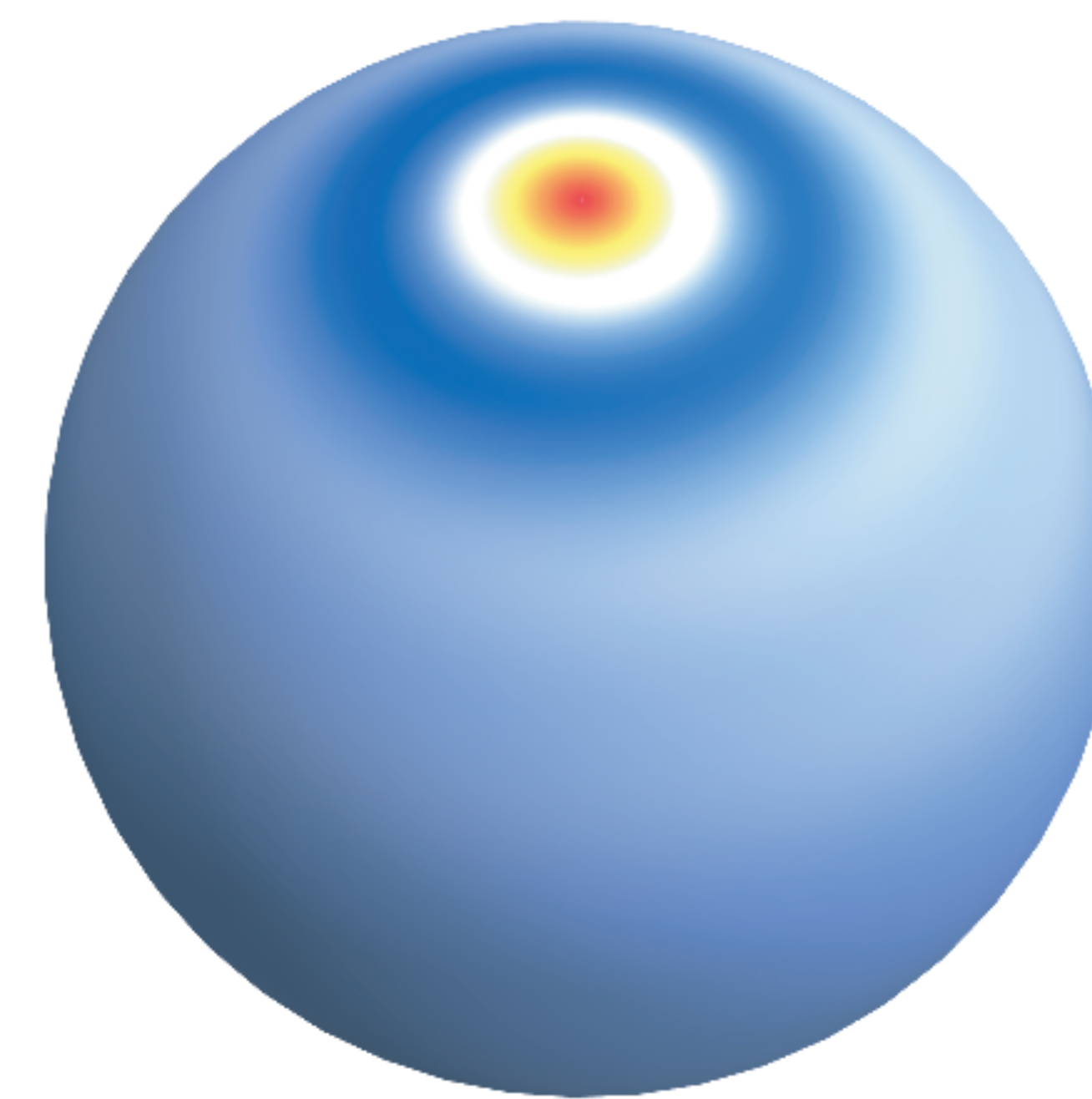
Simulation of shallow water equation



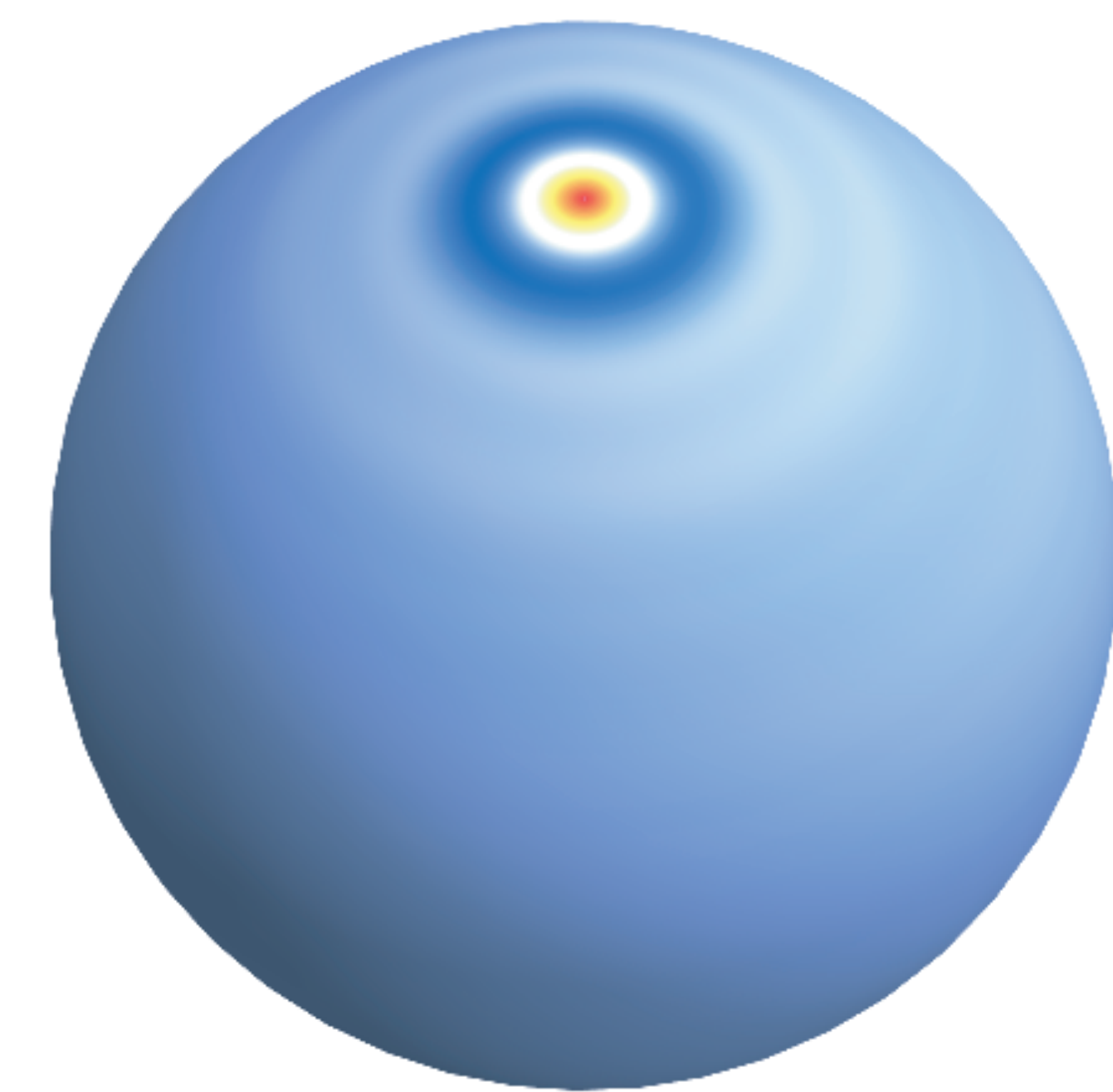
ψ_1



ψ_2

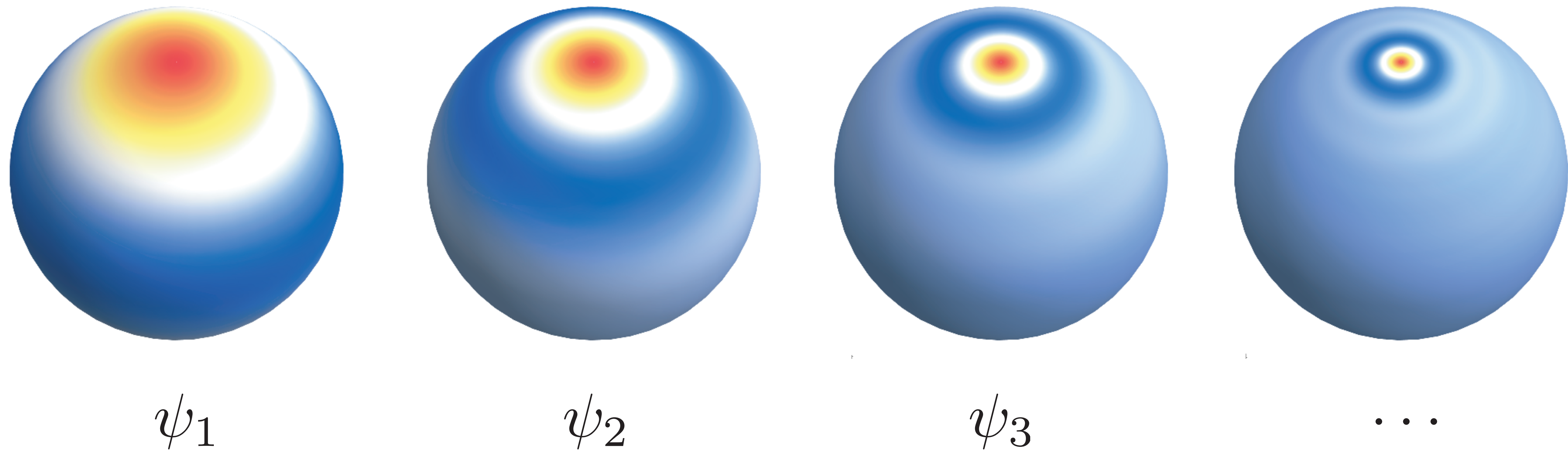


ψ_3



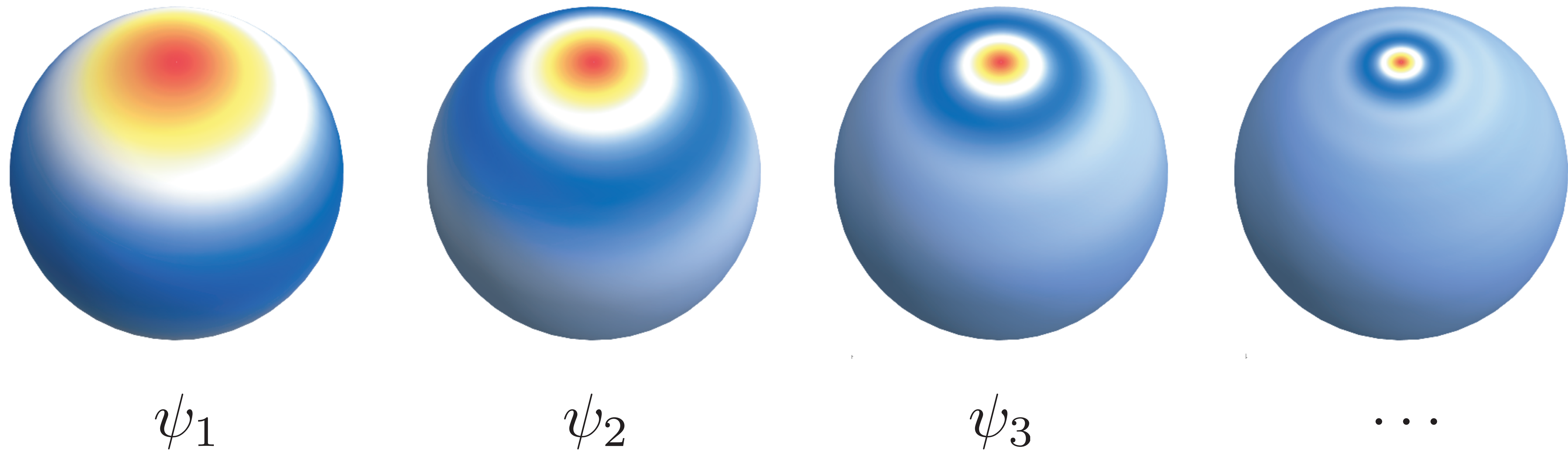
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Simulation of shallow water equation



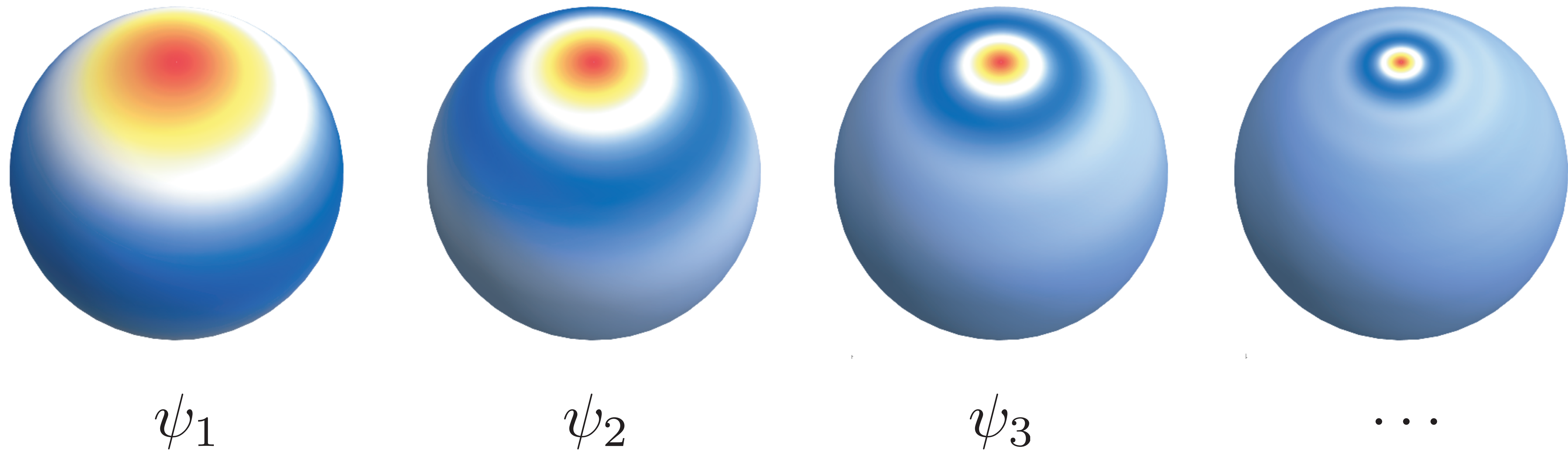
$$\psi_j(\omega) = \sum_{l=0}^{2^j} \sum_{m=-l}^l \psi_{lm}^j y_{lm}(\omega)$$

Simulation of shallow water equation



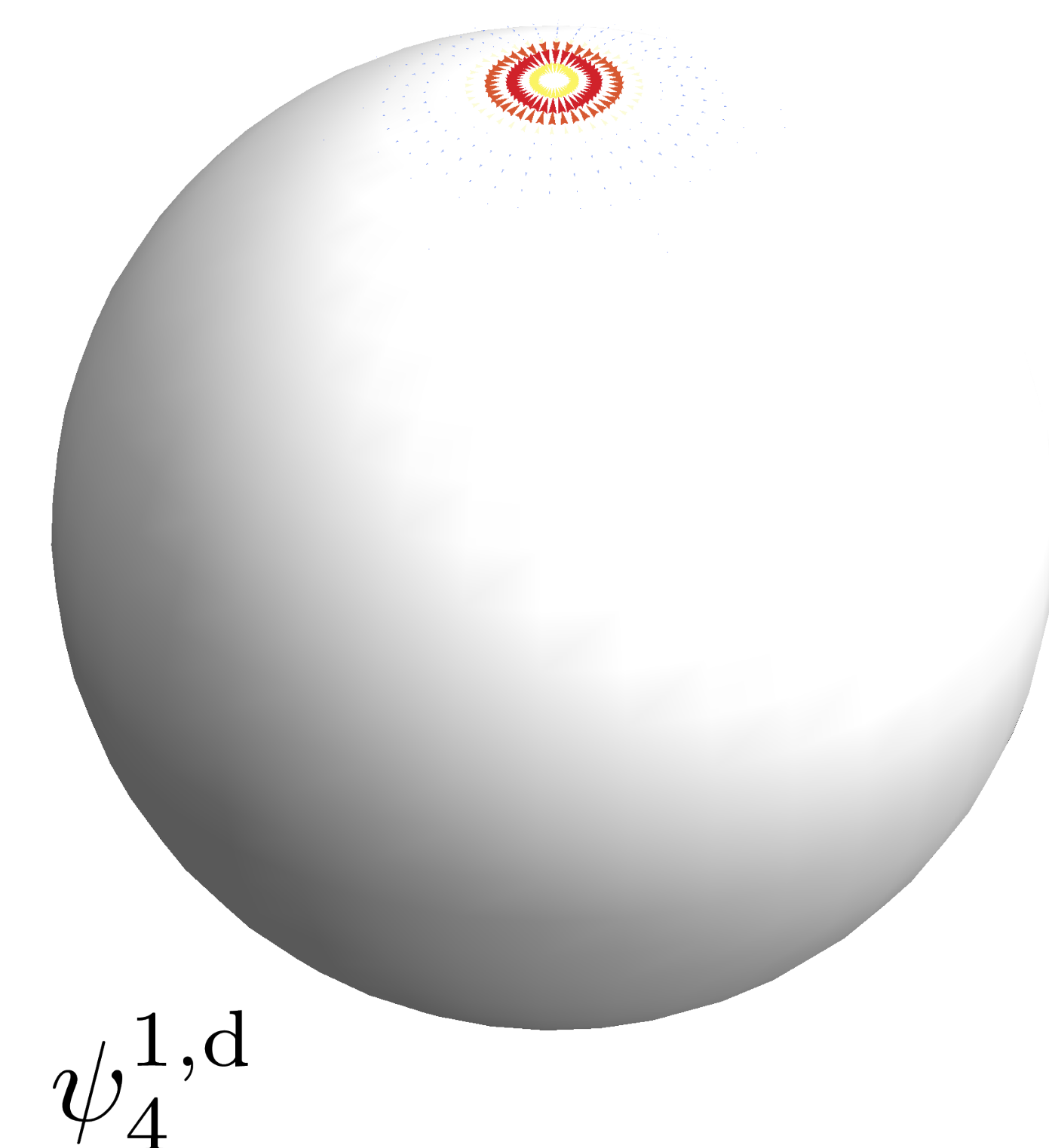
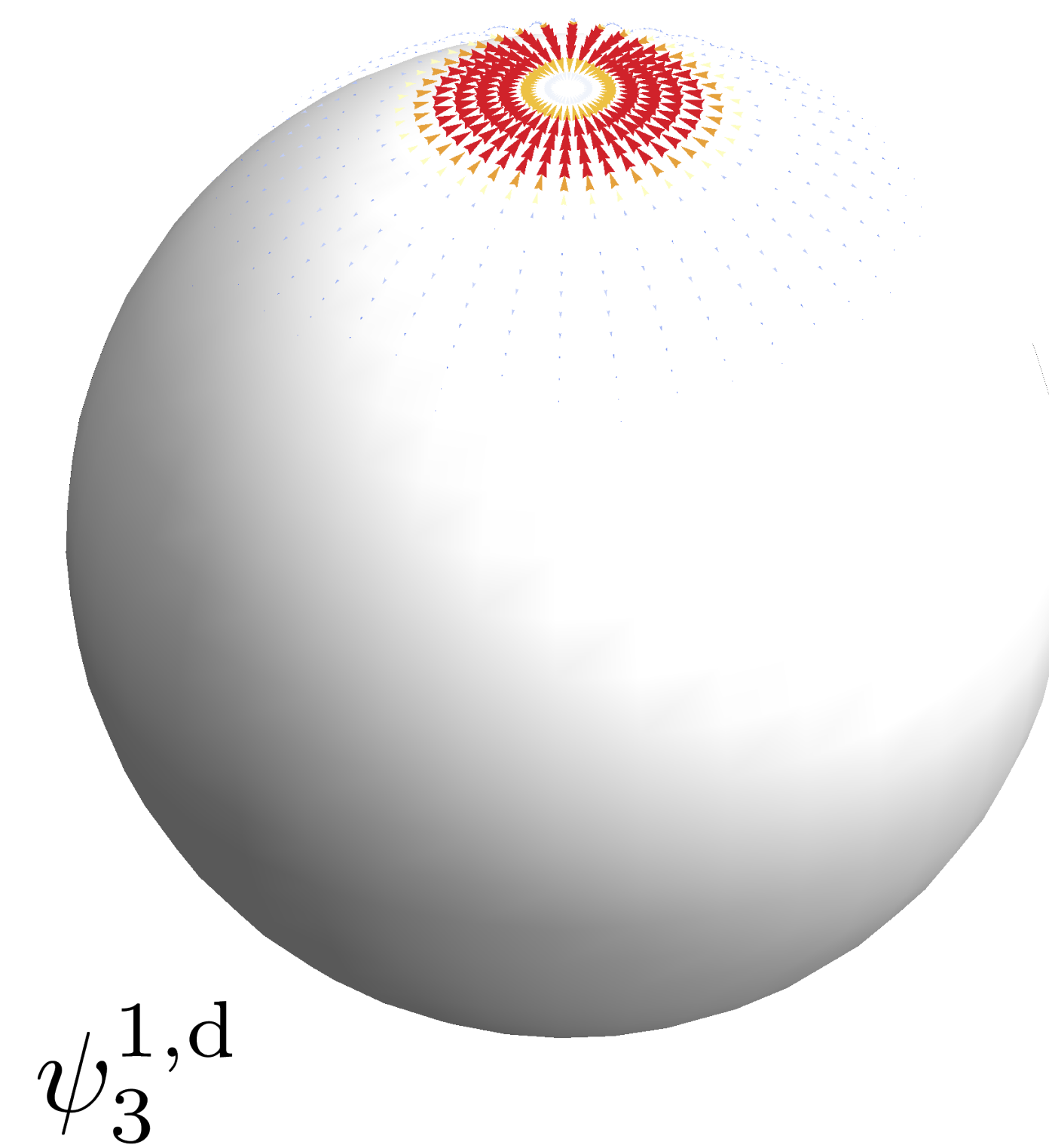
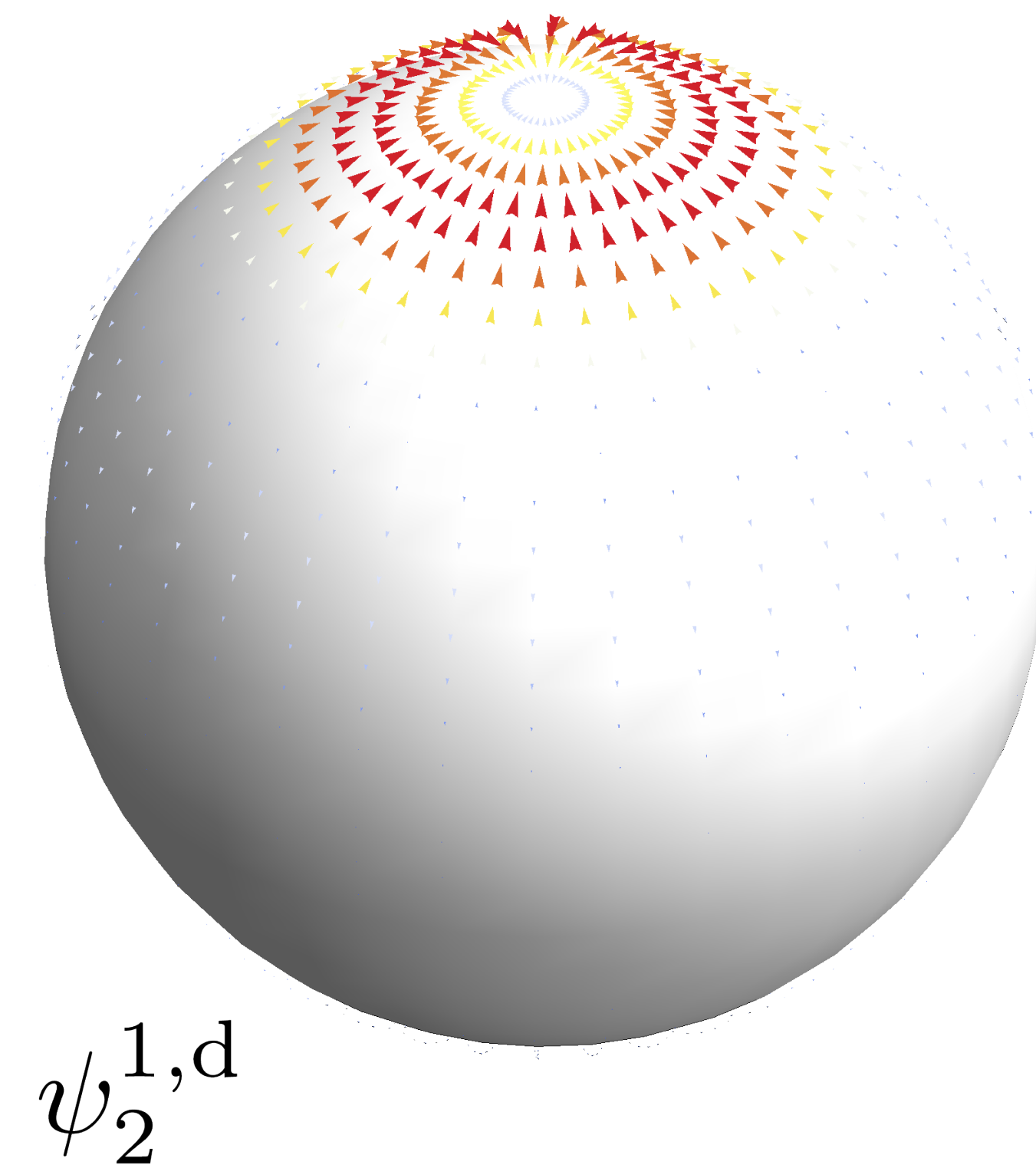
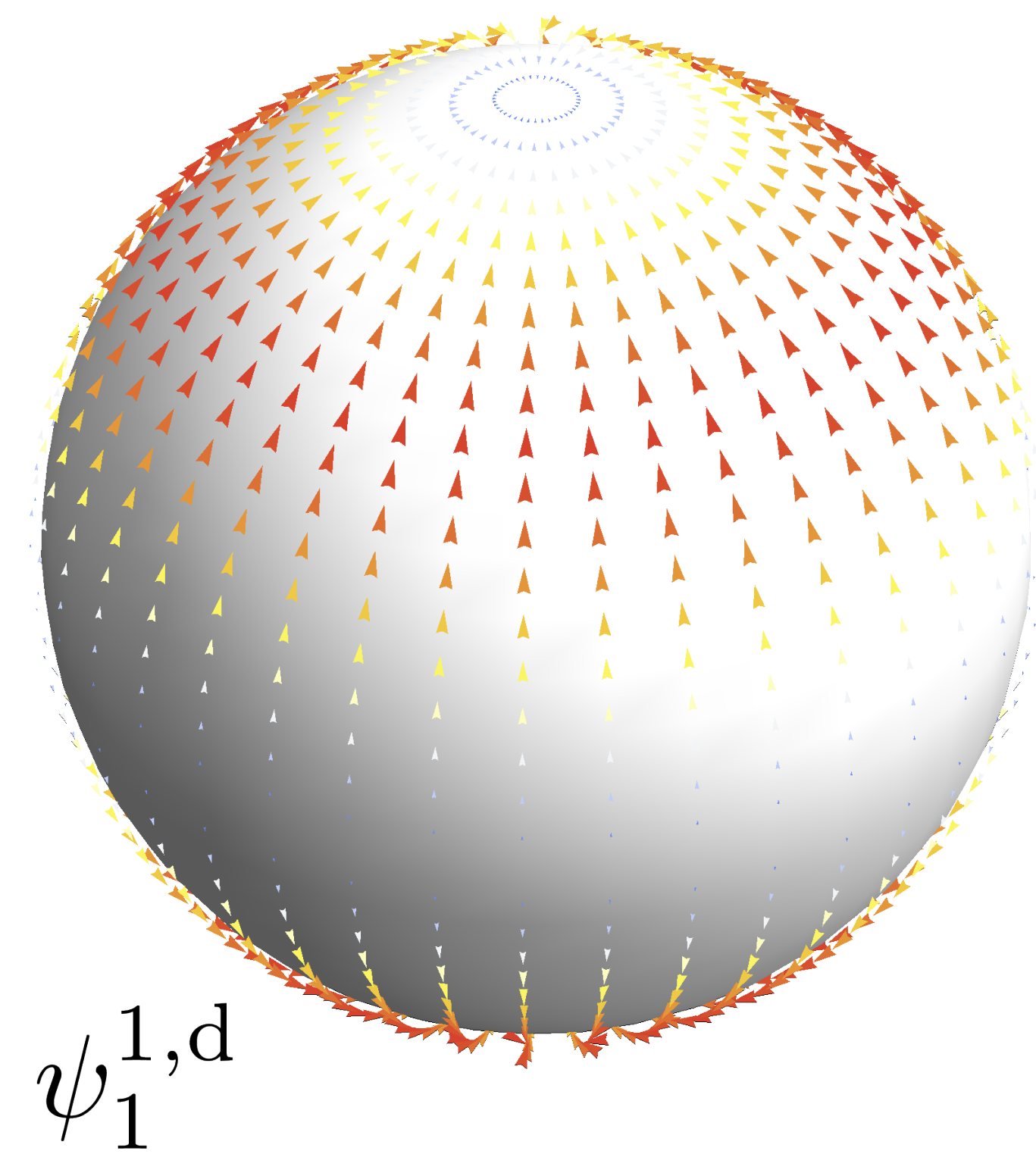
$$\psi_j^{0,\delta}(\omega) = \sum_{l=0}^{2^j} \sum_{m=-l}^l \psi_{lm}^j y_{lm}(\omega)$$

Simulation of shallow water equation



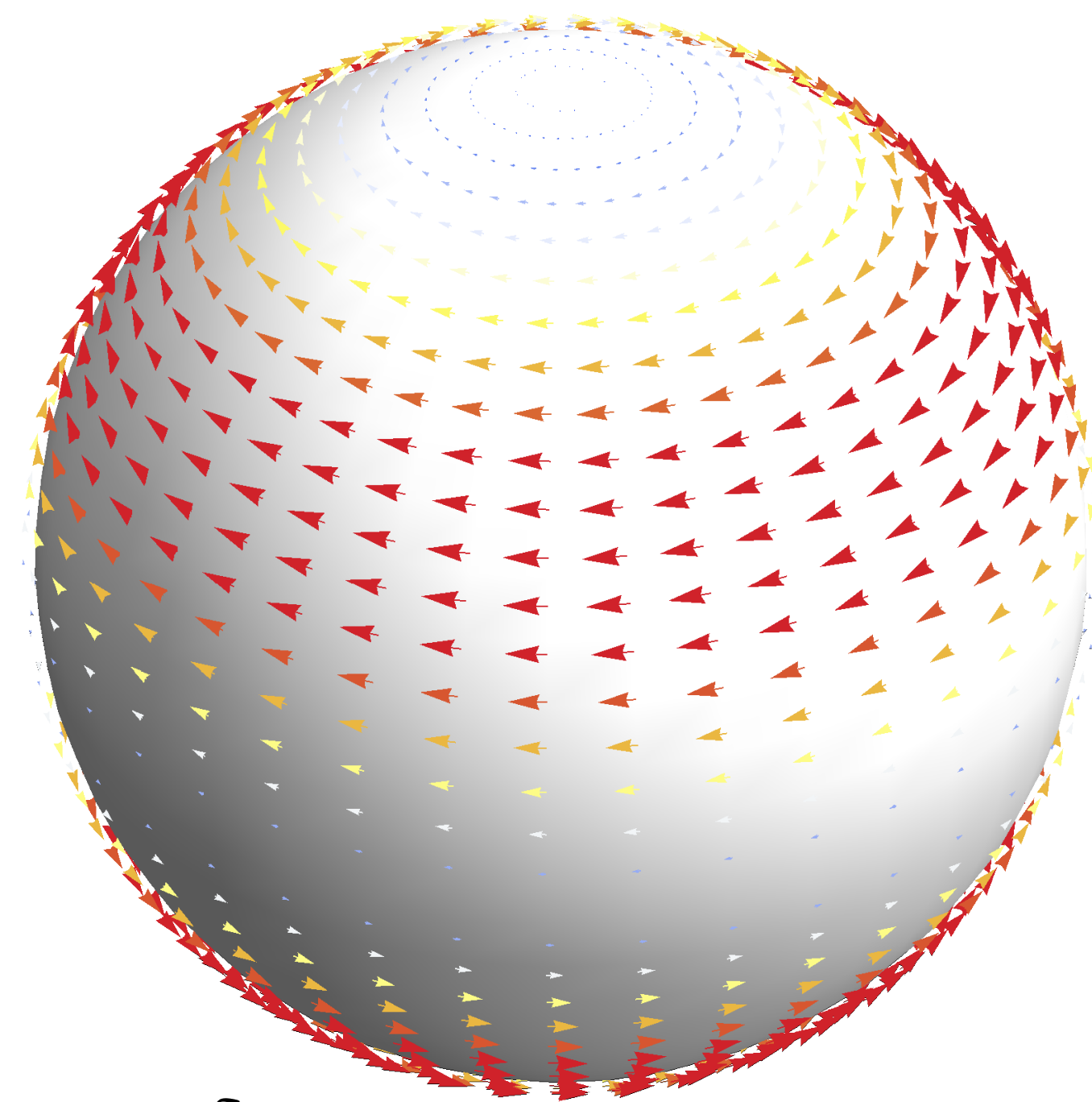
$$d\psi_j^{0,\delta}(\omega) = \sum_{l=0}^{2^j} \sum_{m=-l}^l \psi_{lm}^j dy_{lm}(\omega)$$

Simulation of shallow water equation

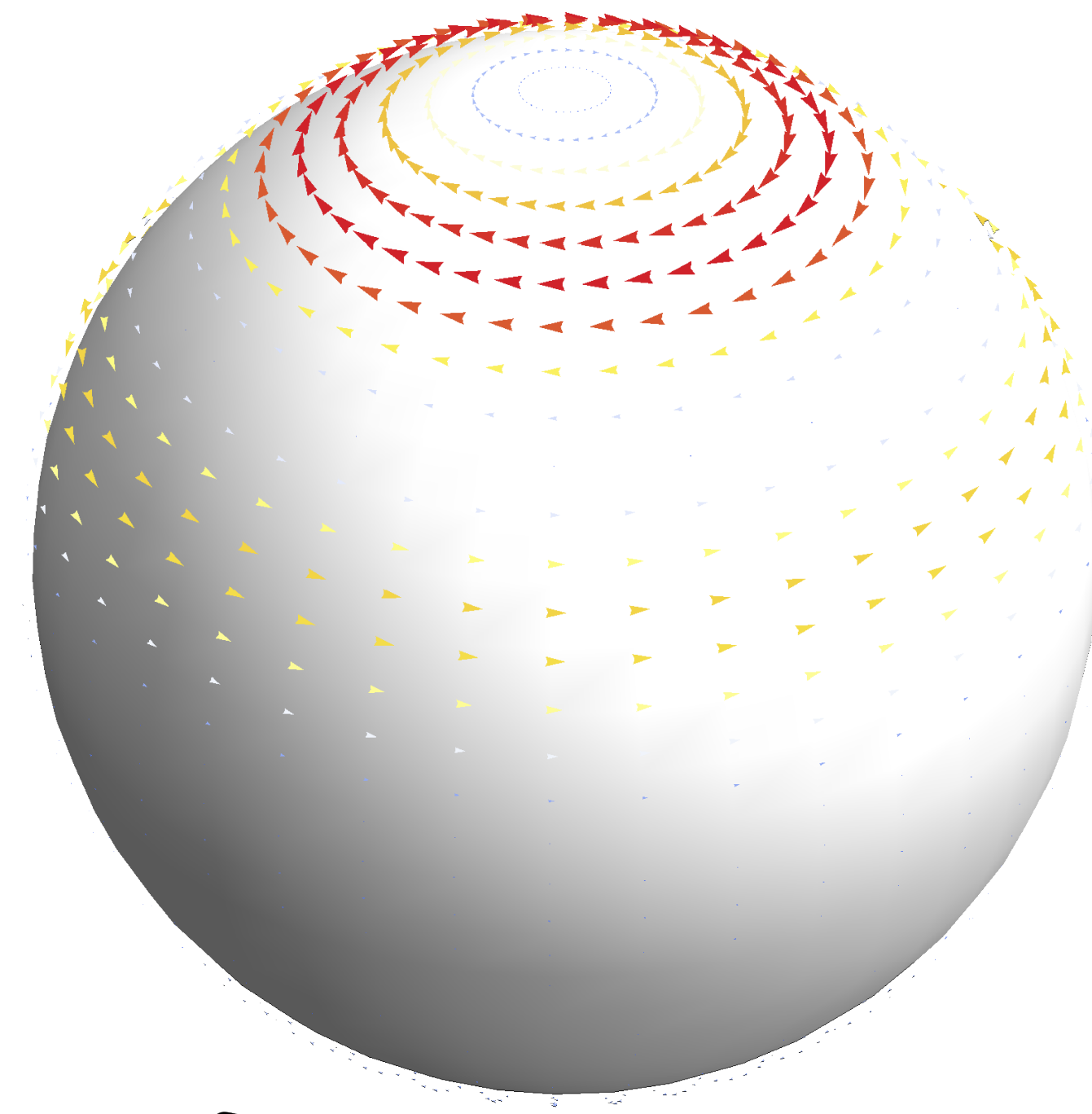


$$\psi_j^{1,d}(\omega) = \sum_{l=0}^{2^j} \sum_{m=-l}^l \psi_{lm}^j dy_{lm}(\omega)$$

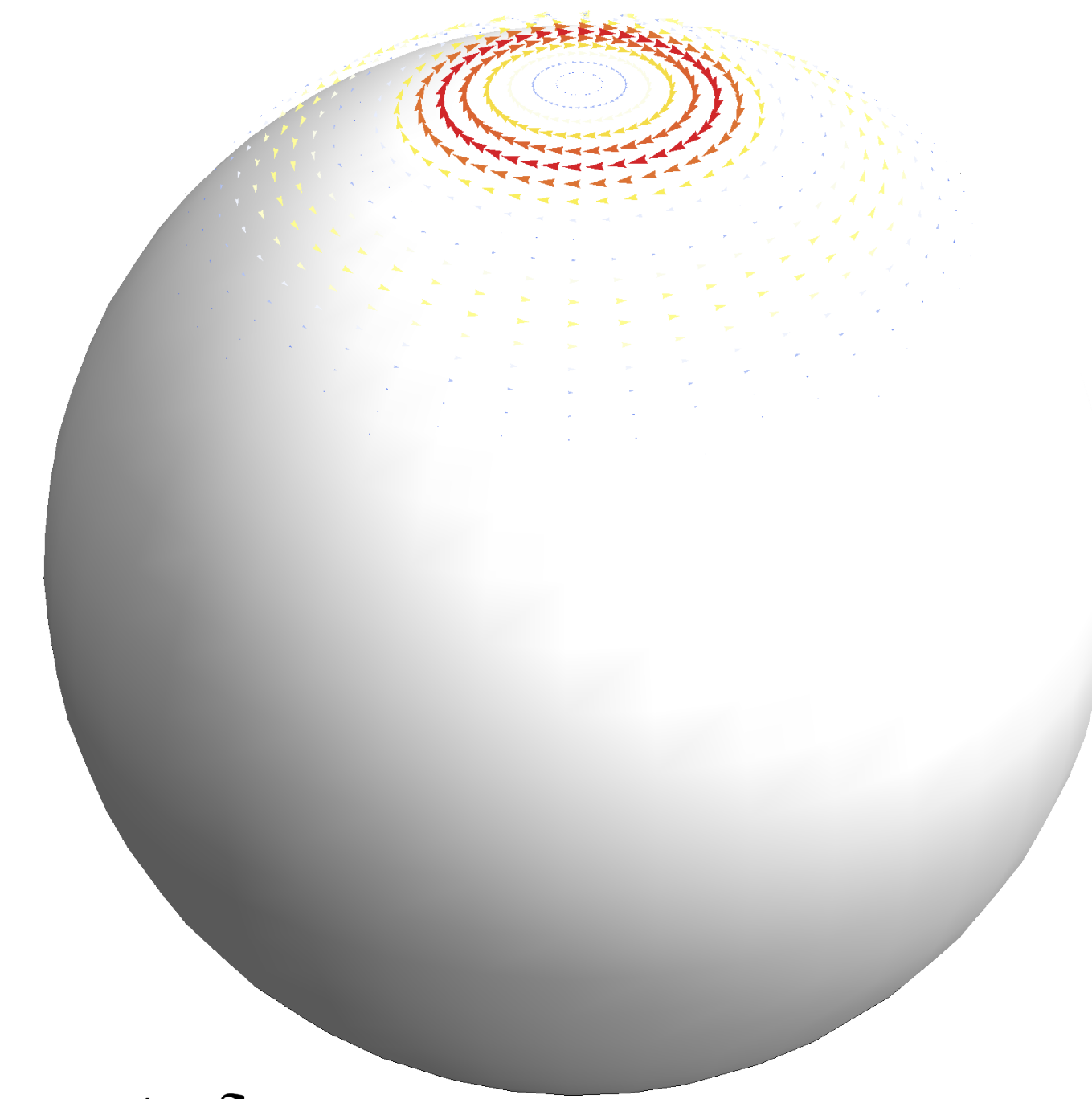
Simulation of shallow water equation



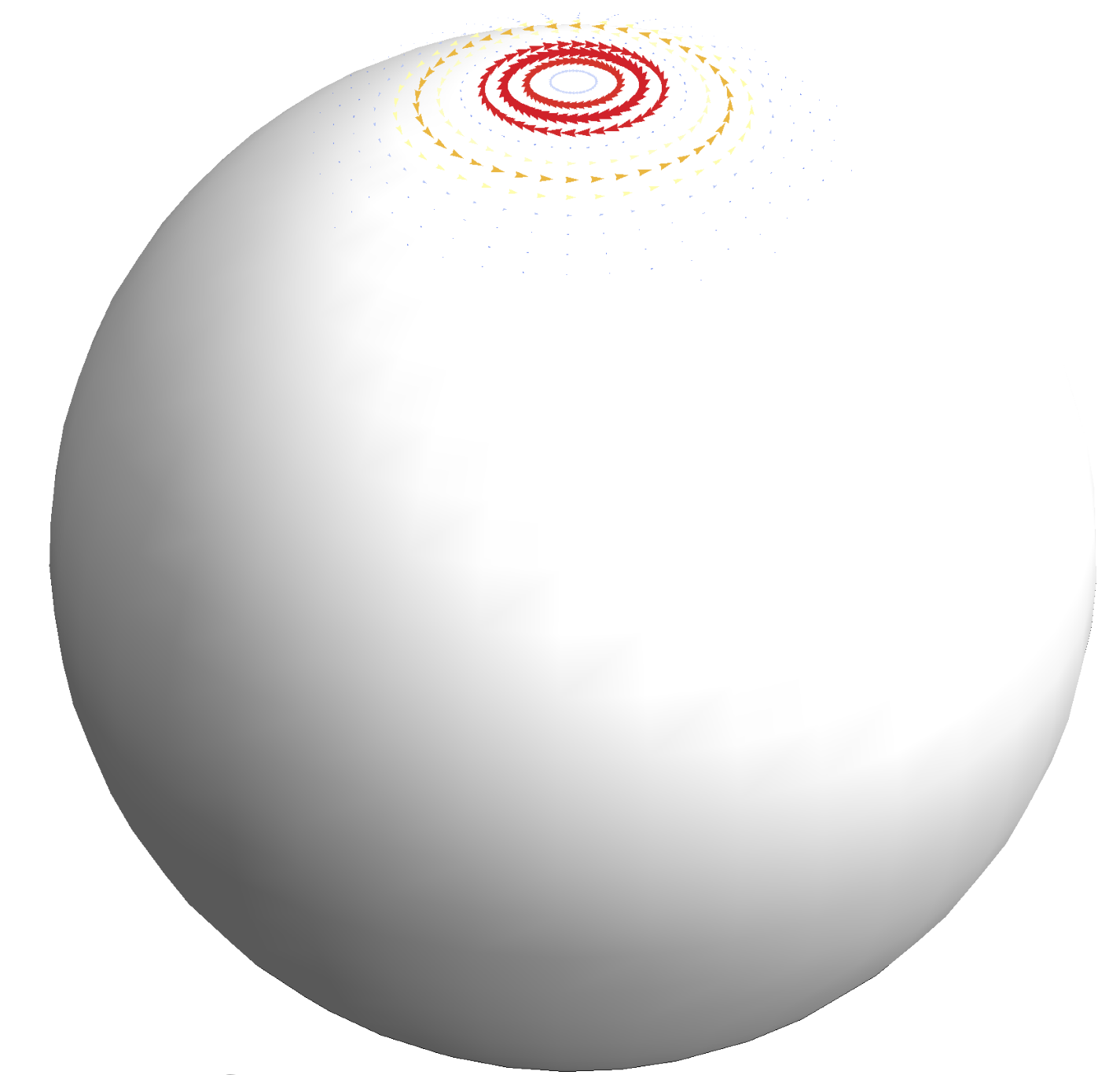
$\psi_1^{1,\delta}$



$\psi_2^{1,\delta}$



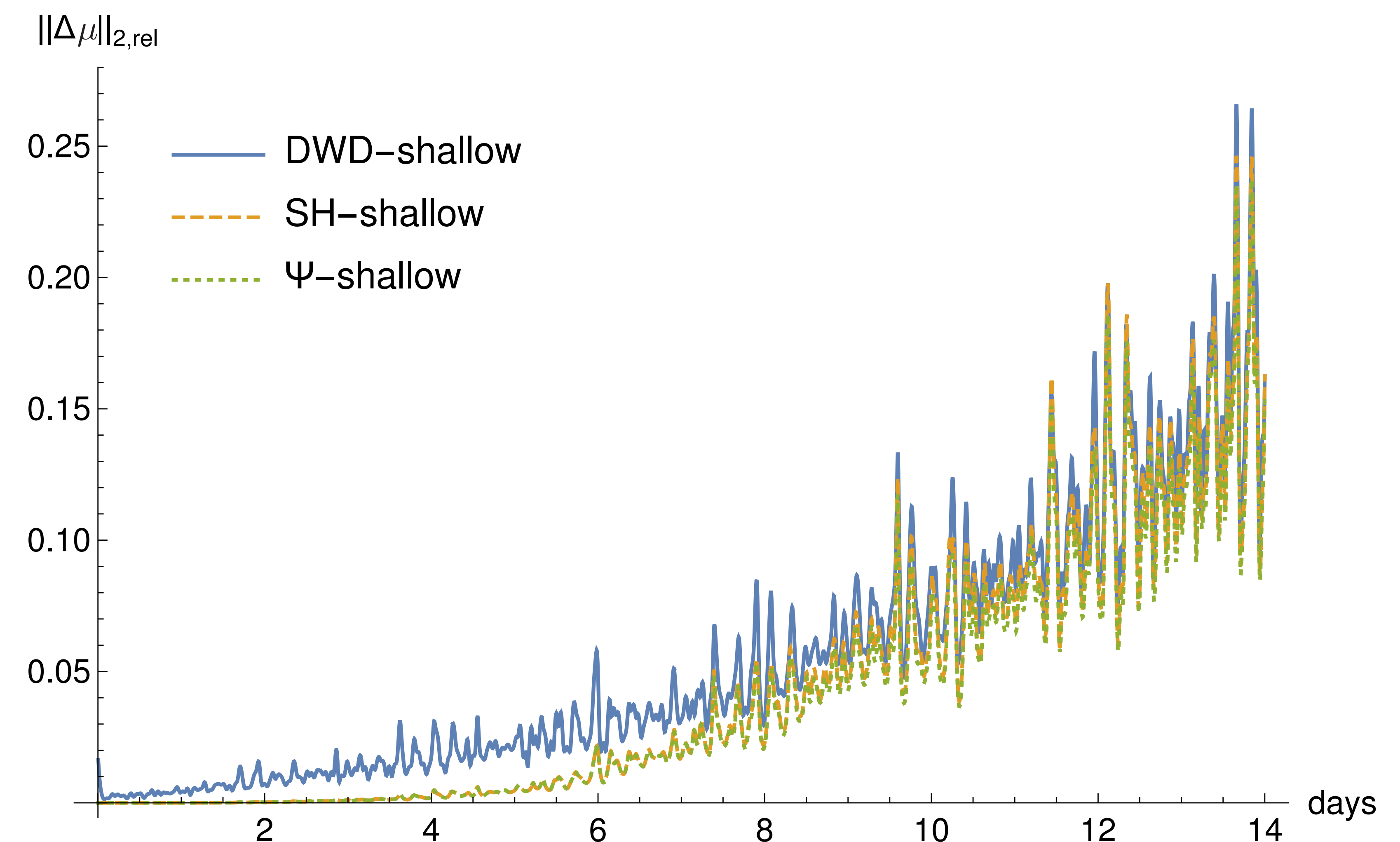
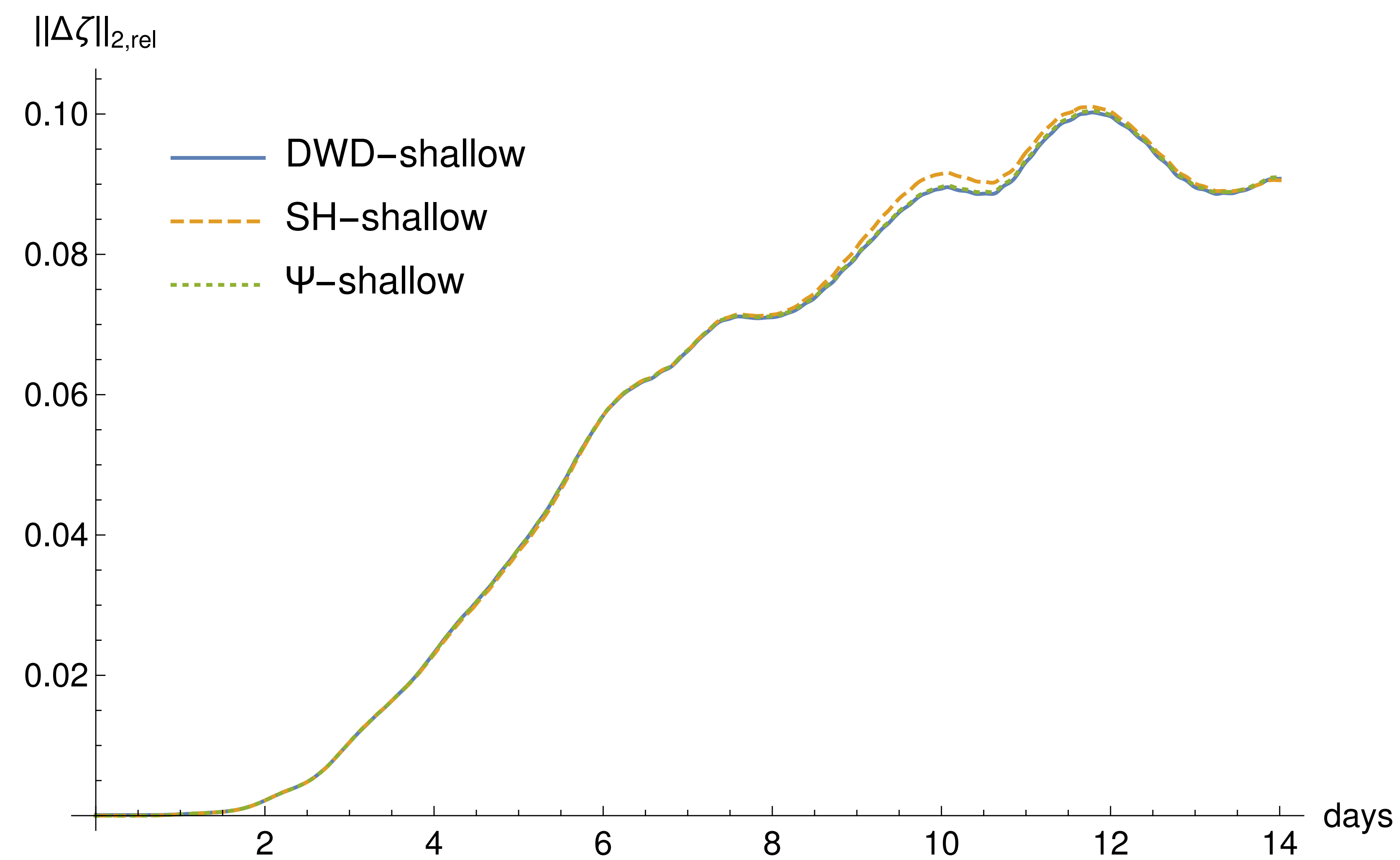
$\psi_3^{1,\delta}$



$\psi_4^{1,\delta}$

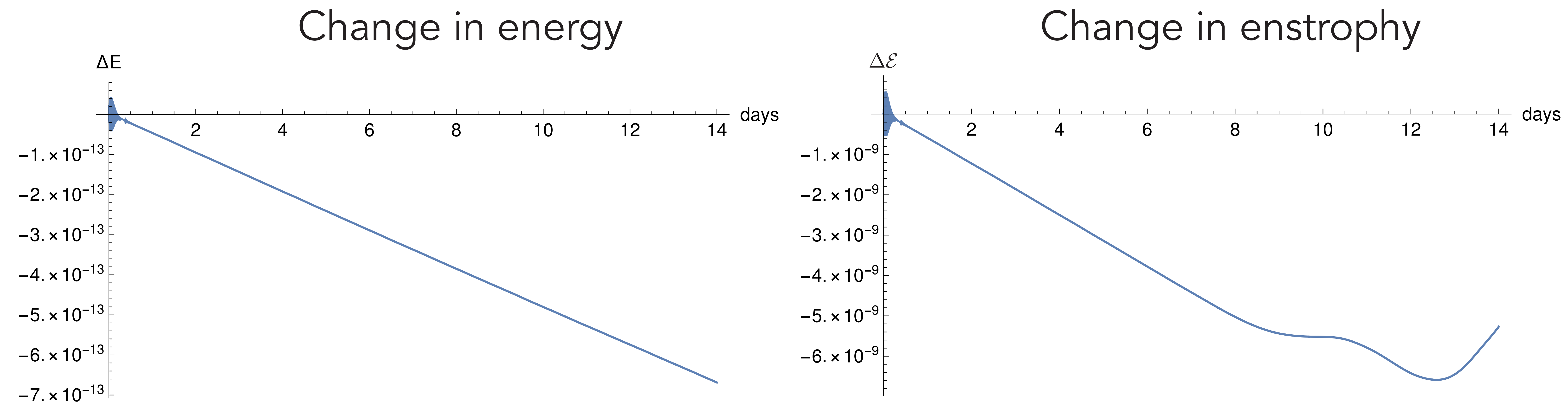
$$\star \psi_j^{1,d}(\omega) = \sum_{l=0}^{2^j} \sum_{m=-l}^l \psi_{lm}^j \star dy_{lm}(\omega)$$

Simulation of shallow water equation



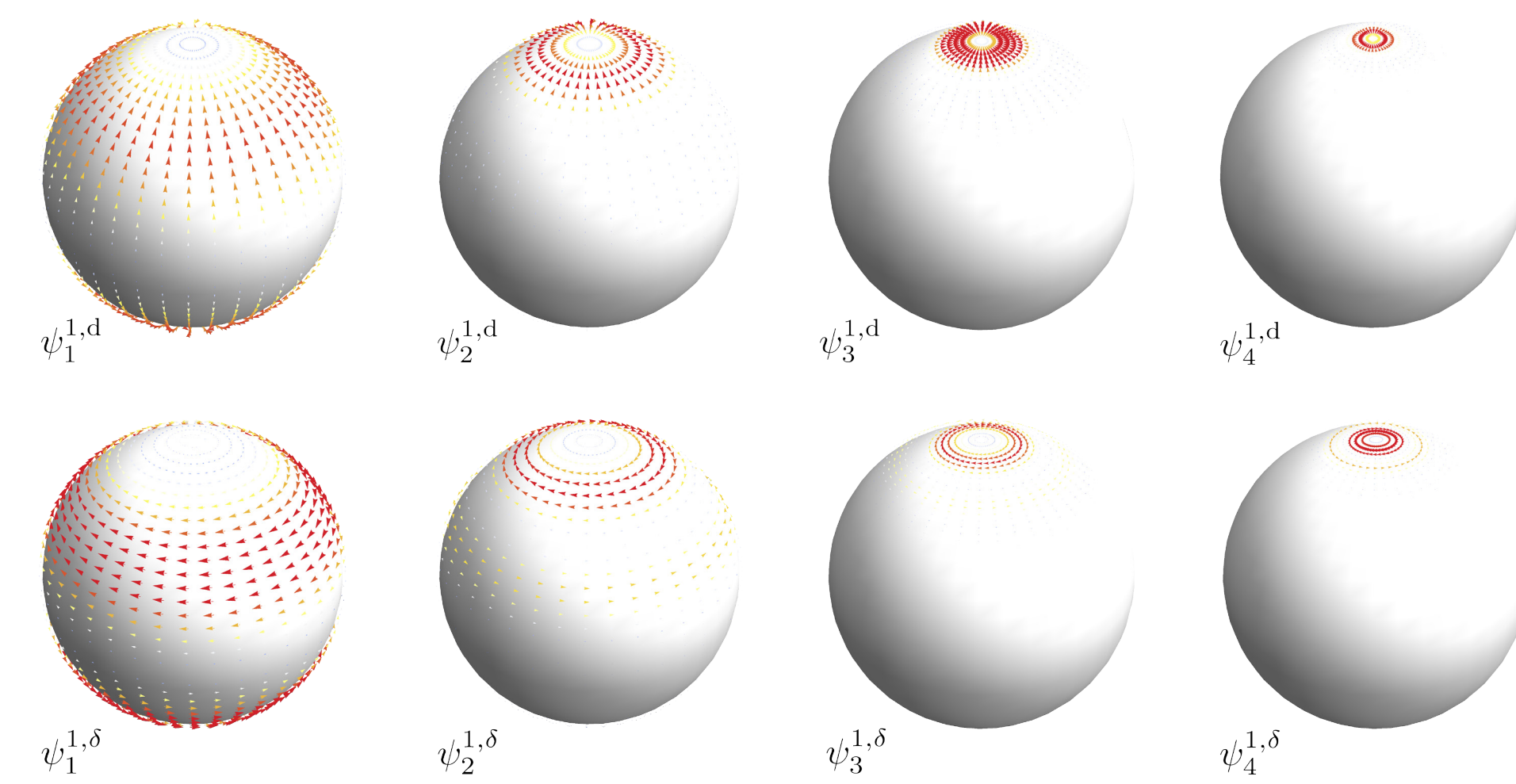
C. C. da Silva, B. Dodov, H. Dijkstra, T. Sapsis, and C. Lessig. A local spectral exterior calculus for the sphere and application to the shallow water equations. Submitted to Journal of Computational Physics, 2020.

Simulation of shallow water equation



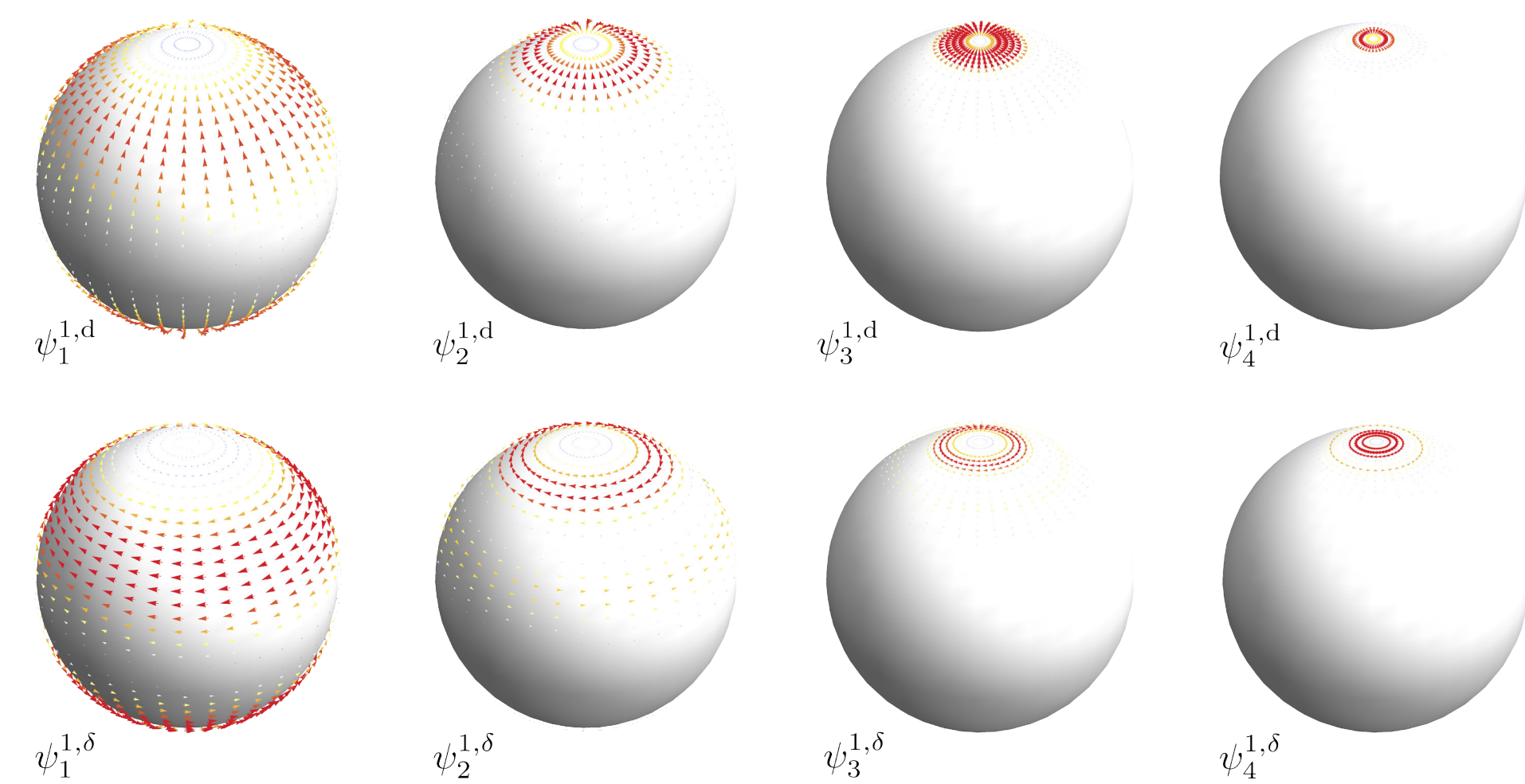
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Data-assisted climate simulation

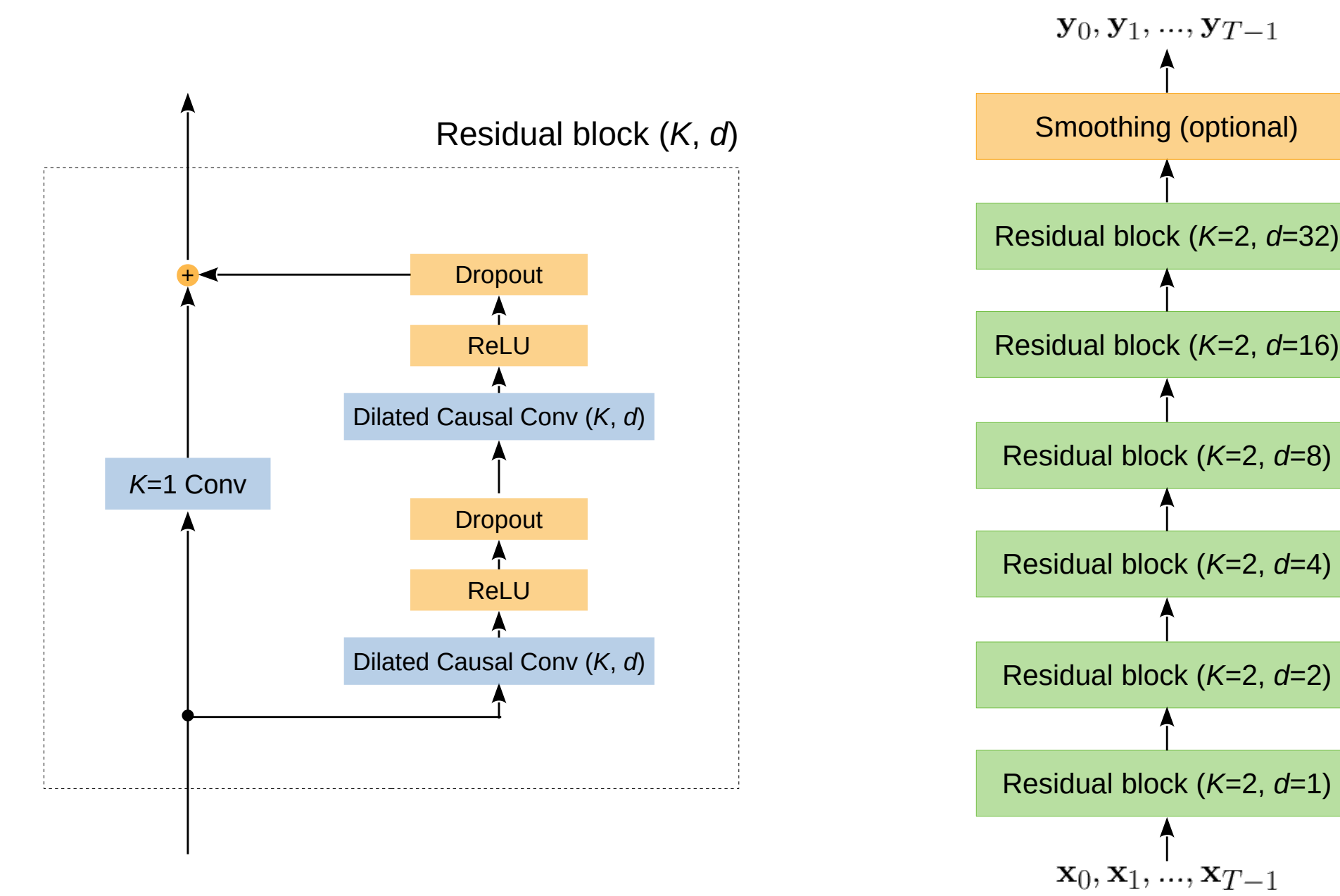


simulation

Data-assisted climate simulation



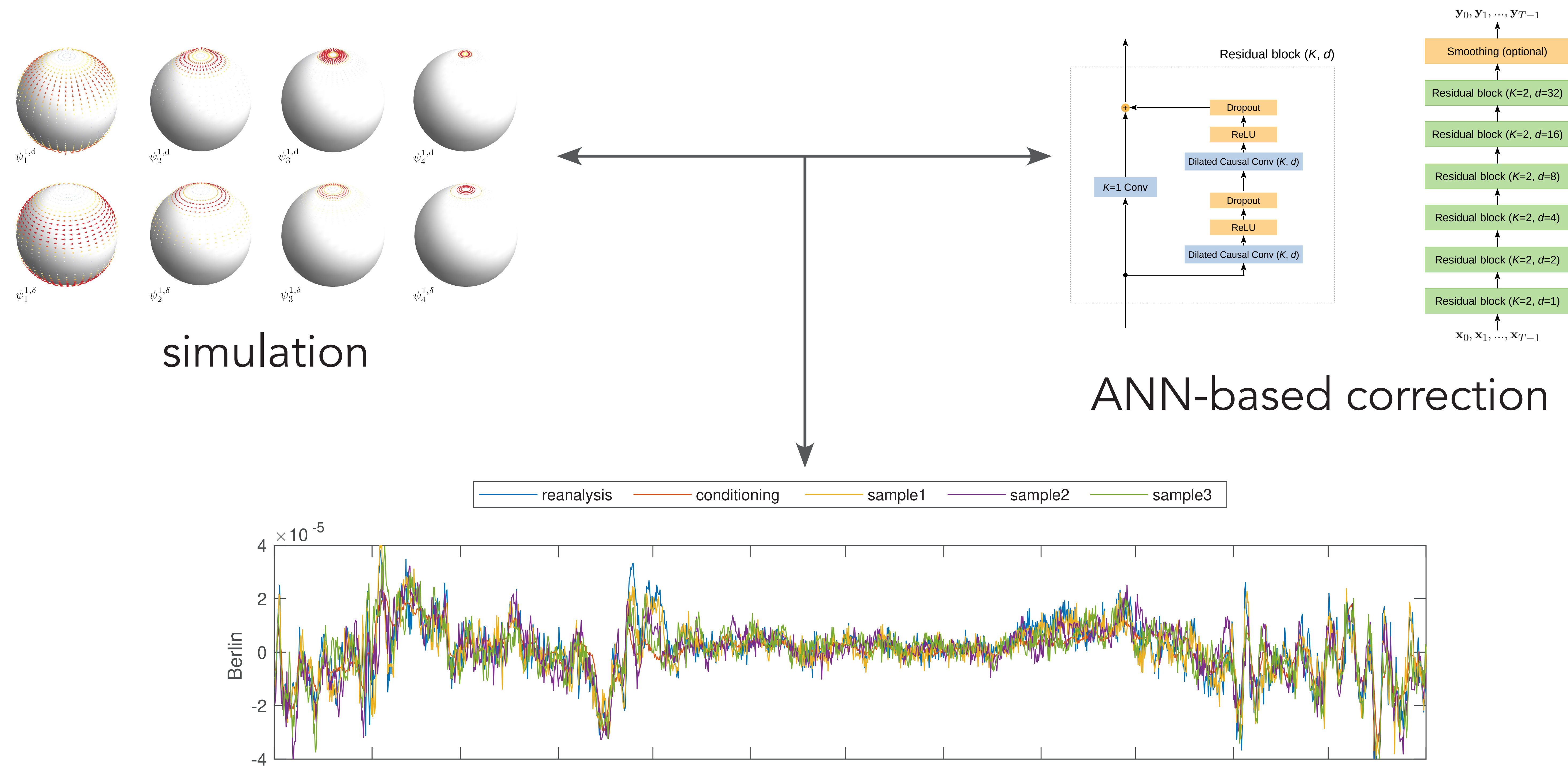
simulation



ANN-based correction

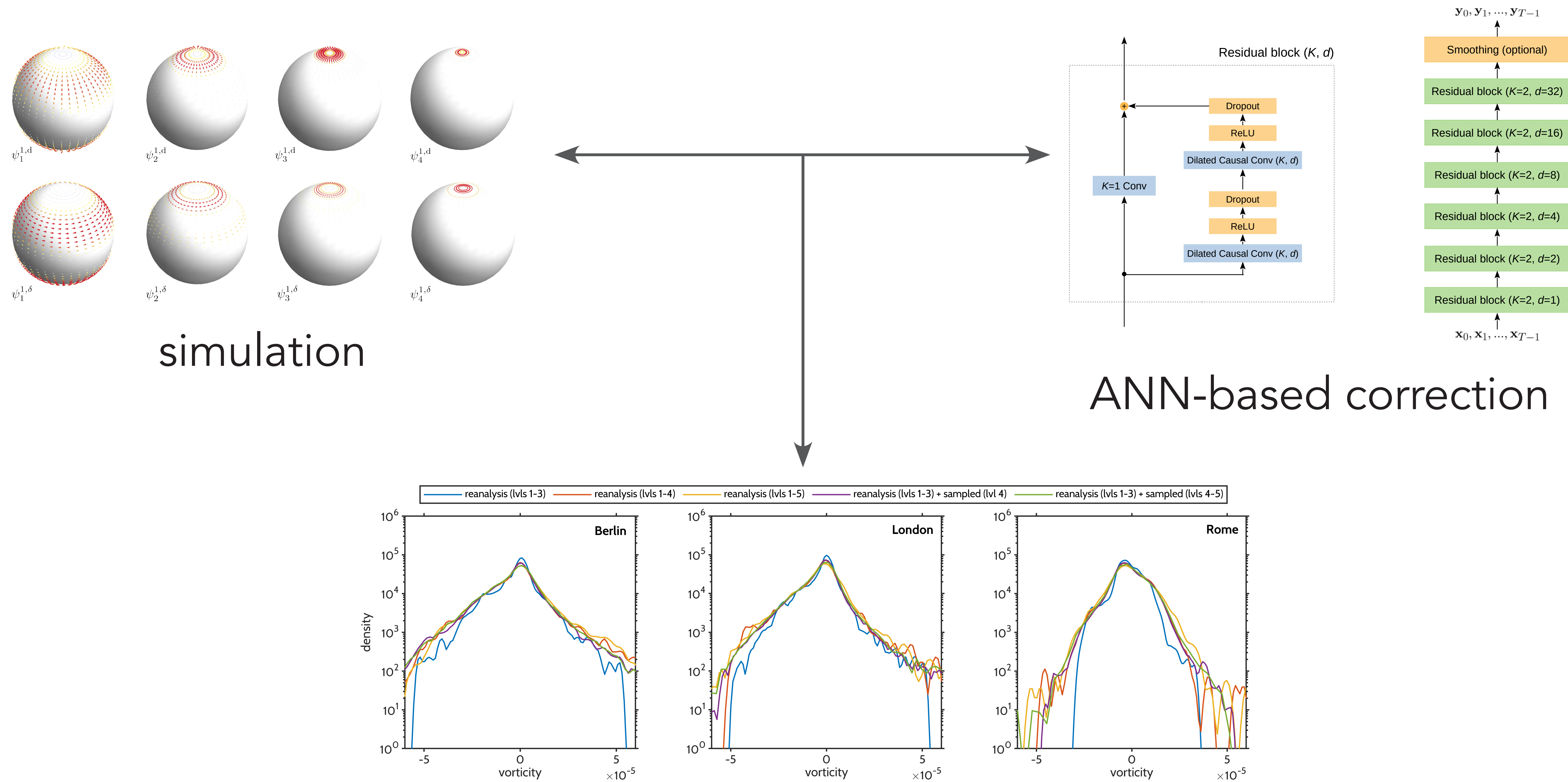
Z. Y. Wan, B. Dodov, C. Lessig, H. Dijkstra, and T. P. Sapsis. A data-driven framework for the stochastic reconstruction of small-scale features in climate data sets. Accepted to Journal of Computational Physics, 2021

Data-assisted climate simulation



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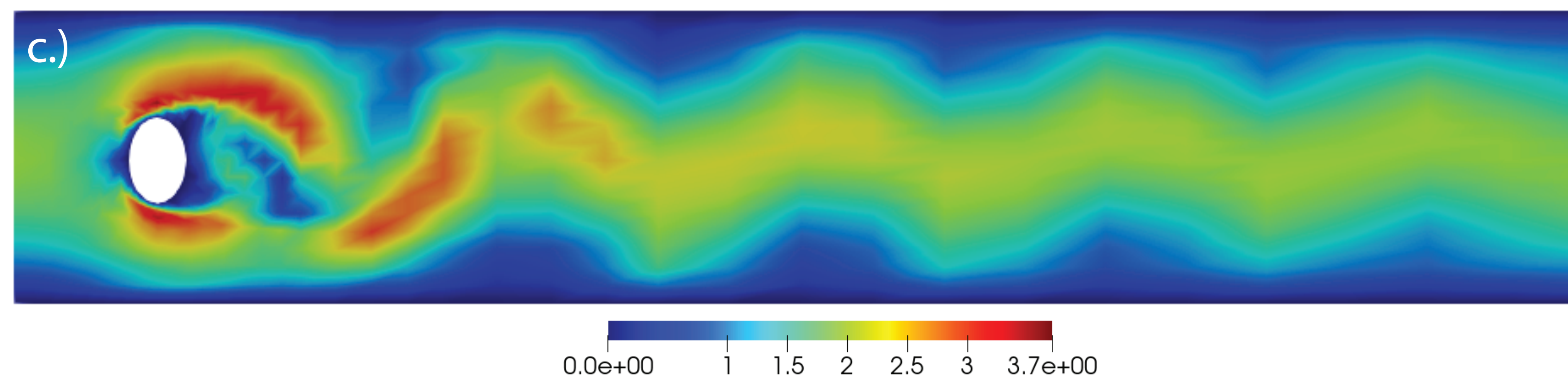


Z. Y. Wan, B. Dodov, C. Lessig, H. Dijkstra, and T. P. Sapsis. A data-driven framework for the stochastic reconstruction of small-scale features in climate data sets. Accepted to Journal of Computational Physics, 2021

Summary

- Ψ_{ec} : A local spectral exterior calculus
 - › Discretization of de Rham complex using differential form wavelets
 - › Exterior calculus and sparsity are in a natural way compatible
 - › Local support needed for practicality

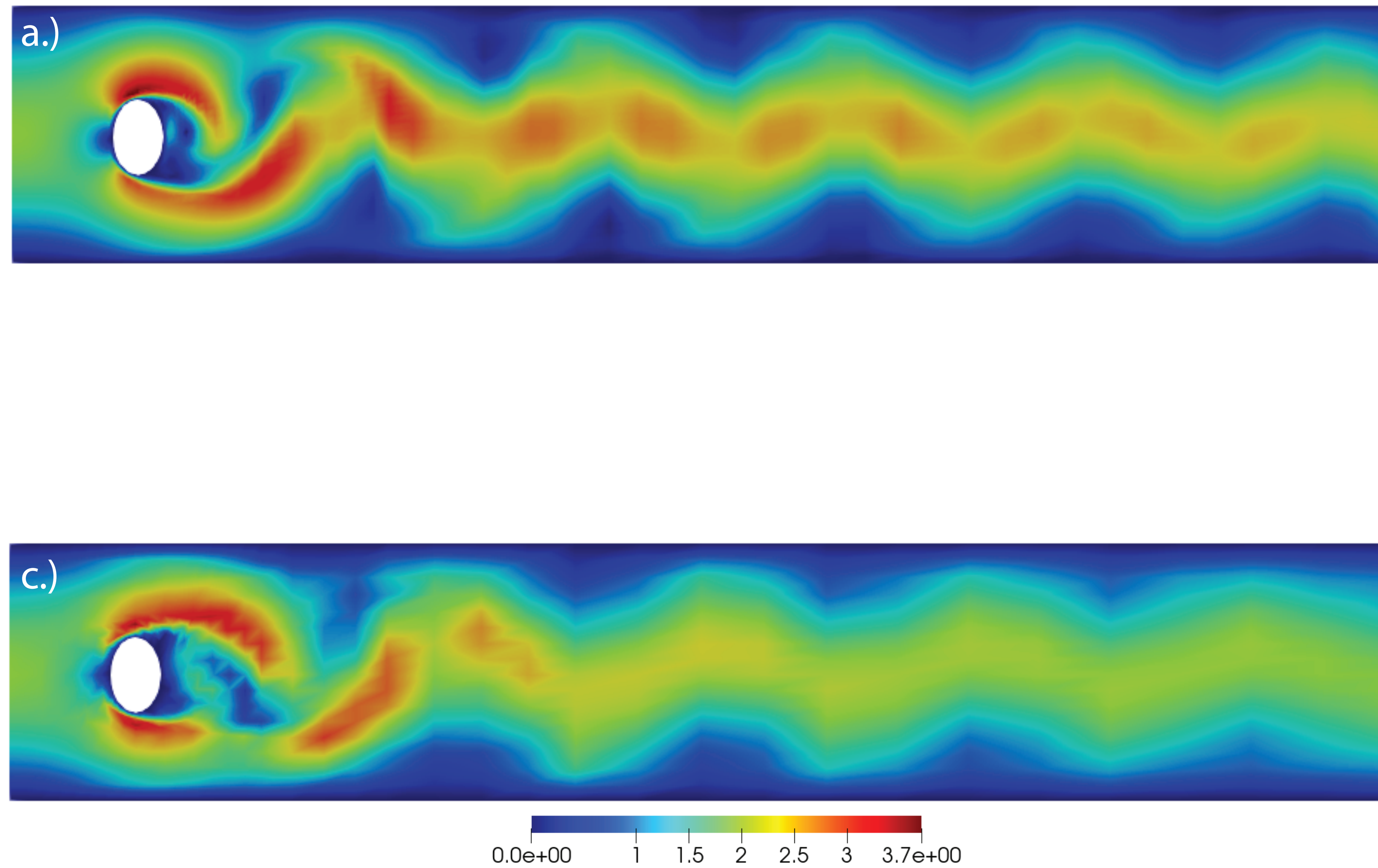
DNN-MG



N. Margenberg, D. Hartmann, C. Lessig, and T. Richter. A neural network multigrid solver for the navier-stokes equations. Submitted to Journal of Computational Physics, 2020.

N. Margenberg, C. Lessig, and T. Richter. Structure preservation for the deep neural network multigrid solver. Electronic Transactions of Numerical Analysis, 2021.

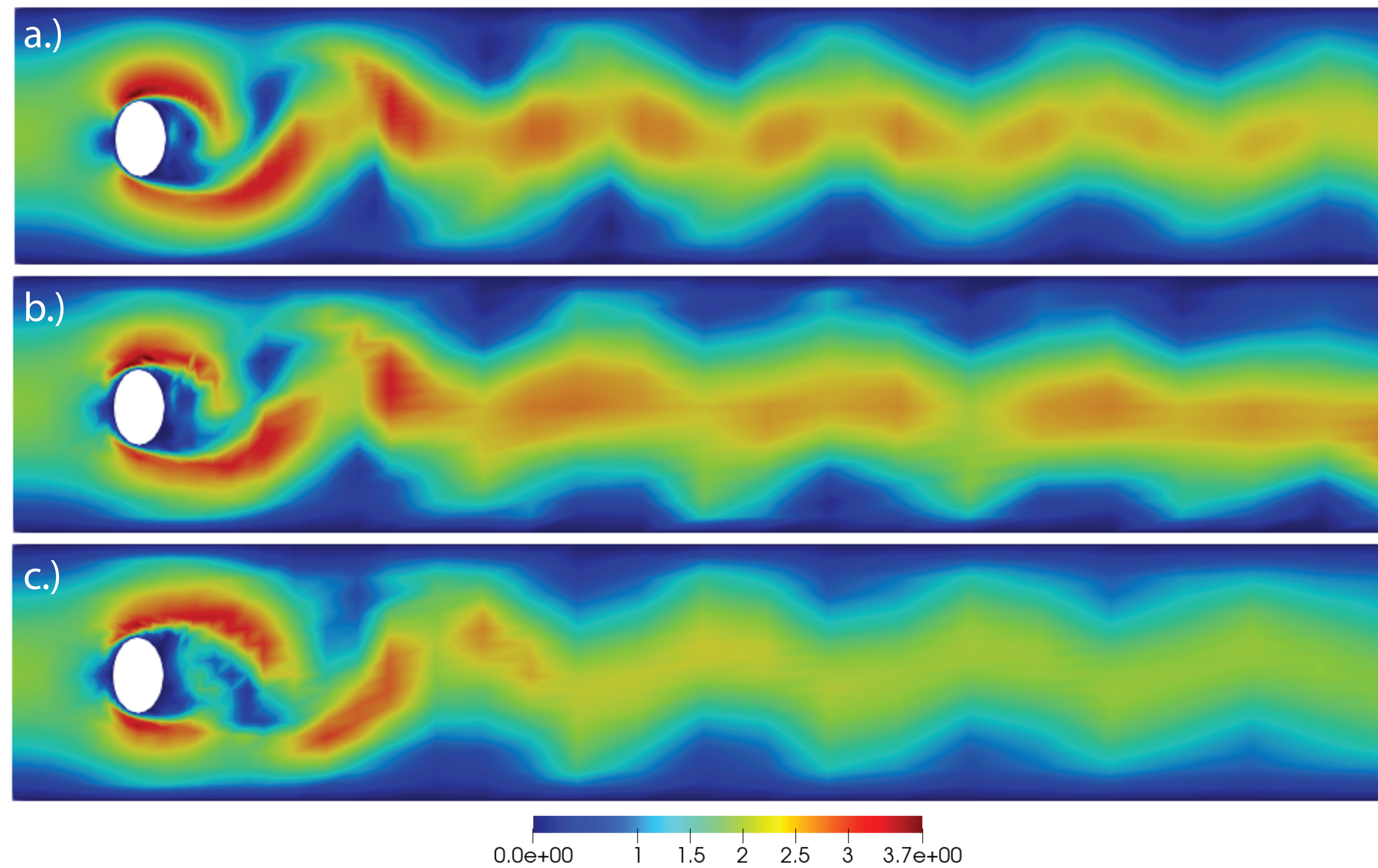
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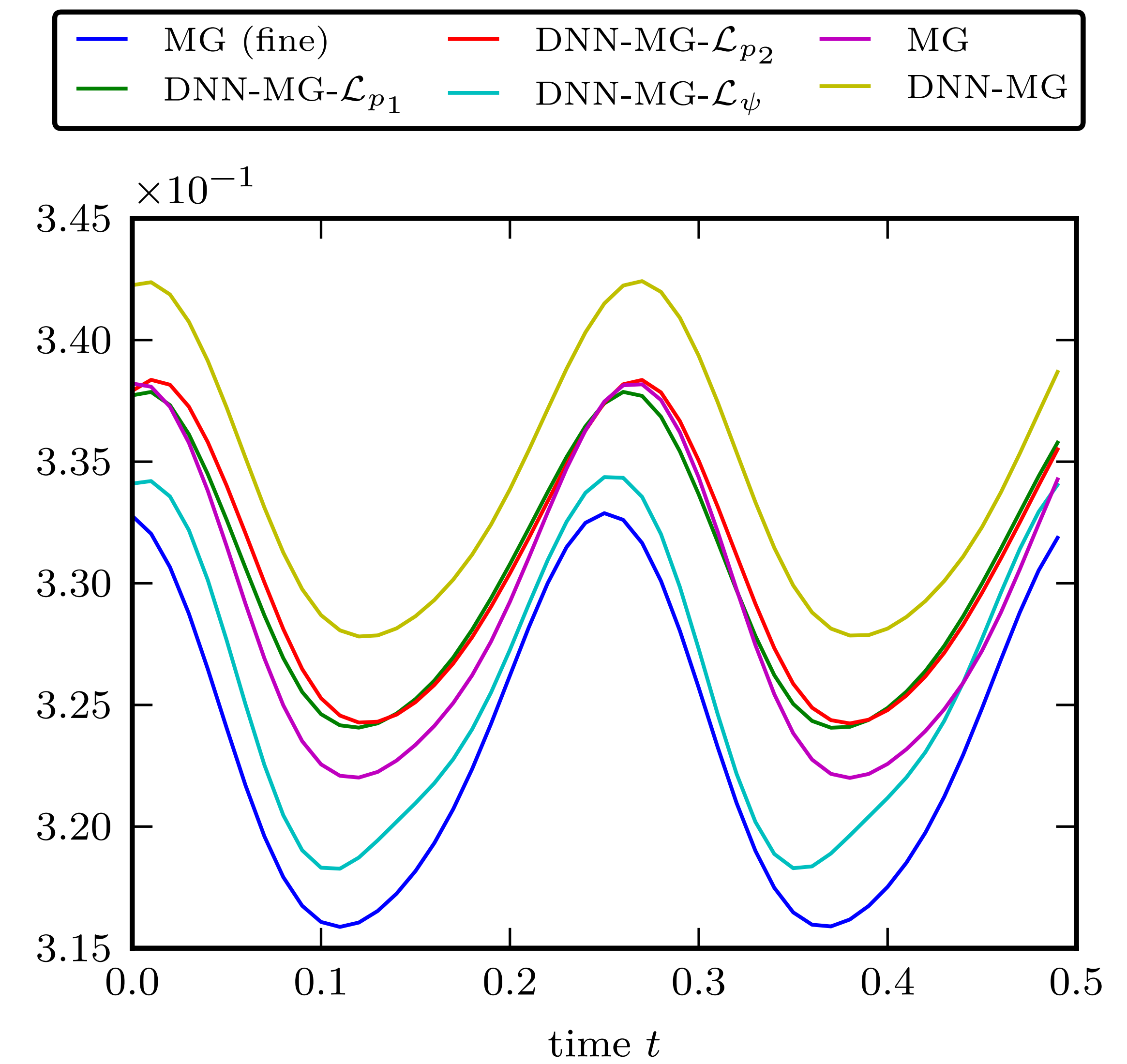
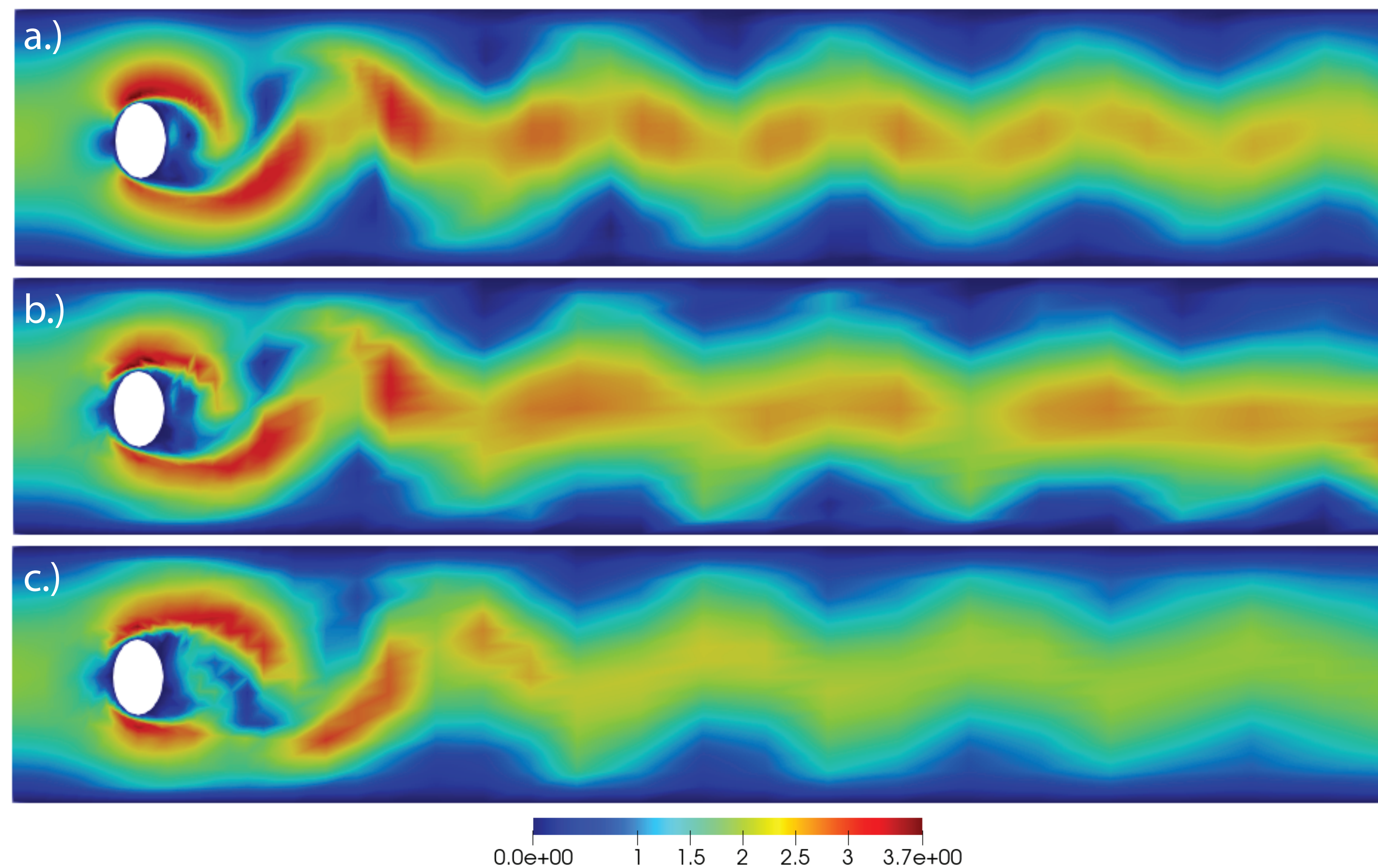
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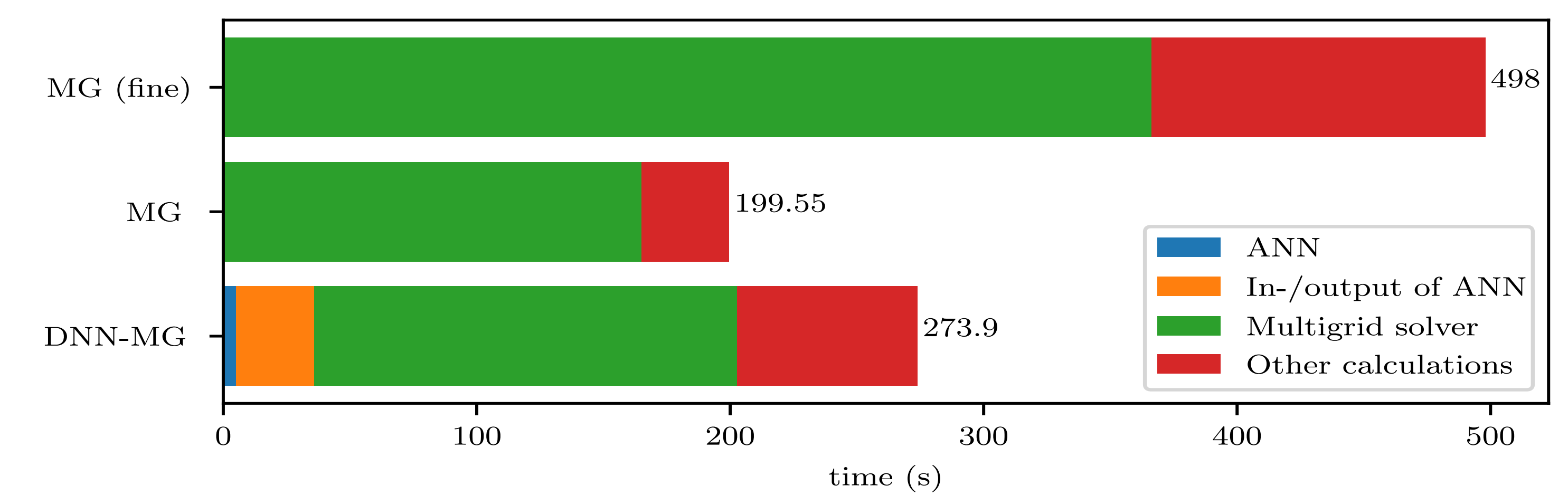
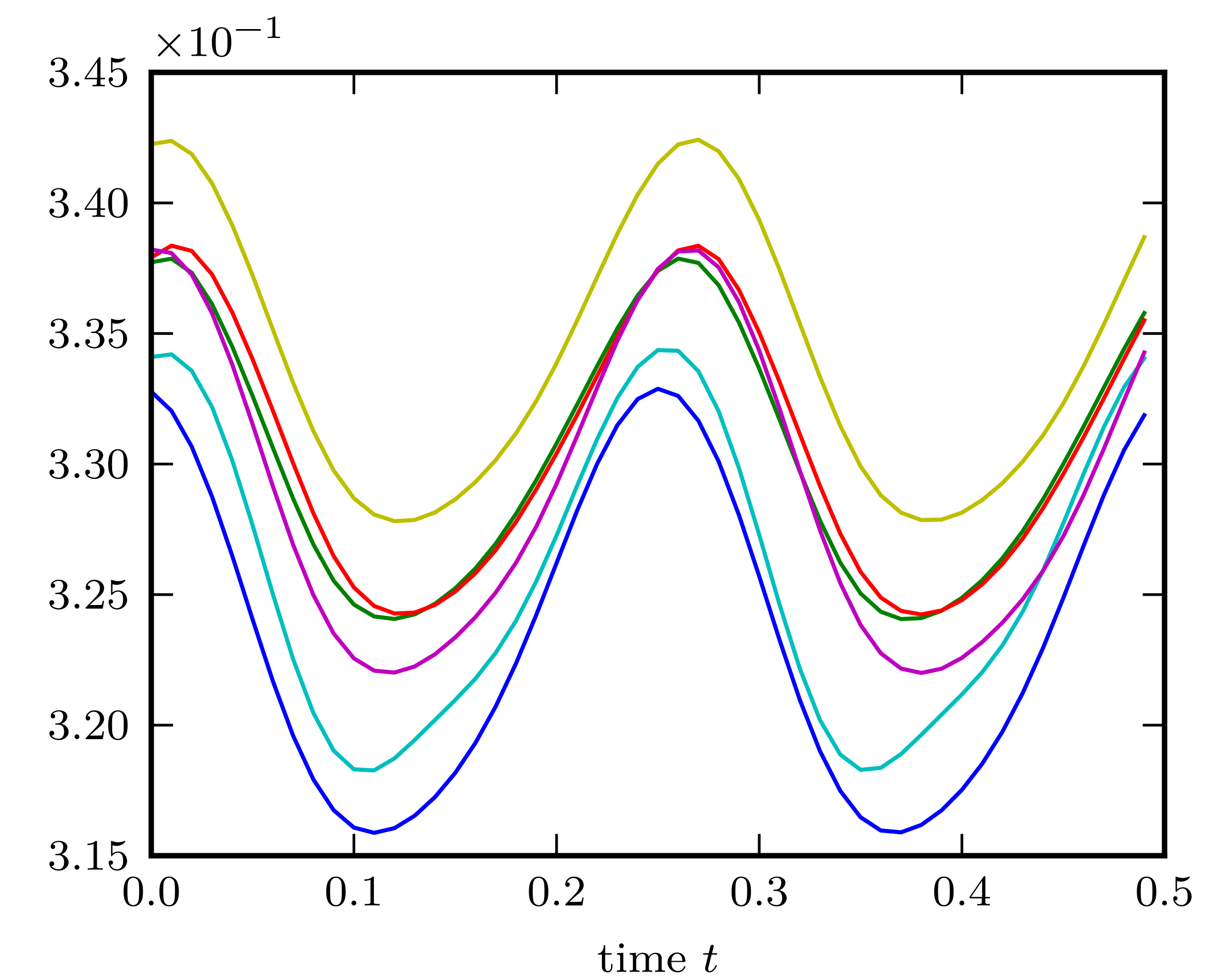
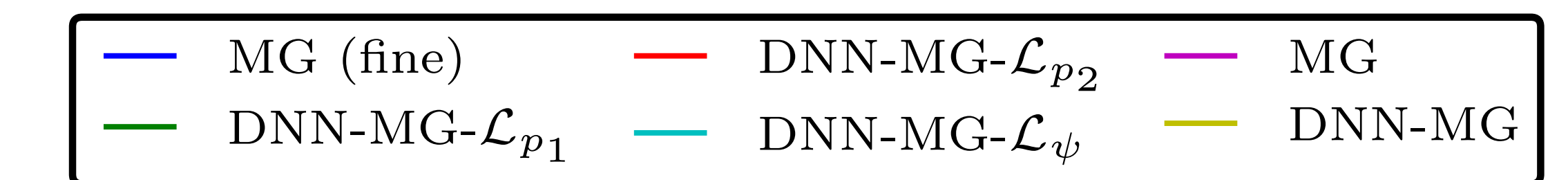
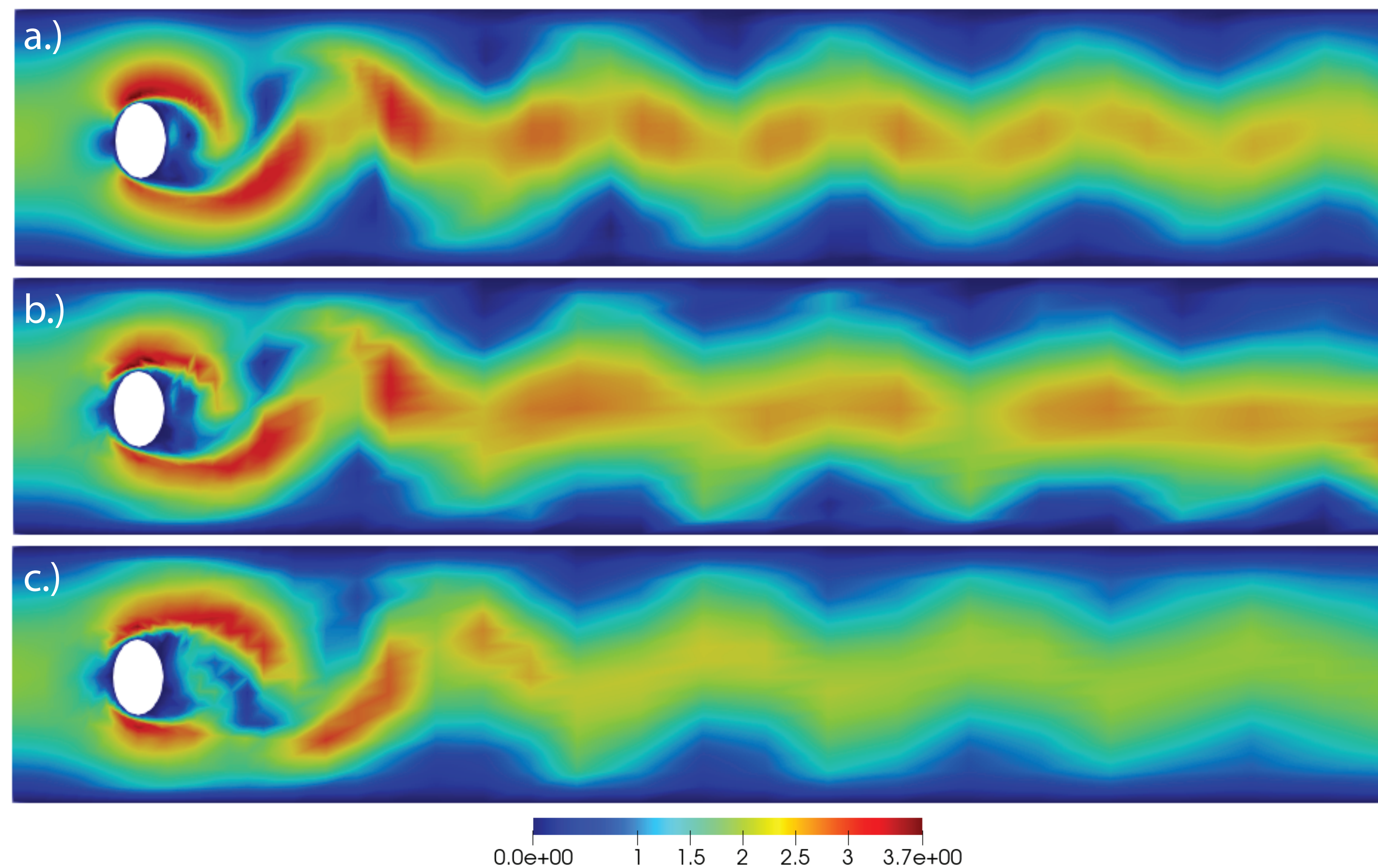
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